Experience Cloud

Salesforce, Summer ‘24

’24
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Salesforce Experience Cloud lets you create branded digital experiences to share information and collaborate with people who are key to your business processes, such as customers, partners, or employees. Whether you call it a portal, help forum, support community, or something else, an Experience Cloud site is a great place to connect with the important folks in your life.

You can create multiple sites within your organization for different purposes and transition seamlessly between them. For example, you can use Experience Cloud sites to:

- Drive more sales by connecting your employees with your distributors, resellers, and suppliers
- Deliver world-class service by giving your customers one place to get answers
- Promote an upcoming event and manage social listening, content, engagement, and workflows all in one place

Learn more about the versatile ways that you can use Experience Cloud in the video.

Watch a video

**Understand the Basics of Experience Cloud**

Discover how Experience Cloud helps you create digital experiences and branded spaces for your employees, customers, and partners. You can build sites, portals, and forums with the level of customization that you want using little or no code. Or, if you're comfortable using code, you can build them programmatically.

**Plan and Prepare for Your Experience Cloud Implementation**

Experience Cloud comprises flexible, powerful features that you can combine in multiple ways to deliver the digital experience you need, whether it's a portal, help center, or mobile app. And although it can be tempting to dive right into building, we recommend taking time to think about the combination of features you need to deliver a productive, successful site. We can't cover every planning aspect, but these topics describe some key areas to consider, research, and incorporate as you develop your overall plan.

**Set Up and Configure Your Org for Experience Cloud Sites**

Before setting up your first Experience Cloud site, complete a few tasks in Salesforce Setup to prepare your org for customer- and partner-facing sites. From enabling digital experiences to selecting the correct org settings, we’ve got you covered! The steps you take when preparing your org for Experience Cloud sites are the same you take when setting up sites for Commerce Cloud, Financial Services Cloud, Health Cloud, and Work.com.

**Manage Users and Data Access**

One of the most important administrative tasks is setting up and maintaining your users. Salesforce provides a variety of features and tools that help you ensure that your Experience Cloud partner, customer, and guest users have the right access to data.

**Build and Customize Your Experience Cloud Site**

Choose from several preconfigured templates to create your site. Then customize the site to suit your needs and match your brand.

**Create Use-Case Driven Sites**

Whether you're creating a site for self-service or one for partner vendors, Experience Cloud has the solution to fit your needs.
Secure Your Experience Cloud Site
You can help keep your Experience Cloud site more secure by enabling clickjack protection, authenticating users, encrypting data, and protecting against malicious resources and vulnerabilities in components using CSP and Lightning Locker. These options allow you to maintain the security of your site while still using the external sources you need. In addition, you can use various settings and permissions to protect your data and your customers’ data, and publicly share the site with guest users.

Deploy an Experience Cloud Site from Sandbox to Production
We recommend creating, customizing, and testing your Experience Cloud site in a test environment, such as a sandbox, before deploying it to your production org. When testing is complete, you can use change sets or Metadata API to migrate your site from one org to another. Deciding whether to use change sets or MD API depends on several factors. Some things to consider are the complexity of the changes that you’re migrating, your level of comfort with developer tools, and the application lifecycle management (ALM) model that you’re using.

Manage Your Experience Cloud Site
Administer, manage, and moderate your Experience Cloud site from Experience Workspaces.

Use Reporting in Experience Cloud Sites
Use reporting to see short-term and long-term trends in various areas of your Experience Cloud site. The preconfigured AppExchange package makes reporting a snap for community managers. You can also give the power of reporting to your members.

Experience Cloud Considerations
Keep the following considerations in mind when creating sites with Experience Cloud.

Understand the Basics of Experience Cloud
Discover how Experience Cloud helps you create digital experiences and branded spaces for your employees, customers, and partners. You can build sites, portals, and forums with the level of customization that you want using little or no code. Or, if you’re comfortable using code, you can build them programmatically.

Explore the various parts that make up an Experience Cloud site. Get familiar with Experience Cloud’s primary setup areas and terminology.

What Is Experience Cloud?
With Salesforce Experience Cloud you can build CRM-powered experiences quickly and easily. Experience Builder, Salesforce CMS, Mobile Publisher, and a suite of web apps join to help you create robust, customized sites for your every use case.

Building Blocks of a Site
An Experience Cloud site is composed of several layers that work together. Each layer contributes specific types of content and data. To help you understand how the pieces work together, let’s divide the components into major categories and discuss how they influence one another.

Find Your Way Around
There are three primary areas where you set up, design, and manage your Aura and LWR Experience Cloud sites: Salesforce Setup, Experience Workspaces, and Experience Builder.

Experience Cloud Resources
Learn more about Experience Cloud with helpful videos, guides, and blog posts. Or hit the trail with modules and projects on Trailhead.

Experience Cloud Glossary
Here are definitions to some key terms and concepts related to Experience Cloud.
Supported Browsers for Experience Cloud Sites
Browser support for Experience Cloud sites varies by the device that you access the site from and the site template.

What Is Experience Cloud?
With Salesforce Experience Cloud you can build CRM-powered experiences quickly and easily. Experience Builder, Salesforce CMS, Mobile Publisher, and a suite of web apps join to help you create robust, customized sites for your every use case.

With Experience Cloud, customers and partners can build digital experience platforms to host marketing and corporate sites, partner portals, support forums, web applications, and more. You can start from a selection of prebuilt templates. Use the Customer Service template to build a self-service experience where your customers can help each other, which increases case deflection and user engagement. Create portals where customers can process insurance claims, access their healthcare information, schedule vaccine appointments, and purchase products from stores. Customers can process warranties and self-service claims on automobiles. Companies can manage inventory and make purchases. Use the Salesforce platform to extend the power of CRM data to partners so that they can manage channel accounts and boost products with marketing campaigns.

Build Your Site, Your Way
Whether you’re an admin, designer, or developer, Experience Cloud makes it easy to work the way you want. You can:

- Create customized sites using no-code, point-and-click tools and prebuilt templates, themes, and components.
- Build custom components, apps, and processes using low-code tools for interactive development and automation.
- Develop customized, enterprise-level sites and portals programmatically. Update sites quickly, using your preferred pro-code development tools such as Salesforce Extensions for VS Code, Salesforce CLI, or your favorite IDE or text editor.

To learn more about the versatile ways that you can use Experience Cloud, watch:

Watch a video

Building Blocks of a Site
An Experience Cloud site is composed of several layers that work together. Each layer contributes specific types of content and data. To help you understand how the pieces work together, let’s divide the components into major categories and discuss how they influence one another.

Salesforce Platform
Experience Cloud relies on the elements that you’ve created in your primary Salesforce org—all the applications that make up the Customer 360 platform, such as Commerce Cloud, Service Cloud, Sales Cloud, and Mulesoft. When you set up your org, you create users, profiles, and records that contain different types of data. You use all that data to power and populate your Experience Cloud site.

Platform Services
You can use platform services built on Salesforce with your Experience Cloud sites. When we say platform services, we mean tools that are built on the Salesforce platform and can be used with many Salesforce products, including Experience Cloud. They aren’t tools that
necessarily exist within the framework of Experience Cloud. For instance, you can use Flow Builder, Process Builder, or Apex triggers and classes with your site.

Content and Assets
Salesforce CMS (Content Management System) is a Lightning app where you can create, store, and manage all your content. Built on your Salesforce org, it exists outside of your site and provides a shared resource that you can use across multiple apps and sites. From that single location you can pull content into many sites and apps without having to recreate and manage the content.

Security
Your site is often the face of your company, useful for communicating with many types of users. To address complex access needs, you need a tailored approach to security and scale. The security settings are managed in several places, and some affect all sites while others are site-specific. Most settings are found in three separate locations: the Settings tile in Experience Workspaces, user permissions in your Salesforce org, and your overall settings for Experience Cloud in Salesforce Setup.

Presentation
The presentation layer is where all the pieces come together and includes the Experience Builder templates and components. You can choose how your site displays to your audience and address accessibility concerns. Experience Builder components often draw from your Salesforce org to populate data and process actions taken by your users. Your personalization and security settings dictate what your users see and how they can interact with your site.

Analytics
When your site is live, you want to understand how users are interacting with it and how you can improve it. Using the Dashboard and Moderation tiles in Experience Workspaces, you can supervise your content and track user data with reports and dashboards. However, the analytics tools built on Experience Cloud are limited. To fully maintain the health of your site and deeply understand user interaction, we suggest implementing tools like Google Analytics or other third-party scripts.

Find Your Way Around
There are three primary areas where you set up, design, and manage your Aura and LWR Experience Cloud sites: Salesforce Setup, Experience Workspaces, and Experience Builder.

Salesforce Setup
The Salesforce Setup menu contains settings that apply to your Salesforce org. An Experience Builder site is built on top of your existing org and uses your Salesforce data. The Setup menu is where you turn on Experiences, create a site, manage user permissions, and log in to existing sites.
Experience Workspaces

After you create a site, Experience Workspaces is where you access Experience Builder, manage content, configure site settings, and monitor your Experience Cloud site. Community managers can view dashboards for groups, members, feed activity, and license usage and manage the community’s reputation system. Moderators can see which items have been flagged for review.

Experience Builder

Use Experience Builder to customize your site. Experience Cloud offers many types of sites, from community portals to online stores. Based on the template you choose, Experience Builder provides a list of pages and components that you can use on those pages. Create themes to fit your custom branding, and when you’re ready to go live, publish your site.
Experience Cloud Resources

Learn more about Experience Cloud with helpful videos, guides, and blog posts. Or hit the trail with modules and projects on Trailhead.

**Trailhead**

Before you create an Experience Cloud site, we recommend going over a few key concepts in Trailhead:

- Expand Your Reach with Experience Cloud (Trail)
- Customize your Experience Cloud Site (Trail)
- Salesforce CMS Basics (Module)
- Experience Cloud Site Strategy (Module)
- Experience Cloud for Newbies (Trailmix)
- Create and Manage Experience Cloud Sites (ADX271) (Trailhead Academy)

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**EDITIONS**

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
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Experience Cloud Glossary

Experience Cloud
Salesforce Experience Cloud is a digital experience platform that makes it easy to build beautifully designed, CRM-powered online sites. What was formerly known as Community Cloud is now called Experience Cloud, to better reflect the many types of digital experiences you can create and connect.

Experience Cloud Site
An Experience Cloud site is an online space for connecting with your customers, promoting collaboration, and streamlining key business processes.

- Experience Builder sites, formerly called Lightning communities, are template-based sites that you customize in Experience Builder. These sites are built on one of two frameworks—Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) or Aura.
  - LWR sites are built with the latest LWR-based templates, such as the Build Your Own (LWR) and Microsites (LWR) templates. From Winter ’23, new LWR sites are hosted on the enhanced sites and content platform, and they’re referred to as enhanced LWR sites.
  - Aura sites are built with our original templates that run on Aura, such as Customer Service, Partner Central, and Customer Account Portal.

- Visualforce sites, previously called Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites, are sites that you develop using Visualforce.
For clarity, we use the terms LWR sites, enhanced LWR sites, Aura sites, and Visualforce sites where possible to help you identify which features apply to your site. See also Enhanced Sites and Content Platform.

Enhanced Sites and Content Platform
The enhanced sites and content platform is a flexible system that brings together Salesforce CMS and LWR sites. From Winter ’23, new LWR sites and CMS workspaces that you create are hosted together on this redesigned platform, which offers partial deployment, site content search, easy content management, and more.

To identify LWR sites that are hosted on the new platform, we use the term enhanced LWR sites. And for CMS workspaces, we use the term enhanced CMS workspaces.
See What Is the Enhanced Sites and Content Platform?

Experience Builder
Experience Builder is used to design and build LWR and Aura sites using preconfigured templates and Lightning components. Use standard or custom components to create customized site pages without code.

Experience Workspaces
Command central for administering your Experience Cloud site. From Workspaces you can access Experience Builder, manage content, configure site settings, and monitor your site. Community managers can view dashboards for groups, members, feed activity, and license usage, and manage the community’s reputation system. Moderators can see which items have been flagged for review.

Community
The old term for what is now known as an Experience Cloud site. The new term better reflects the many types of digital experiences you can create.

Framework
The codebase or technical platform on which your Experience Cloud site is built. You can build a site using one of three frameworks: Lightning Web Runtime (LWR), Aura, and Visualforce.

Template
A predesigned set of solutions that help you quickly build a site that meets specific business needs. Templates are preconfigured with page layouts, components, and business processes designed to address common business scenarios. We have templates for
customer self-service, help centers, and partner relationship management, as well as a build-your-own template that offers common pre-built pages to jump-start a custom site.

**External User**
Any user logging in to an Experience Cloud site with an Identity license or Experience Cloud license.

**Guest User**
Any user accessing an Experience Cloud site without logging in. Guest users are always unauthenticated.

**Salesforce CMS**
The Salesforce Content Management System is a hybrid CMS where you can create, manage, and publish content from a centralized location. In the Digital Experiences app (previously called the Salesforce CMS app), you can share your content to Salesforce endpoints, such as Experience Cloud sites and marketing emails, or to external channels.

**CMS Workspace**
You use CMS workspaces in the Digital Experiences app to create, organize, and share your content. Each workspace can have its own contributors, translation language settings, channels, content, and folders. See also Enhanced Sites and Content Platform.

**CMS Connect**
A solution that connects external CMS content to your Experience Builder site for consistent branding, reuse of material, and ease of maintenance.

**Supported Browsers for Experience Cloud Sites**
Browser support for Experience Cloud sites varies by the device that you access the site from and the site template.

**Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce**
Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites are supported on all desktop browsers that Salesforce supports. These sites are also accessible from the Salesforce app.

**Experience Builder Sites**
Experience Builder sites such as Customer Service, Partner Central, and Help Center are supported on these browsers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Platforms</th>
<th>Apple® Safari®</th>
<th>Google Chrome™</th>
<th>Microsoft® Edge Chromium</th>
<th>Microsoft® Internet Explorer® 11</th>
<th>Mozilla® Firefox®</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Apple® macOS® Desktop</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft® Windows® Desktop</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
<td>Ended support on December 31, 2020</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Support for accessing Experience Builder sites with Internet Explorer 11 ended on December 31, 2020. But there’s no difference for site visitors using the browser in the short term. Because Experience Cloud no longer tests new features on Internet
Explorer 11, your site can function differently than expected. To let users know they must switch browsers, enable display warnings for unsupported browsers. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Digital Experiences Settings, click Settings, and select **Display warning for unsupported browsers**.

**Note:** To load Experience Builder with Safari 13.1 or above, disable these settings:
- Block All Cookies
- Prevent Cross-Site Tracking
- Private Browsing
- Block Pop-ups (Pop-up blocking can prevent some pages from opening in a new tab.)

### Mobile Devices

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<th>Apple® Safari®</th>
<th>Google Chrome™</th>
<th>Microsoft® Edge (Windows® 10 only)</th>
<th>Microsoft® Internet Explorer® 11</th>
<th>Mozilla® Firefox®</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>Android™ Phone and Tablet</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iOS Phone and Tablet</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
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<tr>
<td>Windows® 8 Phone</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Ended support on December 31, 2020</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
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<tr>
<td>Windows® 10 Phone</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Supports latest stable browser version</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Unsupported Browser Notification

Some unsupported browsers can load the Lightning framework. When users try accessing an Experience Builder site in one of these browsers, they see a notification asking them to update or switch browsers. Other unsupported browsers such as Internet Explorer 10 or below can’t load the Lightning framework. If users try accessing a site in one of these browsers, they see a blank page.

If you tested your site in an unsupported browser and everything works as expected, you can disable the default notification. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Digital Experiences Settings, click Settings, and deselect **Display warning for unsupported browsers**.

**Note:**
- If you used a WebView to create a mobile site, check that the pop-up window appears the way you like.
- Users don’t see the unsupported browser notification on site login pages. If you know that your users are using unsupported browsers to access your site, create Visualforce login pages and use them instead of default site login pages.
- The unsupported browsers setting doesn’t apply to Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) sites.
Plan and Prepare for Your Experience Cloud Implementation

Experience Cloud comprises flexible, powerful features that you can combine in multiple ways to deliver the digital experience you need, whether it’s a portal, help center, or mobile app. And although it can be tempting to dive right into building, we recommend taking time to think about the combination of features you need to deliver a productive, successful site. We can’t cover every planning aspect, but these topics describe some key areas to consider, research, and incorporate as you develop your overall plan.

Define Your Site Vision and Purpose
Experience Cloud makes it easy to build sites that deliver customer-first experiences—fast! But, before you dive head-first into building your Experience Cloud site, pause for a moment to envision the larger picture of what you want your site to accomplish. What is your website’s primary purpose?

Learn About Experience Cloud Frameworks and Templates
Select a framework and template as part of your site planning. The choices you make at the beginning of your site creation process have long-term downstream implications. In particular, consider your business objectives, your technical know-how, and the costs associated with each.

Learn More About Experience Cloud Licenses
Licenses are a gateway to authenticated access to your Experience Cloud sites. So one of the most important steps when planning a site is selecting the right licenses for your use case. These licenses grant access to Experience Cloud sites to customers and partners who can’t otherwise log in to your company’s Salesforce org: External Identity, External Apps, Customer Community, Customer Community Plus, Partner Community, and Channel Account. A Salesforce account executive can help you understand the difference between the licenses, and help you decide the best ones for your use case. Before that, let’s answer some basic questions first.

Who Does What in Experience Cloud?
Experience Cloud sites are typically not developed, designed, and maintained by a single person because these tasks require different skills. Depending on the size of your company and scale of your site, you could have some people handle several roles or a dedicated person for each role.

Define Your Site Structure, Layout, and Design
After you consider your site’s vision and purpose and you’re familiar with frameworks and templates, you can plan your site’s structure, layout, and design.

Map the Customer Journey and Drive Engagement
You defined a site vision that aligns your site with your company’s purpose. Now you want to design a site experience that encourages users to visit your site and interact with your content. But to promote customer engagement, you must first understand your customers’ needs and create compelling content in to meet those needs.
Plan Your Site's Content Management Strategy
If you're like most organizations, you have a large amount of content, and you need a plan to create, organize, and manage it. Get the right content in front of the right people at the right time with a solid content strategy. Explore the various Salesforce offerings that provide content management solutions for different scenarios.

Plan a Mobile Strategy for Your Site
Over half of customer interactions happen over mobile devices. So having a mobile-responsive site isn't an option anymore, it's a necessity. Before you create a mobile site, ask these questions to help solidify your mobile strategy.

Performance and Scale of Your Experience Cloud Site
With Experience Cloud, you can build a wide range of business-to-consumer (B2C) and business-to-business (B2B) applications. Examples include help forums, self-service portals, partner and channel websites, commerce and ticketing stores, and vaccination and appointment sites. Many of these sites require high user volume and they experience high traffic. We extensively test every standard template, component, and product for performance and scale, but standard capabilities can be extended to build highly customized experiences. Customizations, high user volume, and high traffic, and more can impact a site's performance. Salesforce offers a range of features focused on supporting performance and scale regardless of your site's requirements.

Develop a Security Plan for Your Experience Cloud Site
Salesforce has various security settings and permissions you can use when you're building a site on the Experience Cloud platform. Before you start creating a site, put together a security plan that can help you during the implementation.

Prepare to Promote Your Site and Measure Its Success
Your Experience Cloud site gives you a web presence and helps you connect your business to the people who need it—both inside and outside your company. Generate excitement, awareness, and traffic for your site with a promotional plan, and consider how to measure adoption of your site when it's live.

SEE ALSO:
Video: Implementation Best Practices

Define Your Site Vision and Purpose
Experience Cloud makes it easy to build sites that deliver customer-first experiences—fast! But, before you dive head-first into building your Experience Cloud site, pause for a moment to envision the larger picture of what you want your site to accomplish. What is your website's primary purpose?

Why Is This Important?
When you're clear about your site's purpose, you take a strategic approach to building and managing your site. And then clarity about your target audience, conversion actions, goals, and measurements naturally follow.

Your investment in this site goes beyond the resources used to build it. Your online presence is typically the first impression of your business that your customers have. A clearly defined purpose is the first step to building a meaningful website that adds value for you and your customers and partners.

Having a clearly defined site purpose also helps you:
- Ensure all members of your team are aligned on the overall goals of the site.
- Determine which framework and template best serve your needs.
- Develop the design of your website, including the layout and which pages and features to include.
- Set up your site for success when you plan your rollout and adoption framework.

Editions
Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
• Gather the right people to drive your site to fruition.

What Should You Keep in Mind?

Here are some considerations to help you craft your vision and purpose.

Review Your Objectives: Highlight which key elements of the business the site addresses. Does it lower costs, increase brand awareness, or simplify operations? Are you creating a business flow, such as a registration process or an onboarding process? Here are some objective ideas.

• Improve engagement: Give customers an easy way to interact with your organization whenever and wherever they are. They can search for articles, ask questions, and get crowd-sourced answers.
• Provide self-service: Empower your customers to find solutions to customer-service issues on their own with access to your knowledge base, your service agents, and peer-to-peer support. Provide access to their data in a member portal.
• Improve partner relationships: Collaborate on opportunities and deals to increase you and your partners’ revenue stream. Onboard partners quickly by sharing content and training materials.

Consider the Use Cases: Use cases are foundational to your strategy and the user experience. Use cases can help you define, map out, and prioritize how you want your customers to use the site. Define an initial set of use cases and align them with your business objectives. Think of use cases in terms of a prioritization exercise. To get started, think about what’s most important for your site to support the experience you want to create. Then, prioritize the use cases by noting which are accelerated growth drivers, top-priority growth drivers, tough wins, and efficiency drivers.

Example: Self-Service Portal Use Case

A self-service site is a place where you can help your customers help themselves. Here are some of the use cases for this type of site.

• Account Management—Users can conveniently update their contact information, update their preferences, and sign up for new services.
• Help Portal—Supply knowledge articles that aid in case deflection, customer satisfaction, and agent productivity. Use chatbots or live agents to supply quick responses to questions.
• Support Portal—Provide easy access to customer support and the ability to create and track cases. Pair with a support knowledge base so users can get answers quickly.

What’s Next?

After you have a clear vision of where your site is headed and how to get there, you can fill in the blank in this question:

“The purpose of my site is to ________”

Write down your vision and use it as your guiding light as you plan and prepare for site building. And now, full speed ahead to bring your vision to life!

Find Out More

- Experience Cloud Site Management Canvas Planning Tool
- Show Me How: Best Practices for Adoption in Your Sites
- Experience Cloud Site Strategy
Learn About Experience Cloud Frameworks and Templates

Select a framework and template as part of your site planning. The choices you make at the beginning of your site creation process have long-term downstream implications. In particular, consider your business objectives, your technical know-how, and the costs associated with each.

Why Is This Important?

You can build an Experience Cloud site using one of three frameworks: Lightning Web Runtime (LWR), Aura, or Visualforce. Each framework supports different templates.

The LWR framework uses Lightning Web Components (LWC). LWC offers a platform for developers to build components on a standardized web stack. The LWR framework with LWC creates unparalleled performance and speed. LWR templates include Build Your Own (LWR) and Microsite (LWR). To build a site using an LWR template, you need access to developer resources.

Aura uses a standardized Server-Side JavaScript framework, which helps developers build customizable components. But web practices have changed, improved, and become even more standardized since Server-Side JavaScript’s introduction in 2014, paving the way for the evolution to LWR. Aura templates include Customer Service, Partner Central, Help Center, Build Your Own, and Customer Account Portal. Aura templates are mostly low-code. Lightning web components and Aura components can coexist and interoperate on a page.

The Visualforce framework includes a tag-based markup language, similar to HTML, and a set of server-side “standard controllers” that make basic database operations simple to perform. The Visualforce framework supports Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites. To create a branded experience using Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce, you need access to developer resources.

Find Out More

- Which Experience Cloud Template Should I Use?
- What Is the Enhanced Sites and Content Platform?

Learn More About Experience Cloud Licenses

Licenses are a gateway to authenticated access to your Experience Cloud sites. So one of the most important steps when planning a site is selecting the right licenses for your use case. These licenses grant access to Experience Cloud sites to customers and partners who can’t otherwise log in to your company’s Salesforce org: External Identity, External Apps, Customer Community, Customer Community Plus, Partner Community, and Channel Account. A Salesforce account executive can help you understand the difference between the licenses, and help you decide the best ones for your use case. Before that, let’s answer some basic questions first.

Why Is This Important?

Licenses are an investment for your business, so license selection is key. Along with profiles and permission sets, licenses give your customers more or fewer permissions and access to items displayed on your site.

One way to look at your site’s relationship with licenses is to see it as an airplane. Each passenger has a different type of ticket (license), and therefore, different levels of access. They’re all on the same ride, but each passenger has a slightly different experience based on how much their ticket cost.
Customer Community Licenses get a basic pass, like an economy ticket. Customer Community Plus Licenses get more access, like a business ticket. Partner Community Licenses? They get much more access, like a first-class ticket.

What Should You Keep in Mind?

When you’re considering Experience Cloud licenses for your site, start with your site’s goals, and then find a license that aligns with them. Define and prioritize your use cases and how they impact your company. After you define your site’s goals, the next step is to define the different personas who can access the site. After you define your persona requirements, align the license for each persona. Each persona and set of requirements can require different licenses.

Here are some questions to consider when choosing among the various license types. This list isn’t exhaustive, but it’s a good starting point.

- Who are your site’s users?
- How many users do you expect to access your site?
- Are your site’s users logging in to the site to do something, or are they simply browsing and filling out the occasional form?
- How often do you expect users to log in to the site?
- What objects do you expect your users to access, and what type of access do they need, for example, read, write, edit?
- Do your users need access to reports and dashboards?
- Do your users need extra platform capabilities such as API calls, data, and file storage?
- What type of sharing do you want your users to be able to access?
- Do you want your customers or partners to manage their own accounts, such as adding new users for accounts they can access or disabling users?

In Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited editions, you can create up to 100 Experience Cloud sites without buying communities licenses. However, you need licenses for some features in Experience Cloud to work. For example, to create sites using the Partner Central template, you must purchase at least one Partner Community license.

Active, inactive, and preview sites, including Visualforce sites, count against this limit. Archived sites don’t count against your maximum limit.

Find Out More

Experience Cloud User Licenses

Who Does What in Experience Cloud?

Experience Cloud sites are typically not developed, designed, and maintained by a single person because these tasks require different skills. Depending on the size of your company and scale of your site, you could have some people handle several roles or a dedicated person for each role.

Why Is This Important?

Experience Cloud accommodates many use cases and customization capabilities. When you create a site, it’s important to consider who has the necessary skills for each role to build your team. Assigning a single person to manage all the different facets can become unmanageable if your site is large or complex.
What Should You Keep in Mind?

Before you begin, consider the lifespan of a site and the required skills. First, you design and build the site and then create and add content. You also promote, maintain, and grow the site. Each phase requires different skills that must be accounted for when you create your site. Here’s our recommended implementation team and the skills they require. Keep in mind that a single person can fill many of these roles in a small company.

Design and Build Roles and Skills

- **Solution Architect** — Understands the fundamental structure of the site and how to create it.
- **Business Process Analyst** — Understands the business requirements and how the site is used. The business analyst has deep knowledge of your company, the problems to solve, and how your site plans to solve them.
- **Developer** — Although many Experience Cloud features are point and click, when creating a more complex site, a developer trained on the Salesforce platform can set up and customize your site more efficiently.
- **User Interface Designer** — We offer many tools to customize the look and structure of your site, but without intuitive design they often go to waste. Your designer must have a thorough understanding of web design and your target audience to get the most value for your site.
- **User Experience Designer** — Working with your UI designer, the UX designer is the voice of the customer. A solid user experience grounded in user research can improve the usability of your site.

Content Creation and Management Roles and Skills

- **QA Professional** — Before you go live and whenever you update your site, test your changes carefully. It’s helpful to have a fresh set of eyes for quality checks. Make sure that the various user types have access to the correct things and that your setup has no security vulnerabilities.
- **Content Manager** — A single site often uses many different types of content, from images, to videos, to plain text. Make sure that your content is up to date and ready for prime time. If you don’t have someone managing your content, it’s easy for your site to become dated quickly.
- **Digital Engagement Manager** — After your site is deployed and available to your users, you want someone to maintain it over time. Make sure that your users are engaging with your content and each other with analytics tools and the moderation tile. Creating an excellent site requires a significant amount of work, but maintaining your site after going live is the true key to success.

Find Out More

- **Managers, Moderators, and Admins Working Together**
- **Best Practices for Adoption in Your Sites**

Define Your Site Structure, Layout, and Design

After you consider your site’s vision and purpose and you’re familiar with frameworks and templates, you can plan your site’s structure, layout, and design.

Why Is This Important?

Planning your site’s structure, layout, and design before you begin building it helps you prioritize what to launch. You can narrow the scope of your site and set clear milestones for launching it. A plan in place makes building your site faster and easier.
What Should You Keep in Mind?

User Experience:

Think of your site as a product that you design for your users. To find out what your users want and expect from your site, consider conducting a user experience initiative that includes research and interviews. Integrate your findings with any personas and journeys that you built, and then plan your site’s structure, layout, and design. If possible, involve user experience and user interface designers.

Structure and Information Architecture:

Your site’s structure depends on how you organize its information. Consider your users’ expectations and needs. What intuitive paths can they take to find content? How can you organize the content to match these paths and make content easy to find? If you conducted user experience research, refer to your findings.

Organize your planned site content into labeled categories. Labeled categories help you structure your site’s navigation system and menu. Make the labels concise, meaningful, and not too broad or too specific. For example, you can group business location, hours of operation, staff, and mission statement in a category labeled About Us. This category can become an item in your navigation menu. The top-level categories that you come up with can become the top-level labels in your navigation menu. And then you can add informational subcategories to each top-level menu.

Page Layout:

Using the categories you devised for your site structure, decide how to organize the pages and subpages that contain your content. Title your pages intentionally and order them according to your information architecture so that users can easily find them through the navigation menu or search. You can adjust your navigation as you develop pages. Make sure to match primary pages with top-level menu categories, and match subpages with subcategories.

Begin to design your pages by using the Experience Cloud templates, which are preconfigured with page layouts. Available templates include layouts designed for use cases such as hosting a partner website or help center, or providing customer service.

Customize your pages with content and features that are important to your users. For example, add sections to your site based on the questions that came up the most for your customers during user experience research. To prioritize what your users need, work closely with user experience and user interface designers, if possible.

You can define audiences and then associate them with page variations that you create and customize. Only the users in those audiences can see page variations so that the content is personalized for them. For example, you define an audience as users who live on the West Coast of the United States. Create a variation of your home page with photographs of the Pacific Ocean and coastal landscapes. Then apply the West Coast audience to the page so that only those users can see it. Other users see the default page.

Page Structure and Components:

Consider the specific components and structure of each type of page. If possible, work with your user experience designers to create wireframes—sketches of a page’s features and component configuration. You can solicit early feedback on your wireframes and ensure that you’re incorporating users’ needs as you design. You can also use one of our templates to sketch out a site in Experience Builder, and have people look at the site in the builder in preview mode.

Some web design features are consistent and standardized. For example, page headers often include a company’s name or logo in the top right, a search bar in the top left, and a menu bar across the middle. Users are familiar with these conventions, so keep them in mind when you design.

Incorporate your brand. Consider where to place your organization name, and consider the colors, fonts, and images to employ. These design components contribute to your brand image. Keep your branding consistent across pages and subpages, from your homepage, to a forum, to an FAQ page, and more.

Find Out More

Manage Your Site’s Pages and Their Properties in Experience Builder
Map the Customer Journey and Drive Engagement

You defined a site vision that aligns your site with your company’s purpose. Now you want to design a site experience that encourages users to visit your site and interact with your content. But to promote customer engagement, you must first understand your customers’ needs and create compelling content in to meet those needs.

Why Is This Important?

Engagement describes just how involved your customers and partners are with your site. How often do they visit the site? How long do they stay? What do they do on the site?

Improve customer engagement and satisfaction by understanding the customer experience. The customer experience is a combination of two factors:

• User personas represent specific types of customers. Think of your personas as fictional characters with real-world responsibilities, goals, and challenges.

• Customer journeys map how your customers use your products and services. Identify what your customers want to accomplish and how they feel at each stage of their experience.

When you understand what your users need, you can design a site that helps them accomplish their goals.

Tip: As you go through this process, define specific outcomes to measure success: improved customer retention, reduced support costs, faster conversions, and so on. Then you can measure improvements as you make them.

What Should You Keep in Mind?

To begin mapping the customer journey, first develop the characteristics of your user personas. To start the process, answer some questions.

• What roles do the top two or three users have?

• What are their responsibilities, challenges, goals, and motivations?

• What do they want to accomplish on your site?

You can then start asking some questions about the customer journey to detail the sequence of customers’ key activities on the site. Where possible, seek input from your support, sales, and marketing teams.

• To meet their goals, what type of content do your customers need?

• Are customers looking at your content for informational or learning purposes?

• Are they accessing the site using desktop or mobile devices?

• What do they do when they access the site?

• Which interactions are most important?

Ideas for Promoting Engagement

Obviously, the best way to engage users is to have a site that meets their needs. Let’s look at some examples.
Example: Let’s say you want to create a compelling product registration experience for new customers. Consider creating a home page with a vivid product image in the background and a prominent call-to-action registration button. Provide links to product information and customer testimonials.

Example: If your site is a self-service help portal, you want to create an experience that helps users solve a problem or learn more about your product or services. In this case, to improve engagement, consider making the portal available from the home page of your corporate website with an easily identifiable icon that links to the self-service portal. Also consider providing as much publicly available self-service content as possible on your site. Because public, or unauthenticated, content is discoverable through search engines, it encourages users to visit, stay, and explore your site. When they’re on your site, consider guiding visitors to the most relevant content with a quick-start topic or a search bar where they can enter key terms.

Plan Your Site’s Content Management Strategy

If you’re like most organizations, you have a large amount of content, and you need a plan to create, organize, and manage it. Get the right content in front of the right people at the right time with a solid content strategy. Explore the various Salesforce offerings that provide content management solutions for different scenarios.

Why Is This Important?

If you create content, you need a content strategy, or a plan for the types of content that you want to create for your site. Define the business goals you want your content to achieve and identify the content that best meets these goals. Also think about how you manage your content: how you organize content assets, when and where to publish, and when to refresh or replace your content.

Being strategic about the content you create and deploy lets you extend the reach of your content, refines content workflows, and improves customer interactions and experiences.

What Should You Keep in Mind?

Let’s take a quick look at what to consider when developing a strategy, and the Salesforce tools that can help you manage your content.

Develop a Content Strategy

• Plan—Identify your audience and goals.
  – What do you want your content to do? For example, drive sales, build brand awareness, or promote engagement.
  – How does your audience engage with content? What formats do they like, for what content?

• Audit—Understand where you are today. Take note of the resources you have and what’s working (or not) right now.
  – What content do you have for different stages of the customer journey?
  – What content can you reuse?
  – Where are there gaps?
  – Is existing content easy to find?
  – What content management system (CMS) are you using? Is there just one, or do you need to coordinate multiple systems?

Note: As you plan and audit, you’re likely to find that your content falls into categories such as:

  – Customer-facing content: Blog posts, social media posts, and so on
  – Digital assets for branding and web design
  – Help and support documentation, knowledge articles
Plan Your Site’s Content Management Strategy

- Internal documents: Sales decks, spec sheets, market research

- **Map**—Define customer journeys. Consider how you sequence information for maximum customer benefit.
  - How is your content linked together?
  - What is the customer experience like across various channels?

- **Build**—Build the right content and define your processes.
  - What types of content do you need?
  - How can you plan for content reuse?
  - How are you organizing content and managing versions?
  - How do you store resources and assets?
  - How often do you plan on updating your content?

- **Activate**—Distribute content to the right audiences and channels.
  - How can you put your content where your audience is?
  - Do you have an editorial calendar? A social media calendar?
  - How can you drive people to the content that you’re creating?
  - How do you manage content lifecycles?

- **Measure**—You know what they say: if you want to manage it, measure it.
  - What metrics can you use for different content types? For example, visitor counts, likes, search traffic, or downloads.
  - Which content is turning into leads, sales, or closed deals?
  - What reports are you running, at what cadence?
  - How can you continue to optimize over time?

Salesforce Content Management Tools

Here are some Salesforce tools that can help you with a variety of content scenarios.

- **Salesforce CMS**—Our hybrid CMS system lets you author and maintain all your experience-related content inside Salesforce, then serve that content anywhere, inside or outside Salesforce. Your teams can create content in a centralized location and distribute it either to a Salesforce-powered experience (built with Experience Builder or Commerce Page Designer) or to another system.
  - Create, manage, and reuse articles, news, blogs, banners, and images from a central location.
  - Use our headless APIs to deliver content to a third-party site, experience, or mobile app.
  - Organize content into workspaces and provide control over who can create and access content.
  - Create collections and use topics to organize content.
  - Support multiple languages.

- **CMS Connect**—Using a CMS other than Salesforce? No problem! Embed content from an external CMS into your Experience Builder site for branding consistency, reuse of material, and ease of maintenance.

- **Salesforce Files and Libraries**—Salesforce Files and Libraries provide a system for organizing, sharing, and controlling access to content within Salesforce. When you share Salesforce Files with related records, you can keep your documents with your CRM data and carry access control over, too.
  - Store files privately or share with records, groups, or users.
  - Set access permissions to reflect the record’s access settings and configure security settings for file upload and download.
- Use content deliveries and public links to share documents with people outside your organization.
- See and organize document versions.
- Use Libraries to organize your files into folders and control access to libraries.
- Store headers and logo images inside Salesforce as asset files, which can be used for components or Experience Cloud sites.

- Salesforce Knowledge—A knowledge base is a collection of articles with information about your products and services. This self-service model improves customer satisfaction while deflecting cases, lowering costs, and increasing support agent productivity.
  - Write, edit, publish, and archive articles from one system.
  - Provide information to internal, partner, customer, or public audiences.
  - Control access to articles based on permissions.
  - Provide support articles in multiple languages.
  - Includes version control and version comparison.
  - Set up approval processes for quality control.
  - Classify and find articles using topics and data categories.
  - Extend functionality with Apex code.

Find Out More

Developing a robust strategic content strategy can be a fairly involved process, but we have a couple of excellent guides to help you through it.

- Content Strategy Development
- Content Operations and Management
- Salesforce CMS
- CMS Developer Guide
- Create, Share, and Organize Files
- Salesforce Knowledge

Plan a Mobile Strategy for Your Site

Over half of customer interactions happen over mobile devices. So having a mobile-responsive site isn’t an option anymore, it’s a necessity. Before you create a mobile site, ask these questions to help solidify your mobile strategy.

What Should You Keep in Mind?

Use these questions as a starting point to help you focus.

- What is the main goal of your mobile app?
- Who is the main audience for your app?
- What micro moments are you creating for your customers and partners?
- What resources does your new mobile app require?
- Do you need just a mobile site, or do you want a mobile app distributed through the App Store or Google Play?
• Do you want to enrich your mobile experience with native capabilities, such as push notifications and biometric login?
• How well can your site work on slow network connections?
• How can you adjust your site design to account for smaller screens on mobile devices?

Find Out More

Mobile Publisher for Experience Cloud

Performance and Scale of Your Experience Cloud Site

With Experience Cloud, you can build a wide range of business-to-consumer (B2C) and business-to-business (B2B) applications. Examples include help forums, self-service portals, partner and channel websites, commerce and ticketing stores, and vaccination and appointment sites. Many of these sites require high user volume and they experience high traffic. We extensively test every standard template, component, and product for performance and scale, but standard capabilities can be extended to build highly customized experiences. Customizations, high user volume, and high traffic, and more can impact a site’s performance. Salesforce offers a range of features focused on supporting performance and scale regardless of your site’s requirements.

For some sites, we suggest enabling performance and scale optimizations to ensure that your site meets your performance needs. Work with your Salesforce representative to identify whether your site requires further configurations.

Why You Should Evaluate Your Site

Site patterns determine which performance optimization tools are most beneficial. Do site visitors view or create content? Does your site support a high volume of users or a high amount of traffic? Does your site use many roles? Salesforce has created performance tools to address the impact of these different site patterns and more.

For examples of Experience Cloud site types and the traffic and transaction patterns most likely to affect performance, see Which Performance Tools Do I Need Based on My Experience Cloud Site?

What Should You Keep in Mind?

Consider using performance tools if your site has these attributes.
• You expect a large number of site users
• You expect a high amount of traffic or transactions
• Your site requires many roles
• You’re customizing the standard Salesforce experience
• You’re using additional services at scale

How Can You Improve Performance and Scale?

This table outlines the issues most likely to affect site performance and scale and shows the tools to use.
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</table>

**Find Out More**

- Serve Your Experience Cloud Site with the Salesforce Content Delivery Network (CDN)
- Experience Cloud User Licenses
- Account Role Optimization
- High-Volume Creation Using Micro-Batching
- LWR Sites for Experience Cloud
- Progressive Rendering
- Page Optimizer
- Apex Caching on Salesforce CDN for Digital Experiences
Develop a Security Plan for Your Experience Cloud Site

Salesforce has various security settings and permissions you can use when you’re building a site on the Experience Cloud platform. Before you start creating a site, put together a security plan that can help you during the implementation.

Why Is This Important?
The security of the data you store in Salesforce is critical to the integrity of your business. Beyond data, security includes authentication, public unauthenticated access, and cookie management.

What Should You Keep in Mind?
Making a detailed and specific plan for your data security needs is an essential step to creating a safe and secure site for your customers and partners. Ask these questions before you start your implementation.

Data Security and Encryption:
- How much access to different objects in Salesforce do you want to give to your site’s users?
- Is this access different for authenticated users versus unauthenticated users?
- What external organization-wide sharing settings do you need so you can restrict the default access level for an object’s records?
- What field-level security settings do you need so that you can restrict users from seeing certain fields?
- What object permissions must you specify for users to create, read, edit, and delete records for each object?
- Do you want to encrypt data elements, such as standard or custom fields or files?
- Does your Salesforce org already have an encryption policy for its internal users?

Access:
- Do you want your users to sign in to the site, only browse as guest users, or both?
- Which default object permissions, if any, do you want to apply to the guest user profile?
- Which system permissions do you want to remove from the guest user profile?
- Which Visualforce pages and Apex controllers do your guest users need access to?
- Do you want guest users to see other members of your site?
- Do you want to use nicknames to protect the identity of your site’s members?

Authentication:
- Do you want your users to self-register?
- Do you want site users to authenticate using an external identity provider (single sign-on)?
- Do you need configurations for third-party authentication providers, such as Facebook or LinkedIn?
- Do you want to build integrations between your site and custom branded apps, such as mobile or desktop apps?

Cookies:
- Do you need end-user cookie consent management?

Find Out More
- Who Sees What in Experience Cloud
- Show Me How: External Sharing
Prepare to Promote Your Site and Measure Its Success

Your Experience Cloud site gives you a web presence and helps you connect your business to the people who need it—both inside and outside your company. Generate excitement, awareness, and traffic for your site with a promotional plan, and consider how to measure adoption of your site when it’s live.

Why Is This Important?

You want to create a good site that creates value for your business and your customers. Start by having a solid plan for site rollout and measuring what success looks like for your company. First define your site purpose and vision and map the customer journey and drive engagement.

What Should You Keep in Mind?

All your hard work to plan and build your site culminates with a site launch! When you plan for a successful site rollout, consider how to:

- Promote your site internally and externally.
- Measure adoption success based on key performance indicators and business goals.

Promote:

Get the word out to your internal audience and external customers when your site goes live or has new offerings. A promotional plan helps you gather your thoughts, tie back to your site vision and purpose, and prepare for communicating the growth of your site over time.

Create a promotional and marketing plan for every phase of growth.

- Generate excitement and promote your site internally by letting employees know that you’re launching.
- Use existing promotional channels such as other websites, social media, Slack, YouTube, and email to communicate with customers.
- Consider creating a 2–3 minute video to generate excitement and direct traffic to your site.

Measure:

As part of your engagement and adoption planning, think about how you can measure success.

- Choose success metrics that are important to your site’s purpose and tie them to your overall business goals and key performance indicators.
- Think about which business processes are important and what you’re looking to improve.
- Consider how to measure your return on investment with Salesforce or third-party analytics tools.

Define how to measure success for your business and use case. Here are some examples of use cases.

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
For a self-service help portal, success could include an increase in site traffic along with a decrease in customer service calls and support costs.

For an account management portal, measure how many new customers sign up and how many customers you retain within a time.

Consider asking your site visitors to periodically take a customer satisfaction (CSAT) survey. Ask them directly how they feel about your site, and evaluate the responses and scores over time to identify trends.

Check out this video to learn more about promoting your site, and measuring its success.

Find Out More

Show Me How: Best Practices for Adoption in Your Sites (English Only)

Set Up and Configure Your Org for Experience Cloud Sites

Before setting up your first Experience Cloud site, complete a few tasks in Salesforce Setup to prepare your org for customer- and partner-facing sites. From enabling digital experiences to selecting the correct org settings, we've got you covered! The steps you take when preparing your org for Experience Cloud sites are the same you take when setting up sites for Commerce Cloud, Financial Services Cloud, Health Cloud, and Work.com.

Enable Digital Experiences
Enabling digital experiences is the first step to creating an Experience Cloud site, whether you're building a community, portal, help center, or website. You also need to enable digital experiences when setting up Commerce Cloud, Financial Services Cloud, Health Cloud, and Work.com.

Configure Digital Experiences Settings
Manage settings that apply to all sites built on Experience Cloud.

Configure a Custom Domain for Your Experience Cloud Site
To provide a branded experience for users who access your external-facing Salesforce content, serve your Experience Cloud sites on a domain that you own. With a custom domain, your users access your external-facing Experience Cloud site and its functionality through your branded URL, such as https://www.example.com. Also, with the many-to-many relationship between sites and custom domains, you can serve your external-facing content to meet your branding needs. For example, you can serve content from multiple Experience Cloud sites on one parent website, or serve multiple sites on one domain through custom paths. Because you can serve multiple sites on one domain, custom domains simplify the management of your domains and your corresponding network allowlists. And even if your Salesforce-hosted site URL changes due to a My Domain change, your custom domain remains constant, reducing the number of updates required.

Find Your Way Around Experience Workspaces
Experience Workspaces is your one-stop shop for building, setting up, and monitoring your Experience Cloud site. Access Builder and Administration workspaces to manage your site's setup and branding. Community managers can view dashboards for groups, members, feed activity, and license usage, and manage the community's reputation system. Moderators can see which items have been flagged for review.

Administer Your Experience Cloud Site
After creating your Experience Cloud site, take care of administrative tasks such as adding members, securing your data, defining what records are shown in your site and to whom, and enabling other features such as SEO.
Access Experience Cloud Sites in the Salesforce Mobile App

Accessing Experience Cloud sites from the Salesforce mobile app depends on several factors, including the type of template used to create the site and the licenses and permissions of site users.

Enable Other Salesforce Features in Experience Cloud Sites

Experience Cloud offers a platform to expose Salesforce features and functionality to site members. For example, enable Salesforce Knowledge so customers can view knowledge articles in your site. Enable case feeds to facilitate discussions over customer cases. There’s also Chatter Questions, direct messages, Question-to-Case, and field service data.

Enable Digital Experiences

Enabling digital experiences is the first step to creating an Experience Cloud site, whether you’re building a community, portal, help center, or website. You also need to enable digital experiences when setting up Commerce Cloud, Financial Services Cloud, Health Cloud, and Work.com.

**Note:** After you enable digital experiences, you can’t disable it. If your org’s access to Experience Cloud is suspended for non-payment, all your sites are deactivated, including the ones in Preview. When Experience Cloud is re-enabled, all sites are inactive. You can activate them, but you can’t return to the Preview state.

1. From Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, then select Digital Experiences > Settings.
2. Select Enable Digital Experiences.
   Your digital experiences domain is shown. It includes your My Domain name in the format MyDomainName.my.site.com for production orgs.
3. Click Save.

**Warning:** In Salesforce orgs created before February 8, 2024, enabling digital experiences automatically extends access to external members. Records previously accessible to Roles and Subordinates are available to Roles, Internal and Portal Subordinates. Opening up access to the site and portal subordinates could expose your org’s data to external users. To secure your sites, use the Convert External User Access Wizard to help ensure that no records or folders are shared with external users. For more information, see Use the Convert External User Access Wizard.

In orgs created on February 8, 2024 or later, access is secure by default. Records shared with the Roles and Internal Subordinates group through sharing rules or other mechanisms remain accessible only to internal users.

If you have the Create and Set Up Experiences permission, you can now create experiences.

- In Experience Builder sites and Lightning Experience, the App Launcher lets members switch between their Salesforce org and experiences that they’re a member of.
- In Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites and Salesforce Classic, the global header lets users switch between their Salesforce org and experiences that they’re a member of.

SEE ALSO:

- Enable the Global Header for Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
- Enable the App Launcher in Experience Builder Sites
Configure Digital Experiences Settings

Manage settings that apply to all sites built on Experience Cloud.

1. From Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, then click Digital Experiences > Settings.
2. Make your changes and save.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Experience Management</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Experience Workspaces</td>
<td>Use Experience Workspaces to manage your sites. This setting is on by default, but you can disable it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assign new records created by guest users to the default owner</td>
<td>When enabled, all new records created by guest users are assigned to a default record owner. If no default record owner is chosen, the default record owner is the site’s owner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display warning for unsupported browsers</td>
<td>When enabled, users are asked to update or switch browsers when they access an Aura site with an unsupported browser. Display warnings are available by default in Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) sites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable ExperienceBundle Metadata API</td>
<td>Provides access to the ExperienceBundle Metadata API, which allows text-based programmatic migration and creation of Aura sites. LWR sites use ExperienceBundle by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Role and User Settings</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of customer roles</td>
<td>You can have up to three roles. If you specify one customer role and then decide to increase the number of roles later, the increased number of roles isn’t applied to existing customer accounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of partner roles</td>
<td>When you enable the first external user on a partner account, a user role hierarchy is created for that account. The three roles are Partner User, Partner Manager, and Partner Executive. The role hierarchy rolls up to the account owner (typically, the channel manager). When you create contacts on the partner account and convert them to external users, assign one of these roles to them. If you specify one partner role and then decide to increase the number of roles later, the</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Setting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allow editing of the Partner Account field on opportunities and leads</td>
<td>Select to allow partner users to edit the Partner Account field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Partner Super User Access</td>
<td>Granting super user access to users with Partner Community licenses lets them access more data and records, regardless of sharing rules and org-wide defaults. Super users can access data owned by other site users who have the same role or a role below them. Super user access applies only to cases, leads, custom objects, and opportunities. External users have access to these objects only if you expose them using profiles or sharing and add the tabs to the portal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable report options for external users</td>
<td>Select this option to give external users with Partner Community or Customer Community Plus licenses and the “Run Reports” permission, access to report options on the run report page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Let customer users access notes and attachments</td>
<td>Select to let customer users access notes and attachments on accounts and contacts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow customer users to change case statuses</td>
<td>Let users with Customer Community Plus licenses change their case status in Visualforce sites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow users to see contacts that haven’t been enabled for partner or customer accounts</td>
<td>Let users see contacts from private accounts that they have read access to when the contact is associated with the parent record of their own contact record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Require unique usernames for partners in this org</td>
<td>Orgs created after Winter ’19 automatically contain username uniqueness at the org level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow using standard external profiles for self-registration, user creation, and login</td>
<td>Each external license type is associated with a default profile in the org. Enable this setting to let external users self-register and log in with the default external profile. Salesforce best practice is to clone the default profile and add all the permissions needed to the cloned profile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide first and last name fields in SOAP API for site users, when making API calls from within a site with nicknames enabled</td>
<td>This setting applies to SOAP API when used in an Aura controller that is invoked from a Lightning component on an Experience Cloud site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide badges from guest users in Experience Builder sites</td>
<td>Hide badges used in gamification from guest users in Aura sites.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Moderation Rule Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Moderation applies to all feed posts regardless of where they are visible</th>
<th>Apply moderation flags and rules to all feed posts, including those visible across multiple sites. When this setting is disabled, moderation applies only to site-specific feed posts.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Moderation rules can be configured for internal users’ feed posts on records</td>
<td>Apply moderation rules to internal users’ feed posts on records that might be visible across multiple sites.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Salesforce Mobile Settings for Experiences


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Keep the Apex prefix in Experience Cloud site URLs so links between Visualforce pages resolve in Salesforce. Enabling this setting keeps the Apex prefix in all of your Experience Cloud site URLs.</td>
<td>Support links to Visualforce pages from site pages made using Visualforce in the mobile app</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select how many days you’d like an activation email to remain active.</td>
<td>New User Email Settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable to show Account Relationship objects and their associated sharing rules. After you enable this option, you can’t disable it in your org.</td>
<td>Account Relationship Settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable to show External Account Hierarchy objects. After you enable this option, you can’t disable it in your org.</td>
<td>External Account Hierarchy Settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applies the site’s login page type (default, Login Discovery, Experience Builder, or Visualforce) to its Embedded Login implementations.</td>
<td>Embedded Login</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For the site’s Embedded Login implementations, blocks redirects to unknown URLs that are provided in the state parameter of the OAuth response. Redirects are allowed only when the URL is in the same host or domain as the site or is allow-listed in the Embedded Login salesforce-allowed-domains meta tag.</td>
<td>Share to unknown URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create a sharing set</td>
<td>Sharing Sets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convert Site Member Access</td>
<td>Convert Site Member Access</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configure a Custom Domain for Your Experience Cloud Site

To provide a branded experience for users who access your external-facing Salesforce content, serve your Experience Cloud sites on a domain that you own. With a custom domain, your users access your external-facing Experience Cloud site and its functionality through your branded URL, such as https://www.example.com. Also, with the many-to-many relationship between sites and custom domains, you can serve your external-facing content to meet your branding needs. For example, you can serve content from multiple Experience Cloud sites on one parent website, or serve multiple sites on one domain through custom paths. Because you can serve multiple sites on one domain, custom domains simplify the management of your domains and your corresponding network allowlists. And even if your Salesforce-hosted site URL changes due to a My Domain change, your custom domain remains constant, reducing the number of updates required.

You can set up a custom domain to serve your sites at any time. When you set up a custom domain as you build your Experience Cloud sites, your visitors use your branded custom domain from the start. This approach can improve your SEO and eliminate future effort to update hard-coded links and change user behavior.

To learn more and set up a custom domain, see Custom Domains.

If you serve your site content on a custom domain, we also highly recommend that you use a content delivery network (CDN) to optimize your content and site performance. For more information, see Content Delivery Networks (CDNs) and Salesforce. If you set up a custom domain in a Professional Edition org with Marketing Cloud Account Engagement (Pardot), that domain must use the Salesforce CDN.

SEE ALSO:
Experience Cloud
Find Your Way Around Experience Workspaces

Experience Workspaces is your one-stop shop for building, setting up, and monitoring your Experience Cloud site. Access Builder and Administration workspaces to manage your site’s setup and branding. Community managers can view dashboards for groups, members, feed activity, and license usage, and manage the community’s reputation system. Moderators can see which items have been flagged for review.

Note: You can customize your site at any time, but if you plan on making major changes, we recommend deactivating the site first.

If Experience Workspaces isn’t enabled in your org, enable it in Digital Experiences > Settings. Experience Workspaces is enabled by default for all Experience Cloud sites created after Spring ’17.

Important: The options available in Experience Workspaces are based on your site template selection and preferences. That’s what’s happening when some options in the following list don’t appear in your site. To display all sections, go to Administration > Preferences, and select Show all settings in Experience Workspaces.

Experience Workspaces includes the following workspaces.

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To access Experience Workspaces or Experience Management:

• Access Experience Management OR Manage Experiences OR Create and Set Up Experiences
• AND is a member of the site

To access moderation rules and criteria:

• Manage Experiences OR Create and Set Up Experiences
• AND is a member of the site

To customize administration settings or use Experience Builder:

• Create and Set Up Experiences
• AND is a member of the site
Builder

Experience Builder lets you brand and design your pages. Create and customize pages, modify or add Lightning components, customize the site’s navigation menu, and manage page-level settings.

Moderation

From the Home tab in Moderation, view your site’s home page dashboard and reports for flagged posts, comments, messages, and files. From the Rules tab, administrators can set up moderation rules and content criteria for the community.

Note: If your home page still displays a message to install the Salesforce Experience Management package, your administrator hasn’t mapped a dashboard yet.

Content Management

Add CMS content to your site and manage your site’s Topics and Recommendations from the Content Targeting workspace. Create a navigation menu and showcase popular topics in your site from the Topics tab. Drive engagement from the Recommendations tab. Dynamically render headers, footers, banners, CSS, JavaScript, and other CMS content on your pages.

Gamification

Use gamification tools to keep your site members engaged, like Recognition Badges and Reputation.

Dashboards

View dashboards and reports for your site. The administrator sets up dashboards that display in the Reporting tabs. Monitor activity and take immediate action in your site from the Engagement tab using Insights.

Administration

From the Administration workspace, you can update the basic setup of your site. Configure preferences, manage membership and site contributors, set reputation levels and points to reward members for activity in the feed. Configure tabs, select branding properties to apply, and customize your site’s login experience. Determine which pages are available to your site, customize email templates, and configure URL redirects. You can also create your own app with Rich Publisher Apps, or get one from AppExchange.
**Guided Setup**

Configure features with Guided Setup. It walks you through setting up visibility, processes, workflows, record types, layouts, and assignment rules for Salesforce features. Each setup step gives easy-to-follow directions and navigable links to setup pages.

**Important:** If you’re an administrator and accidentally remove yourself from a site, you can’t access the Administration settings in Experience Workspaces. To add yourself back to the site or to make other membership updates, use the API.

**Note:** If you set clickjack protection for your site to the level for the most protection, pages in some workspaces, including Administration, appear as blank pages. To avoid this problem, use the recommended setting. If you encounter this issue, in Setup, enter **Custom URLs** in the Quick Find box, and select **Custom URLs**. Click the label for the site (not the Site.com link), and reset the clickjack protection level to the recommended setting.

**Configure Settings in Your Administration Workspace**

Configure settings in your administration workspace, and enable other optional features in your Experience Cloud site such as user nicknames, guest access, private messages, direct messages, content flagging, and reputation levels.

**Streamline Customer Support with Customer Insights**

Customer Insights informs support agents working in the Service Console whether the customer has looked at the pertinent documentation. It also shows if the customer has filed a case before calling support. As a result, agents don’t suggest articles that a customer has accessed or open duplicate cases, decreasing customer frustration and improving support.

**Update Your Experience Cloud Site’s Name, Status, and Description**

Manage your Experience Cloud site name, description, status, and template all from one location.

**Key Concepts in Page Redirection in Aura and LWR Sites**

Page redirects help maintain the discoverability and SEO equity of your sites in Experience Cloud. Learn some of the key concepts and considerations before you set up page redirection in your Aura and Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) sites.
Configure Settings in Your Administration Workspace

Configure settings in your administration workspace, and enable other optional features in your Experience Cloud site such as user nicknames, guest access, private messages, direct messages, content flagging, and reputation levels.

To use these settings, Chatter must be enabled in your org.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Preferences.
3. Change the desired settings.

- **General**
  - Show nicknames instead of full names in your site. Enabling nickname display allows more privacy and protects member identities. This protection is especially helpful in a public site where unregistered visitors can access member profiles.
  - Enable Chatter messages, which let members have secure private conversations with other Chatter users. To expose Chatter messages for external users, administrators must also enable the Chatter tab in sites using the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template.
  - Enable direct messages, which allows members to have secure private conversations in sites built using the Customer Service template.
  - Optimize cached images for guest users on all devices. Resize images for faster loading on all devices. This feature is available when you use Salesforce's CDN for Digital Experiences.
  - Let guest users view asset files and CMS content available to the site. Asset files include images associated with topics, recognition badges, site branding, and account branding. If public access is enabled in Experience Builder at the page or site level, this preference is automatically enabled. To ensure that guest users can view CMS collections on your LWR site’s public pages, also enable Allow guest users to access public APIs.
  - Use custom Visualforce error pages, if you want authenticated users to see your custom branded Visualforce error pages.
  - Show all settings in Workspaces that are hidden by default based on how you set up your site. Enabling this setting overrides the dynamic navigation provided in Experience Workspaces.

- **Experience Management**
  - Allow members to flag posts, comments, or files for moderation on page 717. Members can flag items that contain inappropriate language or sensitive information.
  - Enable Upvotes and Downvotes to allow members to participate in evaluating the worth of a question or answer. Up and down voting is enabled by default in sites created as of Winter ‘18 and later.
  - Enable Reputation on page 762 to allow community managers to set up a point system that rewards users who participate in the site. Administrators set up corresponding reputation levels that users see on their profile.
  - Enable knowledgeable people on page 762 so you can discover who's knowledgeable on topics and endorse people for their knowledge on a topic.

- **Files**
  - Set the maximum size in MB for uploaded files.
Specify the types of files that can be uploaded.

4. Click **Save**.

These additional optional features can be found in Setup and other areas of Experience Workspaces.

- Assign Permission to Verify Answers for Your Company to allow selected members to mark an answer as company verified.
- Assign Post Pinning Permission to allow selected members to pin a critical post to the top of a group or topics feed.
- Assign a Default Experience to a User Profile to associate that profile with a specific Experience Cloud site. Notification emails about site-agnostic objects, like cases, accounts, and opportunities, take on the default site’s branding. Links in the emails take users to the default site—no more news from nowhere.
- Add Rich Publisher Apps to Your Feeds to enhance your feeds with items that are unique to your business process.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Show Nicknames Instead of Full Names in an Experience Cloud Site
- Give Secure Access to Unauthenticated Users with the Guest User Profile
- Use Custom Visualforce Error Pages for Authenticated Users
- Enable Members to Flag Items in Your Experience Cloud Site
- Enable Reputation in Your Experience Cloud Site
- Limit Files in Your Experience Cloud Site

**Streamline Customer Support with Customer Insights**

Customer Insights informs support agents working in the Service Console whether the customer has looked at the pertinent documentation. It also shows if the customer has filed a case before calling support. As a result, agents don’t suggest articles that a customer has accessed or open duplicate cases, decreasing customer frustration and improving support.

**Set Up Customer Insights**
Enable Customer Insights in your org and then set it up for each Experience Builder site you have.

**Considerations When Using Customer Insights**
When you enable Customer Insights in your org, you’re allowing data to be gathered from site members and stored in Salesforce. Here are some things to keep in mind when using Customer Insights.
Set Up Customer Insights

Enable Customer Insights in your org and then set it up for each Experience Builder site you have.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Select Administration > Preferences.
3. Select Gather Customer Insights data.
4. Click Save.
5. Assign the View Customer Insights profile permission to the customer support profiles that require it.
6. If you’re using Salesforce console in Lightning Experience, open Lightning App Builder and simply drag the Customer Insights component to any case or contact page layout.
7. If you’re using Salesforce console in Salesforce Classic, add the Customer Insights component by placing its Custom Console Component on the contact or case page layout. We recommend placing the component in the left sidebar, stacked, with a 400 pixel width.

Your support agents see if the customer has opened a case, and which articles have been viewed in a site directly in the Service Console app.

Note:
- Customer Insights checks the following: assets, contracts, cases viewed, articles viewed, article votes, posts made, posts viewed, custom objects, orders, products, and tasks.
Customer Insights data is stored in the `NetworkUserHistoryRecent` object. API access to the object is limited to users with the "Modify All Data" permission.

Customer Insights isn’t available in sandbox environments.

Articles viewed through the Case Deflection component aren’t listed on the Community 360 component that can be added to the contact layout.

**Considerations When Using Customer Insights**

When you enable Customer Insights in your org, you’re allowing data to be gathered from site members and stored in Salesforce. Here are some things to keep in mind when using Customer Insights.

- Customer Insights gathers and stores page views of logged-in site members. Agents can view activity on articles, assets, contracts, custom objects, discussions, orders, products, and tasks.
- When you enable Customer Insights, you are authorizing data to be gathered from all logged-in site members. You can’t exclude specific profiles from being tracked.
- Only Salesforce users with the View Customer Insights profile permission see the Customer Insights data.
- Customer Insights isn’t supported in sites created using the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template.
- Customer Insights is only available for business accounts, not person accounts.
- Customer Insights doesn’t track Salesforce for Android and Salesforce for iOS activity.
- If Customer Insights is enabled and Data Protection and Privacy is turned on, privacy settings must be complete for information to stay updated. To avoid missing information, make sure you:
  - Set up the Individual object with the fields you want to track.
  - Add the Individual field to the Contacts page layout.
  - From the Individual object, create records for the users you want to track with Customer Insights.
  - Connect user accounts with their Individual records. From a Contact record, find the Individual field, and search for the associated user.

For more information on data protection and the Individual object, see Set Up Tracking and Storage of Certain Data Privacy Preferences.
Update Your Experience Cloud Site’s Name, Status, and Description

Manage your Experience Cloud site name, description, status, and template all from one location. You can change your site name and URL after the site is activated, but users aren’t redirected to the new URL. So be sure to inform your members before changing the name or URL.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click **Administration** > **Settings**.
3. Edit your settings as needed.
   - Select next to the site you want to change, and make your changes. You can change your URL from this page. However, if you’ve already activated your site, users aren’t redirected to the new URL.
   - Manage the status of your site.
   - Change the template.

SEE ALSO:
- Change Your Experience Cloud Site Template
- Experience Cloud Site Statuses

Key Concepts in Page Redirection in Aura and LWR Sites

Page redirects help maintain the discoverability and SEO equity of your sites in Experience Cloud. Learn some of the key concepts and considerations before you set up page redirection in your Aura and Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) sites.

**Internal Redirects**

To redirect users away from one Experience Builder site page to another page on the same site, create an internal redirect. To configure internal redirects for a site that exists on multiple domains, create redirect entries with the corresponding path prefixes for all of the domains. For example,

MyDomainCommunity/s/source, /target
/CustomDomainCommunity/s/source, /target

Keep the following in mind when creating an internal redirect:
- The source URL is the Experience Builder site page that you want to direct your users away from.
- The target URL is the page in the same Experience Builder site that you want to redirect your users to.
- For the source and target URLs, include everything after the domain name.
External Redirects
You can also set up external redirects, which redirect users to or from a page outside of your Aura or LWR site. Keep the following in mind when creating external redirects:

- To create an external redirect add the source and target URLs to a CSV file.
- The source URL is the page that you want to direct your users away from.
- The target URL is the page that you want to redirect your users to.

Static and Dynamic Redirects
Static page redirects point a user from one URL to another. You essentially tell Salesforce where to send a user based on the URL they were trying to reach. Let's say your users are trying to reach www.mysite.com/homepage. However, you've replaced the site with www.mysite.com/home-page. At that point, you create a redirect from the first site to the second.

Dynamic URL redirect rules use a pattern to identify a URL and automatically redirect a user to a new URL based on that pattern. Dynamic rules are especially helpful when you create user-friendly URL slugs for custom objects and your product and category pages in Salesforce B2C Commerce stores. Keep these points in mind when creating dynamic redirect rules:

- Only LWR sites support dynamic redirect rules.
- There's a limit of 100 dynamic redirect rules per org.
- Redirect rules require a source and a target.
- You can use dynamic redirect rules for internal and external redirects.

When using dynamic rules, the system compares the URL that the customer enters to the source URL. If the patterns match, then the customer is redirected to the target URL.

Here's the availability of static and dynamic redirect rules in Aura and LWR sites.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Aura</th>
<th>LWR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Static</td>
<td>Dynamic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redirects from</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- registered custom domain URLs previously hosted outside Salesforce
- Redirects to URLs hosted outside Salesforce
  | Yes     | No       | Yes     | Yes     |
- Redirects between site pages hosted on Salesforce domains
  | Yes     | No       | Yes     | Yes     |
- Redirects that include query params in source and target URLs
  | Yes     | No       | Yes     | Yes     |

Note: Dynamic redirects don't work for URLs that start with /secur, end with .css, or have lastmod=.
Redirect Users to Your Aura and LWR Site Pages

Set up page redirects on your Aura and Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) sites in Experience Cloud. To set up URL redirects from a page in your site to an external target, add the source and target URLs to a CSV file and then import the file in the Administration workspace.

To delete or deactivate existing redirects, use the Lightning Platform REST API to interact with the SiteRedirectMapping object. Don’t import a blank CSV file from the URL Redirects page.

Keep these points in mind when importing CSV files:

- The redirects go live as soon as you upload them successfully.
- Importing a new CSV file overwrites the existing redirect file.
- The CSV file of redirects has a 4-MB file size limit.
- In Aura sites, variables and wildcards in the URLs aren’t supported, so provide the exact URL string.

To create an Experience Cloud site:
- Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

1. In Experience Workspaces, go to Administration > URL Redirects > Import.
2. If you plan to add URL redirects without replacing existing redirect rules, first export your existing redirects as a CSV file.
3. Add the new URLs to the file you downloaded, and then import the CSV file again. If the file size is 10,240 bytes or smaller and uploads successfully, a summary of your most recent import appears on the URL Redirects page. If the file size exceeds 10,240 bytes, or if the total number of URLs previously imported is more than 100, an email notifies you of the import status.

**Example: CSV for Internal Redirects**

In this example, `https://MyDomainName.com/TargetSite/s/account/001RM000005Su9JYAS/acme` redirects to `https://MyDomainName.com/TargetSite/s/newaccount/001RM000005Su9JYAS/acme`. This example outlines the format to use when redirecting from one Experience Builder site page to another page in the same site.

```
/source, /target
/TargetSite/s/account/001RM000005Su9JYAS/acme, /newaccount/001RM000005Su9JYAS/acme
```

If a source URL's page is still available to users, internal redirects from that URL occur only if a user navigates to the source URL by using their browser. If a user clicks an available source URL through a site page, such as Global Search Results or Top Articles, the user is directed to that URL instead and isn't redirected to the target URL.

**CSV for External Redirects in Aura Sites**

Go to your site's Administration workspace, and under Pages click **Go to Site.com Studio**. Then see Creating URL Redirects in Site.com for more information.

In this example, `https://MyDomainName.com/case/oldCaseLocation` redirects to `https://MyDomainName.com/TargetSite/s/case/500RM000003UjsEYAS/my-case-2`. This example outlines the format to use when creating external redirects. For the source URL, include everything after the domain name. For the target URL, include everything after `/s`.

```
/source, /target
/case/oldCaseLocation, /case/500RM000003UjsEYAS/my-case-2
```

**CSV for Dynamic URL Redirect Rules in LWR Sites**

A URL comprises path segments that are separated by a `/`. For example, `/path/to/source` has three path segments: path, to, and source. An asterisk (*) denotes a wildcard that can match any text on the source side. If you use a variable in the source URL, you must also use it in the target URL.

A simple example of a dynamic redirect rule is `/path/to/source, /path/to/target`. Let's look at a sample CSV file that includes this rule, where `product` is a variable:

```
/source, /target
/prod/pid/(productId), /product/(productId)
```

A customer enters the URL `https://www.my.company.salesforce.com/prod/pid/prd-123`. In this case, the `prod/pid/prd-123` part of the URL matches the `/prod/pid/(product)` source. So the customer is redirected to the target `https://www.my.company.salesforce.com/product/prd-123`. Consider a scenario that uses a wildcard for redirects. If you add the rule:

```
/path/*/category, /categories/category-abc-slug
```

And the customer enters `https://www.my.company.salesforce.com/path/id/category`. 
Then the source /path/id/category part of the URL matches the /path/*/category source, and as a result, the customer is redirected to https://www.my.company.salesforce.com/path/categories/category-abc-slug.

You can use multiple variables and multiple wildcards, but only one variable and wildcard per path segment.

Administer Your Experience Cloud Site

After creating your Experience Cloud site, take care of administrative tasks such as adding members, securing your data, defining what records are shown in your site and to whom, and enabling other features such as SEO.

Experience Cloud Site Setup Checklist
Building an Experience Cloud site is the result of research, mapping of goals, and defining your audience. At the same time, you must have all your ducks in a row so the actual implementation process is seamless. You know your org best, but use this general checklist to help you organize what you need for site.

Customize Login, Self-Registration, and Password Management for Your Experience Cloud Site
Configure the default login, logout, password management, and self-registration options for your site. Or customize the behavior with Apex and Visualforce or Experience Builder (Site.com Studio) pages. You can also use dynamic URLs to brand your pages at run time.

Experience Cloud Site Statuses
Experience Cloud sites can have one of these statuses: preview, inactive, active, and archived.

Manage Site Emails and Notifications
Manage the emails that are sent out from your Experience Cloud site, and which notifications your members see.

Experience Cloud Site Setup Checklist
Building an Experience Cloud site is the result of research, mapping of goals, and defining your audience. At the same time, you must have all your ducks in a row so the actual implementation process is seamless. You know your org best, but use this general checklist to help you organize what you need for site.

Have you considered everything on these lists?

Before You Begin:
Gather your branding assets:
- High-resolution image of your company logo
- Color scheme (or an image to upload to automatically generate one)
- Image to use as a header
- Thumbnail images (385x385 pixels), if you’re using Featured Topics

In your internal Salesforce org:
- Enable Digital Experiences. Choose a unique URL that works for your business, because you can’t change it after it’s been set.
- Set up email templates for any communication between the community and its members (welcome email, resetting password email, and so on).
- Enable any Service Cloud features you plan to use in the community, such as Salesforce Knowledge and Embedded Chat.
- Review profiles and add permission sets as needed.
- Set up Web-to-Case.

If you’re using Salesforce Knowledge:
- Review your data categories.
- Enable feed tracking for your Knowledge article types.

**As You’re Making Your Site:**

*In your internal Salesforce org:*
- Add members.

Configure the Guest User Profile (access using Experience Builder):
- Give read and create permissions for the case object.
- If using Salesforce Knowledge, give guests access to your data categories.

*In Experience Workspaces:*
- Set up navigational topics and subtopics, and associate articles to each topic.
- Set up featured topics and associated images.
- Download the latest Salesforce Communities Management from the AppExchange.
- Set up moderation criteria and rules.
- Enable and set up reputation.

*In Experience Builder:*
- Customize your community to match your company’s branding.
- Add standard and custom Lightning components to customize their design and content.

**After Making Your Site**
- Set up an internal Chatter group for feedback, and invite people to take a test drive while the site is still in preview mode.
- Incorporate their feedback, and then publish your site.
- Seed the site with some initial content: welcome posts, groups, and relevant or fun articles.
- Archive your site on page 62 if you no longer need it.
Customize Login, Self-Registration, and Password Management for Your Experience Cloud Site

Configure the default login, logout, password management, and self-registration options for your site. Or customize the behavior with Apex and Visualforce or Experience Builder (Site.com Studio) pages. You can also use dynamic URLs to brand your pages at run time.

By default, each site comes with default login, logout, password management, and self-registration pages. Salesforce also includes associated Apex controllers that drive this functionality under the hood. You can use Experience Builder or Visualforce to create custom branding and change the default behavior.

**Warning:** When you customize a login page or any page that includes fields with sensitive or confidential information with Experience Builder, we recommend that you use only standard components built by Salesforce or components that you built, customized, or vetted. Use of third-party components and code libraries on a page that includes fields with sensitive or confidential information can increase your risk for security vulnerabilities.

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Brand Your Identity Experience
Create a branded identity experience by customizing the design of the pages users see when they log in to your site, verify their identity, reset passwords, and self-register.

Set Up Dynamic URLs with Experience Workspaces
You set up dynamic URLs for your login experience from the Login & Registration page of the Administration workspace. Create dynamic URLs by including a placeholder that resolves at run time. Implement the dynamic URLs for the logo and right-frame content on the pages used to log in, verify identity, reset passwords, and self-register.

Redirect Users to a Custom Logout URL
When your customers log out, they’re directed to your site login page by default. To redirect them to a different location, such as your company website or a Visualforce page, specify a custom logout URL.

Customize Your Forgot Password and Reset Password Pages
You can customize your Forgot Password and Reset Password pages from the Administration workspace. You can also create custom password management pages in Visualforce.

Configure Your Self-Registration Page
After you decide which page type is best for your company, set up self-registration from the Login & Registration page in Experience Workspaces.
Brand Your Identity Experience

Create a branded identity experience by customizing the design of the pages users see when they log in to your site, verify their identity, reset passwords, and self-register.

After you implement your sites’ identity processes, bring it all together with your own branded design. For example, you can change the colors of your background and login buttons, insert your own logos, and customize the layout of your pages. You can also change the branding of your pages based on who the user is and where they’re logging in from. Depending on your site’s needs, you can choose which settings apply to which pages, or create custom branding for each type of page.

For example, you’re in charge of the Experience Cloud site for your coffee business. You want to create a branded experience by customizing the pages users see when they log in, verify their identity, reset passwords, and self-register. So you configure your pages to display your company’s logo and set up a background image that shows the cozy atmosphere of your coffee shop. Now whenever existing users log in to your site, verify their identity, or reset passwords, they’re presented with your logo and custom background image. And new users see your branded design when they self-register. Your branded identity experience makes the look and feel of your site memorable to your customers and keeps them coming back for more.

Brand Your Pages from the Administration Workspace

Salesforce Customer Identity gives you a point-and-click way to brand the pages that prompt users to log in to your site, verify their identity, reset passwords, and self-register. If you’ve set up login flows, they also use these branding settings.

Brand Your Experience Builder Pages

Each Experience Cloud template comes with its own set of pages for login, identity verification, password resets, and self-registration. You can use Experience Builder to customize your login experience to match your brand. Experience Builder pages are available after you publish your site.

Create a Custom Login Discovery Page

To set up passwordless login with an email address or phone number, create a custom Login Discovery page. With this configuration, your users can self-register and log in with an email address or phone number. Set up your page in Experience Workspaces, and customize your login process with Apex.

Customize the Apex Login Controller

Salesforce provides an easy way to customize your login process using the Login Discovery Page, which lets you implement passwordless login. However, if you want even more control over your login process, you can modify the Apex login controllers and use customized Visualforce pages.

Brand Your Pages from the Administration Workspace

Salesforce Customer Identity gives you a point-and-click way to brand the pages that prompt users to log in to your site, verify their identity, reset passwords, and self-register. If you’ve set up login flows, they also use these branding settings.

For convenience, you can use the sample logos and backgrounds we provide by downloading this file: https://www.salesforceidentity.info/ExternalIdentityAssets.zip. Or use your own.

Note: You can brand Aura site pages from the Login & Registration page. If you used the Login & Registration page to brand pages for an LWR site before Summer ’23, those configurations still apply and can be edited from the Login & Registration page. For LWR sites that weren’t branded from the Login & Registration page before Summer ’23, see Brand Your Experience Builder Pages.

The branding options you set here apply to all types of pages for logging in, verifying identity, resetting passwords, and self-registration, except Experience Builder pages.
1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter All Sites, and then select All Sites.

2. Next to your site name, click Workspaces.

3. Select Administration, and then select Login & Registration.

4. To upload a logo from a file, take these steps.
   a. For Logo Type, from the dropdown, select File.
   b. For Logo File, click Choose File, then browse your local drive to upload a file
      Instead of uploading a file, you can enter a URL where you store your branding assets. This URL can use a dynamic value to determine which logo appears at run time. The URL contains the expid placeholder {expid}, for example, https://www.my-cms.com/{expid}/logo.png. When customers click a link to log in, how the login page looks depends on the expid value indicated in the login URL.

5. For Background Type, select an option to customize the background. Background Type, select Color, and select your color.
   a. To use a solid color, from the dropdown, select Color, then select a color or enter a hexadecimal value.
   b. To use an image or color gradient, from the dropdown, select Image URL, and then enter a URL to an image.
      The Image URL can also use a dynamic value to determine which background image appears at run time.

6. For Login Button, select a color or enter a hexadecimal value. The color applies to these buttons.
   - The Log In button on the login page
   - The Verify button on the identity verification page
   - The Continue button on the reset password page
   - The Sign Up button on the self-registration page

7. (Optional) For Right Frame URL, enter a URL to display content in an iframe to the right of the login form on the login page. For example, use the right frame URL to display a branded image or topical announcements.

8. For Footer Text, enter any text, such as a copyright, to display at the bottom of your pages.

9. Save your settings.

10. To view your changes, open your site URL.
    a. From Administration, select Settings, and copy the URL for your site.
    b. From your browser, open a new private (incognito) window, and paste the URL in the address bar.

   Here’s an example of how the login page looks with branding options set on the Login & Registration page. The logo is displayed above the login form and the background and Log In button each use custom colors.
Brand Your Experience Builder Pages

Each Experience Cloud template comes with its own set of pages for login, identity verification, password resets, and self-registration. You can use Experience Builder to customize your login experience to match your brand. Experience Builder pages are available after you publish your site.

When you brand your site from Experience Builder, the branding settings on the Login & Registration Page of the Administration workspace are ignored.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter **All Sites**, and then select **All Sites**.
2. Next to your site, click **Builder**.
3. To get the Experience Builder pages that come with your Experience Cloud site template, publish your site. In the top right, click **Publish**.

   If you see a notification to activate experiences, ignore it. You activate the site later on.
4. Return to the Administration workspace. In the top left, click [ ] and then select **Administration**.

5. Select **Login & Registration**.

6. For each page type, such as login, identity verification, password resets, and self-registration, find the Experience Builder page that comes with your template.
   For example, to select an Experience Builder page for login, select Experience Builder as the Login Page Type, and then select **login** from the page picker.

7. Save your changes.

8. Return to Experience Builder. At the top of Workspaces, select **Administration**, then select [ ].

9. At the top of Builder, click the dropdown next to Setup, and then select your page type.
   For example, to select the login page, click the dropdown (1) and then select **Login** (2).
Your login page now appears in Experience Builder.

10. From here, you can further brand your page with Experience Builder. For more information, see Manage Your Site's Pages and Their Properties with Experience Builder.

For more information on the page types you can brand to customize your authentication experience, see these resources.

- Customize Login, Logout, and Password Management Pages
- Self-Registration
- Passwordless Login

Create a Custom Login Discovery Page

To set up passwordless login with an email address or phone number, create a custom Login Discovery page. With this configuration, your users can self-register and log in with an email address or phone number. Set up your page in Experience Workspaces, and customize your login process with Apex.

When you create your Login Discovery page in Experience Workspaces, Salesforce generates a LoginDiscovery handler. You can customize the LoginDiscovery handler later.
1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter *All Sites*, and select *All Sites*.
2. Next to your site name, click *Workspaces*.
3. In the Workspaces page, select *Administration*, and then select *Login & Registration*.
4. Under Login Page Setup, for Login Page Type, select *Login Discovery Page*.

![Login Page Setup](image)

5. (Optional) For Login Prompt, enter the text that you want to appear as the prompt on your login page.
   
   For example, enter *Email Address or Phone Number*. You can localize the login prompt with a custom label. Use the `$Label` global variable, for example, `$Label.loginPrompt`.

6. For Login Discovery Handler, leave the field blank and click *Create a Login Discovery Handler*. Salesforce auto-generates the Apex handler on save. You modify the code later.

7. For Execute Login As, select a Salesforce admin with the Manage Users permission to run the handler.

   Execute Login As provides the context in which the Login Discovery handler runs. By assigning a user to the handler, operations performed by the handler are easily traced back to the login process. In production, you typically create a system user for the Execute Login As user.

8. If *Allow employees to log in directly to the site* is selected, deselect it.

   The Login Discovery Page doesn’t support org employees logging in to the site directly. However, you can customize the handler to redirect users to an IdP. For employees, you can set up Login Discovery with My Domain. From your My Domain Authentication Configuration settings, set the login page type to Discovery.

9. Save your settings.

   Salesforce generates a default login discovery handler and populates the Login Discovery Handler field with its name. This handler accepts an email address or phone number from the login page and emails or texts a verification code to the user. If the user’s email or phone number isn’t verified, the user is prompted for a password.

   To customize the welcome email that new users receive when they sign up with their email address, see *Customize the Passwordless Registration Welcome Email Template*. 
Customize the Apex Login Controller

Salesforce provides an easy way to customize your login process using the Login Discovery Page, which lets you implement passwordless login. However, if you want even more control over your login process, you can modify the Apex login controllers and use customized Visualforce pages.

You can use these steps to customize the login process for Default, Experience Builder, and Visualforce Pages. If you’re using the Login Discovery Page to implement passwordless login programmatically, see Email or Phone Number Registration with Passwordless Login.

For more information on Login Pages, see Login Page Types.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Apex Classes, and then select Apex Classes.
2. Next to CommunitiesLoginController, click Edit.
3. Add the following code.

```java
public PageReference forwardToCustomAuthPage() {
    String startUrl = System.currentPageReference().getParameters().get('startURL');

    return new PageReference(Site.getPathPrefix() + '/SiteLogin?startURL=' + EncodingUtil.urlEncode(startUrl, 'UTF-8'));
}
```

4. If you created a custom login page, replace SiteLogin with the name of your Visualforce page.
5. Click Save.
6. Click Edit next to CommunitiesLandingController.
7. Add this code.

```java
public PageReference forwardToCustomAuthPage() {
    String startUrl = System.currentPageReference().getParameters().get('startURL');

    return new PageReference(Site.getPathPrefix() + '/SiteLogin?startURL=' + EncodingUtil.urlEncode(startUrl, 'UTF-8'));
}
```

8. If you created a custom login page, replace SiteLogin with the name of your Visualforce page.
9. Click Save.
10. From Setup, enter Visualforce Pages in the Quick Find box, then select Visualforce Pages.
11. Click Edit next to CommunitiesLogin.
12. In the first line of code, add the following:

```html
action="{"forwardToCustomAuthPage}"
```
13. Click **Save**.

14. Click **Edit** next to **CommunitiesLanding**.

15. In the first line of code, add the following:

   ```
   action="{"forwardToCustomAuthPage}" 
   ```

16. Click **Save**.

### Set Up Dynamic URLs with Experience Workspaces

You set up dynamic URLs for your login experience from the Login & Registration page of the Administration workspace. Create dynamic URLs by including a placeholder that resolves at run time. Implement the dynamic URLs for the logo and right-frame content on the pages used to log in, verify identity, reset passwords, and self-register.

Set up dynamic branding from the Experience WorkspacesLogin & Registration page. You can add custom login pages to your site regardless of the template that you used to create the community.

The dynamic URL contains the `expid` placeholder for your logo and right-frame content. For example, the dynamic URL `https://www.my-cms.com/{expid}/logo.png` controls the logo displayed on your pages. The dynamic URL `https://www.my-cms.com/{expid}/index.php` controls the right-frame content displayed on your pages. The right-frame URL displays the contents of the URL in an iframe. At run time, for the logo and right-frame content, the external site replaces the dynamic URL with the brand specified by the expid value (for example, coffee) in the query parameter.

The brand that appears at run time depends on the expid dynamic URL that you specify on the Login & Registration page. For example, given the dynamic URL, `https://www.my-cms.com/{expid}/logo.png`, the Fix Coffee logo appears when the login URL is `https://fix.my.site.com/?expid=coffee`.

You deliver different brands, or user experiences, based on how the expid query parameter gets set in your implementation. You can set it in a URL that you send to your site users in an email. Or you can set the URL on a login button. You can also set the query parameter programmatically with the `setExperienceId` method of the `System.Site` class.

In addition to using dynamic branding for the login process, you can use it to brand the user’s experience during the entire user session. To do so, instruct the site to store the expid value in the user’s browser. When stored, you can retrieve it as long as the user’s logged in to the site.

When specifying your logo and right-frame URLs, keep in mind these considerations.

- The URL for your right-frame content must use the same protocol as your site. Your resource and test or demo servers must also use the same protocol.

Generally, we recommend using `https://` for your logo and right-frame URLs. However, in local and test environments, `http://` can be more flexible.

To set up dynamic URLs for your logo and right-frame content, take these steps.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter **All Sites**, and select **All Sites**.

2. To access Experience Workspaces, next to your site name, click **Workspaces**

3. Select **Administration**, and then select **Login & Registration**.

4. To set up dynamic branding for your logo, take these steps.

   a. For Logo Type, select **URL**

   b. For the Logo URL field, enter a dynamic URL. For example, `https://www.my-cms.com/{expid}/logo.png`. 

5. To set up dynamic branding for your right-frame content, for Right Frame URL, enter a dynamic URL. For example, https://www.my-cms.com/{expid}/index.php.
Redirect Users to a Custom Logout URL

When your customers log out, they’re directed to your site login page by default. To redirect them to a different location, such as your company website or a Visualforce page, specify a custom logout URL.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter All Sites, and then select All Sites.
2. Next to your site name, click Workspaces.
3. Select Administration, and then select Login & Registration.
4. Under Logout Page URL, enter a complete URL to a webpage or a Visualforce page.

SEE ALSO:

Customize Login, Self-Registration, and Password Management for Your Experience Cloud Site
Customize Your Forgot Password and Reset Password Pages

You can customize your Forgot Password and Reset Password pages from the Administration workspace. You can also create custom password management pages in Visualforce.

Note: You can select a Visualforce page as your custom Forgot Password or Reset Password page for Aura sites only. If you used a Visualforce page as your custom Forgot Password or Reset Password page for an LWR site before Summer ’23, the site still uses the Visualforce page. However, if you change the LWR site’s Forgot Password or Reset Password page to another page type, you can’t go back to using the Visualforce page.

To use a custom Experience Builder Forgot Password page, first publish your login page in Experience Builder.

For your Forgot Password Page, you can select from these page types.

- Default Page—A simple page with basic styling that serves as a starting point for your customizations.
- Experience Builder Page—Use the Experience Builder design tool to quickly create a page that matches your company’s theme. To access the Experience Builder Page, you must first publish your site.
- Visualforce Page—Use a custom Visualforce page.

For your Reset Password Page, you can use a Default Page or a custom Visualforce Page. Experience Builder Pages aren’t supported.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter All Sites, and then select All Sites
2. Next to your site name, click Workspaces.
3. Select Administration, and then select Login & Registration.
4. Under Password Pages, for Forgot Password, select a page type.
   - To use the Default Page, select Default Page.
   - To use the Experience Builder Page, select Experience Builder Page, then click and select Forgot Password.
   - To use a custom Visualforce Page, select Visualforce Page, then click and select a Visualforce page.
5. For Reset Password, select a page type.
   - To use the Default Page, select Default Page
   - To use a custom Visualforce Page, select Visualforce Page, then click and select a Visualforce page. Be sure that your site’s Reset Password page and your site’s login page use different Visualforce pages.
6. Save your settings.
7. To view your changes, open your site URL in a private (incognito) browser and click the Forgot Password link, then follow the prompts to reset your password.

SEE ALSO:
- Customize Code for Lightning Components on Login Pages
- Set Up Dynamic URLs with Experience Workspaces
- Customize Login, Self-Registration, and Password Management for Your Experience Cloud Site

Configure Your Self-Registration Page

After you decide which page type is best for your company, set up self-registration from the Login & Registration page in Experience Workspaces.

Note: If you want even more control over self-registration, and you’re familiar with Apex, you can customize your self-registration page and process by modifying the Apex controller. The customizations you make to this controller override the Login & Registration page settings. For steps, visit Customize the Self-Registration Apex Controller.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter All Sites, and then select All Sites.
2. To access Experience Workspaces, next to your site name, click Workspaces.
3. From Experience Workspaces, select Administration, and then select Login & Registration.
4. Under Registration Page Configuration, select Allow customers and partners to self-register. If users attempt to register with a duplicate username, they receive an error message that their request can’t be completed, but administrators aren’t notified.
5. Select the self-registration page type.
   a. To use the Default Page, select Default Page. You can customize the default page with Visualforce. For steps, see Modify the Default Self-Registration Page.
   b. To use the Experience Builder Page, select Experience Builder Page, click , and then select Register. For more information on using Experience Builder to customize your page, see Manage Your Site’s Pages and Their Properties in Experience Builder.
   c. To use the Visualforce Page, select Visualforce Page, click , and then select a custom Visualforce page.
   d. To use the Configurable Self-Reg Page, select Configurable Self-Reg Page. Then visit Use the Configurable Self-Reg Page for Easy Sign-Up for detailed configuration steps.
   e. To use the Experience Builder Page, select Experience Builder Page, click , and then select Register. For more information on using Experience Builder to customize your page, see Manage Your Site’s Pages and Their Properties in Experience Builder.

Tip: If you’re trying out various page types, select the Default Page and save to clear your selections before choosing another page type.

6. For more control over your self-registration process, we sometimes recommend disabling the standard Aura and Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) self-registration components. Select Disable the standard components for self-registration on Aura and LWR sites if your use case fits one or more of these scenarios.
   - You selected the Default, Visualforce, or Configurable Self-reg page types.
   - You selected the Experience Builder page type and you want full control over the user information that your self-registration Apex controller can collect. After you disable the standard component, create a custom component for your use case.
   - You selected the Experience Builder page type and you don’t want to use the standard self-registration component that comes with your site type.
If you want to use the Experience Builder standard component that comes with your site type, leave this setting deselected to avoid breaking your flow.

7. For Profile, select the profile you want to assign to new users.
   a. Assign a cloned version of a standard site profile as the default for self-registration. For example, assign a cloned version of the External Identity User profile. Avoid using a standard site profile as the default.
   b. Use a restrictive profile as the default. If needed, open up access using permission sets or sharing rules.

8. For Account, follow the corresponding step based on your use case.
   a. To save new users as contacts of a business account, click ![image](image), and then select the account you want to use.
   b. To save new users under individual person accounts, leave the Account field blank.

9. Save your settings.
10. Test your self-registration process.

SEE ALSO:
    - Customize Code for Lightning Components on Login Pages
    - Set Up Dynamic URLs with Experience Workspaces
    - Customize the Self-Registration Apex Controller
    - Configure Person Accounts for Self-Registration
    - Use Apex to Configure Self-Registration in Batches for High-Volume Sites
    - Use the Configurable Self-Reg Page for Easy Sign-Up
    - Create a Custom Identity Verification Page
    - Best Practices and Considerations When Configuring Self-Registration

### Experience Cloud Site Statuses

Experience Cloud sites can have one of these statuses: preview, inactive, active, and archived.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preview</td>
<td>Customization of the Experience Cloud site isn’t complete, and the site has never been activated. Once you activate an Experience Cloud site, you can’t go back to Preview status. Users with Create and Set Up Experiences can access sites in Preview status if their profile or permission set is associated with the site. They can also share a link to these sites with users whose profiles or permission sets are associated with the site. The link for sharing a Preview site is located in Experience Workspaces, under Administration. No welcome emails are sent even if Send welcome email is selected. <strong>Note:</strong> If your org’s access to Experience Cloud is suspended for non-payment, all your sites are deactivated, including the ones in Preview. When Experience Cloud is re-enabled, all sites are inactive. You can activate them, but you can’t return to the Preview state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preview</td>
<td>Preview sites count against the maximum number of sites you can have in your org.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inactive</td>
<td>The Experience Cloud site was previously Active but was deactivated. You may want to deactivate a site if you need to:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Add or remove members</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Add, remove, or change the order of tabs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Change the color scheme</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Change the site URL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>When you deactivate an Experience Cloud site, it no longer appears in the dropdown menu. Users with Create and Set Up Experiences can still access the setup for Inactive sites regardless of membership. If members try to access Inactive sites using a direct link, they see an error page. Welcome emails are sent if Send welcome email is selected or if the user’s email settings are not enabled. Inactive sites count against the maximum number of sites you can have in your org.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active</td>
<td>The Experience Cloud site is active and available to members. Welcome emails are sent to new members if Send welcome email is selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Active sites count against the maximum number of sites you can have in your org.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archived</td>
<td>• You can only archive inactive sites. If your site is in Preview, you must activate and then deactivate the site before archiving it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• When you archive a site,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– The site’s URL is unavailable to all users, including admins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Instead of the site, users see a Site under maintenance page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– You can’t access the site’s Experience Builder or Workspaces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– The site doesn’t count against your org’s maximum 100 unarchived site limit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Deactivate Your Site**

Deactivate your site when you add or remove members; add, remove, or rearrange tabs; change the color scheme; or change the URL.

**Archive a Site**

Archive an inactive site so that users can no longer access it.

**Unarchive a Site**

Unarchive an archived site so that users can access it.

**SEE ALSO:**

- Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
- Activate Your Site
- Deactivate Your Site
- Share a Link to Your Experience Cloud Site
Activate Your Site

Activate your site to make it accessible to members. The result of activation differs somewhat depending on whether you have a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site or a Lightning site.

- Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce: Activating the site makes the site URL active and enables login access for members. If welcome emails are enabled when you activate, a welcome email is sent to all members. If any of those users are new users, their welcome email includes their username and password.

- Lightning sites: Activating the site sends out a welcome email to all members. Activation is also required to successfully set up SEO for Lightning sites. To make the URL active and enable login access for members, publish the site.

Note: If your organization has enabled enhanced domains, site traffic is routed through one of Salesforce’s content delivery network (CDN) partners, Akamai or Cloudflare. Contact Salesforce Customer Support to opt out of the Salesforce CDN.

To activate a site:

1. From Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the global search box. Select Sites.
2. Open Experience Workspaces.
3. Click Administration > Administration.
4. Click Activate.
5. Click OK.

Note: To ensure your contributors can access Experience Builder and Workspaces in an inactive community, enable the “Modify All Data” permission.

SEE ALSO:

Experience Cloud Site Statuses
Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
Deactivate Your Site

Editions

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

User Permissions

To create an Experience Cloud site:
- Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Deactivate Your Site

Deactivate your site when you add or remove members; add, remove, or rearrange tabs; change the color scheme; or change the URL.

Note: If a community license is removed from your org, members can still access sites associated with that license. To ensure security, deactivate sites that you wish to discontinue.

1. From Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, then select All Sites.
2. Click Workspaces next to the site you want to deactivate.
3. Click Administration > Settings.
4. Click Deactivate.

After your site is inactive and offline, only users who have the Create and Set Up Experiences permission can access it. All other users see a Site Under Construction page.

SEE ALSO:
- Experience Cloud Site Statuses
- Activate Your Site
- Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: LWR and Aura sites

USER PERMISSIONS

To create an Experience Cloud site:
- Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Archive a Site

Archive an inactive site so that users can no longer access it.

1. Open the Digital Experiences app from the App Launcher.
   
   Note: To update visibility and tab settings for profiles you want to have access to the Digital Experiences app and the All Sites page, see Enable Access to the Digital Experiences App.

2. Click View All in All Sites.

3. Click the name of the site you want to archive.

4. On the site detail page, click Archive.

5. Click Archive again.

Your site is archived. If you change your mind, you can unarchive it.

Considerations for Archiving a Site

Before you archive a site, consider what types of sites can be archived, and the impact that archiving might have on users.
Considerations for Archiving a Site

Before you archive a site, consider what types of sites can be archived, and the impact that archiving might have on users.

- You can only archive inactive sites. If your site is in Preview, you must activate and then deactivate the site before archiving it.
- When you archive a site,
  - The site’s URL is unavailable to all users, including admins.
  - Instead of the site, users see a Site under maintenance page.
  - You can’t access the site’s Experience Builder or Workspaces.
  - The site doesn’t count against your org’s maximum 100 unarchived site limit.

Unarchive a Site

Unarchive an archived site so that users can access it.

1. Access the Digital Experience app using the App Launcher.
2. **Note:** To update visibility and tab settings for profiles you’d like to have access to the Digital Experience app and the All Sites page, see Start Using Salesforce CMS.
   - Click View All in All Sites.
3. Click the name of the site you’d like to unarchive.
4. On the site detail page, click Unarchive.
5. Click Unarchive again.

Your site is archived. If you change your mind, you can unarchive it.

Manage Site Emails and Notifications

Manage the emails that are sent out from your Experience Cloud site, and which notifications your members see.

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Enable Notifications in Experience Builder Sites

With Global Notifications, your members receive messages wherever they’re working, whether in their sites or in their apps. Members receive notifications on any screen—mobile, tablet, and desktop. This functionality is available in Experience Builder sites based on Customer Service (Napili), Partner Central, and any Lightning Bolt solutions.

Troubleshooting Steps If Site Members Don’t Receive Welcome Emails

When you create a site, publish it, and then activate it, you expect site members to receive a welcome email that gives them access to the new site. Take these troubleshooting steps if site members don’t receive welcome emails.
Customize Email Sent from Experience Cloud Sites for Email Verification

You can customize email sender information and Chatter email branding. You can also customize email templates, such as templates for welcoming new members and resetting members’ passwords. Customize email templates in the user interface or with Visualforce.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter All Sites, and then select All Sites. Next to your site, click Workspaces.

2. Click Administration, and then select Emails.

3. Enter custom values for the email sender’s name and address to replace the default values. If you change the sender’s email address, we send a verification email to the new address. The change is pending, and we continue to use the existing address while we await verification. The requested address doesn’t take effect until you click the confirmation link in the email. If verification is already pending for a new email address and you specify a different new address, we retain the latest value and use that value for verification. If you enter a custom value for the sender’s address and you have enabled mail relay, your Chatter emails use the relay.

4. Customize the content that appears in the footer of Chatter emails.

Welcome emails contain login information for external members. If you don’t select this option, you must send username and password information directly to the user who’s registering for your site. All Chatter emails display the Chatter logo and Salesforce information by default unless you replace them with your logo and information. If you previously customized the logo or footer text and want to restore the default values, use the API to set these fields to null.

   a. To replace the default Chatter logo, choose a logo. The logo must be an existing document in the Documents tab and must be marked Externally Available Image. Images of 150 x 50 pixels on a transparent background work best.

   b. To replace the default footer text, enter up to 1,000 characters. The default text includes the Salesforce name and physical address. We recommend including your physical address to comply with applicable anti-spam laws.

5. To send email to users when they’re added to the site, select Send welcome email.

Welcome emails contain login information for external members. If you don’t select this option, you must send username and password information directly to the user who’s registering for your site.

Salesforce sends welcome emails when:

   • A site changes from Preview status to Active status. An inactive site doesn’t receive emails unless the associated org has a default portal or if the user’s profile is part of an active portal.

   • An admin adds a profile or permission set to an active site.

   • A user of an active site is assigned a profile or permission set.

You can set the duration that the link provided in the welcome email is valid.

   a. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Digital Experiences, and then click Digital Experiences > Settings.

   b. Change the link expiration duration under New User Email Settings and save your work.

If a profile or permission set is part of multiple sites, users with that profile or permission set receive a welcome email from each site. The first email contains login credentials, but emails from subsequent sites simply contain a link to the site.
6. To send email to users when they receive a one-time password, for One-Time Password, look up and select the email template, Communities: One-Time Password Email.

This one-time password email message isn’t enabled by default. If you don’t select this option, Salesforce sends a generic message for identity verification.

Salesforce sends one-time password verification emails to verify a user’s identity. Salesforce also sends emails with one-time passwords for device activation when users log in from an unfamiliar browser, app, or IP address. This use case isn’t covered by the One-Time Password email template. To customize emails sent for device activation, use the Device Activation Verification email template.

- An external user attempts to log in to your site with an email address.
- An external user attempts to register a mobile or U2F device.
- An external user changes their email address.

7. To select an email template for Forgot Password, Change Password, Case Comment, User Lockout, One-Time Password, Old Email Address Change Verification, New Email Address Change Verification, Device Activation Verification, Self-Registration Micro-Batch Error, or One-Time Password For Headless Forgot Password Flow, click 📦. Then select an email template from the list.

**Note:** Password reset links expire after 24 hours.

You can customize the default email templates.

**Note:** When you customize the contents of a default email template, use the `{!Community_Url}` merge field to populate the URL for the current site. This field ensures that emails have the correct URL to direct users to the appropriate site. The `{!Community_url}` merge field isn’t available for the User Lockout template.

8. Save your changes.

Emails that are sent as a result of approvals and workflows, and changes to unscoped objects, like cases, are sent based on-site membership. For example, if a workflow triggers an email, all the recipients are grouped based on-site membership and then one email is sent to each group. If the user is a member of multiple active sites, the email comes from the oldest active site.

**Note:** Objects that you can see whether you’re in a site or your internal Salesforce org are called unscoped objects. Unscoped objects include records like opportunities, accounts, cases, and the like.

Another way to customize site emails is to use these fields on the API Network object.

- **CaseCommentEmailTemplateId**—ID of the email template used when submitting a comment on a case.
- **ChangePasswordEmailTemplateId**—ID of the email template used when notifying users that their password has been reset.
- **ChgEmailVerNewEmailTemplateId**—ID of the email template used when notifying users that their email address has been changed. This template is sent to the new email address.
- **ChgEmailVerOldEmailTemplateId**—ID of the email template used when notifying users that their email address has been changed. This template is sent to the old email address.
- **DeviceActEmailTemplateId**—ID of the email template used when users log in from an unrecognized browser, app, or IP address. The email contains a one-time password that users enter to verify their identity.
- **EmailFooterLogoId**—ID of the Document object that displays as an image in the footer of the site Chatter emails.
- **EmailFooterText**—Text that displays in the footer of site Chatter emails.
- **EmailSenderAddress**—Read only. Email address from which site emails are sent.
- **EmailSenderName**—Name from which site emails are sent.
- **ForgotPasswordEmailTemplateId**—ID of the email template used when users forget their password.
• LockoutEmailTemplateId—ID of the email template used when users try to reset their password after locking themselves out of their site from too many login attempts.

• NewSenderAddress—Email address that has been entered as the new value for EmailSenderAddress but hasn’t been verified yet. After a user has requested to change the sender email address and has successfully responded to the verification email, the NewSenderAddress value overwrites the value in EmailSenderAddress. This value becomes the email address from which site emails are sent.
  – If verification is pending for a new email address, and you set NewSenderAddress to null, the verification request is canceled.
  – NewSenderAddress is automatically set to null after EmailSenderAddress has been set to the new verified address.
  – If verification is pending for a new email address, and you specify a different new address for this field, only the latest value is retained and used for verification.

• OptionsSendWelcomeEmail—Determines whether a welcome email is sent when a new user is added to the site.

• VerificationEmailTemplateId—ID of the email template used when users must verify their identity, for example, when they log in without a password or from a new device.

• WelcomeEmailTemplateId—ID of the email template used when sending welcome emails to new site members.

SEE ALSO:

  Merge Fields for Experience Cloud Sites
  Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
  Customize Buttons on the Tabbed Activity Composer
  Use Your Classic Email Templates in Lightning Experience

**Merge Fields for Experience Cloud Sites**

You can personalize the email that you send to Experience Cloud site members by adding merge fields to your email templates.

When you enable digital experiences in your org, Salesforce provides text-based email templates to simplify communicating with your Experience Cloud site members. You can use these templates to:

• Welcome new members
• Handle forgotten passwords
• Reset passwords
• Notify users when they’re locked out after failing to log in after so many attempts
• Comment on cases
• Send one-time passwords when identity verification is required for multi-factor authentication or passwordless login
• Send one-time passwords when identity verification is required for device activation
• Send verification links in async email messages for identity verification
• Send verification emails when a user changes their email address

Experience Cloud site email templates have merge fields unique to sites. You can find them under the Network Member Fields field type. You can also use other merge field types, such as Receiving User and Organization. Here are a few merge fields commonly used in Experience Cloud site email templates.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>{!Network_Community_Name}</td>
<td>The name of the Experience Cloud site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!Community.Name}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!Community_Name}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(!Network_Community.Url)</td>
<td>The URL to the login page of the Experience Cloud site, for example,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td><a href="https://MyDomainName.my.site.com/partners/login">https://MyDomainName.my.site.com/partners/login</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!Community.Url}</td>
<td>({!Community_Url} is populated in the:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td>• Welcome New Member template when <strong>Send welcome email</strong> is selected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Forgot Password or Change Password template if the external user receiving the email is a member of the Experience Cloud site</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The login page URLs populated for authenticated LWR sites created after Winter ‘23 have a different structure than the login page URLs populated for all other Experience Cloud sites. Clicking the URL still directs users to your site’s login page as expected.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(!Receiving_User.Username)</td>
<td>The username of the user receiving the email. This field only renders for mass emails.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(!NetworkMember.Operating_System)</td>
<td>The operating system of the Experience Cloud site member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!Operating_System}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(!NetworkMember.EmailVerify_Url)</td>
<td>The verification link sent to a user via email.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!EmailVerify_Url}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(!ChgEmailVer.NewEmail)</td>
<td>The user’s email address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!ChgEmailVer.OldEmail}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(!ChgEmailVer.URL)</td>
<td>The verification link sent to a user via email when their email address is changed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Available merge fields differ between email templates. View Available Merge Fields at the top of each email template to see the available fields.

For more flexibility, you can create custom Experience Cloud site email templates in Visualforce. For a Visualforce email template, use the $Network global merge field type and its properties, as described in this table. These fields are populated only in Visualforce Experience Cloud site email templates.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$Network.ActionForVerificationEmail</td>
<td>Used in one-time password (OTP) and device activation emails to specify the action that prompted sending a verification email.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.AsyncVerificationLink</td>
<td>Used in asynchronous emails to send a verification link (URL) to users. Users click the link to verify their email address with Salesforce. After verifying their email address, external users can log in with a one-time password (OTP) via email (passwordless login).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.BrowserForVerificationEmail</td>
<td>Used in OTP and device activation emails to specify the browser where the action occurred that prompted sending a verification email.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.CodeForVerificationEmail</td>
<td>The verification code sent in the OTP or device activation email.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.ChgEmailVerOldEmail</td>
<td>The user’s old email address, when they change it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.ChgEmailVerNewEmail</td>
<td>The user’s new email address, when they change it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.ChgEmailVerLink</td>
<td>The link, sent to the user’s new email address, that the user follows to verify their email address change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.Name</td>
<td>The name of the Experience Cloud site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.NetworkUrlForUserEmails</td>
<td>The URL to the login page of the Experience Cloud site, for example, <a href="https://MyDomainName.my.site.com/partners/login">https://MyDomainName.my.site.com/partners/login</a>. If this merge field is in the welcome email to new members, the URL is appended with a link to a reset password page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.OperatingSystemForVerificationEmail</td>
<td>Used in OTP and device activation emails to specify the operating system where the action occurred that prompted sending a verification email.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$Network.passwordLockTime</td>
<td>Used in the formula field for lockout emails to specify how long a user must wait until logging in again after being locked out.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information on creating Visualforce templates, see the Visualforce Developer Guide.

If your Experience Cloud site uses cases, approvals, or workflows, emails created from an email template that use the {!any_object>.Link or {!Case.Link} merge fields include a link to the record in the site. If the user receiving the email is a member of multiple active Experience Cloud sites, the link goes to the oldest active site. If the user is already logged in to a site and clicks the link in the email, the link goes to that site. If the user isn’t a member of any site, the link goes to the internal org. If the user is a member of a portal and a site, the link goes to the site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>{!Case.Link}</td>
<td>Used in:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Case comment notifications to contacts and owners</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To insert merge fields into your Experience Cloud site email templates:

1. From Setup, enter *Email Templates* in the Quick Find box, and select **Classic Email Templates**. Next to an email template, click **Edit**.

2. Under Available Merge Fields, from the dropdown menu, select the field type, and then select the field. For merge fields specific to sites, select **Network Member Fields**.

3. Copy the merge field value into the body of the email template.

SEE ALSO:
- Customize Email Sent from Experience Cloud Sites for Email Verification
- Email Templates in Salesforce Classic

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| `{!<any_object>.Link}` | Used in:  
  - Approval requests sent to approvers and delegated approvers  
  - Workflow email alerts |
Customize the One-Time Password Email Template

You can customize the email that you send to external users to verify their identity with a one-time password (OTP). The email includes a verification code that users enter to prove their identity. Control how you communicate with your customers and partners by rewording the email that comes with the verification code.

Salesforce sends out an email with an OTP for email verifications in these scenarios.

- Headful passwordless login—Set up a login page for your Experience Cloud site that allows users to log in with their email address. You create a passwordless login page from your site’s Login & Registration page. See Brand Your Identity Experience.
- Headless passwordless login—Allow users to log in to your off-platform app with an email address or phone number.

Salesforce also sends an email with a one-time password for device activation email verifications. To customize this notification, see Device Activation Email Template.

The one-time password email template is available to Experience Builder sites as of Winter ’19.

1. From Setup, enter All in the Quick Find box, and select All Experiences. Next to your site, click Workspaces.
2. Select Administration, and then select Emails.
3. Under Email Templates, click next to One-Time Password, and select Experience Cloud: One-Time Password Email.
4. Click Save.
   Your site is set up to send verification code notifications to users.
5. To customize the notification, edit the email template.
   a. From Setup, enter Email Templates in the Quick Find box, and select Classic Email Templates.
   b. Next to Experiences: One-Time Password Email, select Edit.
   c. Edit the text in the email body.
      - Note: Don’t remove {!Verification_Code}.
   d. (Optional) In the email body, insert merge fields listed under Available Merge Field. To get the merge field value, select a field type, and then select a field. Copy and paste the merge field value into the email body.
      For example, from the Field Type dropdown, select Network Member Fields, and then select Site Name. The Merge Field Value displays {!Community.Name}.
   e. Click Save.

You can also use Visualforce to create a custom OTP email template using the $Network global merge field type.
Customize the Device Activation Email Template

Customize the email you send to verify a user’s identity when they access your Experience Cloud site from an unfamiliar browser, application, or IP address. The email includes a one-time password (OTP) that users enter to verify their identity. Change the look and wording of the email to match your brand.

Device activation works differently based on whether you’ve configured a trusted IP address range. If you haven’t defined a trusted IP range, users are prompted to verify their identity when they log in from a new browser or app. If you have defined a trusted IP range, users must verify their identity when they log in from an IP address outside of the range. For more information on how device activation works, see Device Activation.

You can enable device activation for Experience Cloud site users through Profiles in Session Settings.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Sites, and then select All Sites.
2. Next to your site, click Workspaces.
3. Select Administration, and then select Emails.
4. Under Email Templates, click next to Device Activation Verification, and select Experience Cloud: Device Activation Verification Email.
5. Save your settings.
Your site is set up to send device activation notifications to users.
6. To customize the notification, edit the email template.
   a. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Email Templates, and then select Classic Email Templates.
   b. Next to Experience Cloud: Device Activation Verification Email, click Edit.
   c. Edit the text in the email body.
   
   Note: Don’t remove {!Verification_Code}.

   a. Optionally, to personalize the text, use the available merge fields listed at the top of the page. For more information, see Merge Fields for Experience Cloud Sites.
Customize the User Lockout Email Template

You can customize the email template you send to users when they attempt to reset their password after getting locked out of your Experience Cloud site due to too many failed login attempts. You can change the look to match your brand and how and when users can unlock their accounts.

Users are unable to reset their passwords when their accounts are locked. Depending upon their password policy, they may need to wait awhile or contact an admin to unlock their account before they can reset their password. Admins set the password policy, including the maximum allowable invalid login attempts, on the site user’s profile page. This password policy determines the next steps users take to unlock their account. The default email template includes a formula that checks the profile’s password policy and pulls that information into the notification sent.

The user lockout email template is available to Experience Builder sites as of Summer ‘18.

1. From Setup, enter All in the Quick Find box, and select All Experiences. Next to your site, click Workspaces.

2. Select Administration, and then select Emails.

3. Under Email Templates, click next to User Lockout, and select Experiences: User Lockout Email.

4. Click Save.
   
   Your site is set up to send notifications to users when they’re locked out of their accounts.

5. To change the formula or make other customizations, edit the email template.

   ![Note:]
   
   The formula included in this template is only for lockout emails. When applied to another email type, the formula returns a blank message.

   - The (!Community_url) merge field isn’t available for the lockout template.

   a. From Setup, enter Email Templates in the Quick Find box, then select Classic Email Templates.

   b. Next to Experiences: User Lockout Email, select Edit.

   c. Edit the text in the email body. To personalize your email content, use the available merge fields listed at the top of the page.

   d. Click Save.

   ![Example:]
   
   If the password policy locks users out for 15 minutes before they can try to log in again, the formula returns the following message: “Try again in 15 minutes.”
Hello {Receiving_User.FirstName},

We received your request to reset your {Community_Name} password. We can't reset your password right now. Your account is locked after too many login attempts.

```
{CASE(1, IF(VALUE(PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME) > 0, 1, 0), "Try again in " + PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME + " minutes.", IF(VALUE(PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME) < 0, 1, 0), "Contact your " + Community_Name + " administrator to unlock your account."; "")}
```

If you didn't request a password reset or haven't tried to log in to your account recently, contact your {Community_Name} administrator or reply to this email.

Thank you,
{Community_Name}
Customize the Email Address Change Template

You can customize the email template you send to users when they change the email address they use with Salesforce. Change the look to match your brand and the wording of the message.

Salesforce sends two verification emails to a user when the user changes their email address. One is sent to the user’s old email address, and one is sent to the new one. The user clicks the verification URL in the email sent to the new address, and completes the email address change. You can customize those emails. If you change a user’s email address for them, no email change verification email is sent.

The Email Address Change Verification email templates are available to Experience Builder sites as of Winter ‘21.

1. From Setup, enter All Experiences in the Quick Find box, and select All Experiences. Next to your site, click Workspaces.
2. Select Administration, and then select Emails.
3. Under Email Templates, click next to Old Email Address Change Verification and select Experiences: Old Email - Change Email Verification.
4. Under Email Templates, click next to New Email Address Change Verification and select Experiences: New Email - Change Email Verification.
5. Click Save.
   Your site is set up to send notifications to users when their email addresses change.
6. To make customizations, edit the email template:
   a. From Setup, enter Email Templates in the Quick Find box, then select Classic Email Templates.
   b. Next to Experiences: Old Email - Change Email Verification or Experiences: New Email - Change Email Verification, select Edit.
   c. Edit the text in the email body. To personalize your email content, use the available merge fields listed at the top of the page.
   d. Click Save.

Example:
SEE ALSO:

- Customize Email Sent from Experience Cloud Sites for Email Verification
- Merge Fields for Experience Cloud Sites
Customize the Headless Registration Email Template

When you configure headless registration for an off-platform app, you can customize the one-time password (OTP) email that users receive to verify their identity. Edit the default email template to match your company’s branding. Keep in mind that this email template is only for headless registration in an app outside of the Salesforce platform. It isn’t designed for users registering or logging in to an Experience Cloud site.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Sites, and then select All Sites. Next to the Experience Cloud site for your Headless Identity implementation, click Workspaces.

2. Select Administration, and then select Emails.

3. Under Email Templates, next to One-Time Password for Headless Registration, click , and then select Experience Cloud: One-Time Password Email for Headless Registration Verification.

4. Save your changes.

5. To customize the email, edit the template.
   a. From Setup, enter Email Templates in the Quick Find box, and select Classic Email Templates.
   b. Next to Experience Cloud: One-Time Password Email for Headless Registration Verification, select Edit.
   c. Edit the text in the email body.

   Note: Don’t remove {!Verification_Code}.

   d. To add more fields to the email, copy merge field values into the template. Under Available Merge Fields, select a field type, select a field, and then copy and paste the merge field value into the email body.

   For merge fields specific to Headless Identity, select Network Member Fields for the field type.

   e. Save your changes.

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Customize the Passwordless Registration Welcome Email Template

If you use passwordless registration for your Experience Cloud site, users receive a welcome email containing a one-time password (OTP) when they sign up. To tailor this email for your company's brand, customize the Welcome New Member for Passwordless Registration email template.

Use these Network Member merge fields for the passwordless registration welcome member email. No other merge fields are supported.

- {!Pwdless_New_User.FirstName} — Passwordless Registration User First Name
- {!Pwdless_New_User.LastName} — Passwordless Registration User Last Name
- {!Pwdless_New_User.Username} — Passwordless Registration User Username
- {!Pwdless_New_User.Email} — Passwordless Registration User Email Address
- {!Pwdless_New_User.Phone} — Passwordless Registration User Phone Number
- {!Verification_Code} — Verification Code

For more information about passwordless registration, see Passwordless Login.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Sites, and then select All Sites. Next to your Experience Cloud site, click Workspaces.
2. Select Administration, and then select Emails.
3. Under Email Templates, next to Welcome New Member for Passwordless Registration, click , and then select Experience Cloud: New Member Welcome Email - Passwordless Registration.
4. Save your changes.
5. To customize the email, edit the template.
   a. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Email Templates, and then select Classic Email Templates.
   b. Next to Welcome New Member for Passwordless Registration, select Edit.
      
      Note: In orgs created after Summer '24, the email template unique name is CommunityPasswordlessRegistrationEmailTemplate. In orgs created before Summer '24, the unique name is CPasswordlessRegistrationEmailTemplate.
   c. Edit the default text in the email body.
   d. To add more fields to the email, copy merge field values into the template. Under Available Merge Fields, select Network Member for field type. Use the Passwordless Registration merge fields.
      
      Note: Don't remove {!Verification_Code}.
   e. Save your changes.
Enable Notifications in Experience Builder Sites

With Global Notifications, your members receive messages wherever they’re working, whether in their sites or in their apps. Members receive notifications on any screen—mobile, tablet, and desktop. This functionality is available in Experience Builder sites based on Customer Service (Napili), Partner Central, and any Lightning Bolt solutions.

All events that trigger notifications are supported. Members can even trigger notifications on record feeds. For example, an internal member can trigger a notification from the Salesforce org by @mentioning an external member on a lead or opportunity. When a member clicks a notification, the originating detail page or other appropriate location is displayed for easy collaboration across sites and apps.

**Note:**
- If you use the Build Your Own (Aura) template, create the Feed Detail page so you can see notifications.
- Replies on threaded discussions only trigger notifications for the post owner.

By default, the Notifications icon is hidden in existing sites and displayed in new sites.

1. In Experience Builder, click on the left sidebar and then click Theme.
2. For the default Customer Service theme layout, show or hide Notifications for your members by selecting Hide Notifications icon in site header.

Manage Your Site Email Notifications

Use email notifications to keep up with important updates in your Experience Cloud sites.

**Manage Your Site Email Notifications**

Use email notifications to keep up with important updates in your Experience Cloud sites.

You can choose to receive email notifications whenever someone posts on your profile, comments after you on a post you’ve commented on, posts to a group you belong to, and more. Email notification preferences are set by community.

To set your email preferences, go to your profile page within a community, click the dropdown button in the upper-right corner and select My Settings, then click Email Settings. You can turn individual notifications on or off.

Your chosen settings apply to the current community. If you don’t belong to any groups yet, you won’t see the option to set groups on this page until after you join your first group. You can also
set your group email preferences using the Email Me... dropdown on each group’s page. You can choose to receive a daily or weekly digest email or an email every time someone posts. This option is visible if you’re a group member.

Your email options are similar to the Chatter email settings in your internal organization under your personal settings (Your Name My Settings > Email Settings for Chatter Free users). Within communities, however, note the following differences.

⚠️ Warning: Avoid spamming new group members in a community, especially if you are adding group members en masse. Deselect the following org-wide Chatter email notifications: Allow Emails and Allow Posts via Email. Access these settings by searching Email Settings in the Quick Find search box in Salesforce Setup.

- The default notification frequency for new groups you join can’t be set via the user interface. It can be set only via Salesforce APIs (SOAP API and REST API).
- Personal digests aren’t currently available.
- You don’t receive notifications when new articles are added to topics.
- If your community has Chatter messages enabled, you’re notified of file shares in a message. If Chatter messages aren’t enabled, you are notified of file shares by email.
- If flagging is enabled in the community, the Flags an item as inappropriate option appears for all members of the community, but only sends notifications if:
  - You’re a group owner or manager and a member flags a post, comment, or file in your group.
  - You’re a moderator and a member flags a post, comment, or file you have access to. Depending on the type of notification you want to receive, you also need following permissions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Email Notifications About</th>
<th>Required Permission</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flagged posts and comments</td>
<td>&quot;Moderate Community Feeds&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flagged files</td>
<td>&quot;Moderate Community Feeds&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flagged Chatter messages</td>
<td>&quot;Moderate Community Feeds&quot; and &quot;Moderate Communities Chatter Messages&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flagged direct messages</td>
<td>&quot;Moderate Communities Chatter Messages&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the Flag as Inappropriate link doesn’t work in your email, try flagging the message from the UI.

SEE ALSO:

Navigate to Chatter Email Settings
Troubleshooting Steps If Site Members Don’t Receive Welcome Emails

When you create a site, publish it, and then activate it, you expect site members to receive a welcome email that gives them access to the new site. Take these troubleshooting steps if site members don’t receive welcome emails.

- To ensure that you added the correct user profiles or permission sets, check your site's membership. Make sure that the correct users are assigned to the correct member profiles or assigned the correct permission sets.
- Make sure that the Send welcome email option is selected in Workspaces > Administration > Emails.
- Check the email deliverability status to ensure that No Access isn’t selected. In Setup, enter Deliverability in the Quick Find box, and click Email Deliverability. Ensure that Access level isn’t set to No Access.
- Check email logs to ensure that the emails were sent. In Setup, enter Email Log Files in the Quick Find box, and click Email Log Files. Click Request an Email Log, and enter the time period to check. After you receive the email log, check to see if emails were sent from Salesforce to your members.
- Check the spam folder to ensure that emails aren’t marked as spam.
- Set a verified Organization-Wide Email Address.

Access Experience Cloud Sites in the Salesforce Mobile App

Accessing Experience Cloud sites from the Salesforce mobile app depends on several factors, including the type of template used to create the site and the licenses and permissions of site users.

Grant the Necessary Permissions

Make sure that site users can access the Salesforce mobile app.

- Verify that the mobile app is enabled for your org (default) or enable it. From Setup, enter Settings in the Quick Find box, then select Salesforce Settings.
- Allow site access via the Salesforce mobile app by granting the “API Enabled” profile permission to external users with communities licenses. From Setup, enter Profiles in the Quick Find box, then select Profiles. Select Edit on a profile to add the profile permission.

Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites

Sites that use the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template aren’t supported in the Salesforce mobile app.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of User</th>
<th>How to Access a Site</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Users with standard Salesforce licenses</td>
<td>Log in to the mobile app. Use the mobile App Launcher at the top of the navigation menu and select a community.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internal org users who are also in a community</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External users with the following community licenses:</td>
<td>Not supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Customer Community</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Customer Community Plus</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Partner Community</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Type of User

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Customer Portal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Partner Portal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• High-Volume Portal User</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Lightning External Apps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Lightning External Apps Plus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Unlicensed users (also known as guest users)**

- Not supported

### Aura and LWR Sites

Experience Builder sites aren’t supported in the Salesforce mobile app.

We recommend that you create and distribute a fully branded mobile app version of your Experience Cloud sites using Mobile Publisher. Users can also access Experience Builder sites from a supported mobile browser on page 9 using the site URL.

### Experience Management, Experience Workspaces, and Experience Builder

Experience Management and Experience Workspaces aren’t available. We recommend that you use the supported browsers on desktop computers to make customizations in Experience Management, Experience Workspaces, and Experience Builder.

**Experience Cloud Sites: What’s Different or Not Available in the Salesforce Mobile App**

Experience Cloud sites in the Salesforce mobile app are similar to the Lightning Experience desktop site, with some differences.

- The navigation menu for an Experience Cloud site doesn’t include all the items that are available to your internal org:
  - The navigation menu shows only the tabs that the admin has included in that site via Tabs & Pages in the site’s administration settings.
  - The Events and Today items aren’t available and don’t appear in the navigation menu.
  - Tasks are available only to users with the Edit Tasks permission.
  - The Reports item isn’t available and doesn’t appear in the navigation menu.
- There’s no All Company nor Company Highlights feed.
- Adding inline images to a post isn’t available.
- Experience Management and Experience Workspaces aren’t available.
- Site.com branding isn’t supported.
- Members can’t flag private messages as inappropriate.
- Reputation isn’t supported. However, if reputation is enabled and set up in the desktop site, users do accrue points when using the Salesforce mobile app. Users can view their points in the desktop site only.
- Search is scoped to the Experience Cloud site and returns only items from the current site. The only exception is records, since they’re shared across sites and the internal org.
• Role-based external users can approve and reject approval requests from the Approval History related list on records, but they can’t submit requests for approval.
• A user’s list of notifications includes notifications from all Experience Cloud sites the user is a member of. The name of the site in which the notification originated appears after the timestamp.
• External users accessing Experience Cloud sites don’t see a help link.
• Photos appear next to users’ names in the People list.
• The Experience Builder template and your user licenses determine how you can access Experience Cloud sites. For more information, see Access Experience Cloud Sites in the Salesforce Mobile App in Salesforce Help.
• Group members in Experience Cloud sites can’t edit their email and in-app notification settings. As a workaround, users can set their group email notification preference to Every Post in the site from the desktop site. Selecting this option enables both email notifications and in-app notifications for that group.
• Push notifications for Experience Cloud sites aren’t supported in the Salesforce mobile app. Their navigation and authentication behavior can vary for members with both an internal and external login or multiple external logins. We recommend that users with multiple logins access a site from a supported mobile browser using the site URL. In a mobile browser, site users receive notifications via the bell icon and notification tray.
• Direct message notifications aren’t supported in mobile sites. If a user receives a direct message while using the mobile website, the bell notification doesn’t display a new message.
• Experience Cloud sites aren’t available when the mobile device is offline.
• The Experience Cloud site’s Related List - Single component isn’t supported for Files.
• The Record Headline component doesn’t support Chatter actions or field labels.
• You can’t create a record from a lookup field.

Enable Other Salesforce Features in Experience Cloud Sites

Experience Cloud offers a platform to expose Salesforce features and functionality to site members. For example, enable Salesforce Knowledge so customers can view knowledge articles in your site. Enable case feeds to facilitate discussions over customer cases. There’s also Chatter Questions, direct messages, Question-to-Case, and field service data.

Cross-Cloud Features
Enable cross-cloud features so users in your Experience Cloud sites can access them. Some objects and features available in specific clouds, like Industries and Commerce Cloud, require add-on licenses.

Service Cloud Features
Enable Service Cloud features, such as Salesforce Knowledge and Site Case Feed, for your self-service sites in Experience Cloud. Some objects and features, like Field Service, require add-on licenses.

Sales Cloud Features
Enable Sales Cloud features so that your partners can sell products quickly using partner relationship management (PRM) sites in Experience Cloud. Some objects and features, like Commerce Cloud, require add-on licenses.

Collaboration Features
Enable collaboration features so users in your Experience Cloud sites can collaborate with one another and with employees in your org.
Cross-Cloud Features

Enable cross-cloud features so users in your Experience Cloud sites can access them. Some objects and features available in specific clouds, like Industries and Commerce Cloud, require add-on licenses.

Enable Objects for Experience Cloud Site Users

Enable Salesforce standard and custom objects for external users so that they have access from your Experience Cloud sites.

Enable Objects for Experience Cloud Site Users

Enable Salesforce standard and custom objects for external users so that they have access from your Experience Cloud sites. Objects are available without any additional setup in Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) and Aura sites. Add the object-related components to the canvas, and customize for your business needs. Guest and authenticated users can access the object pages based on their sharing and visibility settings. To show objects in Salesforce Tabs and Visualforce sites:

1. In the site’s workspaces, access Administration > Tabs. Add the object tab to the list of available tabs in your site.
2. Set tab visibility and the object permissions needed for your use case using a permission set.

SEE ALSO:

Restrict Experience Cloud Site User Access to Cases
Merge Fields for Experience Cloud Sites
Enable Portal Reply Email Notifications in Case Feed

Service Cloud Features

Enable Service Cloud features, such as Salesforce Knowledge and Site Case Feed, for your self-service sites in Experience Cloud. Some objects and features, like Field Service, require add-on licenses.

For more information on how to use sites for different customer use cases, check out:

- Manage Customer Relationships with Experience Cloud
- Give Customers Access to Your Knowledge Base Through Help Center

Enable Salesforce Knowledge in Your Experience Cloud Site

Enable Salesforce Knowledge to quickly get articles to your customers and agents in an Experience Cloud site. Knowledge articles provide accurate information to customers when and where they need it.

Site Case Feed

With the site case feed, agents and Experience Cloud site members see the lifecycle of a case from start to finish. All case interactions appear in a unified, chronological Chatter case feed. Site members benefit from the added functionalities of Chatter, while service features help agents provide efficient, personalized support.

Question-to-Case

Question-to-Case lets moderators create cases from questions in Chatter, which makes it easier to track and resolve your customers’ issues. Question-to-Case is available in your Salesforce org and Salesforce mobile web, as well as in Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites where Chatter Questions is enabled.
Restrict Experience Cloud Site User Access to Cases

Determine whether users with Customer Community Plus licenses can view and edit cases in which they’re listed as the contact. You can disable the standard sharing behavior that grants the assigned contact and everyone in their role hierarchy access to a case. After disabling this sharing behavior, you can control access to cases by creating a manual share or by using Apex managed sharing.

Enable Salesforce Knowledge in Your Experience Cloud Site

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  - OR
  - Be a member of the site AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  - OR
  - Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

To set up Salesforce Knowledge, create article types and article actions, and modify category groups assignments:
- Customize Application
  - AND
  - Manage Salesforce Knowledge

To assign user licenses:
Manage Internal Users

To create data categories:
Manage Data Categories

**EDITIONS**

Available in: Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

Experience Cloud sites are available in Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions. The Help Center template is available in Essentials Edition.

Salesforce Knowledge is available in Performance and Developer Editions and in Unlimited Edition with the Service Cloud. Salesforce Knowledge is available for an additional cost in Enterprise and Unlimited Edition.

Applies to: LWR, Aura, and Visualforce sites

Enable Salesforce Knowledge to quickly get articles to your customers and agents in an Experience Cloud site. Knowledge articles provide accurate information to customers when and where they need it.

**Note:**
- Your Salesforce org needs at least one Salesforce Knowledge license to enable and set up Salesforce Knowledge.
- Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site members without the Knowledge One permission can’t access Salesforce Knowledge through sites. They also can’t access Salesforce Knowledge in sites via Salesforce for Android or Salesforce for iOS.

If you haven’t yet, check out Salesforce Knowledge. After setting up your knowledge base, either in Salesforce Classic or Lightning Experience, complete these steps to view articles in your Experience Cloud sites.

1. Use permission sets to give users Read permissions.
   a. In Setup, enter Permission Sets in the Quick Find box, and then click Permission Sets.
   b. Give Read permission for the article types (Salesforce Knowledge in Classic) or record types (Lightning Knowledge) that you want to share with users.
   c. Give Read permissions to each guest user profile you’d like to have access to Salesforce Knowledge.
**Note:** There are a few reasons why a user can't find an article: it’s deleted or archived, it doesn’t exist, it has no assigned topic, or the user doesn’t have the access to view it. When an article isn’t available, guest users are directed to a login page and logged-in users see an “Invalid Page” error.

d. Assign the permission sets to the correct user profiles for your sites.

2. From Setup, enter **Topics for Objects** in the Quick Find box, then select **Topics for Objects**.
   a. In Classic Knowledge, enable topics for all the article types you want to include.
   b. In Lightning Knowledge, enable topics for Knowledge.

3. Salesforce Knowledge uses data categories to organize content. Experience Builder sites use topics. To ensure that your articles appear in search results, assign a topic to each article. You can easily map articles in your data categories to topics in a site. Follow these steps to map articles to topics automatically.
   a. In Experience Workspaces of an Aura site, click **Content Management > Topics > Automatic Topic Assignment**. After enabling Automatic Topic Assignment, map topics to data category groups and data categories. You can choose to add the topics to all the articles existing in data categories, and to articles added in the future. You can map your exact hierarchy from data categories to topics, up to eight levels of depth.
   b. In LWR sites, use the Knowledge components to show knowledge articles.
   c. In Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites, add the Knowledge tab to the available tabs in the site.

4. In Aura sites, enable thumbs-up and thumbs-down voting on articles so you can identify helpful articles and ones that need improvement.
   a. In Experience Builder, navigate to the Article Detail page.
   b. To view and Article Content component’s properties, click it.
   c. In the property editor, select **Allow voting on articles**.
   d. Publish your changes.

**Hide Fields in Lightning Knowledge Search Results**
When you display Knowledge search results in a grid layout, you can adjust the Knowledge search layout for different user profiles. Use this capability to hide some of the information that’s returned in results from different user profiles.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Salesforce Knowledge
- Build Your Knowledge Base in Salesforce Classic
- Automatically Assign Topics to Articles
Hide Fields in Lightning Knowledge Search Results

When you display Knowledge search results in a grid layout, you can adjust the Knowledge search layout for different user profiles. Use this capability to hide some of the information that’s returned in results from different user profiles.

To use this feature, Salesforce Knowledge must be enabled in your org.

1. Open your site’s Administration Workspace.
2. Go to Preferences > General, and select the Use a profile-based layout for Lightning Knowledge search results checkbox.
3. Click Save.
4. In Salesforce Setup, go to Object Manager, and click Knowledge.
5. Click Search Layouts.
6. Click a user profile, and remove the information that you want to hide.
   Repeat step 6 for each user profile that you want to change.

Site Case Feed

With the site case feed, agents and Experience Cloud site members see the lifecycle of a case from start to finish. All case interactions appear in a unified, chronological Chatter case feed. Site members benefit from the added functionalities of Chatter, while service features help agents provide efficient, personalized support.

The site case feed gives Experience Cloud site users an intuitive environment where they can manage their cases. Internal and external users see the following interactions in the site case feed:

- Chatter text, file, and link posts
- Questions in Chatter that are associated with the case
- Case emails
  - In sites built on Aura, emails in the site case feed don’t display inline images or clickable links.
  - To learn more about case email visibility, see Emails in the Site Case Feed.
- Read-only social posts on cases if your Salesforce admin enables them

Site case feed in an Experience Cloud site built on the Customer Service template:
Using the publisher (1), users create posts and attach files to the case. The feed (2) comes fully equipped with Chatter’s collaboration tools: users can bookmark, like, and comment on posts, and mention other users. Images and comments appear inline, making it easy to scan the feed for details. The Attachments component (3) displays all case attachments.

When the site case feed is enabled, support agents can:

- Use the action in the console case feed to answer questions and create private and public Chatter posts on cases
- Expose or hide a published post or email in the site case feed of external users

**Set Up the Site Case Feed**

The site case feed lets Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site users and support agents see all case interactions in a unified feed. Also, agents can take more actions directly from the console. To set up the site case feed, enable it in your org and make sure that the case page in your site is properly configured.
Emails in the Site Case Feed
When you enable the site case feed for Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce, external users with access to a case see case emails in their feed. Emails in the site case feed include the email’s author, recipients, text, and time sent.

SEE ALSO:
Site Case Feed Considerations
Set Up the Site Case Feed
Expose or Hide a Published Post or Email in the Site Case Feed
Post on Cases and Experience Cloud Site Questions with the Experience Action in the Case Feed

Set Up the Site Case Feed
The site case feed lets Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site users and support agents see all case interactions in a unified feed. Also, agents can take more actions directly from the console. To set up the site case feed, enable it in your org and make sure that the case page in your site is properly configured.

1. Enable the site case feed:
   a. From Setup, enter Support Settings in the Quick Find box, then select Support Settings.
   b. Select Enable Site Case Feed.
   c. Optionally, select Enable Email Notifications for Case Posts (recommended).
   d. Click Save.

2. If your site was built using Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce, make sure that your case page includes a Chatter feed.

3. If your site uses an Aura template, confirm that your active case detail page supports the site case feed:
   a. In Experience Builder, click Page Management.
   b. Click Page Management.
   c. Find Case Detail in the Name column, and make sure the active page assigned to it’s either Chatter Case Detail (the default) or Record Detail.

If you change the active case detail page, publish your change.

Site Case Feed Considerations
Consider the following if the site case feed is enabled.

- Agents can use the action in the console case feed to answer questions and create private and public Chatter posts on cases.
- Agents can expose or hide published Chatter posts and emails in the case feed of external site users.
- External site users with access to a case see associated Chatter posts, questions, and emails in their case feed.
If email notifications for case posts are enabled

- When someone makes an externally visible post on a case and the Visible in Self-Service Portal setting is selected on the case, all case contacts that are also site members are notified by email. They can comment on the post by replying to the email.
- If you’re already using custom email notification settings, such as those triggered by workflows, selecting this preference can create duplicate email notifications.
- In sites built on Aura or Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce, you can turn off these notifications. In your email notification settings, deselect Posts on one of my cases under “Email me when someone...”.

SEE ALSO:

Emails in the Site Case Feed
Expose or Hide a Published Post or Email in the Site Case Feed
Set Up the Site Case Feed

Emails in the Site Case Feed

When you enable the site case feed for Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce, external users with access to a case see case emails in their feed. Emails in the site case feed include the email’s author, recipients, text, and time sent.

By default, if the case contact sends or receives a case email, that email appears in the feed of all users—both internal and external—with access to the case. For an external user to view the case, their profile must include access to cases in the site.

For example, suppose Rita, an external user, posts a question. The question remains unresolved, and a moderator creates a case from it using the Question-to-Case action. If the support agent assigned to the case emails Rita from the email publisher, Rita and all other users with access to the case see the email in their case feed. Users with access to a case typically include the assigned support agent and the case contact.

If the site case feed is enabled, you can write an Apex trigger or process to hide or expose all case emails in the feeds of external site users. The IsExternallyVisible field of the EmailMessage object controls the visibility of email messages in the site case feed. When the field is set to true, emails sent or received by the case contact are visible to external users with access to the case.

Example: The following trigger exposes all case emails in the feeds of external users with access to the case. This means that case emails between internal users are also visible to external users with access to the case (for example, if the assigned support agent used the email publisher to email their shipping vendor). To hide all case emails from external users’ case feeds, simply change true to false:

```apex
trigger makepublic on EmailMessage (before Insert) {
for(EmailMessage oe:trigger.new)
{
    oe.IsExternallyVisible=true;
}
}
```

SEE ALSO:

Expose or Hide a Published Post or Email in the Site Case Feed
Expose or Hide a Published Post or Email in the Site Case Feed

When necessary, support agents can expose or hide individual case emails and published Chatter posts in the case feed of Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site users.

To change the external visibility of a published Chatter post or email on a case:

1. Navigate to the post or email in the compact case feed.
2. In the post or email’s dropdown menu:
   - Select **Make Public** to expose an internal Chatter post or email in the case feed of external users with access to the case.
     
     The case contact and any other external users with access to the case now see the post or email in their case feed. An agent might choose to make an email or post in the site case feed public in order to keep the case contact updated about internal progress on the case.
   - Select **Make Private** to remove a Chatter post or email from the case feed of external users with access to the case.
     
     The case contact and any other external users with access to the case no longer see the post or email in their case feed. (It still appears in the feeds of internal users with access to the case.) An agent can choose to make an email or post in the site case feed private if they want to hide their correspondence with the case contact from the case feed of other external users with access to the case. Keep in mind that when you make an email private, the email recipients already received the email. Similarly, when you make a Chatter post private, external users with access to the case may have been notified by email when it was first posted.

**Example**: **Make Public** option on a case Chatter post:

![Make Public option on a case Chatter post](image)

**Make Public** option on a case email:

![Make Public option on a case email](image)
The agent who owns the case and those above them in the hierarchy see the Make Public and Make Private options on all case emails and Chatter posts on the case. Internal users who don’t own the case also see these options on case posts or emails that they wrote.

SEE ALSO:
Site Case Feed

Question-to-Case

Question-to-Case lets moderators create cases from questions in Chatter, which makes it easier to track and resolve your customers’ issues. Question-to-Case is available in your Salesforce org and Salesforce mobile web, as well as in Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites where Chatter Questions is enabled.

When a customer uses the Question action in Chatter to ask a question, similar questions and Knowledge articles appear below the Chatter publisher. If the similar questions and articles don’t address the issue, the customer posts the question.

If a question isn’t resolved, you can escalate the question to a case. Users with the Moderate Chatter or Moderate Experiences Feeds user permission can create cases from questions directly in the feed, or you can set up flows in Flow Builder to automatically create cases from questions that meet specified criteria. Cases from questions are added to a queue so support agents can claim them.

When a customer’s question is turned into a case, the customer receives an email with the case number and a link to the case. The customer can view the case via a link on the question that’s visible only to them, while moderators see a note on the question indicating that a case was created.

Note: The person who asked the question must have access to cases so they can view their case.
Note: On escalated questions in Salesforce (as opposed to Experience Cloud sites), the notification is visible to all users, not just moderators.

When agents find a solution, they can respond to questions directly from the console, and the customer sees the agent’s response on the question or in the My Cases view. Agents choose whether the reply is visible to the Experience Cloud site, or only to the customer who asked the question.

Enable Question-to-Case
Enable Question-to-Case in your Experience Cloud sites, Salesforce org, or both.
Enable Question-to-Case

Enable Question-to-Case in your Experience Cloud sites, Salesforce org, or both.

1. From Setup, enter Support Settings in the Quick Find box, then select Support Settings.
2. To enable Question-to-Case in Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites where you have enabled Chatter Questions, select Enable Question-to-Case in Experience Cloud Sites.
3. To enable Question-to-Case in your Salesforce org, select Enable Question-to-Case in Salesforce.
4. Click Save.

- Question-to-Case isn’t available in sites using Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) or Help Center templates.
- Case assignment rules aren’t supported in Question-to-Case. By default, cases created from questions are assigned to the moderator who escalates the question. You can write a workflow rule that automatically adds cases that were created from questions to a queue so agents can claim them.

Add the Question from Chatter Field to the Case Detail View

When a case is created from a question in Chatter, the Question from Chatter field on case detail pages displays a link to the original question. This field helps agents quickly navigate to the feed.

First, use field-level security to specify which users can see the Question from Chatter field on case detail pages.

1. From the object management settings for cases, go to Fields.
2. Click Question from Chatter.
3. Click Set Field-Level Security.
4. Select Visible for any profile that you want to be able to use Question-to-Case.
5. Click Save.

After you make the field visible to users, you can choose to add it to the Case Details view.

1. From the object management settings for cases, go to Page Layouts.
2. Click Edit next to the page layout that you want to customize.
3. Drag the Question from Chatter field from the Fields section of the page layout editor palette to the Case Information section of the page.
4. Click Save.
5. Click **Page Layout Assignment** to confirm that the user profiles, which need Question-to-Case are assigned to the page layout that you customized. In addition, assign internal users who need access to the Question from Chatter field on cases to that page layout.

**SEE ALSO:**
* Find Object Management Settings

**Add the Escalate to Case Action to the Feed Item Layout and Confirm Access**

Give moderators the ability to create cases from questions by adding the Escalate to Case action to Chatter Questions pages. This action is created automatically when Question-to-Case is enabled in your organization. Make sure that the profiles that need Question-to-Case have access to the record type associated with the Escalate to Case action.

1. From Setup, enter **Feed Item** in the **Quick Find** box, then select **Feed Item Layouts**.
2. Click **Edit** next to Feed Item Layout.
3. Drag the Escalate to Case action from the Quick Actions category in the palette to the Quick Actions in the Salesforce Classic Publisher section.
4. Click **Save**.
5. Click **Page Layout Assignments** to confirm that the user profiles that need Question-to-Case are assigned to the Feed Item Layout.

Check which record type is assigned to the profiles that need access to the Escalate to Case action.

1. From Setup, enter **Profiles** in the **Quick Find** box, then select **Profiles**.
2. Click the name of a profile.
3. In the Record Type Settings section, make a note of which case record types the profile uses.
4. In the Permissions section, make sure that the user profile has either the **Moderate Chatter** or **Moderate Experiences Feeds** permission enabled.

Then, check which record type the Escalate to Case action uses, and change it if necessary.

1. From Setup, enter **Actions** in the **Quick Find** box, then select **Feed Item Actions**.
2. Click **Edit** next to the Escalate to Case action.
3. Confirm that the **Record Type** field shows a record type that’s assigned to the profiles that need access to this action. If it doesn’t, select an appropriate record type from the drop-down list.
4. Click **Save**.
Create a Case from a Question in Chatter

If a question in Chatter hasn’t been resolved, moderators can create a case from the question. Question-to-Case must be enabled in your org.

1. Navigate to the question in the feed.
2. Select Escalate to Case in the action dropdown menu.

A window appears that’s pre-populated with the case subject, contact, and description. Unless Question-to-Case has a queue associated with it, the case is automatically assigned to you.

3. If needed, edit the case details.
4. Create the case.

After a case is created from a Chatter question, the customer who asked the question receives an email notifying them that a case was created from their question. The email provides the case number and a link to the case.

Agents can respond to the question directly from the case feed using the action in the publisher. Agents choose who can view the response by selecting either “Customer Only” or “Everyone”. They can also navigate to the original question from the case’s detail page by clicking the link in the Question from Chatter field.

**Note:** You can also create a flow to automatically create a case from unresolved questions. Flows related to Question-to-Case act on the Feed Item object and evaluate whether question posts meet your escalation criteria. You can create flow variables based on several Feed Item fields, including:

- `BestCommentId`: The ID of the comment that was selected as the best answer. If no comment has been selected as the best answer, this field is null.
- `CommentCount`: The number of comments on a question.
- `LikeCount`: The number of likes on a question.

---

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To create a case from a question in Salesforce:
- Moderate Chatter OR Modify All Data
  AND
  Create on cases

To create a case from a question in an Experience Cloud site:
- Moderate Chatter OR Modify All Data OR Moderate Experiences Feeds
  AND
  Create on cases

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Other things to consider:

- Each flow variable’s data type must match the feed item field’s data type. CommentCount and LikeCount are number fields, while BestCommentId is a text field.
- The creation of a feed item can trigger a flow, but updates to feed items (such as likes and comments) can’t. Depending on your use case, you might need to specify how much time must pass before a related flow runs.

Restrict Experience Cloud Site User Access to Cases

Determine whether users with Customer Community Plus licenses can view and edit cases in which they’re listed as the contact. You can disable the standard sharing behavior that grants the assigned contact and everyone in their role hierarchy access to a case. After disabling this sharing behavior, you can control access to cases by creating a manual share or by using Apex managed sharing.

For example, Acme has offices around the world, and it wants to keep its cases private within each office location. By disabling the standard sharing behavior, Experience Cloud site users who transfer from one of Acme’s locations to another can no longer bring their assigned cases with them.

1. From Setup, enter Sharing Settings in the Quick Find box, and then select Sharing Settings.
2. In the Other Settings section, deselect Grant site users access to related cases.

Sales Cloud Features

Enable Sales Cloud features so that your partners can sell products quickly using partner relationship management (PRM) sites in Experience Cloud. Some objects and features, like Commerce Cloud, require add-on licenses.

For more information on how to use PRM in Experience Cloud, check out Manage Partner Relationships with Experience Cloud Sites.

Send Emails to Leads and Contacts from an Experience Cloud Site

Enable the Send Email button, so partner and customer users can send emails to leads and contacts from their Aura or Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site.

Set Up Approvals for External Users in Your Experience Cloud Site

An approval process automates how records are approved in Salesforce. An approval process specifies each step of approval, including who to request approval from and what to do at each point of the process. Customer Community Plus and Partner users in your Experience Cloud site can be assigned as approvers on records or added directly to queues. They can see and take action through the My Approvals and Approval History related lists on the record. Approvals can also be triggered directly from the site’s feed.
Send Emails to Leads and Contacts from an Experience Cloud Site

Enable the Send Email button, so partner and customer users can send emails to leads and contacts from their Aura or Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site.

1. Click Edit next to the Partner or Customer user profile.
2. Scroll down to General User Permissions and select Send Email.
3. Save your changes.
4. From Object Manager, enter Contact in the Quick Find box. Select Contacts > Page Layouts > Contact Page Layouts.
5. Add the Activity History related list to the page layout.
6. Add the Email action to Salesforce Mobile and Lightning Experience Actions.
7. Save your changes.
8. Repeat steps 4–7 for Leads.
9. To enable partner or customer site users to send emails to groups of leads, contacts, or campaign members, click Edit next to their user profile.

Note: Users with Customer Community licenses can’t send emails.

10. Select Send Email, Mass Email, and Allow sending of List Emails, from General User Permissions.

Set Up Approvals for External Users in Your Experience Cloud Site

An approval process automates how records are approved in Salesforce. An approval process specifies each step of approval, including who to request approval from and what to do at each point of the process. Customer Community Plus and Partner users in your Experience Cloud site can be assigned as approvers on records or added directly to queues. They can see and take action through the My Approvals and Approval History related lists on the record. Approvals can also be triggered directly from the site’s feed.

Note:
- Users with high-volume licenses, such as High Volume Customer Portal and Authenticated Website, can’t approve records.
- External users with legacy portal licenses can approve records in the Experience Cloud site, but not in legacy portals created before 2013.
- Email draft approval processes aren’t supported in Experience Cloud sites.

When setting up approvals or queues, use the lookup fields to find customer and partner users. For example, when setting up an approval, if you want to automatically assign a customer user as an approver use the lookup list to find and specify the user.
If you set up email notifications for your approval workflows, emails are sent based on-site membership. If the user is a member of multiple active sites, the email comes from the oldest active one. Any links included in the email point users directly to the approval within the site.

In the Salesforce mobile app, users can see and act from the Approval History related list, but they can’t submit requests for approval. To submit requests for approvals, the user must do so from the full Salesforce site.

SEE ALSO:
- Set Up an Approval Process
- Approval Limits
- Create Queues

Collaboration Features

Enable collaboration features so users in your Experience Cloud sites can collaborate with one another and with employees in your org.

Chatter Features in Aura Sites
Chatter is a social network for holding and preserving discussions in a business, customer site, or other enterprise. Site members can use Chatter to engage with your organization, seek expert advice, and revisit relevant discussions. Chatter gives you a direct view into your site, fostering insight and inspiration, and lets you stay focused on your business and the things you want to get done. In sites, Chatter if often referred to as feeds or discussions. While Chatter is available in sites built using Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce templates, lots of extra features that support customer and partner site are available only in Aura sites.

Chatter Features in Aura and Visualforce Sites
Chatter is available in sites built using Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce templates. While many features that support customer and partner site are available only in Aura sites, some features are available in both types of templates. Chatter is enabled by default in orgs created after June 22, 2010.

Work with Files in Your Experience Cloud Site
Customize Salesforce Files settings and understand file sharing and visibility to get the most out of Files in your Experience Cloud site.

Enable Ideas in Your Experience Cloud Site
Ideas enable a group of users to post, vote for, and comment on ideas. Enabling Ideas provides an online, transparent way for you to attract, manage, and showcase innovation.
Chatter Features in Aura Sites

Chatter is a social network for holding and preserving discussions in a business, customer site, or other enterprise. Site members can use Chatter to engage with your organization, seek expert advice, and revisit relevant discussions. Chatter gives you a direct view into your site, fostering insight and inspiration, and lets you stay focused on your business and the things you want to get done. In sites, Chatter is often referred to as feeds or discussions. While Chatter is available in sites built using Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce templates, lots of extra features that support customer and partner site are available only in Aura sites.

For example, threaded discussions add dimension to your feeds by including the power to reply to answers and comments. Company verification puts your organization’s stamp of approval on an answer to a customer question. Streams join multiple feeds together into one mega-feed. Direct messages create break-out sessions with a customer or partner needing individual attention. Chatter is enabled by default in orgs created after June 22, 2010.

Close a Conversation, Poll, or Question in an Aura Site
The question is answered, the topic discussed, the poll decided. What do you do now? You end the conversation. Admins, moderators, and permitted members can close a question, poll, or post in an Aura site. And, if needed, they can reopen it. It’s a nice way to stop the churning on a settled matter.

Pin Posts in an Aura Site
Pin a post to give more exposure to your most critical information. In your site’s group and topics feeds, an authorized user can pin up to three posts to the top of the feed. A pinned post stays in place until an authorized user unpins it. Pinning a post is only available in Aura sites.

Add Groups to an Aura Site
Want more collaborative sites or communities? Give site members and guest users the ability to browse and join groups in your Aura site. Use the standard design for groups or create your own customized version of the group detail page using separate components.

Move Feed Items from One Public Group Feed to Another
In Aura, the Move option on feed item dropdown menus offers a way to relocate feed items from one public group feed to another. Use Move to improve an item’s visibility or to place it in a more relevant context. For example, if a user posts a Sales poll in a Marketing feed by mistake, the poll can easily be moved to the right location. System Administrators, Community Managers, and Chatter Moderators can move posts, polls, and questions.

Threaded Discussions in an Aura Site
When you talk to people, it’s rarely like a feed, where one person asks a question and everyone else answers. In real life, when one person asks a question, someone answers, and then there’s a reply to that answer, and a reply to that reply. With threaded discussions, you can participate in this lively flow in your sites.

Chatter Streams in Aura Sites
Your Aura site members can combine multiple feeds into a stream to create a single point of access to related information. Combine feeds of top contributors or discussions concerning a particular product line. Create a stream that combines feeds from discussions, groups, topics, profiles, and all kinds of objects, like cases, opportunities, and accounts. No more jumping from feed-to-feed to figure out what people are saying. Each member can create up to 100 streams.

Enable Direct Messages in an Aura Site
Allow members to send direct messages to start a private conversation with up to 16 people, including the sender. Direct messages are supported in all Aura sites and in Lightning Bolt Solutions, such as the Lightning Partner Management solution.
Verify Answers for Your Company

Sometimes there’s more than one correct answer to a question. Among the correct answers, your company can prefer one course for people to follow. You can highlight an answer that your company endorses by marking it as Company Verified. Questions marked as Company Verified or as Best Answer are copied to the top of the thread under a Top Rated Answers section.

SEE ALSO:
- Enable Code Snippets and Assign Permissions to Use Them
- Rename the Chatter Tab
- Pin Posts in an Aura Site
- Verify Answers for Your Company
- Enable Upvotes and Downvotes
- Add Rich Publisher Apps to Your Feeds

Close a Conversation, Poll, or Question in an Aura Site

The question is answered, the topic discussed, the poll decided. What do you do now? You end the conversation. Admins, moderators, and permitted members can close a question, poll, or post in an Aura site. And, if needed, they can reopen it. It’s a nice way to stop the churning on a settled matter.

Closing conversations is available in group, topic, discussion, and user profile feeds in your Experience Builder sites. Admins and moderators can close posts, polls, and questions without any special configuration. Admins can assign the Close Conversation Threads permission to site members.

Note: When a conversation is exposed in your internal org, for example, through a cross-site stream, the conversation’s open or close status is respected.

After a thread is closed, some actions are available to all and some actions are available only to admins and authorized members. This table outlines who can do what after a feed item is closed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Availability on a Closed Conversation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Add a comment</td>
<td>Blocked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Answer a question</td>
<td>Blocked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vote on a poll</td>
<td>Blocked</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit a feed item or its comments or answers</td>
<td>Blocked to author; available to admins, moderators, and people with the Close Conversation Threads permission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit a topic</td>
<td>Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete a feed item or its comments or answers</td>
<td>Blocked to author; available to admins, moderators, and people with the Close Conversation Threads permission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If a user has the Close Conversation Threads permission, they can delete feed items whether the conversation is open or closed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publish a pending review comment (site moderation)</td>
<td>Available to admins and moderators</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: Aura sites

USER PERMISSIONS

To assign close conversation permission to a user in a site:
- Enable Chatter
  AND
- Create and Set Up Experiences

To close a conversation, in a site:
- Close Conversation Threads
### Action | Availability on a Closed Conversation
--- | ---
Like or unlike; upvote or downvote | Available
Select or remove a best answer | Blocked to author; available to admins, moderators, and people with the Close Conversation Threads permission
Company verify; remove verification | Available only to people with the Verify Answers to Chatter Questions permission
Flag | Available
Share | Available
Bookmark | Available
Mute and unmute | Available
Escalate to case | Available only to people permitted to escalate a feed item to a case

1. Go to the feed item, for example, a question, poll, or post, and open its overflow menu.
2. To close a question, select **Close Question**; to close a post, **Close Post**; to close a poll **Close Poll**.

The feed item is closed to most new actions.

![Image of a feed item with options]

**Note:** When a feed item is closed, the overflow menu shows open options, for example, **Open Question**, **Open Post**, and **Open Poll**.
Pin Posts in an Aura Site

Pin a post to give more exposure to your most critical information. In your site’s group and topics feeds, an authorized user can pin up to three posts to the top of the feed. A pinned post stays in place until an authorized user unpins it. Pinning a post is only available in Aura sites.

When all permissions are in place, the Pin option appears on a feed item’s overflow menu in your site’s group and topics feeds. The Pin option doesn’t appear on a feed item’s overflow menu in the item’s detail view.

To enable post pinning for your org, go to Setup > Chatter Settings, and select Allow post pinning. After post pinning is enabled, admins, community managers, and group owners and managers can pin posts. Admins can also assign the Pin Posts in Feeds permission to users through user profiles and permission sets.

When you pin a post, it appears twice in the feed: where it was posted and in its pinned position at the top of the feed. You can pin only the posts that were added directly to the feed. You can’t pin posts that were added through an @mention.

Pinned posts are similar to announcements, with these differences.

• Announcements are available only to group feeds. Post pinning is available to group and topics feeds.
• Announcements follow a linear timeline: you post it, and you let it expire. Pinned posts are more flexible: you can pin posts from the past or the present.
• An announcement expires on a set date. A pinned post stays pinned until an authorized user unpins it.
• Only group owners and managers and users with the “Modify All Data” permission can post and delete group announcements. Admins can choose who is authorized to pin posts.
• You can post only one announcement per group feed. Authorized users can pin up to three posts to the top of a feed.
• You can add style to a pinned post with the rich text editor.
Add Groups to an Aura Site

Want more collaborative sites or communities? Give site members and guest users the ability to browse and join groups in your Aura site. Use the standard design for groups or create your own customized version of the group detail page using separate components.

1. To enable groups in your site, add groups to the site’s navigation menu. Go to Settings > Navigation.
2. In the dropdown, click Edit for the navigation menu that you want to customize.
3. Click Add Menu Item (1), and give your new menu item a name.
4. From the Type dropdown, select Salesforce Object. Then select Group for the Object Type and Active Groups for the Default List View (2).
5. Enable Publicly available (3) so guest users can browse through the list of active public groups.

6. Save your changes.
7. If you haven’t already, customize the group publisher layout to include the Add Member action. With this action, group owners and managers can add members to the group, and it’s not shown in the list of actions in the group by default.

Site visitors can access a new page in your site with a list of active groups using the navigation menu. When users click the name of an active group, they’re redirected to the group detail page. If it’s a private group, they’re asked to log in. Only logged-in group members can view private group content.

Important: If you’re adding Groups to an LWR site, you must create object pages for the Groups object. If you don’t create the object pages, site visitors can’t see the Groups when they click the menu item.

A few things to keep in mind:
- When you enable groups in your site, the default Group Detail page is used to display group data. This page uses the Group component under the hood for formatting and layout. The Group component is a composite, one-stop component that includes the group banner, group details, related lists, and the group feed. We recommend using this composite component, especially if you want your site pages to be responsive across desktop and mobile device browsers.
• If you prefer to use a different layout or want more control over the placement of group content, create a custom page. Then use the Group Banner, Group Details, Group Related List, and Feed components. Depending on how you use the individual components, custom pages aren’t always responsive across all devices.

Group list in the Customer Service Template

Group detail page in Customer Service Template
Enable Other Salesforce Features in Experience Cloud Sites
**Move Feed Items from One Public Group Feed to Another**

In Aura, the **Move** option on feed item dropdown menus offers a way to relocate feed items from one public group feed to another. Use Move to improve an item’s visibility or to place it in a more relevant context. For example, if a user posts a Sales poll in a Marketing feed by mistake, the poll can easily be moved to the right location. System Administrators, Community Managers, and Chatter Moderators can move posts, polls, and questions.

**Note:** You can’t move feed items into or out of public, broadcast-only groups.

When you move an item:

- Mentions are preserved.
- Announcements become announcements in the target group.
- Things that are included in or attached to the feed item stay included or attached.

For example, moved items bring their answers, comments, replies, topics, bookmarks, attachments, and other related entities with them. If an answer is marked as best, that status is preserved.

**Note:** To move a post that’s pinned, unpin it first.

1. Open the dropdown menu on the feed item to be moved, and select **Move**.
2. In the Move Feed Item to Another Public Group dialog, search for the group to move the item to.
3. In the search results, select the target group, and then click **Move**.

The item, along with all of its related entities, is removed from the first public group and placed in the second.

Users receive notifications about the moved feed item according to their preferences. So, assuming people have opted in to the related notification setting:

- People who follow the target group are notified.
- When the person who moved the feed item is also a follower of the target group, they’re notified.
- People who are mentioned in the moved feed item are notified about the mention.
- The moved item’s author is not notified. The author isn’t notified because, no matter their notification settings, a feed item’s author isn’t notified about their post actions.

**SEE ALSO:**

- Experience Cloud Site Moderation Strategies and Tools
Threaded Discussions in an Aura Site

When you talk to people, it’s rarely like a feed, where one person asks a question and everyone else answers. In real life, when one person asks a question, someone answers, and then there’s a reply to that answer, and a reply to that reply. With threaded discussions, you can participate in this lively flow in your sites.

**EDITIONS**

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer** Editions

Applies to: Aura and Visualforce sites

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To enable threaded discussions in a site:
- Enable Chatter
  AND
  Create and Set Up Experiences

To delete a discussion thread in a community:
- Modify All Data
  OR
  Moderate Site Feeds
  OR
  Salesforce disabled block-delete at your org’s request
  AND
  You’re the author of the post, question, comment, or reply
A thread is any feed item that has one or more levels nested under it. For example, a question with an answer or a comment with a reply is a thread. When you enable threaded discussions in your site, all discussions convert to threaded discussions: Members can comment on a post, answer a question, and reply to those comments and answers. Discussions are indented up to three levels to clarify who is responding to what.
The notification emails you receive for threaded discussions link more deeply into the discussion. All notification links used to go to the top of the thread; now they land you on new thread content.

To prevent the loss of important content, in orgs created after Winter ’19 most site members are blocked from deleting discussion threads.

For orgs created after Winter ’19, blocking is the default behavior. Orgs that existed before Winter ’19 can call Salesforce Customer Support to enable blocking. When blocking is enabled, only feed moderators and users with the Modify All Data permission can delete threads.

We recommend blocking deletions because, when deletion isn’t blocked:

- A user who creates a feed item can delete any response nested under it.
- A user who deletes a feed item also deletes all responses nested under it.

If nothing is nested under a feed item, the author can always delete the item.

Enable Threaded Discussions

Enable a preference in the Administration Workspace to change all site discussions to threaded discussions. Threaded discussions add the Reply feature to feeds. In addition to commenting on a post or poll or answering a question, you can reply to an answer or a comment. Threaded discussions are indented up to three levels to clarify who is replying to what.

Enable threaded discussions in your site in the Administration Workspace.

1. Open Experience Workspaces for your site, and click the Administration Workspace.
2. Go to the Preferences page, and select Allow discussion threads.
3. Click Save.

All discussions in your site convert to threaded discussions: In addition to comments and answers, members can reply to comments and answers. Discussions are indented up to three levels to clarify who is responding to what.

Delete a Discussion Thread

Deleting a discussion thread is the same as deleting any feed item with something nested under it. The thing to consider is whether deletion is blocked in your Experience Cloud site. To prevent loss of important content, orgs created after Winter ’19 block most site members from deleting feed items that have something nested under it. For example, when a question has an answer, deletion of the question is blocked.

1. Open the actions menu on a feed item.
2. Select Delete, and then confirm the deletion.

When delete isn’t blocked, the feed item and everything nested under it are deleted. When delete is blocked, the item is deleted only under these conditions: The item has nothing nested under it and you are its author, or you have the right role or permission.
Chatter Streams in Aura Sites

Your Aura site members can combine multiple feeds into a stream to create a single point of access to related information. Combine feeds of top contributors or discussions concerning a particular product line. Create a stream that combines feeds from discussions, groups, topics, profiles, and all kinds of objects, like cases, opportunities, and accounts. No more jumping from feed-to-feed to figure out what people are saying. Each member can create up to 100 streams.

**Note:** Activity on a topic’s feed in a stream doesn’t trigger notifications.

Each site member has their own view of the Streams page where they see their own streams. On the Streams page, members can create streams and use row actions menus to edit and delete their streams.

**Add a Chatter Stream**

Create and manage streams in your Aura site’s Streams home page.

1. Open the Streams page, and click **New**.
2. In the New Stream dialog, enter a name for your stream.
3. Under **Records to Follow**, select a type of feed you want to add to this stream.

   **Note:** Knowledge articles (KAs) aren’t fully supported in streams. You can add them when you create and edit a stream by searching for the article’s ID number rather than its title. But you can’t add a KA to a stream from its Follow button like you can with other record types. Articles added to Streams using the article's ID don’t appear in Records to Follow on the Stream’s edit page. KAs also don’t appear when viewing the Follow button details on the article’s detail page.

4. In the same field, enter the name of a feed you want to add.

5. In your search results, click the feed you want to add.
   Selected feeds appear below the **Records to Follow** field.
6. Under **Notify Me**, select a notification option.

   To receive an email notification whenever a new post appears in the stream, select **Every Post**. To turn off notifications for this stream, select **Never**. You can change this selection later in a stream’s detail view.

7. Click **Save**.

   Your new stream appears in a row on the Streams page. The row lists the number of feeds (records) that are included in the stream and the names of added feeds. Stream actions appear on the row actions menu at the end of the row. To open a stream, click its name.
Edit or Delete a Chatter Stream

Easily edit a stream or delete it from your list of streams in your Aura site. Deleting a stream doesn’t delete the records or posts it contains. It deletes only the stream, which frees up space for you to create more streams.

1. Open the Streams page, and, from the row actions menu on the stream you want to remove, select **Edit** or **Delete**.

2. In the Edit Stream dialog, change the values you want to change. For example, rename the stream, delete a stream feed (record), add more feeds of a different type or the same type.

![Edit Stream dialog](image)

When you delete a record from a stream, the stream retains the posts from the deleted feed up to the point of deletion. Deleting a record stops the flow of new information from that feed into the stream.

3. Save your changes, or select **Delete**.

View Aura Site Streams from Your Internal Salesforce Org

Site members who have access to their internal Salesforce org can view their site streams from the org. When you click most site-based links from the internal org view, they lead right back to the site.

You can take many feed actions, like answer, comment, mention, and like, when you visit a site stream in your internal org. Here are some others.

- Upvote and downvote questions and answers, and see the impact in your site.
- Verify answers, and see the verification in your site.
- Click a link to a user profile, account, topic, or case, and jump to its home site.
- Add a topic, and it’s added to your site.
- Click the timestamp on a post, and jump to the post detail view in its home site.
- Copy a link that leads to the item, person, or post detail view in its home site.
- Click a mention in a site stream, and go to its home site.
There's no special setup to get links working between your site and your internal org. However, features, such as upvote and downvote and mark as company verified, do require that you enable them for your site.

**Note:**
- You can’t create a site stream from your internal Salesforce org. Create streams from your site.
- Some Chatter features that are available in a site aren’t available when you visit a site stream from your internal org. For example, file attachments, inline images, post sharing, and hover cards aren’t available when you view site streams internally.
- Site topics don’t appear when you view a stream from your internal Salesforce org. However, you can add topics.

SEE ALSO:
- Enable Upvotes and Downvotes
- Verify Answers for Your Company

### Enable Direct Messages in an Aura Site

Allow members to send direct messages to start a private conversation with up to 16 people, including the sender. Direct messages are supported in all Aura sites and in Lightning Bolt Solutions, such as the Lightning Partner Management solution.

Direct messages offer privacy for more sensitive conversations. Imagine a scenario where a customer brings up an issue they have with a product in the Experience Cloud site feed. A support agent can share that post and address the customer’s concerns privately in a direct message. Similarly, a channel manager can discuss sensitive sales data with one or more partner users in a partner site.

**Note:** Private messages and direct messages are separate features. Direct messages are newer and offer a richer feature set for private communication. Direct messages are based on Chatter and offer a rich text editor that supports inline images and attachments. With direct messages, you can start a message right from a feed post.

1. Make sure that Chatter is enabled in your org.
2. Open Experience Workspaces.
3. Under Administration, click **Preferences**.
4. Select **Enable direct messages** and save your changes.
5. In Experience Builder, click the **Profile Header** component on the Home page and select **Include My Messages**. The My Messages link appears in the user profile dropdown menu.
6. Publish your Experience cloud site.

To facilitate easy access to direct messages, add other components to your site.
- Add the **Messages** page to your site’s navigation menu for prominent placement and easy access.
- Add the **New Message Button** component to any page you want to allow members to create messages from.
- Add the **Message Notification** component to the home page.

After enabling direct messages, members can start a direct message conversation:
- From the Messages page.
- From user profiles and from hovers on users names.
- From the Message Notification and the New Message Button components on-site pages.
- By sharing a feed post as a direct message.
Members can flag messages that are spam or inappropriate. They can also opt to receive email notifications when someone sends them a direct message or responds to a conversation they’re a part of. Members can access their direct message conversations by clicking My Messages in their user profile dropdown menu.

To allow members to flag messages that are inappropriate, select the Allow members to flag content preference in the Administration tile of Experience Workspaces.

![Message list view](image)

Here's what the messages list view looks like:

Note: The maximum number of people who can participate in a single direct message, including the sender, is 16. If people leave, you can add more people, up to a total of 16.
SEE ALSO:
- Edit Pages and Components in Experience Builder
- Flagged Direct Messages
- Manage Your Site Email Notifications

Direct Message Limitations

Before you enable direct messages for your Aura site, review these considerations.

- Direct messages require that Chatter is enabled in your org.
- Direct messages can be enabled only in Experience Builder sites and in Lightning Bolt Solutions.
- Users with the View All Data and Modify All Data permissions can’t access direct message data unless they’re participants in the conversation.
- Only users with the Manage Chatter Messages and Direct Messages permission can view all the direct messages data in your org.
- The maximum number of people who can participate in a single direct message, including the sender, is 16. If people leave, you can add more people, up to a total of 16.
• To moderate flagged direct messages, the moderator needs the Moderate Chatter Messages and Direct Messages permission and the Moderate Experiences Chatter Messages permission.
• To maintain privacy, direct messages aren’t included in search results.
• When members flag a direct message, the entire conversation is flagged. Individual messages can’t be flagged.
• If you have private messages enabled, they remain available. However, direct messages are better integrated with Lightning technology. We recommend that you switch to direct messages.

For Developers
Direct messages are supported in Connect REST API. Under the hood, direct messages are a special implementation of feed posts and comments parented to a direct message entity. If you use Connect REST API to create a custom implementation of direct messages, a few things to keep in mind:

• The first message is stored as a feed post and the responses are stored as comments.
• Unlike other objects, direct messages can’t have multiple feed posts associated with a single direct message conversation.
• You can’t follow, like, share, mention people in, mute, and bookmark feed items associated with direct messages. You also can’t associate topics with direct message feed items.
• Feeds associated with direct messages aren’t accessible via search, public feeds, or streams.
• Email notifications for direct messages aren’t supported for custom implementations built for the internal Salesforce org.
• Direct messages are only supported on the Messages page. Using direct messages on custom pages isn’t supported and can lead to unexpected authentication results.
• In the Experience Cloud site UI, direct messages display only to the participants in the conversation. However, Apex code runs in system mode, which means that the permissions of the current user aren’t considered. This limitation has implications for pages that use Apex and Visualforce.
  – Review your Visualforce pages for any potential exposure of direct message data.
  – Review your AppExchange apps that are written in Apex to ensure that direct message data isn’t exposed.
  – Visualforce and Apex developers in your org might be able to access direct message data.

Use permission sets, profile-level permissions, and sharing checks in your code to limit user access.

SEE ALSO:
Enable Direct Messages in an Aura Site
Verify Answers for Your Company

Sometimes there’s more than one correct answer to a question. Among the correct answers, your company can prefer one course for people to follow. You can highlight an answer that your company endorses by marking it as Company Verified. Questions marked as Company Verified or as Best Answer are copied to the top of the thread under a Top Rated Answers section.

To ensure that the best qualified site members speak for the company, community managers can give these users the Verify Answers to Chatter Questions permission through user profiles or permission sets. Users with this permission see the Company Verify option on the answer dropdown menu in feeds that they have access to.

Chatter Features in Aura and Visualforce Sites

Chatter is available in sites built using Aura and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce templates. While many features that support customer and partner site are available only in Aura sites, some features are available in both types of templates. Chatter is enabled by default in orgs created after June 22, 2010.

Add Rich Publisher Apps to Your Feeds

Customize the Chatter publisher with payloads that are unique to your business process. Add a form to a post; choose from a selection of branding images; add inspiration to your feed with profound quotations. Select from the custom apps your team creates or acquires from AppExchange. Add up to five apps to the Chatter publisher.

Enable Chatter Questions in Your Experience Cloud Site

Chatter Questions helps you promote engagement by giving users the ability to ask and answer questions in their Chatter feed, in groups, and in records. Members in your users’ groups and Experience Cloud sites can answer questions in Chatter just as they would comment on a Chatter post. Users in sites built on the Customer Service template can also attach files to questions.
Data Model for Peer-to-Peer Conversations in Experience Cloud Sites

Experience Cloud uses Chatter behind the scenes for peer-to-peer conversations in Experience Cloud sites. To keep conversations in your internal org separate from the ones in an external-facing site, each Chatter post or conversation is tied to the Experience Cloud site that it belongs to. If you have more than one external-facing site, the same is true for conversations in each site—each one is tied to the site that it belongs to.

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Customize the Chatter publisher with payloads that are unique to your business process. Add a form to a post; choose from a selection of branding images; add inspiration to your feed with profound quotations. Select from the custom apps your team creates or acquires from AppExchange. Add up to five apps to the Chatter publisher.

Add Rich Publisher Apps to the Chatter publisher.

1. Go to Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Rich Publisher Apps.
3. Move apps between the Available Apps and Selected Apps lists.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: Aura and Visualforce sites

USER PERMISSIONS

To add Rich Publisher Apps to the Chatter publisher:

- Chatter Enabled
  AND
  Create and Set Up Experiences
4. Rearrange the Selected Apps list in the order you want the apps’ icons to appear in the Chatter publisher.

Selected apps appear to the right of the Attach icon in the Chatter publisher. The apps appear in the order you arranged them in the Selected Apps column.
Enable Chatter Questions in Your Experience Cloud Site

Chatter Questions helps you promote engagement by giving users the ability to ask and answer questions in their Chatter feed, in groups, and in records. Members in your users’ groups and Experience Cloud sites can answer questions in Chatter just as they would comment on a Chatter post. Users in sites built on the Customer Service template can also attach files to questions.

To set up Chatter Questions, add the Question action to the global publisher layout. In orgs created after Summer ’14, the Question action is automatically added, but we recommend dragging it to the far left to increase its visibility.

1. From Setup, enter Publisher Layouts in the Quick Find box, then select Publisher Layouts.
2. Click Edit next to the global publisher layout.
3. Drag the Question action from the palette to the global publisher layout. If the Question action already appears in the layout, drag it to the location where you want it.
4. Click Save.

**Note:** If you’re using a customized publisher layout in groups or on records, make sure that the Question action is added to those layouts as well.

Enable Upvotes and Downvotes

Enable upvoting and downvoting in lieu of liking questions and answers in your Experience Cloud site. When you enable upvoting and downvoting, members see an Upvote option under a question or answer and a Downvote option on the question or answer’s overflow menu. The Like option goes away. Upvoting and downvoting are disabled by default in Experience Cloud sites created in Spring ’19 and later.

SEE ALSO:

Track Use of Chatter Questions in Your Salesforce Organization and Experience Cloud Sites
Enable Upvotes and Downvotes

Enable upvoting and downvoting in lieu of liking questions and answers in your Experience Cloud site. When you enable upvoting and downvoting, members see an Upvote option under a question or answer and a Downvote option on the question or answer’s overflow menu. The Like option goes away. Upvoting and downvoting are disabled by default in Experience Cloud sites created in Spring ’19 and later.

For sites created before the Winter ’18 release, it’s an easy task to enable up and down voting.

When you change to upvotes, pre-existing likes are included in the upvote count. Click the count to see a list of the people who have upvoted.

Note:

- No one is listed more than once, even if a person both liked and upvoted a question or answer. But each like and upvote is counted. For example, if someone both liked and upvoted a question, the count is 2, although their name is listed only once. If you prefer not to merge your like and upvote counts, contact Salesforce support.
On influence cards, upvotes count as likes received. Your own upvotes on your own posts or comments aren’t counted towards influence. Downvoting a post or comment doesn’t reduce the like count, unless a user is changing their own upvote to a downvote.

Members must be logged in to a site to use the upvote and downvote feature.

1. Go to Experience Workspaces and click Administration > Preferences.
2. Under Experience Management, select Allow members to upvote and downvote.
3. Click Save.

Data Model for Peer-to-Peer Conversations in Experience Cloud Sites

Experience Cloud uses Chatter behind the scenes for peer-to-peer conversations in Experience Cloud sites. To keep conversations in your internal org separate from the ones in an external-facing site, each Chatter post or conversation is tied to the Experience Cloud site that it belongs to. If you have more than one external-facing site, the same is true for conversations in each site—each one is tied to the site that it belongs to.

You don’t have to worry about your Experience Cloud site users seeing your internal Chatter conversations, or vice versa. Here are the primary objects behind Chatter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EDITIONS</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applies to: Aura and Visualforce sites</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Here's what the key objects represent in terms of your peer-to-peer conversations.

- **User**—The person who is posting to the site.
- **FeedItem**—A new post or thread on a site.
- **FeedComment**—A comment added to an existing post.
- **FeedLike**—Tracks who liked a post.
- **FeedAttachment**—Tracks which file or link was attached to a post.
- **FeedPollChoice**—Shows the choices for a poll that's posted in the feed.
- **FeedPollVote**—Tracks how users voted on a poll that's posted in the feed.
- **ContentDocument**—Represents a file uploaded to the site as an attachment or an inline image in a post.
- **ContentVersion**—Tracks file versioning. When you upload a file (ContentDocument), a child ContentVersion record is created.
- **CollaborationGroup**—A group in the site.
- **CollaborationGroupMember**—A member of a group.
- **Topic**—A topic (#hashtag) of conversation.
- **TopicAssignment**—Links a topic to a conversation in the site.
- **EntitySubscription**—Tracks which records or users someone is following.

Here are a few other important objects to be aware of.

- **Contact**—All external site users (people who don't work for your company) must first be created as contacts before they can be enabled as a user of your Experience Cloud site.
Migrate Peer-to-Peer Conversations to Your Experience Cloud Site

Migrating peer-to-peer conversations from other platforms can be a part of creating an Experience Cloud site. Understand the steps to take before migrating and how to use Data Loader to migrate conversations.

Before you can load your data, perform these steps.

- **Create your Experience Cloud site.**
- **Create the profiles to assign to your internal and external users, as applicable.**
- **Assign profiles to your site (Setup > All Sites > Workspaces [for the site you’re working on] > Administration > Members).**
- **Create an Account and Contact (for B2B sites) or a Person Account (for B2C sites) before creating an external user. Internal users (employees of your company) aren’t linked to accounts and contacts. Your internal users can exist in Salesforce, so you don’t need to create them as users.**
- **Put together a plan for how to migrate your data. Identify how to transform the data from your current format into the format that Salesforce uses. We recommend that you do a trial run of your data load into a full sandbox before migrating in production. Create a guide to refer to when you do the load into production.**
- **As with all data migrations, do a test load of a few records first. Ensure the data looks as you expect, and then proceed with the full load. This process is especially important when loading conversations to ensure that they render the way you expect them to.**

**Important:**

- When you create site users during the data load, don’t send a welcome email. You can prevent this action by taking your site offline or by deactivating the welcome email option.
- To prevent users from receiving Chatter email alerts during the data load, turn off emails for all your site members. Email notification preferences are site-specific and are stored in the NetworkMember object. Query NetworkMember (SELECT Id, NetworkId, PreferencesDisableAllFeedsEmail FROM NetworkMember WHERE NetworkId = 'ENTER YOUR 18-DIGIT SITE ID HERE') and set the PreferencesDisableAllFeedsEmail field for all users in the community to TRUE. Be sure to set it back to FALSE after the entire data load is complete so that site members get email notifications after the site is live. We advise not globally disabling all system emails from your sandbox when doing a test load. Disabling all system emails when doing the data load in production prevents other departments that also use your Salesforce instance from sending email.

There are many dependencies between objects when migrating posts, so it’s important to pay attention to the order in which the data is loaded. Here is our recommended order and the key required fields to populate to be successful.

1. **Accounts**—Ensure that the Account Owner for each account has a role assigned to their user. If you aren’t specifying an Account Owner, ensure that the user doing the data load has a role assigned to them. Users without an assigned role can’t load users.
   - For business accounts—Account Name
b. For person accounts—First Name; Last Name

2. Contact—if you’re person accounts, upload contacts as they're automatically created when you load their information to the Accounts object. At a minimum, be sure to load these fields.
   a. AccountId
   b. First Name
   c. Last Name

3. User
   a. ContactId: Leave blank if creating a user in your Salesforce org who works for your organization. Only external users must be linked to a contact.
   b. FirstName
   c. LastName
   d. Email
   e. Username: The username in the format of an email address that members use to log in and isn’t visible to anyone else in the site.
   f. Alias: The alias doesn’t appear anywhere in the site, but it’s a globally required field in Salesforce.
   g. Nickname: If you choose to use a nickname instead of first and last names, the nickname appears to users in the site.
   h. ProfileId
   i. LanguageLocaleKey: The user’s language and locale.
   j. LocaleSidKey: The two-digit ISO language code. For example, English (United States) is en_US.
   k. TimeZoneId
   l. EmailEncodingKey: The email encoding for the user, such as ISO-8859-1 or UTF-8.

4. CollaborationGroup
   a. GroupName
   b. OwnerId: The user ID of the person who owns the group.
   c. CollaborationType: Controls the visibility of the group.
      • Public: Anyone can see and post updates. Anyone can join a public group.
      • Private: Only members can see the group feed and post updates. Non-members can see only the group name and a few other details in list views, search, and on the group page. The group’s owner or managers add members who request to join the group.
      • Unlisted: Only members and users with the Manage Unlisted Groups permission can see the group and post updates. Other users can’t access the group or see it in lists, search, or feeds.

5. CollaborationGroupMember
   a. GroupId: The ID of the group
   b. CollaborationRole: If the user is a Standard or Admin user.
   c. MemberId The user ID of the member.

6. Topic
   a. Name
b. Description

c. NetworkId: The 18-digit Experience Cloud site ID.

7. ContentDocument: For information about how to load files, see Upload Content with the Data Loader. You can leave the ParentId (for example, Library) field blank because files attached to Chatter records typically aren’t stored in Libraries.

8. FeedItem

a. Body: The main content of your post. Only specific HTML tags are supported, so make sure to clean your data before attempting to upload.

b. Type: The kind of post made.

Some common options:
  • AdvancedTextPost: For announcements in groups.
  • ContentPost: A post with an attached file.
  • QuestionPost: Used for posting a question to a topic or group. If using topics to organize your site, chances are that this type is the one you use the most.
  • PollPost: Used if the post includes a poll in groups.
  • LinkPost: A post with an attached URL (for example, a URL that isn’t embedded into the body of the post and is stored in a separate field in your source system).

c. IsRichText

  • True: Use when there’s HTML markup.
  • False: Use if plain text.

d. NetworkScope: The 18-digit site ID. To get the ID, you can query the Network object in Data Loader. This query returns the name and ID of all sites in your org: SELECT Id,Name FROM Network.

e. ParentId: If this was posted into a group, enter the corresponding CollaborationGroup ID. If it was posted to a topic, enter the ID of the user who created the post.

f. Visibility: AllUsers

g. Title: If using a type of QuestionPost, enter the question title here.

9. FeedComment: When adding feed comments, it’s crucial to add attachments at the time of creation. You can’t edit a comment and add an attachment to it.

a. FeedItemId: The parent post that the comment is related to.

b. CommentBody: The content in the post.

c. ThreadParentId: Leave empty if a comment is the first level down of comment on a post. If it is below an existing comment, enter the FeedItemId from its parent comment.

d. CommentType

  • ContentComment: A comment that includes an attachment.
  • TextComment: A direct text entry on a comment.

e. RelatedRecordId—ID of the ContentVersion object associated with a ContentComment. This field is null for all comments except ContentComment.

10. FeedLike

a. FeedItemId: If the like is related to a post, enter the FeedItemId from the post here.
b. **FeedEntityId**: If the like is related to a comment, enter the **FeedCommentId** from the comment here.

11. **FeedAttachment**
   a. **FeedEntityId**: The ID of the associated post (**FeedItem**) that contains this attachment.
   b. **RecordId**: The ID of the record that this feed attachment contains. For inline images, **RecordId** is a **ContentDocument** ID. For content attachments, **RecordId** is a **ContentVersion** ID.
   c. **Title**: The title of this feed attachment. When **Type** is **Link**, the **Title** value is the label for the attachment link. Otherwise, the **Title** value isn’t used.
   d. **Type**: The type of this feed attachment. Valid values are:
      - **Content**: A content attachment.
      - **FeedEntity**: A feed entity, such as a shared post. Available in API version 39 and later in Lightning Experience.
      - **InlineImage**: An inline image. The system creates an inline image attachment when an image is added to the body of the associated **FeedItem**. You can’t add an inline image directly by using **FeedAttachment**.
      - **Link**
   e. **Value**: Enter the URL here if the feed attachment is **Type** = **Link**. Otherwise, leave blank.

12. **TopicAssignment**
   a. **EntityId**: The ID of the post (such as **FeedItem**) that corresponds to the topic.
   b. **TopicId**: The ID of the topic to assign to the feed.

13. **EntitySubscription**
   a. **ParentId**: The ID of the record being followed. For example, it could be the ID of a user or a topic being followed.
   b. **SubscriberId**: The ID of the user who is following the record.
   c. **NetworkId**: The 18-digit site ID.

14. **NetworkMember**: Member records were already created. However, if you want to migrate user email preferences or reputation points earned, update these records as a final step of your migration.

**Other Considerations**
- **External IDs**—You can’t add external ID fields to most of the objects, so keep your success files from each data load to track the relationship between your source data and Salesforce. You can then use **VLOOKUPS** to populate the Salesforce ID from the parent record created into the next file load.
- **Threaded conversations**—If your current platform uses threaded conversations, load **FeedComments** in several batches. For example, group all top-level comments into one file and load them. Then group all the posts beneath those comments into the next data load, and so on. Only threaded conversations that are three levels deep are supported.
- **Inactive users**—If you’ve had your legacy forum for some time, chances are that you have some users who are no longer active. Migrate them as active users so that you can bring over their posts and comments, and then deactivate their user record. If you’re using member-based licenses and are migrating more users than you have licenses, before starting your data load, contact your Account Executive to discuss which options are available.
- **Formatting posts**—The trickiest part of this load is getting your posts into the correct format. If you can’t migrate your posts exactly the way you want with these instructions, see the **Connect REST API Developer Guide** for how a developer could load your posts and comments to the site.
- **Updating Chatter posts to select best answer**—If your current forum has the concept of a best answer, update the **BestCommentId** field on the **FeedItem** records after loading all your **FeedComments**. You can’t set this value during the initial **FeedItem** insert, because the child **FeedComment** records don’t yet exist.
- Uploading Chatter profile photos and Chatter polls—This upload must be done via Connect REST API. For more information, see this guide on photos and this guide on polls.
- What can’t be migrated—For example, you can’t migrate the view count on posts or whether a user has or hasn’t viewed a post.

Work with Files in Your Experience Cloud Site

Customize Salesforce Files settings and understand file sharing and visibility to get the most out of Files in your Experience Cloud site.

File Visibility and Sharing in Experience Cloud Sites
When sharing and viewing files, context matters. Experience Cloud site files are tied to the site context in which they’re created or uploaded, with a few exceptions.

Customize Experience Cloud Site Libraries with Images
Give each library a unique look by branding it with an image.

Limit Files in Your Experience Cloud Site
Restrict the size and types of files that your members can upload. This list of file types lets you control what your members upload and also prevents spammers from polluting your Experience Cloud site with inappropriate files.

Make Files on Records Visible to Customers
The Customer Access toggle on a file’s sharing detail page lets you decide when customers can see individual files on records.

Display Images Faster on All Devices
When guest users visit your site, cached images are optimized to best suit the user’s phone, tablet, or desktop computer. Image optimization makes your site’s pages load faster, which creates a better browsing experience for your visitors.

Display Optimized Images on Mobile Devices
Asset file images are optimized for mobile display in Experience Cloud sites. Mobile-optimized image display creates a version of images that is better suited to a small screen and slower connection. This preference, which is enabled by default, lets customers who use file assets in sites see logos and product images faster on mobile devices.

File Visibility and Sharing in Experience Cloud Sites
When sharing and viewing files, context matters. Experience Cloud site files are tied to the site context in which they’re created or uploaded, with a few exceptions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Who</th>
<th>What</th>
<th>File Visibility</th>
<th>File Sharing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Site user</td>
<td>Files - general</td>
<td>Regardless of the Experience Cloud site, users see files:</td>
<td>For files that are not in libraries, you can only share them in the Experience Cloud site where they were uploaded. For files in libraries that you can access, you can share them across sites when you share to a record. You can’t share files from the file detail page in Experience Cloud sites. Prevent others from sharing and unsharing a file that you own by</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<p>| Site user         | Files -   | Regardless of the Experience Cloud site, users see files:                    | For files that are not in libraries, you can only share them in the Experience Cloud site where they were uploaded. For files in libraries that you can access, you can share them across sites when you share to a record. You can’t share files from the file detail page in Experience Cloud sites. Prevent others from sharing and unsharing a file that you own by |
| Site user         | general   | they own                                                                     |                                                                               |
| Site user         | general   | shared with them directly                                                     |                                                                               |
| Site user         | general   | shared to an Experience Cloud site they’re a member of                        |                                                                               |
| Site user         | general   | shared to a group they can access                                              |                                                                               |</p>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Site user</td>
<td>Files shared with users</td>
<td>To view a file, the user must be a member of the Experience Cloud site the file was created in.</td>
<td>If users can view a file, they can share it, unless the Prevent others from sharing and unsharing option is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site user</td>
<td>Files shared with groups</td>
<td>To view a file shared with a group, the user must have access to the group and the Experience Cloud site where the file was uploaded.</td>
<td>To share a file with a group, the group and the file must be in the same Experience Cloud site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site user</td>
<td>Files on records</td>
<td>To view a file on a record, the user requires access to the record. The file visibility on the record must be set to allow site users.</td>
<td>A library file can be shared with a record with no restrictions. Use the Customer Access switch on a file’s sharing detail page to allow customers to see individual files on records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site user</td>
<td>Files in libraries</td>
<td>Site users who are members of a library can view files in that library.</td>
<td>To share a file with a library, you must be a member of the library. Users with the Manage Experiences permission or Access Experience Management can share library files across sites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guest user</td>
<td>Files - general</td>
<td>To give guest users access to files in Experience Cloud sites, select Give access to public API requests on Chatter in Experience Workspaces &gt; Administration &gt; Preferences.</td>
<td>To let guest users upload files in Experience Cloud sites, select Allow site guest users to upload files in Setup &gt; Salesforce Files &gt; General Settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guest user</td>
<td>Files shared with records</td>
<td>When your Experience Cloud site allows guest users, they can access a file shared with a record on any entity, such as an account or opportunity. Guest users can view Notes and Attachments but not the Files Related List. Learn how to enable Customer Access for a file.</td>
<td>For guest users, only publicly accessible files can be downloaded.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: To share from a library to a group in an Experience Cloud site, upload the file to the Files List component in an Aura site. This is an example of uploading to the library within the context of the site. Alternatively, you can share the file with a record, or custom object that is accessible in the site.

Customize Experience Cloud Site Libraries with Images

Give each library a unique look by branding it with an image.

Library users can identify libraries at a glance without having to figure out which library to access. Library administrators can change images as libraries evolve or switch off branding.

1. To add a custom library image, from Files Home, click the dropdown to the right of a library, and choose Edit Library Details.
2. Click **Upload Image** under Library Image. For best results, choose an image in a 16:9 aspect ratio (for example, 480 pixels by 270 pixels).

**Note:** Branded library images are visible only in the desktop Libraries component tile view. Depending on their permissions, some external users can see library asset images, even if they’re not library members. Choose images that you’d like everyone to see. You can remove custom images anytime. If you don’t add a custom image, the default library image appears on the folder.
Limit Files in Your Experience Cloud Site

Restrict the size and types of files that your members can upload. This list of file types lets you control what your members upload and also prevents spammers from polluting your Experience Cloud site with inappropriate files.

File moderation must be enabled for your org before you can limit files in your Experience Cloud site. If you don’t see the option to limit files in Experience Workspaces, contact Salesforce.

Your file limits apply to files uploaded by members anywhere in the site—in posts and comments, directly in the Files tab, and from the Salesforce mobile app. You can also set file limits using SOAP or Metadata API.

Files uploaded before setting your file limits are unaffected. However, newer versions of those files must meet the limits you specify.

Keep the following things in mind:

• A file must meet the file limits set in the Experience Cloud site in which it’s uploaded. For example, if a customer uploads a file on a case and then an agent uploads a newer version in your Salesforce internal org, the limits from the customer site still apply.

• Files uploaded in your internal Salesforce org that are shared in a site aren’t subject to site file limits.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.

2. Select Administration > Preferences, then enter your limits in the Files section on the page.
   
   a. Maximum file size in MB—Enter a number between 3 MB and your org’s maximum file size. To use the default limit of 2 GB, leave this field empty or enter 0.

   b. Allow only these file types—Enter file extensions separated with a comma (for example: jpg, docx, txt). You can enter lowercase and uppercase letters. You can enter up to 1,000 characters. To allow all file types, leave this field empty.

3. Click Save.

After you set your file limits, members receive an error message if their file is larger than the size you set or if their file extension isn’t allowed.

When a member tries to upload multiple files at once and a file is found that doesn’t meet your limits, none of the files are uploaded.

Note: By default, guest user files are blocked from being uploaded. After developer customizations (Lightning pages, for instance) have been created, admins can change the settings to let guest users upload files. To enable, go to Setup and in Salesforce Files > General Settings select Allow site guest users to upload files.

Note: Files uploaded by guest users are unassigned. Unassigned files are public by default. We recommend setting up a trigger to assign an owner to files uploaded by guest users. You may also wish to restrict file upload size or type using file moderation.

SEE ALSO:

Configure Settings in Your Administration Workspace

Make Files on Records Visible to Customers

The Customer Access toggle on a file’s sharing detail page lets you decide when customers can see individual files on records.

Ensure that your customers can access files on records. Enable digital experiences to view the Customer Access option on a file’s sharing detail page. Users with collaborator or owner access to the file can change the Customer Access option. Users with view-only access to the file have read-only access to the Customer Access Option. External users can’t see this option.

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To limit files:

• Manage Experiences OR Create and Set Up Experiences

AND

Is a member of the Experience Cloud site

SEE ALSO:

Configure Settings in Your Administration Workspace

Make Files on Records Visible to Customers

The Customer Access toggle on a file’s sharing detail page lets you decide when customers can see individual files on records.

Ensure that your customers can access files on records. Enable digital experiences to view the Customer Access option on a file’s sharing detail page. Users with collaborator or owner access to the file can change the Customer Access option. Users with view-only access to the file have read-only access to the Customer Access Option. External users can’t see this option.
On Files home in Salesforce, from the row-level action list or file preview, click **Share**. To see where the file is shared, in the sharing detail window, expand the **Who Can Access** section. The customer access option is visible in the sharing detail of any file shared with a record.

To set the sharing level, in the menu next to the Customer Access option, select **Viewer** to give the customer view access to the file. If you choose **Set by Record**, then the customer’s file access depends on their record access. View access on the record provides view access to the file, and edit access on the record provides collaborator access on the file. The Customer Access option isn’t available to files shared with users, groups, workspaces, Experience Cloud sites, or orgs. If your org doesn’t have Experience Cloud enabled, the sharing setting for files on records defaults to **Customer Access - Enabled**. If you do enable digital experiences in your org, check record access settings to ensure you’re sharing the files you want with the correct customer users.

**Note:** You can only share files to records from the record using the Files related list or posting in the record’s feed.

To set the sharing settings for files sent through email, make sure that the email is in a draft form for the settings to go into effect.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Make a File Private on a Record

### Display Images Faster on All Devices

When guest users visit your site, cached images are optimized to best suit the user’s phone, tablet, or desktop computer. Image optimization makes your site’s pages load faster, which creates a better browsing experience for your visitors.

Optimization reduces an image’s byte size while keeping the perceived image quality as close to the original image as possible. The optimization feature determines the best width and image format to use based on the user’s device, browser, and operating system.

This feature is available for sites that use the Salesforce CDN. Our CDN is enabled by default for sites that use enhanced domains. You can also configure custom domains to use the Salesforce CDN option. If you have an existing custom domain on a shared certificate, we recommend that you switch it to a single certificate. There’s no downtime when you switch from a shared to a single certificate. On the Domain Edit page, select the option **Single certificate for content delivery network (CDN)**.

The image optimization feature supports JPEG, PNG for images with transparency, GIF, and web image formats. It doesn’t support Photoshop (PSD), RAW, or SVG formats.
Use these recommendations when you upload images.

- Use images with a width of 2,000–4,000 pixels.
- Keep the image’s file size between 200 KB and 2 MB.
- Use the sRGB color profile.

To disable this preference, in Experience Workspaces, under Administration > Preferences, deselect Optimize cached images for guest users on all devices.

Display Optimized Images on Mobile Devices

Asset file images are optimized for mobile display in Experience Cloud sites. Mobile-optimized image display creates a version of images that is better suited to a small screen and slower connection. This preference, which is enabled by default, lets customers who use file assets in sites see logos and product images faster on mobile devices.

To disable this preference, deselect Optimize images for mobile devices in Experience Workspaces under Administration > Preferences.

Enable Ideas in Your Experience Cloud Site

Ideas enable a group of users to post, vote for, and comment on ideas. Enabling Ideas provides an online, transparent way for you to attract, manage, and showcase innovation.

To manage org-wide settings for Ideas, follow these high-level steps:

1. From Setup, enter Ideas Settings in the Quick Find box, then select Ideas Settings.
   a. To enable Ideas for your org, select the Enable Ideas checkbox. After you enable the HTML editor, you can't disable it.
   b. Optionally, select Enable Text-Formatting, Images and Links to enable the Ideas HTML editor, which gives users WYSIWYG HTML editing and image referencing capabilities when they post or comment on ideas.
   c. Ensure that the multi-select Categories field is enabled by clicking the Enable button located below the Categories message at the top of the page. This button is not displayed if your organization already has the Categories field enabled.
   d. To let Ideas members associate more than one category with an idea, select Enable Categories. After you enable multi-select categories, you can't disable it.
   e. To let users earn points and ratings based on their activity in each zone, select Enable Reputations.
   f. In the Half-Life (in Days) field, enter the number of days. The half-life setting determines how quickly old ideas drop in ranking on the Popular Ideas subtab, to make room for ideas with more recent votes. A shorter half-life moves older ideas down the page faster than a longer half-life.

2. Define and customize fields for Ideas:
   a. Define picklist values for the Categories and Status fields. Make sure that you add the categories and statuses to the zones you are including in the Experience Cloud site.
   b. Set field-level security for standard and custom fields.
d. Optionally, add the Attachment field to the layout and set field-level security to enable users to add files to their ideas.

3. To enable experts within your zones, create a public group that includes these users.


5. Create one or more zones to organize ideas into logical groups, and associate the zones with the Experience Cloud site.

6. Customize your Ideas page layouts to display the information you want to see.

7. Create validation rules that prevent offensive language from being used in the zone.

8. Set up Apex triggers and validation rules for comments on ideas.

9. Enable user profiles for members and moderators and ensure the profiles can access Ideas.

   **Important:** To view Ideas, guest user profiles created after October 1, 2018 must have the Read on Ideas and Read on Idea Themes user permissions manually enabled.

10. Add the Ideas tab and the Idea Themes tab to the site.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Enable and Customize Ideas Settings

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## Manage Users and Data Access

One of the most important administrative tasks is setting up and maintaining your users. Salesforce provides a variety of features and tools that help you ensure that your Experience Cloud partner, customer, and guest users have the right access to data.

To get started, see Manage Users and Data Access.

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## Build and Customize Your Experience Cloud Site

Choose from several preconfigured templates to create your site. Then customize the site to suit your needs and match your brand.

**Which Experience Cloud Template Should I Use?**

Experience Cloud templates let you build responsive sites for delivering rich, branded spaces for your customers and partners. And with Experience Builder, you can accomplish a lot without coding. For example, you can edit a template’s components to include information about your site, add images to extend your branding, and include CMS content. And if you want a more customized experience, you can create custom pages, add components to pages, build custom Lightning components, and expose more Salesforce objects.

**What Is the Enhanced Sites and Content Platform?**

The enhanced sites and content platform is a flexible new system that brings together Salesforce CMS and LWR sites. From Winter ’23, enhanced LWR sites and enhanced CMS workspaces that you create are hosted together on a redesigned platform that offers partial deployment, site content search, and easy content management.

**Create an Experience Cloud Site**

Create an Experience Cloud site using a wizard that helps you choose a template that meets your business needs.
Customize Sites with Experience Builder
Experience Builder lets you easily style your site, create and customize pages, add drag-and-drop components, and deliver personalized experiences to different audiences. Choose a template to quickly start your site, and then style the pages to match your company’s branding.

Manage Your Site’s Pages and Their Properties in Experience Builder
The Pages and Page Action menus centralize all your page-related needs, from page creation to audience criteria-based page visibility and everything in between.

Track Site Users with Your Google Analytics Tracking ID
Add your Google Analytics™ tracking ID to track page views. Enable access to your Salesforce data for deeper insights. Then, adjust your pages to more accurately reach your customers.

Multilingual Sites
Experience Builder lets you create different language versions of your site to serve separate international audiences. For example, let’s say that you have customers in France and Germany. You can deliver the same site experience to each in the language that’s appropriate for their region.

Improve Experience Cloud Site Performance
Analyze your Experience Cloud site’s volume, traffic, and transaction loads to determine if your site could benefit from the many performance optimization tools available.

SEO for Experience Builder Sites
Search engine optimization (SEO) ensures that your public Experience Builder site is visible to search engines. SEO helps customers, partners, and visitors find your content via online search.

Connect Experience Cloud to Data Cloud
To provide customers the personalized, individual experiences they now expect, you need detailed insights about your users and how you can best engage with them. By connecting your enhanced LWR sites to Data Cloud, you can capture user interaction data, like clicks, scrolls, and product interactions, and send that to Data Cloud. From there you can organize your data and use it to create user profile maps, build robust site analytics, personalize your sites, generate recommendations, and discover new ways to use AI.

Add Salesforce CMS Content to Your Experience Builder Site
Use the Digital Experiences App to create, manage, and publish engaging content for your Experience Builder site. Then display your Salesforce CMS content on your Aura or LWR site using Experience Builder tools. When you use Experience Builder sites together with Salesforce CMS, you can keep your brand and content consistent everywhere the content is published.

Add Salesforce CRM Data to LWR or Aura Sites
To help your users, customers, and partners accomplish more, share Salesforce CRM data on your Experience Builder site. Aura and LWR sites have different tools for displaying CRM data.

Configure Search Functionality in Experience Cloud Sites
Help your visitors find what they’re looking for on your Experience Cloud sites.

Create a Branded Mobile App for Your Experience Cloud Site Using Mobile Publisher
Use Salesforce Mobile Publisher to create and distribute a fully branded mobile app for your Aura and LWR sites.

Lightning Bolt for Salesforce: Build Once, Then Distribute and Reuse
Lightning Bolt for Salesforce lets you quickly build and distribute industry-specific Lightning Bolt Solutions to jump-start new org capabilities. Save time by building once and then reusing. Whether it’s for your own org or you’re a consulting partner or ISV, you can reduce the time required to implement solutions and cut development costs.

Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
Update basic site settings like your site URL, site name, members, login options, and general preferences in the Administration tile of Experience Workspaces.
Which Experience Cloud Template Should I Use?

Experience Cloud templates let you build responsive sites for delivering rich, branded spaces for your customers and partners. And with Experience Builder, you can accomplish a lot without coding. For example, you can edit a template’s components to include information about your site, add images to extend your branding, and include CMS content. And if you want a more customized experience, you can create custom pages, add components to pages, build custom Lightning components, and expose more Salesforce objects.

**Note:** Apart from Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce, all templates are Lightning-based templates that you customize in Experience Builder. However, although the Aloha template is Lightning-based, it’s used to create an App Launcher, not a site. So when we talk about Experience Builder sites and templates, we mean all templates except Aloha and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce.

- **Customer Account Portal**—A private and secure place for customers to access and update their account information. Improve customer relationships and decrease service costs by letting customers work in the portal. Customers can see and pay invoices, update their account information, and search your knowledge base for answers to their most frequent questions.

- **Partner Central**—A flexible, responsive template designed for channel sales workflows. Recruit, build, and grow your partner network to drive channel sales and marketing together in a branded online space. Easily configure lead distribution, deal registration, and marketing campaigns. Share training materials and sales collateral in a central space, and use reports to track your pipeline.

- **Customer Service**—A powerful, responsive self-service template with multiple prebuilt theme options. The Customer Service template lets users post questions to the community, search for and view articles, collaborate, and contact support agents by creating cases. Supports Knowledge, Chatter Questions, and cases.

- **Help Center**—A public-access, self-service community that exposes the articles that you make available from your knowledge base. You reduce the load on your customer support team, and your users get the satisfaction of finding their own solutions.

- **Build Your Own (Aura)**—Provides the basic pages that every Experience Builder site needs: Home, Create Record, Error, Record Detail, Record List, Related Record List, Search, Check Password, Forgot Password, Login, Login Error, and Register. Add more pages and components as needed for the experience you’re building. To refine the look of your site, customize your branding and themes.

- **Build Your Own (LWR)**—Powered by the Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) framework, this customizable template delivers unparalleled page performance and improves developer productivity. Quickly build pixel-perfect pages and develop Lightning web components and themes that match your unique brand.

  Suitable for developers, consulting partners, and ISVs who are familiar with developing custom Lightning web components, and working with Salesforce DX, User Interface API, and Apex. See the LWR Sites for Experience Cloud guide.

- **Microsites (LWR)**—Use the power of LWR to create beautiful, high-performance sites perfect for event pages, landing pages, or other special purpose websites. Microsites give you all the tools to quickly spin up a website and then archive it when it’s no longer needed.

  Suitable for developers, consulting partners, and ISVs who are familiar with developing custom Lightning web components, and working with Salesforce DX, User Interface API, and Apex. See the LWR Sites for Experience Cloud guide.

- **Aloha**—A configurable App Launcher template that lets users quickly find applications and access them using single sign-on authentication, including social logins.

- **Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce**—Standard Salesforce structure and tabs that you can customize using Visualforce. Requires developer experience and advanced setup skills. Offers full platform access with a flexible configuration and supports most standard objects, custom objects, and the Salesforce mobile app.

Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce isn’t a Lightning-based template and therefore doesn’t work with Experience Builder.
The Customer Account Portal Template
The Customer Account Portal template improves customer relationships and decreases service costs. The template provides features that make it easy for customers to see and pay invoices, update their account information, and search your knowledge base for answers.

The Partner Central Template
Partner Central is designed to support partner relationship management workflows: channel sales, channel marketing, lead distribution, deal registration, and partner recruitment and onboarding. Plus, Partner Central also includes functionality to map reports and dashboards for monitoring your pipeline.

The Customer Service Template
The Customer Service template provides a rich, self-service experience for your customers, where they can get answers to their questions at any time, on any device. With integrated knowledge articles and case management, customers can search for and view articles, post questions, or contact a support agent.

The Build Your Own Template (Aura)
The Build Your Own template provides the basic pages every Experience Builder site needs: Home, Create Record, Error, Record Detail, Record List, Related Record List, Search, Check Password, Forgot Password, Login, Login Error, and Register. And you can easily add more pages and components as needed for the experience you’re building. Customize your branding and themes to refine the look of your site.

The Build Your Own Template (LWR)
Use the Build Your Own (LWR) template for Experience Cloud to create blazing-fast digital experiences, such as websites, microsites, and portals, using the Lightning Web Components programming model. Powered by Lightning Web Runtime (LWR), this customizable template delivers unparalleled site performance.

The Microsite Template
The Microsite template is the foundation for your small, special-purpose websites. Microsites are often used by companies that already have a full site but want a dedicated space for a single communication or conversion goal. Microsites work well to host an idea or product that requires more content than a single landing page. Built on the Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) platform, the template includes responsive layout and content components that you can use to quickly spin up a landing page, event site, or other web experience. Capture visitor information and send it directly to the Lead object with the Lead Form component.

Objects Supported by Out-of-the-Box Components and Pages in Experience Builder Templates
Check out the list of all the objects supported by out-of-the-box components and pages in Experience Builder templates.

Considerations Before You Migrate an Aura Site to Lightning Web Runtime (LWR)
Sites that run on Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) boast increased speed, scalability, security, and design flexibility over Aura sites. Migrating your Aura site to an LWR site requires considerable planning. Keep these considerations in mind.

Migrate a Koa or Kokua Site to a New Template
The Koa and Kokua templates are retired, and you can no longer use them to create site. Salesforce supports existing sites built with Koa and Kokua, but we recommend migrating to newer templates. The new templates provide richer support for Salesforce Knowledge and case management, and they also receive updates and new features with each release.

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Aura site templates, such as Customer Service and Partner Central, are each composed of pages, which in turn are made up of customizable components. Consult this table to find out which Aura template each component can be used in, and when the component became available.

SEE ALSO:
Create an Experience Cloud Site
The Customer Account Portal Template

The Customer Account Portal template improves customer relationships and decreases service costs. The template provides features that make it easy for customers to see and pay invoices, update their account information, and search your knowledge base for answers.

Included Features

- Experience Builder pages and components
- Tile menu, for a visual navigation experience
- Global search with a customizable list of searchable objects
- Dashboards and reports
- Customizable branding and design
- Rich, responsive look and feel across multiple devices

Advanced Features That You Can Configure

- Audience targeting—Deliver custom content to partners by geography, tier, or other criteria.
- Lightning components—Check out the full list of compatible Lightning components that you can use to build out your site.

Included Pages

The Customer Account Portal includes the following pages.

- Home
- Account Management
- Article Detail
- Contact Us
- Create Record
- Dashboard
- Error
- Feed Detail
- File
- Flow
- Generic record pages
- Login
- Messages
- My Account
- Question Detail
- Quip Docs Related List
- Report
- Report Builder
- Resources
- Search
- Top Articles
The Partner Central Template

Partner Central is designed to support partner relationship management workflows: channel sales, channel marketing, lead distribution, deal registration, and partner recruitment and onboarding. Plus, Partner Central also includes functionality to map reports and dashboards for monitoring your pipeline.

What You Get Out-of-the-Box

- Guided setup
- Experience Builder pages and components
- The Lead Inbox component to pass leads to partners
- Customizable Quick Create action menu that you can configure for deal registration
- Customizable navigation menu with preconfigured list views for leads, deals, and campaigns
- Global search with a customizable list of searchable objects
- Dashboards and reports
- Customizable branding and design
- Collaboration features such as groups, feeds, topics
- Rich, responsive look and feel across multiple devices

Advanced Features You Can Configure for Partner Central

- Audience-targeting: Deliver custom content to partners by geography, tier, or other criteria.
- Analytics: Configure Analytics reports for your site.
- Google Analytics™: Track site activity with Google Analytics.
- Lightning Components: Check out the full list of compatible Lightning components you can use to build out your site.

Partner Central in Action

Partner Central in Experience Workspaces
Partner Central Home Page

The Partner Central Home page includes lead inbox, global search, navigation menu, Quick Create menu, compact list views for deals and tasks, and reports and dashboards.
Leads List View

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>TITLE</th>
<th>COMPANY</th>
<th>PHONE</th>
<th>EMAIL</th>
<th>LEAD STATUS</th>
<th>OWNER_ALIAS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Loehr</td>
<td>Sys. Admin</td>
<td>MediLife, Inc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Contacted</td>
<td>Lead inbox</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alan Span</td>
<td>VP of Sales</td>
<td>Guidewire</td>
<td>test@salesfor...</td>
<td>New</td>
<td>New</td>
<td>jpreston</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stephanie Kutz</td>
<td>CTO</td>
<td>Apac</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>New</td>
<td>jpreston</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peter Kars</td>
<td>CEO</td>
<td>Kraft Solutions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>New</td>
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<tr>
<td>Luke Chetel</td>
<td>CMO</td>
<td>Net Operations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>New</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Helen Barber</td>
<td>VP of Operations</td>
<td>Altrans Inc</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Fritz</td>
<td>Founder</td>
<td>Land Consulting</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>New</td>
<td>jpreston</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Lead Inbox and Lead Detail

Resources Page—Share Files and Libraries with Partners
The Customer Service Template

The Customer Service template provides a rich, self-service experience for your customers, where they can get answers to their questions at any time, on any device. With integrated knowledge articles and case management, customers can search for and view articles, post questions, or contact a support agent.

What You Get Out-of-the-Box

- Experience Builder pages and components
- Self-resolution of cases through knowledge and case creation
- Collaboration features such as groups, feeds, topics
- Global search with a customizable list of searchable objects
- Moderation rules to weed out trolls and bots
- Dashboards and reports
- Recommendations
- Customizable branding, design, and navigation
- Rich, responsive look and feel across multiple devices

Advanced Features That You Can Configure

- Audience-targeting: Deliver custom content to partners by geography, tier, or other criteria.
- Google Analytics™: Track site activity with Google Analytics.
- Prebuilt and custom components: Check out the full list of compatible components you can use to build out your site.

Customer Support in Action

Customer Service Home Page

The Customer Service Home page includes featured topics and feeds, a leaderboard, recommendations, trending articles and topics, and support options. In addition, every page in the Customer Service template includes the template header, which provides global search, a profile menu, and navigation.
Customers Can Find the Help They Need

The Customer Service template adds discussions and suggested articles to your support community. When customers type a question in the search text box, the results include articles and similar questions that are based on matches with the typed text. If the answer isn't in the results, they can get help by asking a question in the community. Experts discuss the issue and provide a solution. And if they decide to contact customer support, they're shown a list of suggested articles based on keywords from the case subject and description. So there's an excellent chance they can find an answer without needing to create a support case.

Both guest users and logged-in users can access articles, search and view discussions, and contact agents through official support channels. When they log in to the site, they're also able to ask questions and participate in discussions in the feed. Members can answer questions in the community, just like commenting on a post in Chatter. And when a best answer is found, it's prominently displayed in the feed, allowing other users to quickly and easily find the answer.

Enhanced Profile and Navigation Experience

The Customer Service template has an enhanced profile and navigation experience for logged-in users. From the profile menu, users can quickly access their profile details, Chatter feed and list of cases, and contact customer support. Users with permissions to create or manage the site can also access management and setup pages directly from the profile menu. Users can edit their contact information and profile photo directly from their profile details. They can view statistics, such as how many posts and comments they've made and how many people they're following and are following them. User profiles also show user nicknames and reputation levels if they're enabled in the site.
Improved Organization with Topics

Topics help you structure a site to quickly guide members to the information that matters most. Choose navigational topics to provide an easy way for customers to explore, and featured topics to highlight current conversations and issues. Trending topics and related topics let members find active discussions and popular content. Member-created topics, meanwhile, let users organize information for each other, creating a personalized experience that boosts engagement. When setting up a site, you associate topics with existing data categories, so your articles appear in the appropriate topics.

Note: While the Customer Service template uses topics to display articles and questions, Knowledge articles are associated with data categories when they’re created. To ensure that articles appear in the site, set data category visibility at the profile level for each category you associate with a topic. For instructions on setting default data category visibility, see Modify Default Data Category Visibility.

Included Pages

The Customer Service template includes the following pages.

- Home
- Account Management
- Article Detail
- Case
- Contact Support
- Create Record
- Dashboard
- Error
- Feed Detail
- File
- Flow
- Generic
- Group
- Login
- Messages
- My Account
- Question Detail
- Quip Doc Related List
- Report
- Report Builder
- Search
- Stream
- Top Articles
- Topic Catalog
- Topic Detail
- User Settings
- User
The Build Your Own Template (Aura)

The Build Your Own template provides the basic pages every Experience Builder site needs: Home, Create Record, Error, Record Detail, Record List, Related Record List, Search, Check Password, Forgot Password, Login, Login Error, and Register. And you can easily add more pages and components as needed for the experience you’re building. Customize your branding and themes to refine the look of your site.

What You Get Out-of-the-Box

- Experience Builder pages and components
- Customizable branding and design

Advanced Features That You Can Configure

- Audience-targeting: Deliver custom content to partners by geography, tier, or other criteria.
- Google Analytics™: Track site activity with Google Analytics.
- Prebuilt and custom Lightning components: Check out the full list of compatible Lightning components you can use to build out your site.

Add Pages and Components

To view all components in the Components panel, select Settings > Advanced and click Show All Components in the Components Panel area. Some page functions require that you create a page in builder. For example, to view reports, first add a report object page to your site.

SEE ALSO:
Create Custom Site Pages with Experience Builder

The Build Your Own Template (LWR)

Use the Build Your Own (LWR) template for Experience Cloud to create blazing-fast digital experiences, such as websites, microsites, and portals, using the Lightning Web Components programming model. Powered by Lightning Web Runtime (LWR), this customizable template delivers unparalleled site performance.
Lightning Web Components uses core web components standards and provides only what’s necessary to perform well in browsers supported by Salesforce. Because the components are built on code that runs natively in browsers, they’re lightweight and efficient. The template’s performance features, such as publish-time freezing and HTTP caching, help you build richer experiences to target B2B and B2C markets.

**Standard Components for LWR Templates**

Standard components are built by Salesforce. Several are available when building sites with the Build Your Own (LWR) and Microsite (LWR) templates, which are powered by the Lightning Web Runtime (LWR). Unlike Aura templates, which have specific components for specific site functions, LWR templates provide more general components that use concepts like data binding to achieve the same goals, but faster and more dynamically.

**Considerations for Using Flows in LWR**

Using flows in your LWR sites lets you automate your business processes and use the versatility of Flow Builder to your advantage. But before you implement flows in your LWR sites, it’s important to understand the limitations.

**Actions Bar Considerations in LWR Sites**

With the Actions Bar component, users can take action on Salesforce data directly from your LWR site. But before you add actions to LWR sites, it’s important to understand the limitations.

**Send Visitor Information to the Salesforce Case Object**

Use the Contact Support Form component in the LWR template to capture visitor information in your site and let users create a case in Salesforce.

**Embedded Messaging**

To modernize how you communicate with customers, add Messaging for Web to your Experience Builder site. See Configure a Messaging for Web Deployment in an Experience Builder Site.

**HTML Editor**

Use the HTML Editor component to create and edit custom content in HTML. In organizations with at least 1 active community license, this component can use data binding to dynamically populate content from Salesforce CMS and other data sources on record and CMS detail pages.

**Results Layout**

Add the Results Layout component, along with the Search Bar component, so that your site visitors can view search results. The Results Layout component is available only after you create a standard Search page. See Set Up CMS Content Search in an LWR Site and Set Up CRM Search in LWR Sites (Beta).

**Rich Content Editor**

Use the Rich Content Editor component to add formatted custom text to your site pages, along with images and videos. To add alt text to an image, make sure that the component is in edit mode, then right-click the image. In orgs with at least 1 active community license, this component can use data binding to dynamically populate content from Salesforce CMS and other data sources on record and CMS detail pages.
Note: Branding changes that you make using the Themes tab and branding design tokens don’t apply to the Rich Content Editor component.

Search Bar
Add the Search Bar and Results Layout components so that visitors can search for CMS content and CRM records. When you add the Search Bar component to the header section, search is available across all site pages. See Set Up CMS Content Search in an LWR Site and Set Up CRM Search in LWR Sites (Beta).

Tabs
Add up to 5 horizontal or vertical tabs and control the way they look on your site. Drop any content component into a tab region. You can use a data-bound component to show products in one tab, a button to contact support on another tab, and a list of your product’s features on a third.

Tile Menu
Add an intuitive and visually stunning navigation experience to your site.

Available in Orgs That Have at Least One Active Community License

Actions Bar
Help users act on Salesforce records from your LWR site. Add a custom set of actions, choose the number of actions in the bar, and customize how more actions appear in the dropdown menu. Individual action button styles are inherited from site branding settings. See Actions Bar Considerations in LWR Sites.

Banner
Create a banner layout on your site using images, text, and buttons. Use data binding in this component to dynamically populate content from Salesforce CMS and other data sources.

Button
Use buttons as calls to action linking to external pages or pages in your site. Nest the Button component inside other components, such as Banner and Tile, to add calls to action in any region of the page.

Card
Use this flexible container to add content in a rectangular card. You can specify the card’s height, width, and background color, and you can customize image settings.

Columns
Add up to 6 columns of content components to your page. Customize the column structure by selecting the Column Layout icon. Resize the columns by using the handles between the columns. To delete a column, click beneath it.

Contact Support Form
To enable users to contact support and generate a case from your site, add the Contact Support Form component. Several preconfigured component fields streamline the collection of information from the user to get their support request submitted and resolved quickly. The component contains several custom fields that you can configure to your company’s preferences.

Flow
Automate business processes with the Flow component. Add screen flows to your pages so that you can capture information, take customers through workflows, and use the flexibility of Flow Builder to your advantage. Flows that use Aura components aren’t supported.

Flow Orchestration Work Guide
Use the Flow Orchestration Work Guide component so that credentialed site visitors can complete work items assigned to them by an orchestration.

Grid
Use the Grid component to show collections or list views in LWR sites. Select a data source, layout, and pagination option to show content saved in Salesforce. In non-enhanced LWR sites, the Grid component shows object list views. In enhanced LWR sites, the
component can display object list views or CMS collections created in enhanced workspaces. When you select the **Show pagination** option, you can customize how you want users to navigate through content on your site.

*Note:* In commerce stores, the grid component has a third data source, Nested Expression. With the Nested Expressions data source, you can bind data nested in the top-level data source. Nested Expressions gives you more flexibility to show data that hasn’t been put into list views.

**Horizontal Line**

Add a horizontal line to visually separate elements on the page. Choose the line’s weight, width, and style.

**Image**

Use the image component to add images to your page. Add the image URL and alt text for screen readers. This component can dynamically populate content from Salesforce CMS and other data sources when used on CMS or record detail pages.

**Knowledge Article**

Use the Knowledge Article component to show site visitors knowledge articles in LWR. Salesforce admins can toggle between field labels and field sections and adjust the style of the knowledge article title. Mandatory field labels, such as URL Name, that your site visitors don’t need are also hidden.

**Knowledge Article List (Beta)**

Use the Knowledge Article List (beta) component to show knowledge articles that belong to the same data category on LWR sites. You can also control how knowledge articles are sorted on the page for more customization opportunities.

**Language Selector**

Allow users to choose their own site language. After configuring translations, add the Language Selector component to your page to provide a language selection dropdown menu.

*Note:* In a site that has only one language, you can drag the Language Selector onto a page, but the component is disabled and unavailable. None of the customizations you make in the component property panel are saved.

**Lead Form**

Route leads gathered in your site to the Leads object in Salesforce. Using preconfigured mappings, you can transfer your lead data without tedious background setup.

**List**

Create lists that dynamically populate with CMS or CRM data based on your site’s needs. Control the look and feel of the list data with ease from the property panel.

**Marketing Cloud Form**

Send contact information directly from your LWR sites to Marketing Cloud data extensions. Create data extensions from your Marketing Cloud Form component with one click and then start gathering customer info.

**Overlap**

Overlap content components on the page. Overlap an image with content components, such as Text Block and Button, for a layered look.

**Page Refresh**

On the Too Many Requests page, the Page Refresh component automatically refreshes the page for your customers. The Page Refresh component is built into the body of the Too Many Requests page, so there’s no need to manually add it to the page.

**Record Detail**

View and edit records in your LWR site. In the component, users see the page layout that’s assigned to their profile. The component inherits formatting, such as font and color, from your site’s branding settings. The Record Detail panel doesn’t show in the list of available components if it’s not available for the object, even if **Show All Components** is checked. Note, Report, and ServiceReport objects aren’t available for use with the Record Detail Component.
Site Logo
Personalize the login and registration pages with your logo. The Site Logo component replaces the Community Logo component as of Summer ’23. Sites created before Summer ’23 continue to use the Community Logo. If you want to use Site Logo, delete the Community Logo and drag the Site Logo component to the page.

Text Block
Add text to the page. Text formatting, such as heading tags and font size, is inherited from site branding settings.

Tile
Create a tile layout on your site using images, text, and buttons. Use data binding in this component to dynamically populate content from Salesforce CMS and other data sources.

Video
Use the Video component to add videos to your page. Add the video embed URL and settings such as aspect ratio, width, and horizontal alignment. Use data binding in this component to dynamically populate content from Salesforce CMS and other data sources.

To learn more about how to dynamically populate data in LWR templates, watch:

Watch a video

Considerations for Using Flows in LWR
Using flows in your LWR sites lets you automate your business processes and use the versatility of Flow Builder to your advantage. But before you implement flows in your LWR sites, it’s important to understand the limitations.

Aura Components
LWR sites can’t run flows that use Aura components. Make sure that all custom flow screen components are built using Lightning Web Components (LWC). We’ve included here a list of commonly used Aura components and features that you can’t use in LWR. Keep in mind that this list isn’t exhaustive.

File upload
File Upload is an Aura component that is often used in screen flows.

Image
Image is an Aura component that is often used in screen flows.

Local actions
Building or modifying custom Aura components to use as local actions in flows isn’t available in LWR sites. This functionality is typically used to execute client-side logic in your flow.

Pause or Resume Flows
LWR doesn’t support pausing or resuming flows.

Record Fields
If you place record fields directly on your flow screens, those fields don’t appear in LWR sites. This Flow Builder functionality is sometimes referred to as automatic fields or dynamic forms for flows.
lightning-out Component
If you have custom Lightning Web Components or Aura components in your flow, then you can’t use the lightning-flow component on LWR sites.

SEE ALSO:
- Let Users Pause Flow Interviews
- Record Fields on Flow Screens Considerations

Actions Bar Considerations in LWR Sites
With the Actions Bar component, users can take action on Salesforce data directly from your LWR site. But before you add actions to LWR sites, it’s important to understand the limitations.

Supported Actions
The Actions Bar component supports these action types.
- The Edit standard action
- Create a Record, Update a Record, and headless Lightning web component quick actions

Lightning web component quick actions are available for record home objects that are enabled for LWC. If you can’t create actions with the Lightning web component action type, they’re not currently supported for that object. See Create a Lightning Web Component Action.

Action Overrides
Action overrides for standard actions aren’t available in LWR sites. If you override the Edit standard action with a Lightning component, the default layout is used. If you override the Edit standard action with a Visualforce page, the action doesn’t appear for your site users.

Lightning Page Navigation with Lightning Web Component Quick Actions
To use the lightning-navigation service in a Lightning web component, include a target in your LWR site.

Updating Quick Action Names
If you change the API name of a quick action after you add it to your site, the action doesn’t appear for your site users. Remove the action from the Actions Bar component, and then add it back.

Deleting Quick Actions
When you delete a quick action that’s used in an LWR site, you don’t see a warning that the action is in use. Deleted actions don’t appear for your site users.

Send Visitor Information to the Salesforce Case Object
Use the Contact Support Form component in the LWR template to capture visitor information in your site and let users create a case in Salesforce.

1. From Experience Builder, go to Workspaces, and then click the Administration tile.
2. From the Administration settings, select Preferences.
3. Under General, select **Allow guest users to access public APIs**, and then save your changes.

4. Set your field-level security for the Case object and Contact Support Form component.
   a. From Experience Builder, go to Settings.
   b. Under Guest User Profile, select the link with your site name.
   c. From the example profile, click **Edit**.
   d. Under Standard Object Permissions, next to the Case object, select **Read** and **Create**, and then save your changes.
   e. Under Field Level Security, click **Edit**, and then select standard fields to show in the form.
   For example, you can add these standard fields:
   - Name
   - Email
   - Phone
   You can also add any custom fields to the form, such as Subject and Description.
   f. Save your work.

5. Set your site accessibility to let guests access your site and use the form to submit a case.
   a. From Experience Builder, go to **Settings > General**.
   b. Under Public Access, select **Guest Users can see and interact with the site without logging in**.
   c. Save your work.

The Microsite Template

The Microsite template is the foundation for your small, special-purpose websites. Microsites are often used by companies that already have a full site but want a dedicated space for a single communication or conversion goal. Microsites work well to host an idea or product that requires more content than a single landing page. Built on the Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) platform, the template includes responsive layout and content components that you can use to quickly spin up a landing page, event site, or other web experience. Capture visitor information and send it directly to the Lead object with the Lead Form component.

**Included Features**

- Experience Builder example design and components
- Ability to route lead information directly to the Leads object
- Ability to send contact information directly to Marketing Cloud data extensions
- Access to the LWR framework
- Direct connection to Salesforce CMS to pull in CMS content

**Note:** You must be an Experience Cloud customer to access the Microsite template.

**Advanced Features That You Can Configure**

- Pre-built and custom components. Check out the full list of compatible components you can use to build out your LWR site at **Standard Components for LWR Templates** on page 148.
- A quick start repository with sample component code. Use the example code to create and customize your own components. To access the repository, see **Experience Cloud Microsite Samples**.
**Microsite Use Case**

When your company is hosting an event, you need a place to keep all your event information that doesn’t necessarily live with your other content. Enter microsites. Publish your page with all the event information, pull in logos and other content that you created in CMS, and archive the page when the event is over.

When you want to promote a specific product or opportunity, consider using a microsite to host your content. You can choose to associate the URL with your full company website, or create a new, dedicated domain.

**Included Components**

The Microsite template includes these components.

- Lead Form
- Marketing Cloud Form
- Header
- Banner
- All components included with the BYO (LWR) template: Standard Components for LWR Templates on page 148

**Create Special Purpose Websites with Microsites**

Microsites are useful for everything from event pages to lightweight websites. Using the Microsite template, you can create a site with built-in navigation and layout components that are responsive and easy to customize.

**Before You Begin**

Microsites are high-performance websites often designed for specific opportunities and singular use cases. Before you start designing your microsite, we recommend that you keep these things in mind.

- The Microsite template offers limited support for standard components. For a list of supported components, see Standard Components for LWR Templates on page 148.
- To achieve the best possible performance at scale, we recommend serving microsites from a content delivery network (CDN). For more information about the Experience Cloud CDN, see Serve Your Experience Cloud Site with the Salesforce Content Delivery Network (CDN).
- Keep in mind the possible scale of your use case. Microsites have an upper limit of 12,000 concurrent lead form submissions per minute. If you’re worried about exceeding this limit, reach out to your account executive.

**Create a Microsite**

Create your microsite using the Microsite template and customize the existing components to fit your company needs. Microsites run on the Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) platform so you can create beautiful, efficient websites.

**Configure Microsite Layout and Create Navigation**

The Header component, included with the Microsite template, includes theme settings and built-in navigation.
How Do Experience Cloud Forms Connect to Marketing Cloud?
Using the Marketing Cloud Form component, you can connect your microsites to Marketing Cloud data extensions. User contact information is gathered from your Experience Cloud sites and then sent to Marketing Cloud. The data that is collected from your site is momentarily stored in the Salesforce Core infrastructure and then sent to your Marketing Cloud instance. The data transferred this way is only stored in Salesforce Core infrastructure for as long as it takes to call the Marketing Cloud API.

Connect the Marketing Cloud Form Component to Marketing Cloud
Create Marketing Cloud data extensions from your Experience Cloud sites with one click. Using the Marketing Cloud Form component, you can capture customer information from your microsites and send it directly to Marketing Cloud. Built on the powerful LWR platform, the Marketing Cloud Form component gives you the tools to easily collect contact information and the flexibility to store data where it best serves your company.

Send Visitor Information to the Salesforce Lead Object
Use the Lead Form component in the Microsite template to capture visitor information in your site and create a new Lead record in Salesforce.

Capture Visitor Information with the Lead Form Component
After you finish setting up your Guest User profile and configuring the correct object access, navigate to Experience Builder to configure the Lead Form component.
Create a Microsite

Create your microsite using the Microsite template and customize the existing components to fit your company needs. Microsites run on the Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) platform so you can create beautiful, efficient websites.

**Note:** You must be an Experience Cloud customer to access the Microsite template.

1. From **Setup**, in the Quick Find box, enter **Experiences**, and then under **Digital Experiences**, select **All Sites**.
   
   **Note:** If you’re just getting started with Experience Cloud and you’ve never created a site, see **Set Up an Experience Cloud Site**.

2. Select **New**.

3. Choose the Microsite template and click **Get Started**.

4. Name your microsite and provide a URL.
   
   **Note:** You can associate the URL with your primary website URL, or create an entirely separate URL.

5. Choose whether you want Unauthenticated or Authenticated access.
   
   **Note:** To use the Lead Form component to capture leads and store them in Salesforce as Lead records, guest users must have access to your site. If you plan on using this functionality, we suggest that you choose the unauthenticated access option. For more information on giving guest users access to your site, see **Give Secure Access to Unauthenticated Users with the Guest User Profile**.

6. Click **Create**.

---

**EDITIONS**


**USER PERMISSIONS**

To create an Experience Cloud site:
- Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Configure Microsite Layout and Create Navigation

The Header component, included with the Microsite template, includes theme settings and built-in navigation.

1. To customize the header, select the Theme menu.
2. Select Theme Settings.
   - **Show fixed header** displays the Fixed Header component, which remains fixed at the top of the screen when your users scroll. You can also choose to fix the primary header by selecting Fix theme header, which gives your users access to the menu and navigation as they scroll.
3. Choose which headers to show and then select the component to configure the display.
4. To add navigation to the Header component, select the Settings menu.
6. From the Menu Editor dialog you can create menu items and choose where to link to. Drag and drop your items and choose how to display them by selecting the Header component.

**SEE ALSO:**

- Developer Documentation: Create Components for LWR Sites
- Developer Documentation: Create Custom Layout Components

How Do Experience Cloud Forms Connect to Marketing Cloud?

Using the Marketing Cloud Form component, you can connect your microsites to Marketing Cloud data extensions. User contact information is gathered from your Experience Cloud sites and then sent to Marketing Cloud. The data that is collected from your site is momentarily stored in the Salesforce Core infrastructure and then sent to your Marketing Cloud instance. The data transferred this way is only stored in Salesforce Core infrastructure for as long as it takes to call the Marketing Cloud API.

Your microsite runs on Experience Cloud, but the data is stored and resides in Marketing Cloud. In order to access, manage, or delete this data, you must follow the Marketing Cloud Deletion process. For more information, see the Salesforce Trust and Compliance Documentation for both Salesforce Services and Marketing Cloud.
SEE ALSO:

Connect the Marketing Cloud Form Component to Marketing Cloud
Connect the Marketing Cloud Form Component to Marketing Cloud

Create Marketing Cloud data extensions from your Experience Cloud sites with one click. Using the Marketing Cloud Form component, you can capture customer information from your microsites and send it directly to Marketing Cloud. Built on the powerful LWR platform, the Marketing Cloud Form component gives you the tools to easily collect contact information and the flexibility to store data where it best serves your company.

Before you can send contact information directly to Marketing Cloud data extensions, you must complete these setup items.

1. **Confirm that Marketing Cloud Connect is installed in Salesforce.** Marketing Cloud Connect integrates data from the Marketing Cloud Form component to Marketing Cloud.
   a. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter *Installed Packages*, and then select *Installed Packages*.
   b. Under Installed Packages, look for the Marketing Cloud Package.
   c. If you see that the package is installed, skip to Step 9.

2. **Install Marketing Cloud Connect in Salesforce.** After you confirm that Marketing Cloud Connect isn’t installed, go to the Marketing Cloud documentation to find the package and get started.
   a. Review the Marketing Cloud Connect Documentation, including Prerequisites and Review Marketing Cloud Connect User Types and Permissions.
   b. To install the Marketing Cloud Connect Managed Package in Salesforce, choose to install your package in production or in a sandbox.
      
      **Note:** Make sure that you’re using the latest version of a supported web browser
   c. Log in to your Salesforce account using your admin credentials and select *Install for Admins Only*.
   d. Click *Install*. If prompted, grant access to third-party websites.
   e. Click *Continue*.
      
      **Note:** Confirm that the managed package installation is complete before moving on to the next step.

3. **Configure page layouts.** After your package is fully installed, provide field access to your admin and your Site Builder users.
   a. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter *Page Layouts*, and then select *Page Layouts*.
   b. Navigate to User Page Layouts and open the User Layout.
   c. Drag the *Marketing Cloud for AppExchange User* and *Marketing Cloud for AppExchange AdminUser* fields to the Additional Information section of the user page layout.
   d. To give your admin user, or the user who’s setting up Marketing Cloud Connect, and your Site Builder users the necessary field permissions, navigate to Users in Salesforce Setup.
   e. Find your admin user and click *Edit*.
   f. Under General Information, select the boxes for *Marketing Cloud for AppExchange User* and *Marketing Cloud for AppExchange Admin*.
   g. Edit your Site Builder users, and select *Marketing Cloud for AppExchange User*. 
4. **Define process automation settings.** Allow the managed package wizard to configure workflow rules by providing a Default Workflow user with the correct permissions.
   a. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter *Process Automation*, and then select *Process Automation Settings*.
   b. Find the *Default Workflow User* field.
   c. If *Default Workflow User* is empty, select the lookup icon and choose a user with system admin permissions to be the default workflow user.
   d. Save your changes.

5. **Confirm and save your session settings.** Session settings allow the managed packed wizard to add IP allowlisting.
   a. From Setup, in the Quick find box, enter *Session Settings*, and then select *Session Settings*.
   b. Scroll to the bottom of the page. You don’t change any settings. But if you omit this step, the managed package wizard is unable to add IP allowlisting, which then requires you to add 20 or more IP ranges manually.
   c. Save your changes.

6. **Connect your accounts using the Marketing Cloud Connect Setup Wizard.** Now that you have the basic requirements, you can use the setup wizard. Several of the steps ask for confirmation that you completed earlier steps, so make sure not to skip steps two through five.
   a. If you’re using Lightning Experience, switch to Salesforce Classic.
   b. From the navigation bar, select the plus icon to navigate to the All Tabs screen.
   c. Select *Marketing Cloud*.
   d. Click *Verify Remote Site*.
   e. From the MetadataAPI dialog, select *Okay*.
   f. To begin the setup wizard, click *Start Wizard*.
   g. The next screen is a prompt for the Default Workflow User you created. Click *Next*.
   h. To move forward and acknowledge you’ve saved the Session Security Settings, click *Next*.
   i. To acknowledge Field-Level Security information, click *Next*.
   j. To acknowledge the page layout update information, click *Done*.
   k. To acknowledge the automated changes, at the main Marketing Cloud Connector Setup screen, select *I agree*, and then click *Configure Marketing Cloud Connector*.
   l. After you complete all the steps, you’re rewarded with a configuration summary.
   m. To finish the setup wizard, click *Okay*!

7. **Create your Marketing Cloud Connect API user.** Marketing Cloud requires a user account for its connection to the Salesforce environment, so you can dedicate a user license to this purpose. Create your Marketing Cloud Connect API user and give them the appropriate roles.
   a. In Marketing Cloud, hover over your username and select *Setup*.
   b. From Setup, in the Quick find box, enter *Users*, and then click *Users*.
   c. Click *Create*.
   d. Enter your email address for *Reply Email* and *Notification Email Address*.
   e. Enter a unique username, for example *MC-API-User*.
   f. Leave the External Key field blank, unless your org requires it.
g. Select a time zone and a culture code.

h. Select API User.

i. Create a temporary password.

j. Save your changes.

k. From the Users screen, select the checkbox next to the user that you just created.

l. Click **Manage Roles**.

m. Click **Edit Roles**.

n. Assign the roles Administrator (if available for your account) and Marketing Cloud Administrator.

o. Save your work.

p. Log out of Marketing Cloud.

8. **Connect to Marketing Cloud from Salesforce.** After finishing your setup in Marketing Cloud, hop back over to your primary Salesforce org to finish user setup. Make sure you’re logged out of Marketing Cloud before you begin.

   a. From Salesforce Classic, click the plus icon to navigate to the All Tabs screen.
   
   b. Click **Marketing Cloud**.
   
   c. Click **Connect to Marketing Cloud**.
   
   d. Enter the username and password for the Marketing Cloud API User and log in.
   
   e. After you complete the steps, you see the Marketing Cloud Connector Settings page. Step 9 involves setup tasks from this page.

9. **Check the Marketing Cloud Connector settings.** From the Marketing Cloud Connector Settings page you can verify your API User info and confirm endpoint settings.

   a. To get to the Marketing Cloud Connector Settings page, go to Salesforce Setup in Classic mode and add `/apex/marketingcloudsettings` to the end of the url. If you just completed step 8 you can skip this.

   b. Make sure that the API User Username and MID are correct.

   c. Scroll down to **Advanced** and turn on **Tenant Specific OAuth Endpoints** if they aren’t on.

10. **In Marketing Cloud, check the Experience Cloud Marketing Form installation.** The last step in the installation process is to confirm that your package is installed.

    a. From Marketing Cloud, navigate to the Setup menu. In the Quick Find box, enter **Installed Packages** and select **Installed Packages**.

    b. Find the Experience Cloud Marketing Form package.

    c. If the package doesn’t appear in the list, contact your Account Representative to get the package provisioned for your account.

11. **Test in Experience Cloud.** Your Marketing Cloud Form component is available and ready for testing. Go to Experience Builder for one last test.

    a. Create a site using the Microsite (LWR) template.

    b. To allow guest users to submit the form, go to Experience Workspaces and select the **Administration** tile. Choose **Preferences** and select **Allow guest user to access public APIs**.

    c. Access Experience Builder and drag the Marketing Cloud Form component to your canvas.

    d. Enter your Marketing Cloud MID, and the name of the data extension that you want to create.

    e. Click **Create Data Extension**.
You're ready to start gathering contact info.

SEE ALSO:
How Do Experience Cloud Forms Connect to Marketing Cloud?

Send Visitor Information to the Salesforce Lead Object

Use the Lead Form component in the Microsite template to capture visitor information in your site and create a new Lead record in Salesforce.

Note: The Lead Form component is designed to collect information from guest users. It can't be used for authenticated users.

1. To allow your site to access the proper access to the Leads object, navigate to Workspaces and select the Administration tile.
2. Select Preferences.
3. Under General, select Allow guest users to access public APIs and click Save.
4. Navigate back to Experience Builder and select Settings.
5. Under Guest User Profile, select the link with your site name.
6. From the example profile, select Edit.
7. Under Standard Object Permissions, select Read and Create next to the Leads object.
8. Click Save.
9. Under Field Level Security, select a field and allow access to the fields you intend to capture.
10. Save your work.
Capture Visitor Information with the Lead Form Component

After you finish setting up your Guest User profile and configuring the correct object access, navigate to Experience Builder to configure the Lead Form component.

1. From your Experience Builder canvas, select the Lead Form component.
2. Decide which fields you want displayed on your form.
   - **Note:** There are several required fields on the Lead object, including Last Name and Company. If you don’t want to display these fields on your form, uncheck Show field and enter a default value.
3. Choose to display standard fields, like Last Name, and add other Lead fields using the Custom Field sections.
4. To gather information from the form without displaying the field, use a custom field and under Select an Input Type, choose Hidden.
   - **Note:** We strongly recommend that you avoid collecting and storing sensitive information in a hidden field. It’s possible for users to intercept and potentially change field information during data transfer.

Limitations and Behavior

- Keep in mind the possible scale of your use case. Microsites have an upper limit of 12,000 concurrent lead form submissions per minute. If you’re worried about exceeding this limit, reach out to your account executive.
- The Show Field option determines whether a field displays on, and collects information from, the form. In contrast, hidden fields allow you to hide a field but still capture data. If you select Hidden, the form ignores Show field and hides the field.
- Hidden fields capture the default value, unless you map to a standard field that exists on the form, such as Email. If you map to an existing field with a hidden field and another standard field, the visitor entered data is collected and the default value is ignored.
- If multiple custom fields map to the same field on the Lead object, the last field collected is the field that is stored in the record. To avoid confusion, we recommend mapping each custom field to a unique field on the Lead object.
- Certain default values require specific formatting. If you plan to map a custom field to a date, dateTime, multiple picklists, or reference field, use these formatting instructions.
  - Date: 2020-09-07
  - DateTime: 2020-09-07T00:00:00Z
  - MultiplePicklist: A;B;C
  - Reference: Valid ID

Objects Supported by Out-of-the-Box Components and Pages in Experience Builder Templates

Check out the list of all the objects supported by out-of-the-box components and pages in Experience Builder templates.

When we talk about supported objects in templates, we mean that you can use our out-of-the-box components on the object pages, as detailed here.API names are indicated in parentheses.
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**Note:** To be searchable in Experience Cloud sites, objects must be *searchable in Lightning Experience* and supported in templates.
Change Your Experience Cloud Site Template

If you use the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template, you can change your template to an Aura template or any installed Lightning Bolt Solution in Experience Builder. Changing templates isn’t available in LWR sites.

**Note:** Apart from the Help Center template, we don’t recommend changing from one Experience Builder template to another. So for example, avoid changing from a Customer Service template to a Partner Central template. Although the functionality is available for these templates, we recommend that you start afresh with a new template instead. If you do change from one template to another and lose your customizations, Salesforce Customer Support is unable to assist you.

**Important:** There’s no data loss when you change templates, but all customizations are lost. Be sure to review Considerations for Changing Your Template before changing your template.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Settings.
3. Click Change Template. A message warns you that changing your site’s template permanently deletes all existing customizations and pages.
4. Choose the template you want to switch to.
5. When prompted, select Change Template to confirm your changes.

After you change the template, you’re taken back to Experience Workspaces. Check to make sure your site pages, such as the Login page or Home page, are still the best choice for your updated site template. For example, if you previously had a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template and switch to the Customer Service template, update your pages to use Experience Builder pages instead of Visualforce pages. If necessary, customize your site in Experience Builder and publish any changes you make.

Note: Apart from the Help Center template, we don’t recommend changing from one Experience Builder template to another. So for example, avoid changing from a Customer Service template to a Partner Central template. Although the functionality is available for these templates, we recommend that you start afresh with a new template instead. If you do change from one template to another and lose your customizations, Salesforce Customer Support is unable to assist you.

Important: There’s no data loss when you change templates, but all customizations are lost. Be sure to review Considerations for Changing Your Template before changing your template.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Settings.
3. Click Change Template. A message warns you that changing your site’s template permanently deletes all existing customizations and pages.
4. Choose the template you want to switch to.
5. When prompted, select Change Template to confirm your changes.

After you change the template, you’re taken back to Experience Workspaces.

Check to make sure your site pages, such as the Login page or Home page, are still the best choice for your updated site template. For example, if you previously had a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template and switch to the Customer Service template, update your pages to use Experience Builder pages instead of Visualforce pages. If necessary, customize your site in Experience Builder and publish any changes you make.

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Considerations for Changing Your Template

Changing your template affects site navigation, branding, and customizations.

**Note:** Apart from the Help Center template, we don’t recommend changing from one Experience Builder template to another. So for example, avoid changing from a Customer Service template to a Partner Central template. Although the functionality is available for these templates, we recommend that you start afresh with a new template instead. If you do change from one template to another and lose your customizations, Salesforce Customer Support is unable to assist you.

- When you change your template, Salesforce object data carries over, but branding and component customizations don’t. As a result, you must reconfigure any customizations in the new template.

- Changing the template updates the available options in Experience Workspaces. To view all available options regardless of template selection, select Administration > Preferences > Show all settings in Workspaces.

- Your Experience Cloud site URL changes when switching from a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template to any other template type. Specifically, /a is appended to the site URL. Be sure to update any links to your site with the updated URL.

- In active Experience Cloud sites:
  - When you switch to an Aura template, your template change is saved in a draft version. Use the draft version to further customize your site in Experience Builder. Your site is updated only after you publish your changes.
  - When you switch to the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template from any other template, your changes immediately reflect in your active site. In this scenario, we recommend that you deactivate your site before you change your template. After you’ve made all your changes, reactivate the site.
  - If your template is listed as None, then you’re not using a predefined template or you’re using a modified version of one.

- After importing a B2B Commerce template, the My Account and Lists options on navigation menus, such as the Customizable User Profile Menu, require some follow-up. Edit the menu and reconnect these options with their pages.

- Template changes aren’t supported in Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) templates.

Considerations Before You Migrate an Aura Site to Lightning Web Runtime (LWR)

Sites that run on Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) boast increased speed, scalability, security, and design flexibility over Aura sites. Migrating your Aura site to an LWR site requires considerable planning. Keep these considerations in mind.

**Important:** Where possible, we changed noninclusive terms to align with our company value of Equality. We maintained certain terms to avoid any effect on customer implementations.

**General**

- Unlike Aura templates, which have specific components for specific site functions, LWR templates provide more general components that use concepts like data binding to achieve the same goals, but faster and more dynamically.

**Custom Aura Components**

- Identify any custom Aura components on your site, and replace them with Lightning web components (LWCs).
When building LWCs, use new LWC features such as @slot, responsive properties, and custom property editors.

Use data binding to show CRM data and CMS content on the site, where possible, instead of wires or Apex controllers.

See Learn Experience Cloud and Github for LWCs you can use for reference.

**Object and Site Pages**

- We recommend that you use the same base URL for object pages in the LWR site that mirror existing object pages in the Aura site. For example, if you have an existing page in your Aura site like www.company.com/s/account/123456789/account-name, we recommend that you give the object page in LWR a base URL of /account. Using the same base URL makes it easier for you to set up redirects later.
- We recommend that you use the same base URL in the LWR site that mirrors existing site pages in the Aura site. For example, if you have an existing Builder page like www.company.com/s/my-custom-page, use /my-custom-page as the base URL in your LWR site.
- Replace your Aura page layouts with flexible page layouts in LWR.

**Custom Domains and Custom URL**

Let’s say that your Aura site URL uses a custom domain like www.company.com/s or a Salesforce domain like company.my.site.com/s/, and the same domain serves the new LWR site, but without the /s/.

- Create the LWR site without /s/.
- Before go-live, set the LWR site to use company.my.site.com/path so that you can test redirects.
- At go-live, delete the Aura site’s custom URL. In Setup, create a custom URL for the new LWR site that uses the custom domain.
  - To keep the old Aura site to serve content that you can’t render in LWR yet, add a new custom URL for the Aura site with a path such as /archive.

**Topics**

- If your Aura site uses topics and topic assignments with custom object records, replace the topics and topic assignments with custom objects such as Topic__c and Topic_Assignment__c.
  - To drive sharing, consider setting up a master-detail relationship between Topic_Assignment__c and topic, and consider setting up lookup relationships to other objects for topic assignments.
- To drive sharing with site users, if needed, consider adding custom fields like a Site Identifier picklist field on the Topic__c object.
- Grant the proper object permissions to the Topic__c and Topic_Assignment__c objects for the LWR site guest user.
- Create guest sharing rules to share the right Topic__c records with the guest user record. If Topic_Assignment__c records have a master-detail relationship to Topic__c, Topic_Assignment__c records are also visible.

**Record Data Extract, Transform, and Load (ETL)**

- Topics and Topic Assignments
  - Export all topics and topic assignments for objects that are currently in use on the Aura site.
  - Import topics into the new custom object Topic__c.
  - Import Topic Assignments into the new custom object Topic_Assignment__c, relating the new Topic__c record with the EntityId that the topic assignment was related to.
- Records Containing URL Fields
Export records with the URL fields.
Locally update the URL field values with the new site URL. Import the file back into the org to update the records.

User Sharing and Permissions

- Guest Users
  - A new guest user is automatically created when you create an LWR site. Review the profile permissions and permission set assignments for the Aura site guest user, and carry over any necessary configuration to the LWR site guest user.
  - If there are existing, and still needed, guest user sharing rules in place for the Aura site's guest user, duplicate them for the LWR site's guest user.

- Authenticated Users
  - Any existing sharing mechanisms for authenticated users are carried over from the Aura site to the LWR site.
  - Create sharing mechanisms for any new custom objects or components that you created for the new LWR site.
  - Any existing profile, permission set, and permission set assignments are carried over from the Aura site to the LWR site.

CSS

- Any CSS overrides that target standard markup in Aura don't apply to markup in LWR. You must update the CSS style sheets.
- There's no dedicated CSS editor at the site-level for LWR sites. Add your CSS directly in the head markup. Components on LWR sites have a CSS Class section on the Style tab, where you can add a CSS class at the component level.
- If the style sheet is a file that's part of an archive (zip), the markup is:
  - `<link type="text/css" rel="stylesheet" href="{ basePath }/resource/<apiName>/<stylesheetFileName>.css?{ versionKey }" />`
- If the style sheet is the only file uploaded directly as a static resource, and not part of an archive (zip), the markup is:
  - `<link type="text/css" rel="stylesheet" href="{basePath }/resource/<apiName>?{ versionKey }" />`
- Test and confirm that CSS in LWCs works properly.
- Design tokens in LWR sites differ from the ones in Aura sites. To update the tokens used in your components and style sheets, refer to the –dxp styling hooks documentation.

Google Analytics and Other Head Markup Scripts and Style sheets

- Google Analytics
  - If you're using the standard integration for Google Analytics, you must reconfigure it in LWR. As long as the LWR site is using the Aura site's domain name, you can use the same Google Analytics ID.
  - If you're using a script in the head markup, paste the script to the LWR site. As long as the LWR site is using the Aura site's domain name, the script works.
- Style sheets and Other Static Resources
  - Include any style sheets, JavaScript files, or other static resources in the head markup of the LWR site.
Sitemap and Snapshot Generation

- Sitemaps and snapshots are generated with the my.site.com domain, which means that you can test them before migrating the custom domain from the Aura to LWR site. To minimize SEO impact, make sure that sitemaps and snapshots are populated properly.
- Consider placing a redirect from /s/sitemap.xml to /sitemap.xml. That way, you can redirect any sitemap submissions that you have to the new sitemap without updating them everywhere.

File Asset Images

- If you’re referencing any file assets as /file-asset/<fileAssetAPIName>, you must update them to /sfsites/c/file-asset/<fileAssetAPIName>.

CMS

- With Winter ’24, you can publish content from all CMS workspaces to LWR sites.
- There are no CMS components in LWR sites. Use data binding to show CMS content in LWR sites.

Redirects

Consider adding these redirects (in CSV format).

- /s, / and /s/, /: Redirects the Aura home page URL to the LWR home page URL.
- /s/sitemap.xml, /sitemap.xml: Redirects the Aura sitemap URL to the LWR sitemap URL, rather than resubmitting to search engine crawlers.
- /s/(customPage), /(customPage): Catches all pages to redirect one-level pages to their equivalent one-level pages in LWR.
- /s/article/(articleAlias), /article/(articleAlias): Knowledge article redirect.
- /s/contact/(contactId), /contact/(contactId): Object detail page redirect. (Here, contact is used as an example, but the same structure can be applied to any standard or custom object.)
- External URL redirects aren’t supported. If you need an external URL redirect, set up a solution that redirects to a Visualforce page, which in turn redirects externally.

Multilingual Sites

- The new LWR language URL construct is a path rather than a query parameter, as it is in Aura. See Create a Multilingual LWR Site.

Visualforce Pages

- If you run any Visualforce pages in your Aura site, such as custom robots.txt files, custom sitemaps, or other custom Visualforce pages, note the difference in URL structure between Aura and LWR for running Visualforce pages.
- In Aura, the site is served behind the /s path, and Visualforce pages are served one level higher.
- LWR sites are served at the root right after the site path, if any, and Visualforce pages are served from a path that is automatically created as a default for that site. The automatically created path for Visualforce pages is a combination of the site’s path + “vforcesite”. You can customize and modify this path from the Custom URLs section in Setup, if necessary.
Mobile Publisher Apps

- Mobile Publisher offers beta support for LWR sites.
  - The Playground app allows LWR sites with or without “/s”
  - Check out LWR (Beta) Limitations
- We strongly recommend that you test your app in the Playground app before creating and requesting a beta app.

Note: This feature is a Beta Service. Customer may opt to try such Beta Service in its sole discretion. Any use of the Beta Service is subject to the applicable Beta Services Terms provided at Agreements and Terms.

SEE ALSO:
- B2B Commerce Aura to LWR Migration Guide

Migrate a Koa or Kokua Site to a New Template

The Koa and Kokua templates are retired, and you can no longer use them to create site. Salesforce supports existing sites built with Koa and Kokua, but we recommend migrating to newer templates. The new templates provide richer support for Salesforce Knowledge and case management, and they also receive updates and new features with each release.

Migration Options

Because your Koa and Kokua sites aren’t using the latest Lightning technology, we recommend creating a new site. A new site reflects the most recent innovations and features.

You can choose to migrate your site using the Change Template button from Workspaces > Administration. If you do, the migrated version won’t reflect all the innovations made to the product.

To determine which template is right for your use case, check out Which Experience Cloud Template Should I Use?. Also think about what you envision for the future. If your use case is strictly a help forum, consider using the Help Center template. Otherwise, consider the Customer Account Portal as an option.

Note: Always test your implementation first in a sandbox before publishing your new site. See Deploy an Experience Cloud Site from Sandbox to Production.

Your Koa or Kokua site allows you to expose your Salesforce Knowledge implementation to the world while giving users the chance to file cases. The Customer Service template lets you do both. But it also lets you do other things, such as add Chat capabilities or the potential for customers to edit their cases. If the Customer Service template’s extra features are more than you need, you can remove unnecessary pages and components.

Filtering in Searches

Koa and Kokua searches allow users to filter by article type and category. These filtering options are only available in the Koa and Kokua templates. However, you can scope searches to specific topics and see all articles associated with that topic. You can also look for search components created by trusted Salesforce partners and distributed via AppExchange.

Data Categories Versus Topics
Your Koa or Koa site uses your Salesforce Knowledge setup and data categories to organize content. The Customer Service template also uses Salesforce Knowledge in the back end to organize content, but in the site, content is organized using topics. You can map the articles in your data categories to topics in a site.

To map articles to topics automatically:

1. Select **Experience Workspaces > Content Targeting > Automatic Topic Assignment**.
2. Enable **Automatic Topic Assignment**.
3. Map topics to data category groups and data categories. You can choose to add the topics to all existing articles and articles added in the future.

Because data categories aren’t the primary content organization scheme in the Customer Service template, you can’t use the following components.

- Article Type Filter
- Category Filter
- Category Navigation
- Expanded Category Navigation
- Featured Data Categories
- Featured Search
- Trending Articles

You can map your exact hierarchy from data categories to topics, up to eight levels of depth.

**Data Category Permissions**

Thoroughly check the data category permissions for all profiles accessing your newly built site. If you add new profiles and users to your site, check that all the articles’ data categories are set to the right permissions for your users. In particular, check the permission on the guest user profile for each site.

**Viewing Articles**

The Article Listview and Article Home components are only supported in the Koa and Kokua templates. Use the Top Articles by Topic component for a list view in a Customer Service community. When you click a topic in the Top Articles by Topic component, you see the topic detail page with a list of articles for that topic.

**Left-Hand Navigation**

Use custom themes to replicate the left-hand navigation scheme seen in the Koa and Kokua templates.

**New URL**

Your new site’s URL is different from your old Koa or Kokua URL. Give your customers a smooth transition from one to the next by following these steps.

1. In your Koa or Kokua site, select **Workspaces > Administration**.
2. Click the pencil button, and change the site’s URL.
3. Click **Save**.
4. In your new site, select **Workspaces > Administration**.
5. Click the pencil button, and change the community’s URL so that it matches your old URL.
6. To handle bookmarked articles, consider rewriting your site URLs.

**Important**: Change the URL only after testing that your new site works just as you want it to.
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Aura site templates, such as Customer Service and Partner Central, are each composed of pages, which in turn are made up of customizable components. Consult this table to find out which Aura template each component can be used in, and when the component became available.

Tip: The components panel in Experience Builder lists all components that you can add to the page you’re editing.

Sites built with Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce don’t use Lightning components.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Customer Service and Lightning Bolt Solutions</th>
<th>Partner Central</th>
<th>Customer Account Portal</th>
<th>Help Center</th>
<th>Build Your Own (Aura)</th>
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¹ Contact Support is included as part of the Contact Support & Ask Buttons component.
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## Which Experience Cloud Template Should I Use?

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³ User Profile Menu replaces Profile Header in Lightning templates based on Winter ‘18 and later versions of Lightning templates.
## Which Experience Cloud Template Should I Use?

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Login Components

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Note: The following case components were retired in all Salesforce orgs in Summer ’19: Case Attachments, Case Banner, Case Comments, Case Detail, Case Feed, Case Feed Publisher, and Case List. Similarly, the Set Case Status Button was retired in Winter ’21.

Sites already using one of these components can continue to do so, but if you delete a component or the page containing it, you can’t use the component again. Instead, to continue using the Case Comments feature, make sure that the Case Comment related list is added to the case page layout used in Experience Builder site.

SEE ALSO:

Getting Started with the Aloha Community Template for Salesforce Identity

Account Brand Details

Use the Account Brand Details component to show company information and brand details on the Account Management page.

When you go to the Account Management page, you can access Experience Cloud site members and account brand details. Account brand details contain company information used for branding purposes, such as websites, email address, phone numbers, addresses, and company logos.

Note: Add the Account Brand related lists to Accounts, so partners can access brand information.

1. Drag the Account Brand Details component to the page, and select it.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

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Example: Account Brand Details component:

*Account Management*

Channel managers can delegate partner users to help manage accounts. Using the Members tab, delegated account managers can activate and deactivate accounts and reset a member’s password. They can also manage branding assets that channel managers can use to create co-branded emails, marketing campaigns, and websites.

Partner users who have been granted delegated external user administration rights can access Account Management from their Experience Cloud site. From Account Management, they can manage members of their partner account from the Members tab.

Partner users who have been granted delegated external user administration can create and edit account brands from the Branding tab.

*Note:* Add the Account Brand and Members related lists to the Account page layout, so partners can access member and brand information.

1. Select the Account Management component in the page you’re configuring.
2. Click the tab that you want to configure.
3. To view the component properties, select the Properties pane:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parent Record ID</td>
<td><code>{!CurrentUser.accountId}</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Related List Name</td>
<td>Name of the related list displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>List Elements to Show</td>
<td>• Breadcrumbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Custom Title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Row Numbers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Refresh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Id</td>
<td><code>{!CurrentUser.accountId}</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Activities

Track your open activities and activity history and view them from a record information tab in your Experience Cloud site. Activities are supported for accounts, campaigns, claims, contacts, contracts, insurance policies, leads, opportunities, orders, products, quotes, and activity-enabled custom objects. Activities aren’t available in Experience Builder site when viewed on a mobile browser.

1. Select the **Activities** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RecordId</td>
<td>The ID of the record. This value is automatically populated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Announcement Section
The Announcement Section component displays group announcements from any page in your Experience Builder site.

1. Select the **Announcement Section** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Property</strong></th>
<th><strong>Details</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group ID</td>
<td>Enter a group ID. To find a specific group ID, navigate to the group home page and copy the ID from the URL. The ID is a string of numbers and letters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Group URL format example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><a href="https://MyDomainName.my.site.com/siteName/s/group/0F7A0000000DZXiNQO/groupName">https://MyDomainName.my.site.com/siteName/s/group/0F7A0000000DZXiNQO/groupName</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For this URL, the group ID is <strong>0F7A0000000DZXiNQO</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Header Label</td>
<td>Enter header text for your component. The default is <strong>Announcement</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Announcement Section component:

Article Content

The Article Content component lets users view and vote on an individual article after they've selected it from search results. The article's title, latest revision date, and article type appear with the body of the article.

Note: When a user views an article that's been returned from a web search, the navigation breadcrumbs show the path to the first category associated with the article.

If you enable article voting for this component, authenticated users see a prompt to vote below each article. Logged-in users can give articles a thumbs up or thumbs down vote. If your org uses star ratings on articles, thumbs up votes are recorded as five stars and thumbs down votes are recorded as one star. Article voting is available in the Winter '16 and later versions of Experience Builder templates.

The user can return to the article later to view their vote, but can't change it or see voting data from other members. You can view an article’s voting data at the top of the article in your org.

1. Select the Article Content component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Record Id</td>
<td>This value is retrieved when the individual article is selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URL Name</td>
<td>This value is retrieved when the individual article is selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show title in the article header</td>
<td>Select this option to show the title in the article’s header.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow voting on articles</td>
<td>Select this option to let users vote on articles. This option is not selected by default. This functionality is available only in the Winter '16 and later versions of Experience Builder templates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show topics</td>
<td>Select this option to show topics associated with an article.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Article Content component:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Articles with This Topic
The Articles With This Topic component is used on the Topic Detail page in Experience Builder sites built using the Customer Service template. It shows articles that have been tagged with the topic in question.

1. Select the Articles With This Topic component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Topic ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value, and populates the component with articles specific to the topic shown on the topic detail page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter text for the title. The default text is Articles With This Topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Title</td>
<td>Show the title by checking this box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Articles</td>
<td>Select the number of articles you want to show at a time. The default number is 10.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: In order for articles to populate this component, the site language and article language must match.
Example: Sample Articles With This Topic component:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Ask Button
The Ask Button component lets users click a button to ask a question that is then published to the site. Users must log in to ask questions and participate in discussions.

The Customer Service template pages come with two Ask Button components: one at the top of the page, and one at the bottom. The two aren’t linked, so you can remove one button or use different text or styling for each button.

1. Select the Ask Button component on the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
Details

**Button Label**
Enter the text to show on the Ask button. The default is *Ask a Question*.

**Ask Popup Settings**
- Allow members to add topics
- Block topic selection on questions in topics
- Expand Details section by default

**Style**

**Suggested Questions**

**Suggestion Metrics**

### Property

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Button Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text to show on the Ask button. The default is <em>Ask a Question</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Allow members to add topics</strong></td>
<td>Select to show the topic area at the bottom of the feed publisher (1) and to allow members to add topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Block topic selection on questions in topics</strong></td>
<td>In a topic feed, block members from choosing a different topic from the Post To list when they ask a question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expand Details section by default</strong></td>
<td>When a member asks a question, show the Details section in an expanded state (2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Button Text Color</strong></td>
<td>Set the color to use for button text when the button is inactive. For all values, a link icon shows that the current selection comes from colors defined in the Experience Builder theme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for button text when a member mouses over the button. In Experience Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when the button is inactive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when a member mouses over the button. In Experience Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the border that surrounds the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Radius</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the amount of curve to use for the button shape.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Button Width</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the width of the button. Width percentage is set against the full width of the container the button sits in. So 100% is the full width of the container, rather than the full width of the browser page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Alignment</td>
<td>Set the position of a button within its container by selecting Center, Left, or Right.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suggest questions</td>
<td>Select to show previous questions that are similar to the one the member is asking. This property assists with question deflection and helps in using existing resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include discussions in suggestions</td>
<td>Select to show discussions related to the question the member is asking. This property assists with question deflection and helps in using existing resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include articles in suggestions</td>
<td>Select to show Knowledge articles related to the question the member is asking. This property assists with question deflection and helps in using existing resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Suggestions to Show</td>
<td>Set the maximum number of questions, discussions, and articles to show to a member who is asking a question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show satisfaction prompt</td>
<td>Select to show the member a prompt that asks if they were satisfied with the information provided when they asked a question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satisfaction Prompt</td>
<td>Enter the question you want to ask a member about their satisfaction with the questions, discussions, and articles provided in response to their question. The default is Did we help to answer your question? Frame the question so that a positive response shows that your data helped and a negative response shows that it didn’t. Member response data provides you with metrics on the effectiveness of question deflection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ask follow-up question</td>
<td>Select to ask the member a follow-up question to their satisfaction response.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Follow-Up Prompt</td>
<td>Enter the follow-up question you want to ask the member. The default is Can we close your question? A member’s positive response closes the question without posting it. A negative response keeps the member’s question active.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Message</td>
<td>Enter a confirmation message to show when a member responds to your prompts. The default is Got it!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Ask Button component:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Case Deflection

Breadcrumb
Use the Breadcrumb component in an Experience Builder site template on topic, article, or feed detail pages to let your customers easily navigate back to parent or grandparent topics.

1. Select the Breadcrumb component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
**DetailsProperty**

Use `{!topicID}` on topic pages, `{!feedItemID}` on question or feed item pages, and `{!urlName}` on article pages.

---

**Note:** While topics reside in a fixed hierarchy, articles and feeds can be assigned to multiple topics at once. When an article or feed is assigned to a multiple of topic hierarchies, the Breadcrumb component shows topics that are the most discussed in a site.

Breadcrumbs don’t appear on top-level topic pages.

SEE ALSO:

*Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?*

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**Calendar**

View your events and others’ calendars from your Experience Builder site on your desktop or mobile device.

Your admin can configure the calendar to display details in the side panel of the calendar component or they can hide the sidebar. Calendar sidebars are turned on by default and display your “My Events” calendar and other users’ calendars that have been shared with you. If your calendar is set up to display the side panel, you can collapse it if you need more space.

---

**Note:** There are a few things to keep in mind when using calendars from a site:

- The option to hide or open the side panel in the Experience Cloud site Calendar is only available in calendars that have been configured to Show Calendar Sidebar.
- Internal users and partners users can add a public calendar to their Other Calendars section.
- When added as attendees, partners can see the event preview card, but they can’t edit or view complete event details.
- Customer users can’t access public calendars and events.
- Customer and partner users can’t add user records as attendees to events.
- Partner users can invite people to calendar events using their email addresses. Because partner users can’t access other partner users’ email addresses, they can’t invite other partner users to calendar events.
- Partner users can’t view shared calendars from mobile devices.

You can share your My Events calendars with other team members and add their calendars to your view. If you want to change one of your events, simply drag it to a new time slot.

1. Select the **Calendar** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show Calendar Sidebar</td>
<td>To display the calendar sidebar by default, select this option. To work with this item, use the full Salesforce site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Other Calendars</td>
<td>To display calendars that have been added to user’s calendar view, select this option. To work with this item, use the full Salesforce site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Let Users Create New Calendars</td>
<td>Turn on this option to create a calendar. To work with this item, use the full Salesforce site.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Campaign Marketplace**

With Campaign Marketplace, you can provide the structure and guidance necessary for partners to successfully execute campaigns. Channel marketers can create and share marketing campaigns, guidelines, and assets with partners. Partners can then choose which campaigns work best for them.

Configure Campaign Marketplace to display pre-approved campaigns for partners. This feature is available in Lightning Experiences and Lightning Bolt solutions.

1. Select the **Campaign Marketplace** component in the page you're configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>List View Name</td>
<td>This field looks up to the list view of campaigns created by the admin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sort By</td>
<td>This field establishes how campaign tiles are categorized.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sort Order</td>
<td>This field establishes the order that campaign tiles appear in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Header Label</td>
<td>The label that appears at the top of the campaign marketplace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Image</td>
<td>Displays the Image field on a campaign.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highlight</td>
<td>Designates the field to highlight in the campaign marketplace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highlight Color</td>
<td>Designates the color to highlight your campaigns with.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category Field</td>
<td>This field appears at the top of each campaign tile. Add a category field to callout important information about a campaign.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title Field</td>
<td>The title of the campaign.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body Field</td>
<td>Information displayed in the body of the campaign tile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Fields</td>
<td>Add data fields to call out additional important information about a campaign. The data fields appear at the bottom of the campaign tile.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Organize marketing campaigns with the Campaign Marketplace.

Add 1) highlights and 2) data fields to call out additional information about a campaign.
Case Comments Publisher

Use the Case Comments Publisher component to let customers and agents collaborate using comments on cases. Your customers can open cases, post comments, upload attachments, and check the status of their cases from any of their devices.

The component provides a chronological, filterable list of comments your customers and agents have had within the context of a case. It includes case activities, internal and external comments, attachments, and status changes. When authenticated users add a comment to a case, they can add a file to the case as an attachment. So when a customer creates a case using a mobile phone, they can take a picture with their phone’s camera and attach it to the case.

Note: Users must have edit access on cases in order to attach files with the Case Comments Publisher component.

By default, users can attach any supported file type that is 5 MB or less. You can restrict the types of files that users can upload by changing the default values for content types on the Library tab.

1. Select the **Case Comments Publisher** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. To configure properties for the component, select the Properties pane:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Case ID</td>
<td>Leave the default query string for the unless you plan to customize the component and add your own query string. The system uses the query string in this field to return the Case ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publisher Placeholder Text</td>
<td>Enter the text that appears in the search bar. The default value is <strong>Write a new comment...</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Header Text</td>
<td>Enter the text that appears as the header for mobile users. Mobile and tablet see the text as the header for the comment text area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can Attach Files</td>
<td>Lets users attach a file to the comment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post Button Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the button that submits the case or comment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Case Comments Publisher component:

SEE ALSO: Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Case Deflection

The Case Deflection component searches text as it’s being entered into the Contact Support Form component, and returns relevant articles and discussions. If users don’t get the answer they need, they can continue with their request for support.

Note: For guest users, a case deflection search matches article titles only. It doesn’t return matches from the body of the article.

If you built your Experience Cloud site before Spring `18, you could be using the Create Case Form component. A revamped version, ushered in with Spring `18, has split the component into two: the Contact Support Form and the Case Deflection components. We recommend you update your existing site to use the new components, as future updates and improvements are made on Contact Support Form and Case Deflection. Moreover, the new components allow you to use the Case Deflection Dashboard to verify the efficacy of your site’s case deflection.

1. Select the Case Deflection component in the page you’re configuring. Avoid placing the component in the template header or footer of the page. Doing so causes the component to appear on all pages.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Settings</td>
<td>Click to expand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Bold text that appears over suggested articles and discussions. The default is Need Answers Fast?.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtitle</td>
<td>Bold subtitle shown over suggested articles and discussions. The default is Find what you need here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Suggestions to Display</td>
<td>Maximum number of suggested articles and discussions to show. The default is 6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empty State Content</td>
<td>Click to expand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topic ID</td>
<td>Use the dropdown menu to elect a topic to show before site users start entering text in the Contact Support Form component. If you leave this field empty, the component shows trending topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Content Types</td>
<td>Click to expand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Articles</td>
<td>Select to include articles in suggestions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discussions</td>
<td>Select to include discussions in suggestions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deflection Metrics</td>
<td>Click to expand. You can view the data that’s gathered in this section in the Case Deflection Dashboard. This dashboard is available as part of the Salesforce Community Management Package, which you can find on AppExchange.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ask users if they’re satisfied with the suggested content</td>
<td>Let users tell you whether the suggested articles and discussions helped solve their case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satisfaction Prompt</td>
<td>Ask users if they’re satisfied with suggestions. Default text is: Did the content help solve your issue?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ask follow-up prompt</td>
<td>Ask a follow-up question, provided users answer the first question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Follow-Up Prompt</td>
<td>Enter the text to use for your follow-up question. Default text is: Stop creating your case?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redirect URL for Abandoned Cases</td>
<td>The URL of the page you want users to see if they abandon their case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Message</td>
<td>Default text is: Got it!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Case Deflection component:

SEE ALSO:
- Ask Button
- Contact Support & Ask Buttons

Channel Menu
Use the Channel Menu component to add the menu and button to your Experience Cloud site.

1. Complete these setup tasks to add the Channel Menu to your Experience Cloud site.
2. From the Components list, select the Channel Menu component and drag it onto the page that you’re configuring.
3. On the page, select the Channel Menu component.
4. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Channel Menu Deployment</td>
<td>Choose from the picklist for your org’s Channel Menu Deployment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**CMS Collection**

Add a CMS Collection to your Aura site using the CMS Collection component in Experience Builder. If you created a collection in your Content Management Workspace, you can customize the layout on your site page. If you don’t have a collection yet, you can still add the component as a placeholder on your page.

The CMS Collection component can be added to a page multiple times and can use collections created from CMS content or Salesforce CRM data. Collections are created in the Content Management area of Experience Workspaces. You can add the CMS Collection component to a page before you create your first collection. But until a collection is associated with the component, you can’t access the layout options.

**Note:** Be careful when using the CMS Collections component to show products in a B2B Commerce store. The component doesn’t respect user entitlements. All users with access to a page where the component shows products see all products that are exposed through the component.

1. In Experience Builder, click **Components**.
2. Drag the **CMS Collection** component onto the page.
3. In the component property panel, click **+ Add Collection**.
4. Select the collection that you want to add from the list, and save your changes.

**Tip:** The Type column indicates the source of a collection. For example, News is any collection composed of CMS News content. An object name such as Account or Product indicates a Salesforce CRM Collection.

5. In the component property panel, customize the collection layout and content layout as needed.
6. To control what information the component displays, select field mappings in the component property panel.

Your changes are saved as you make selections, and they’re reflected in the preview.

- If you have a CMS collection, map component fields to properties of the CMS content.
- If you have a CRM collection, map component fields to object field names.

To make the content accessible to site visitors who use screen readers, map the Headline field to a text element from your CMS content or CRM object. For example, for a CMS Collection, you can map to the content title. Or if you have a CRM collection for the Account object, map to the Account Name field.
CMS Connect (HTML)

The CMS Connect (HTML) component lets you display HTML content from a content management system (CMS). After setting up a connection in your CMS Connect workspace, drag a CMS Connect component on a page to render content from that connection. Before using the CMS Connect (HTML) component, see Create a CMS Connection in CMS Developer Guide. Then choose Use in Builder for the connection you want to use.

1. From the Component panel in Experience Builder, drag a CMS Connect component to the page and location where you want to display it.
2. Select the component. In the property editor, configure its properties.

### Details Property

- **CMS Source**: Select the CMS source that contains the content to display. If no sources are listed, click Manage Connections to set one up.
DetailsProperty
Enter the path to the component to display. If the connection has a root path, enter only the component part of the path. For example, if you entered content/capricorn for the root path, enter only banner1 for the component path. If your connection doesn’t have a root path, enter the full path for the component.

Personalization
Select the option to enable personalization for this instance of the CMS Connect (HTML) component. Personalization lets you keep branding and other content consistent between your community and your website.

CMS Connect (JSON)
The CMS Connect (JSON) component displays JSON content from a content management system (CMS).

Before using the CMS Connect (JSON) component, see Create a CMS Connection in CMS Developer Guide. The connection includes the server URL and paths to your JSON information. It also defines content lists and content items that you want to display. Then choose **Use in Builder** for the connection you want to use.

1. In Experience Builder, drag a CMS Connect (JSON) component from the Components panel to the location on the page where you want to display it.
2. Using the property editor, configure the component’s properties.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Component Path</td>
<td>Enter the path to the component to display. If the connection has a root path, enter only the component part of the path. For example, if you entered content/capricorn for the root path, enter only banner1 for the component path. If your connection doesn’t have a root path, enter the full path for the component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personalization</td>
<td>Select the option to enable personalization for this instance of the CMS Connect (HTML) component. Personalization lets you keep branding and other content consistent between your community and your website.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**CMS Connections**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>CMS SOURCE</th>
<th>CSS</th>
<th>JAVA SCRIPT</th>
<th>LANGUAGE</th>
<th>PERSONALIZATION</th>
<th>JSON</th>
<th>LOAD ORDER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coffee Blogs</td>
<td>Wordpress</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capricorn</td>
<td>AEM</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food and ...</td>
<td>AEM</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Which Experience Cloud Template Should I Use?**

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202
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Content Item Layout</td>
<td>Choose a layout for your content item. Currently, the only option is Detail. To specify detail properties (Title, Author, and so on), enter a JSON expression or value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Items Per Page</td>
<td>Enter the number of content items that display on each page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columns</td>
<td>Enter the number of columns of content items that display on desktops and tablets. Phones display content items in a single column.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a JSON expression or text for the title, such as @title.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Author</td>
<td>Enter a JSON expression or text for the author, such as @author/name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Published On</td>
<td>Enter a JSON expression or text in ISO format for the publish date. For example, @date or YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ssZ.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body</td>
<td>Enter a JSON expression or text for the content body, such as @content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Image Source</td>
<td>Enter a JSON expression for the image source of the content item, such as @featured_image.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Navigation section</td>
<td>Set up the navigation link for content items in your content list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link Text</td>
<td>Enter the link text to display on your site page. The default is Read More.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Select whether the link points to a generated page or an external URL with the content items in your content list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Page</td>
<td>Displays the name of the generated detail page. The default name reflects the CMS source and content type name for your connection. To change the default name, URL, or layout of this page, change the page properties using the Pages menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URL</td>
<td>Enter the fully qualified URL to the content.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>You can also specify JSON expressions, such as @link.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CMS Single Item

Add a single item of Salesforce CMS content such as a corporate statement, article, or image to your Aura site using the CMS Single Item component. You can add any content type, including News, Image, or Document, as a single item to a page.

Before using the CMS Single Item component, create content in Salesforce CMS. You can add the component to your site without a content source, but you can’t configure it until you link it to content.

Note: You can only add published content created in the Digital Experiences app. If you have a published piece of content and a draft version of the content, the latest published version is what’s available to select.

1. In Experience Builder, click Components.
2. Drag the CMS Single Item component onto the page.
3. In the component property panel, click Add Content.
4. Select the content that you want to add from the list of published CMS content items, and save your change.
5. In the component property panel, customize the content layout, such as font size, image position, overlays, and more.
6. To control what information the component displays, select field mappings in the component property panel. Map component fields to properties of the Salesforce CMS content. Your changes are saved as you make selections, and they’re reflected in the preview.

For example, map the Headline to the content title, and map the Subheading to the content body. Setting field mappings also makes your content more accessible to site visitors who use screen readers.
Note: When you publish or unpublish content that is bound to a CMS Single Item, your guest users can experience up to an hour delay before they see the updated content in your site. Authenticated users can experience up to a five-minute delay.

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

CMS Single Item (Detail)

Add the CMS Single Item (Detail) component to a CMS Content page to configure the page and let users see your content in full. Use this component to customize the content and layout of detail pages for all CMS content types: News, Image, and Document.

You can only add the CMS Single Item (Detail) to a CMS content detail page in Experience Builder. There’s only one detail page for each content type in Salesforce CMS.

1. In Experience Builder, navigate to a detail page, and then click Components.
2. Drag the CMS Single Item (Detail) component onto the page.
3. In the component property panel, determine the content layout (1), map fields to fields in the CMS content (2), and customize the layout of images and headers (3).

Show content fields in a default order, or group them into sections for a more precise layout. To fully customize the appearance of your CMS content detail page, continue adjusting the fields in the component property panel.

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Contact Request Button & Flow

Add the Contact Request Button & Flow component to let members click a button to request that customer support get back to them. Members describe the problem and enter their contact details in a window. After the request is sent, a support person can review the issue and contact the customer for follow-up and resolution.
Tip: To use this component, create a contact request flow from the Customer Contact Requests page in Setup. When a customer submits a request, a contact request record is created. You can route contact request records using Omni-Channel.

Contact Request works in public sites and sites that require authentication. Make sure that your site users have the Run Flows permission, including your Guest User profile that’s used in public sites. Without this permission, members don’t see the button to submit contact requests.

1. On the page that you’re configuring, select the Contact Request Button & Flow component.
2. In the property editor, configure the component properties.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Button Label</td>
<td>The text to display on the support request button. The default is Request Help.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact Request Flow</td>
<td>Select a contact request flow that you created in Setup or in Flow Builder. Only active flows that have the type Contact Request Flow are supported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Color</td>
<td>Set the color of text to use for the button label.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color of text to use for the button label when a member mouses over the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when the button is inactive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when a member mouses over the button. In Experience Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the border that surrounds the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Radius</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the amount of curve to use for the button shape.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Button Width</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the width of the button. Width percentage is set against the full width of the container that the button sits in. So 100% is the full width of the container, rather than the full width of the browser page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Alignment</td>
<td>Select Center, Left, or Right to set the position of a button within its container.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example: Sample Contact Request Button & Flow component.

When a user clicks the button a window appears.
Contact Support Button

The Contact Support Button component adds a button that users click to create a case. When you enable Web-to-Case and set up a guest user case publishing action, guest users aren’t required to log in before creating a case.

Each button instance supports its own property values. So, if you have two Contact Support buttons on a page, the values on each button are unique to that button. You can configure buttons to use the values you defined in your theme so that they all look the same. But each button instance remains unique.

Note: Guest users can’t attach files when creating a case.

1. Select the Contact Support Button component in the page you’re configuring.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Button Label</td>
<td>The text to show on the button that users click to create a case. The default text is Contact Support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Color</td>
<td>Set the color of text to use for the button label.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The link icon shows that the current selection comes from colors defined in the theme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color of text to use for the button label when a member mouses over the button. In Experience Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when the button is inactive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when a member mouses over the button. In Experience Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the border that surrounds the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Radius</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the amount of curve to use for the button shape.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Button Width</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the width of the button. Width percentage is set against the full width of the container that the button sits in. So 100% is the full width of the container, rather than the full width of the browser page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Alignment</td>
<td>Select Center, Left, or Right to set the position of a button within its container.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Sample Contact Support Button component:

![Contact Support Button](image)

**Contact Support & Ask Buttons**

The Contact Support & Ask Buttons component adds two buttons to the page. The Contact Support button lets users click a button to create a case. The Ask button lets members ask a question and publish it to the site. All members must be logged in to ask the site a question.

When you enable Web-to-Case and set up a guest user case publishing action, guest users aren’t required to log in before creating a case.

**Note:** Guest users can’t attach files when creating a case.

Each button instance supports its own property values. So, if you have two sets of Contact Support & Ask buttons on a page, the values on each button are unique to that button. You can configure buttons to use the values you defined in your site theme so that they all look the same. But each button instance remains unique.

1. Select the **Contact Support & Ask Buttons** component on the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Header Label</td>
<td>The text to show at the top of the component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ask Community Label</td>
<td>The text to show on the Ask button. The default text is Ask a Question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact Support Label</td>
<td>The text to show on the Contact Support button. The default text is Contact Support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow members to add topics</td>
<td>Select to show the topic area at the bottom of the feed publisher and to allow members to add topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expand Details section by default</td>
<td>When a member asks a question, show the Details section in an expanded state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Color</td>
<td>Set the color of button text to use when the button is inactive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The 📜 link icon shows that the current selection comes from colors defined in the theme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color of text to use when a member mouses over the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when the button is inactive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when a member mouses over the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the border that surrounds the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Radius</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the amount of curve to use for the button border.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suggest questions</td>
<td>Select to show questions that are similar to the one the member is asking. This property assists with question deflection and helps in using existing resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include discussions in suggestions</td>
<td>Select to show discussions related to the question that the member is asking. This property assists with question deflection and helps in using existing resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include articles in suggestions</td>
<td>Select to show Knowledge articles related to the question that the member is asking. This property assists with question deflection and helps in using existing resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Suggestions to Show</td>
<td>Set the maximum number of questions, discussions, and articles to show to a member who is asking a question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show satisfaction prompt</td>
<td>Select to show the member a prompt that solicits information about their satisfaction with the content provided to them when they asked a question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Satisfaction Prompt</td>
<td>Enter the question you want to ask a member about their satisfaction with the questions, discussions, and articles you provided in response to their question. The default is <em>Did we help to answer your question?</em> Frame the question so that a positive response shows that your data helped and a negative response shows that it didn’t. Member response data provides you with metrics on the effectiveness of question deflection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ask follow-up question</td>
<td>Select to ask the member a follow-up question to their satisfaction response.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Follow-Up Prompt</td>
<td>Enter the follow-up question that you want to ask the member. The default is <em>Can we close your question?</em> A member’s positive response closes the question without posting it. A negative response keeps the member’s question active.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Message</td>
<td>Enter a confirmation message to show when a member responds to your prompts. The default is <em>Got it!</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Contact Support & Ask Buttons component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Don't see what you're looking for?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ASK THE COMMUNITY</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CONTACT SUPPORT</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Case Deflection

Contact Support Form

The Contact Support Form allows guest and authenticated users to create cases from a site. It works with the Case Deflection component to help site members find articles and discussions to answer questions as text is being entered into the form.

If you built your Experience Cloud site before Spring `18, you could be using the Create Case Form component. A revamped version, ushered in with Spring `18, has split the component into two: the Contact Support Form and the Case Deflection components. We recommend you update your existing site to use the new components, as future updates and improvements are made on Contact Support Form and Case Deflection. Moreover, the new components allow you to use the Case Deflection Dashboard to verify the efficacy of your site’s case deflection.

Check out this topic if you want to migrate to the new components.

Note: A few things to keep in mind when using the Contact Support Form component:

- Feed items aren’t generated for attachments when you create a case with the Contact Support Form component.
- When you configure the case page layout for your site, specify that some fields are required. Adding required fields to the layout ensures that customers don’t accidentally submit cases with empty fields.
- Fields with the data type `lookup`, such as Contact Name, Account Name, and custom lookup fields, aren’t supported for guest users.
- Automatic triggers that change record ownership can affect what object details are visible to users or where the details are displayed. For example, if you create a case using the Contact Support Form component and an automatic trigger changes the case owner, the case record ID appears in the Case Number field.

1. Select the **Case Deflection** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Settings</td>
<td>Click to expand the section with general setting properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Text that displays at the top of the form customers use to create a case. The default is <strong>Contact Customer Support</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtitle</td>
<td>Subtitle at the top of the form that customers use to create a case. The default is <strong>Tell us how we can help</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Settings</td>
<td>Click to expand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create Cases in Batches</td>
<td>A global action that allows users to create cases in batches, rather than one at a time. Batching creation increases the number of cases that can be created at a time for high-volume sites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Authenticated Users</td>
<td>Click to expand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global Action</td>
<td>A global action that allows users to create cases. The global action must be a Create a Record type, and on the case object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configure global actions for authenticated users</td>
<td>Link to the area in Salesforce Setup where you can create global actions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attach files</td>
<td>Select to allow users to attach files to their cases. They can upload up to 10 files.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>File Upload Button Label</td>
<td>Label for the button to allow customers to upload files. Default text is  Upload File.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guest Users</td>
<td>Click to expand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global Action</td>
<td>A global action that allows guest users to create cases. The global action must be a Create a Record type, and on the case object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configure global actions for guest users</td>
<td>Link to the area in Salesforce Setup where you can configure global actions for guest users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Text</td>
<td>Click to expand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Title</td>
<td>The title at the top of the page confirming that a case was created. Default text is  Your case was created.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Subtitle</td>
<td>More information under the confirmation title, after a case was created. Default text is  We’ll get back to you soon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case Summary</td>
<td>Shows the case subject and case number for the user’s future reference.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Call to Action button</td>
<td>Select this option to have folks take a follow-up action after filing a case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call to Action</td>
<td>The URL of the site you want users to see after filing a case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call to Action Text</td>
<td>Call to action text label, based on what you want users to do.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call to Action Button Text</td>
<td>Text label for the call to action button.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Contact Support Form component:

Create Case Form

The Create Case Form component searches text as it’s being entered into a case and displays articles based on the typed text. If users don’t see an answer, they can contact support for help. You can also protect your site from spammers by adding a reCAPTCHA widget that guest users must complete before they create a case.

Before Spring ’16, this component was named Case Creation.

Note: When you configure the case page layout for your site, specify that some fields are required. Adding required fields to the layout ensures that customers don’t accidentally submit cases with empty fields.

1. Select the Create Case Form component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Settings</td>
<td>Click to expand the section with general setting properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attach Files</td>
<td>Lets authenticated users attach a file to the comment in the case. Your organization’s settings control the limits for file sizes. If you enable Web-to-Case to let guest users create cases, keep in mind that guest users can’t attach files to a case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Header Title</td>
<td>Text that displays at the top of the page customers use to create a case. The default is Email Customer Support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Message Title</td>
<td>Text that appears as the title of the message confirming that the case has been created. The default is: Your request was submitted successfully.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmation Message Description</td>
<td>Text that appears as the body of the message confirming that the case has been created. For example, You'll hear back from us soon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actions in the Publisher</td>
<td>Click to expand the section with action properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signed-In User Case Action</td>
<td>The name of the action that creates cases for authenticated users. Use the action layout editor for the case object in Salesforce setup to specify which fields to include in the layout. The NewCase action is a default in your Salesforce org.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guest User Case Action</td>
<td>The name of the action that creates cases for unauthenticated users. Use the action layout editor for the case object in Salesforce setup to specify which fields to include in the layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case Deflection</td>
<td>Click to expand the section with case deflection properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use Case Text to Suggest Articles</td>
<td>Uses the text users type in the case title and description fields to suggest articles in the deflection area of the page. Article deflection appears only when you’ve implemented Salesforce Knowledge in your org.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Articles</td>
<td>Number of articles that display in the component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top-Level Category</td>
<td>Top-level data category for template-driven sites using data categories. This data category is where articles used for deflection come from.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category Group name for article deflection</td>
<td>Data category group name for template-driven sites using data categories.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deflection Banner Text</td>
<td>Text that displays as the title of the deflection area of the page. The default is Need Answers Fast?.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deflection Text</td>
<td>Text that displays as the subtitle in the deflection area of the page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile-Only Deflection Text</td>
<td>Text that displays in the deflection area for users of mobile devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reCAPTCHA Settings</td>
<td>Click to expand the section with reCAPTCHA settings. Google no longer supports reCAPTCHA v1, which is the only version currently available in Experience Builder sites. In order to use reCAPTCHA v2 and above your sites, use a custom Lightning component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reCAPTCHA for Guest Case Creation</td>
<td>Adds the reCAPTCHA widget to your page. The reCAPTCHA widget requires guest users to complete a text field successfully before they can create a case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secret Key for reCAPTCHA</td>
<td>Enter the key that you received when you registered for the service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Key for reCAPTCHA</td>
<td>Enter the key that you received when you registered for the service. Make sure that you thoroughly test the reCAPTCHA widget in your production organization.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Create Case Form component:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Migrate to the Contact Support Form and Case Deflection Components

If you built your Experience Cloud site before Spring `18, you could be using the Create Case Form component. A revamped version, ushered in with Spring `18, has split the component into two: the Contact Support Form and the Case Deflection components. We recommend you update your existing site to use the new components, as future updates and improvements are made on Contact Support Form and Case Deflection. Moreover, the new components allow you to use the Case Deflection Dashboard to verify the efficacy of your site’s case deflection.

Replace the Case Create Form component with the Contact Support Form and Case Deflection components using the following steps.

Note: Enable Web-to-Case in your org if it’s not already enabled.

1. Create a new page variation you can use for case deflection. In the Customer Service, make a variation of the Contact Support page. In the Customer Account Portal template, make a variation of the Contact Us page. We recommend the 2-column, 1:1 ratio layout.

2. Drag the Contact Support Form and Case Deflection components on the page. Configure the component properties.

   Note: One of the properties on the Contact Support Form component is the global action used to create cases. Create new global actions in Salesforce Setup. For a global action to be used in the Contact Support Form component, it must be a Create a Record action type with the case object as the target.

3. Enable Guest Access to the Support API, and add the global actions you want to use.
a. In Salesforce Setup, enter Sites in the Quick Find box and select Sites.
b. Select the Guest Access to the Support API checkbox to enable it.
c. Add your global actions to the Selected Quick Actions box.
d. Click Save.

4. Configure your site’s guest user profile. Disable access to object permissions for guest users.

Note: Your guest users could need object permissions for custom objects, or other functionality in your site. Test your implementation so you have the best object permission configuration for your site.

Create Record Button

Use the Create Record Button component to allow site members to create records using global actions. This component relies on the global actions defined in your org by the administrator. If you associate more than one action with this button, it acts like a dropdown list. When a site member selects an action from the list, the Create Record page dynamically loads the appropriate action layout for that action using the Create Record Form component.

1. Add the Create Record Button component to a page or select it on the page you’re configuring. For example, you can add this component to the Home page to make it easy for site members to find.
2. Click Add Global Action to add an action to the Global Actions list.
3. Select each action and modify its type and public availability in the Global Action Properties section.
   * Select the global action type to be associated with each action in the Global Actions list.
   * Select Publicly Accessible to make that action available for guest users of the site.
Create Record Form

The Create Record Form component displays the action layout when a user clicks an action from the Create Record button.

When a site member clicks an action from the Create Record button in your site, they’re redirected to the Create Record page, which uses the Create Record Form component to display the fields in the associated global action layout. The page and component automatically pick up the global action layout defined in Setup based on the clicked action and the Action Name property is automatically populated. No additional configuration is required.

1. Select the Create Record Form component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:
**Create Records in Batches**

A global action that allows users to create cases, leads, and custom objects in batches, rather than one at a time. Batching creation increases the number of objects that can be created at a time for high-volume sites.

**Details**

- **Action Name**: The API name of the action is automatically populated and doesn’t require configuration.
- **Performance Settings**: Click to expand.

**CRM Analytics Dashboard**

Use the CRM Analytics Dashboard component to add CRM Analytics to your site's pages.

1. Select the **CRM Analytics Dashboard** component in the page you're configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

**Property** | **Details**
--- | ---
Dashboard | Select an available dashboard from the dropdown list.
Height | Specify the height of the dashboard, in pixels. The default is 300.

**Example**: Sample Create Record Form component.
Details

Property | Details
---|---
Filter | Add selections or filters to apply to the dashboard when it appears on the page at runtime. You can filter dataset fields by variables or specified values. For filtering on dimensions, use this syntax:

```
{ 'datasets': { 'dataset1': [ { 'fields': [ 'field1' ], 'selection': [ '$value1', '$value2' ] }, { 'fields': [ 'field2' ], 'filter': { 'operator': 'operator1', 'values': [ '$value3', '$value4' ] } } ] }
```

For filtering on measures, use this syntax:

```
{ 'datasets': { 'dataset1': [ { 'fields': [ 'field1' ], 'selection': [ '$value1', '$value2' ] }, { 'fields': [ 'field2' ], 'filter': { 'operator': 'operator1', 'values': [ '$value3' ] } } ] }
```

datasets takes dataset system names which are found in the left panel of the edit page for a dataset. (If your org has namespaces, include the namespace prefix and two underscores before the dataset system name.)

fields takes dimensions or measures in the dataset. To find the names, click the Explore icon to open the widget, select Show SAQL from the Options menu.

values can be specific values or fields in a Salesforce object. To find the name of a field, go to Setup, locate the object you want, and select Fields. Use the Field Name (also known as the API name). For custom fields, use the name with "__c" at the end.

With the selection option, the dashboard is shown with all its data, and the specified dimension values are highlighted. The selection option can be used alone or with the filter option. Selection takes dimension values only. To use this option, the dashboard must include a list, date, or toggle widget that groups by the specified dimension.

With the filter option, the dashboard is shown with only filtered data. The filter option can be used alone or with the selection option. Filter takes dimension or measure values.

Use operator with the filter option. Supported operators for dimensions: in; not in; matches. Supported operators for measures: = ; >= ; > ; <= ; <.

Show Sharing Icon | Add the Share icon on the dashboard. When this option is selected, users can click the icon to open the Share dialog, where they can post to Chatter and download images and data. To show the Share icon, the minimum dashboard height is 612 pixels. Default is false.

Show Title | Control the visibility of the dashboard title. When this option is selected, the dashboard's title appears above the dashboard. Default is true.

Show Header | Control the visibility of the dashboard header. When this option is selected, the dashboard is displayed with a header bar that includes the Open in Analytics icon, the date and time that the dashboard's data was updated, and the dashboard views menu. Note that the header bar also appears if either Show Sharing Icon or Show Title is selected.

Open Links in New Windows | Specify where links from the dashboard to other assets are opened. When this option is selected, links open in new windows. When this option isn't selected, links open in the same window. Default is true.
**Property**  
**Details**

*Hide On Error*
Control whether or not users see a dashboard that has an error. When this option is selected, if the dashboard has an error, it won’t appear on the page. When this option isn’t selected, the dashboard appears but doesn’t show any data. An error can occur when a user doesn’t have access to the dashboard or it has been deleted. Default is false.

**Example:** CRM Analytics Dashboard component:
Custom Lightning Components

Build your own custom Lightning components to use in Experience Builder sites.

**Note:** As of API version 45.0, you can build Lightning components using two programming models: Lightning Web Components, and the original model, Aura Components.

To develop custom Aura components for your Experience Builder site, see Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Configure Drag-and-Drop Components for Experience Builder.

To develop custom Lightning web components for your Experience Builder site, see Lightning Web Components Developer Guide: Configure a Component for Experience Builder. You can’t incorporate Lightning web components with the 2 column, 2:1 ratio, split-sidebar fixed page layout that’s available in Experience Builder. Use a flexible layout to create a page or page variation in Experience Builder that’s arranged the same way.

Custom Lightning components configured for Experience Builder sites behave just like standard template components. Drag the component to the page canvas. To edit its properties, select the component on the page canvas, and then enter changes in the floating component property editor. Custom components appear in the Components panel along with your template’s components.

**EDITIONS**

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR

- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR

- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Example: A custom component added to the page canvas, with properties open in the property editor:

SEE ALSO:
Create a Flexible Layout
Change the Content Layout in Experience Builder

Customize Code for Lightning Components on Login Pages

To add custom logic to the Login pages in Experience Builder sites, customize the Lightning component for those pages.

Each site has these default Login pages: Check Password, Forgot Password, Login, Login Error, and Register. And each Login page has a standard Lightning component that drives this functionality. If your company or site has any usability, security, or accessibility requirements that aren’t supported by preconfigured login components, you can customize the login experience by creating custom components and adding code logic.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Lightning Components, and then select Lightning Components.

2. To customize a component, click the one that you want. For example, to customize the login experience, click loginForm.
4. In the Developer Console workspace, add `implements="forceCommunity:availableForAllPageTypes"` to the `<aura:component>` tag. Implementing the `forceCommunity:availableForAllPageTypes` interface exposes the component in Experience Builder.
5. Add custom code logic and save your changes as a new custom component.
6. Go back to Experience Builder in your site and bring up the Login page from the list of pages. The custom component you created appears on the list of components.

Customizable User Profile Menu

The Customizable User Profile Menu component displays a user’s name or nickname and profile picture. It can also display a company name or icon. If the user isn’t logged in, a Login button appears in the header. Starting in Summer ’20, the Customizable User Profile Menu component replaces the User Profile component in Experience Builder sites using the new B2B Commerce Template and new sites using specific themes, including Ember, Stella, Webster, Citizen, Cypress, and Jepson. Existing sites using those themes get the new component instead of the old version when they reapply or change the theme.

1. In the page that you’re configuring, click the header component to open the property editor.
2. Expand the Layout section, and select the Customizable User Profile Menu component in the User Profile Component dropdown.
3. Click the Customizable User Profile Menu component to open its property editor.
4. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Login Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the Login button that members use to log in to the site. The default is Log In.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Color</td>
<td>Choose the color of the text for the log in button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Hover Color</td>
<td>Choose the color of the text when the user is hovering over the log in button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Background Color</td>
<td>Choose the background color of the log in button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Background Hover Color</td>
<td>Choose the background color to show when the user is hovering over the log in button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Border Color</td>
<td>Choose the border color of the log in button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Border Radius (0px - 50px)</td>
<td>Set the radius of the button border.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Menu</td>
<td>Choose the default navigation menu to show to authenticated users. To edit your menu selection, click the Edit button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Menu Style for Authenticated Users</td>
<td>Choose whether to display a menu icon, the user’s name, or both. On mobile devices, only the icon is shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icon</td>
<td>Choose whether to use a company logo or an avatar as the menu icon.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include Company Name</td>
<td>Opt to include the company name in the user profile menu. The default is to omit it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Orientation</td>
<td>Choose whether to display the company name to the right or left of the icon.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:
- When you import a B2B Commerce template, the My Account and Lists options on navigation menus are dropped. Edit the menu, like the Customizable User Profile menu, and recreate these menu options.
- Menu item types system link and event display only in the Customizable User Profile Menu component.

Customizable User Settings

The Customizable User Settings component enables your users to customize their site settings.

Note: The Customizable User Settings component replaces the User Settings component, which was deprecated in Winter ’21.

The customizable user site settings include changing language, locale, and time zone so that the site is localized appropriately. A user can also see their username, change their email or password, and deactivate their account. Users can choose to show their profile details to guest users who aren’t logged in to the site. They can also choose to receive email based on events in the site. If users don’t want to receive email about events in the site, they can disable email notifications. You can customize the labels on many of these fields.

1. Select the Customizable User Settings component on the page.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User Settings Header</td>
<td>Customizable label for the settings page. Default text is <strong>My Settings.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>Value automatically retrieved by the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Tabs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Management Tab</td>
<td>Customizable label for the Account Management tab. This tab’s account details. Default text is <strong>Account Management.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connected Sources Tab</td>
<td>Customizable label for the Connected Sources tab. This tab lists external and other data sources to which the user is connected. Default text is <strong>Connected Sources.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide the Connected Sources</td>
<td>Prevents the Connected Sources tab from appearing on the Customizable User Settings component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Header</td>
<td>Customizable label for the Location section. This section includes language, locale, and time zone fields. Default text is <strong>Location.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profile Visibility</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide section</td>
<td>Prevents the Profile Visibility section from appearing on the Customizable User Settings component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Header</td>
<td>Customizable label for the Profile Visibility section. This section includes the option to restrict what others can see on a user’s profile page. Default text is <strong>Profile Visibility.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Description</td>
<td>Customizable description of the Profile Visibility section. Default text is <strong>Customize who is able to see what on your profile page.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Hint Text</td>
<td>Customizable hint text that appears when users hover over the help icon next to the description. It defines each visibility level. Default text is <strong>Restricted: Visible to the users who created the site. Members: Visible to logged-in members. Public: Visible to anyone viewing pages, logged in or not.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email Notifications</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide section</td>
<td>Prevents email notifications from appearing in a user’s personal Chatter settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Header</td>
<td>Customizable label for the Email Notification section. The section includes options for enabling or disabling all or some email notifications. Default text is <strong>Email Notifications.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Description</td>
<td>Customizable description of the section that lists the various actions that send email notifications. Default text is <strong>When email notifications are enabled.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hide feed notification options</td>
<td>Prevents feed and post notifications from appearing in a user’s personal Chatter settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Account Details</td>
<td>If you have a Mobile Publisher for Experience Cloud app listed on the App Store, it’s recommended that you customize the Deactivate Account Button label, and other Deactivate Account user settings, to use the term <strong>Delete</strong> rather than <strong>Deactivate.</strong> Learn more about this requirement.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Property | Details
---|---
Section Header | Customizable label for the Account Details section. This section includes the deactivate account fields. Default text is *Account Details*.

Hide the Deactivate Account section | Deselect to show the Deactivate Account section on your user’s My Settings page. Before showing the Deactivate Account section, enable the *User Self Deactivate* setting from **Setup > User Management Settings**.

Deactivate Account Section Label | Customizable label for the Deactivate Account section. Default text is *Deactivate Account*

Deactivate Account Button Label | Customizable label for the Deactivate Account button. Default text is *Deactivate My Account*

Deactivate Account Confirmation Title | Customizable title of the confirmation message. Default text is *Deactivate your account?*

Deactivate Account Confirmation Message | Customizable text of the confirmation message body. Default text is *After you deactivate your account, you’ll lose access to this site.*

Deactivate Account Confirmation Button Label | Customizable label of the button for the popup confirmation message. Default text is *Got It*

Deactivate Account Error Message” | Customizable error message displayed if the user is unable to initiate deletion of their account. Default text is *Something went wrong. Contact your site administrator.*

**Tip:** For orgs where Single Sign-On (SSO) is enabled, consider hiding the Change Password link on a user’s My Settings page.

1. In Setup, create a permission set, for example *Single Sign On Link*.
2. In System permissions, set “Is Single Sign-On Enabled” to *On*.
3. Assign the permission set to appropriate users in your org.

The “Change password” page no longer appears on their My Settings page.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
- *Set Up and Maintain Your Salesforce Organization: Enable User Self-Deactivation*
- *Set Up and Maintain Your Salesforce Organization: Let Users Scramble Their User Data*
- *Data Protection and Privacy: Data Deletion for Experience Cloud Sites*
- *Data Protection and Privacy Help: Data Deletion for the Salesforce Platform*

#### Dashboard

Use the Dashboard component to add dashboards you set up in your org’s public folder to your site’s pages.

1. Select the **Dashboard** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
## Property | Details
--- | ---
Dashboard Name | Select an available dashboard.
Height | Adjust the height of the dashboard. Column width controls the dashboard width.

**Example:** Sample Dashboard component:

![Sample Dashboard component](image)

### Note:
- Members can’t change the dashboard’s running user in the site. This view is read only.
- The refresh button isn’t available in Experience Builder sites on mobile devices.
- Dashboards data is automatically refreshed when viewed in Experience Sites.

## Dashboard List
The Dashboard List component lets users view dashboards in list form.

The dashboard list can be filtered with these criteria:
- Recent
- Created by Me
- Private Dashboards
- All Dashboards

In addition, users have access to dashboard folders. Folders include:
- Created by Me
- Shared with Me
- All Folders

The Dashboard List component doesn’t have any editable properties.

### Note:
The Dashboard List component can only be used on the Dashboard List page.
Deflection Tracking

The Deflection Tracking component gathers data from users about the deflection content that you provide. Prompt users with a customized set of answers, and capture their feedback in your Salesforce org. Use the Salesforce Case Deflection Reporting Package for Experience Builder sites to build reports about the effectiveness of your deflection content. Reports help you plan your content strategy with the support of real data.

1. Select the Deflection Tracking component, and drag it onto any Feed Detail, Question Detail, or Article Detail page. Avoid placing the component in the template header or footer of the page. Doing so causes the component to appear on all pages.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Question Label</td>
<td>Enter a prompt that asks users if they're satisfied with the suggested</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>content. Default text is: <em>Did this information resolve your issue?</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show confirmed deflection button</td>
<td>Select to include a confirmed deflection button that users click to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>confirm that the information resolved their issue.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirmed Deflection Button Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the confirmed deflection button. Default text is: <em>Yes</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show potential deflection button</td>
<td>Select to include a potential deflection button that users click to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>show that the information possibly resolved their issue.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potential Deflection Button Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the potential deflection button. Default text is: <em>Maybe</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show unsuccessful deflection</td>
<td>Select to include an unsuccessful deflection button that users click to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>button</td>
<td>show that the information didn't resolve their issue.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsuccessful Deflection Button</td>
<td>Enter a label for the unsuccessful deflection button. Default text is:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Label</td>
<td><em>No</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thank You Message Label</td>
<td>Enter a message thanking the user for their response. Default text is:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>Thanks for your feedback!</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Publish the page.
Example: Sample Deflection Tracking component set up in Experience Builder:

![Deflection Tracking component](image)

Sample Deflection Tracking component in viewable user page:

![Sample Deflection Tracking component](image)

Install the Salesforce Case Deflection Reporting Package to see how well the Deflection Tracking component actually deflects cases from being created. Use the Community Case Deflection Metrics dashboard to get metrics on potential and confirmed case deflections and the most helpful articles and discussions.

SEE ALSO:
- Case Deflection
- Ask Button
- Contact Support & Ask Buttons
**Einstein Predictions**

The Einstein Predictions component lets users display predictions and improvements for a standard or custom object on an Experience Builder site page.

After a model is deployed, you can use it to display predictions and improvements for a standard or custom object on an Experience Builder site page.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Experience Builder site page to which you want to add a prediction.
2. Drop the Einstein Predictions component where you want it on the page.
3. In the component configuration panel, use the Prediction lookup to find and select the prediction you want to embed in the site page.
4. Optionally, configure other properties for this prediction as well.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prediction</td>
<td>Search for a list of any predictions (deployed models) to which you have access.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Prediction Label</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show the prediction label.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Descriptive label for the prediction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show title</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show the title.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prediction score unit</td>
<td>Unit of measure for the prediction. Examples:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Currency for money-based predictions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• % for probability-based predictions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• time interval for time-based predictions (hours, days, weeks, and so on)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unit precedes score</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show units preceding the prediction, such as currency symbols. By default, units follow the prediction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Positive prediction label</td>
<td>Label to display when the prediction is higher than the threshold in a binary classification model. Examples: Win, Retain, Success, and so on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negative prediction label</td>
<td>Label to display when the prediction is lower than the threshold in a binary classification model. Examples: Loss, Churn, Fail, and so on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show top predictors</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show the predictors with the highest impact on the prediction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collapse details</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show top predictors but hide other details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show ranked probabilities</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show ranked probabilities for outcome values. Applies only to predictions associated with multiclass classification models.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To add the Einstein Predictions component to an Experience Builder site page
- Create and Set Up Experiences AND
- Is a member of the site

To view predictions on a site page
- View Einstein Discovery Recommendations
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Property</strong></th>
<th><strong>Description</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Include link to model card</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show the Learn about this model link that users can click to see the model card associated with this prediction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show improvements</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show Einstein Discovery suggestions on how to improve the predicted outcome. Applies only to predictions associated with binary classification or numeric models.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of improvements to show</td>
<td>Set the maximum number of improvements returned on the prediction card. Applies only to predictions associated with binary classification or numeric models.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement threshold percentage</td>
<td>Specify a number to display only improvements that impact the predicted outcome by this percentage or higher. Applies only to predictions associated with binary classification or numeric models.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show values for predictors</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show the impact value next to predictors and improvements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show prediction warnings</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show user warnings, such as:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• missing fields that are required for the model</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• field values that are outside of the valid range used to build the predictive model</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculate prediction as a date</td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show time-based predictions as based on a relative start date plus an offset value (the original prediction result).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start calculating date prediction from</td>
<td>Select the date field to use for when to start calculating the predicted date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time period</td>
<td>Select the unit for the offset value (original prediction result) used to calculate the predicted date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Predicted date format</td>
<td>Select how to display the predicted date.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Time Remaining formats the prediction according to the selected Time period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Specific Date formats the prediction as a date according to the logged-in user’s locale settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show prediction history starting from</td>
<td>Select a reference point to display score history:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Last change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Last week</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When a user views this site page, predictions are updated in real time. No writeback to Salesforce is needed.
Einstein Scoring

Partners can see how well their leads score according to your company’s conversion patterns. Get Einstein Lead Scoring by adding the Einstein Scoring component to the detail pages of partners’ leads in Experience Cloud sites.

Available for partners in Experience Cloud Aura sites, accessed through Lightning Experience in Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited Editions with Sales Cloud or Service Cloud. A PRM add-on license is required for each partner user.

To give partners access to these features, you must also set up Einstein Lead Scoring. Then, verify the required steps for adding the Einstein Scoring component in your Experience Cloud site. Not all steps are required for all templates.

1. If Einstein Scoring isn’t preconfigured in your Experience Cloud template, add it.
   Einstein Scoring is only available for the Lead object detail page.
   a. Either Create Object Pages for Leads or Edit Object Pages for Leads that you’re already using.
   b. From the Component menu, drag the Einstein Scoring component to the Lead detail page.
      The component displays best in a narrow page column.

2. If navigation for Einstein Scoring isn’t preconfigured in your Experience Cloud template, add the Einstein Scoring detail page to the site’s navigation menu. From the Settings menu, click Navigation and edit the navigation menu where you want partners to locate the page.

3. Publish the changes to your site.

Example: Einstein Scoring component:

SEE ALSO:
Set Up Einstein Lead Scoring for Partners

Engagement

The Engagement component displays charts related to member engagement in the Chatter group. The Engagement component is visible only to internal users who have reporting permissions in orgs that have group engagement. External users can’t see the component even with Enable report options for external users turned on. You can also choose to make the component visible only to group managers.
1. Select the **Engagement** component in the page that you’re configuring.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group ID</td>
<td>The group’s ID. Typically, this field is populated when the page loads.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

### Enhanced List View

Partners can better prioritize selling when they can see activity frequency metrics for their contacts, leads, and opportunities, and get insights on their deal health. Use the Enhanced List View component to give partners access to Contact Intelligence View, Lead Intelligence View, and Pipeline Inspection from their Experience Cloud sites.

Available for partners in Experience Cloud Aura sites, accessed through Lightning Experience in Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited Editions with Sales Cloud or Service Cloud. A PRM add-on license is required for each partner user.

To give partners access to these features, you must also complete basic Contact Intelligence, Lead Intelligence, and Pipeline Inspection setup requirements. Requirements include assigning corresponding permission sets. Then, verify which steps you must complete based on when you create your site, the features you choose to enable, and the Experience Cloud template you’re using. Not all steps are required for all templates.

1. If the feature you want to enable isn’t preconfigured in your Experience Cloud template, create a page for it.

---

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Create and Set Up Experiences AND Be a member of the site
  OR
- View Setup and Configuration AND Be a member of the site AND Be an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site
We recommend creating a separate page for each Enhanced List View feature (Contact Intelligence View, Lead Intelligence View, Pipeline Inspection). Only one feature can be displayed per component, and the Enhanced List View component displays at full screen.

a. **Create a Standard Page with a flexible layout.**

b. From the Component menu, drag the Enhanced List View component to the page, and select it.

c. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>Select the object that corresponds with the feature you want to add to this page (Contacts, Leads, or Opportunities)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. If navigation for the feature you want to enable isn’t preconfigured in your Experience Cloud template, add the Enhanced List View page to the site’s navigation menu. From the Settings menu, click Navigation and edit the navigation menu where you want partners to locate the page.

3. Repeat steps 1–2 for each Enhanced List View feature (Contact Intelligence View, Lead Intelligence View, Pipeline Inspection) that you want to add a page for.

4. **Publish the changes to your site.**
**Example:** Enhanced List View component for Pipeline Inspection:

![Enhanced List View component](image)

**Embedded Appointment Management**

The embedded Appointment Management component allows users to schedule, modify, or cancel an appointment.

**Important:**

- Make sure to set up Field Service, build the flows you need, and install the Salesforce Field Service managed package before adding this component to your site pages.
- Remove the Embedded Chat component from the site pages where you want to use this component. You can use one embedded component per page.

1. Select the embedded Appointment Management component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Embedded Service Deployment</td>
<td>Select an embedded Appointment Management deployment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logged In Button Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the appointment manager when users are logged in. The default label is <em>Book Appointment</em>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Details

Property | Details
---|---
Logged Out Button Label | Enter a label for the appointment manager when users aren’t logged in. The default label is *Log In and Book Appointment.*

Button Loading Message | Enter a label for the appointment manager when the flow is loading. The default label is *Loading...*.

**Embedded Messaging**

Use the Embedded Messaging component to add Messaging for Web to your Experience Cloud site.

Note the following considerations before you begin.

- If you use the Embedded Service or Channel Menu components on your Experience Builder site, remove them. Use the Page Structure panel to find and remove the extra components.

- To effectively iframe your website and reduce JavaScript library conflicts, Messaging for Web creates a unique site that appears in your All Sites list in Setup. Don’t reuse this generated site URL, which has reduced security, for other purposes. Don’t modify this generated site through Builder or Workspace links.

1. Complete these setup steps for **Messaging for Web**.

2. For Experience Builder sites, from the Experience Builder Components list, select the Embedded Messaging component and drag it onto the page that has the Experience Builder site as the host domain value.

3. From the Experience Builder Components list, select the Embedded Messaging component and drag it onto the page that has the Experience Builder site as the host domain value.

4. On the page, select the Embedded Messaging component.

5. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Embedded Web Deployment</td>
<td>Choose your Embedded Service Deployment for Messaging for Web.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Enhanced Service URL | Select the URL from your Messaging for Web setup, which matches the `scrt2` field in your code snippet. |

| Site Endpoint | Select the site endpoint, which matches the site endpoint on the Embedded Service Deployment Settings page for your deployment. |

| Chat Button Visibility | Default Visibility means that the chat button is shown by default or according to any business hours that are configured. Always Visible overrides your existing visibility settings and ensures that the chat button is always shown on page load. Always Hidden overrides your existing visibility settings and ensures that the chat button is always hidden on page load. |
After publishing your site, the conversation and active messaging button appears on your site. Experience Builder helps you design the experience but is nonfunctional.

The component uses your default site language unless you enable a new language in Translation Workbench.

Make sure to return to the messaging for web deployment configuration instructions and complete the CORS allowlist step.

⚠️ Important: Place the component only in a template region. Adding to a non-template region can cause disruption in the messaging experience.

SEE ALSO:
Set Up Messaging for In-App and Web
Configure a Messaging for Web Deployment

## Embedded Service

The Embedded Service component allows users to request a chat with a support agent.

⚠️ Important:

- Make sure to set up Chat and Embedded Service before adding this component to your site pages. For help, see “Set Up Embedded Service for Your Website” in Salesforce Help.
- Remove existing Chat buttons from the site pages where you want to use the Embedded Service component. If you don’t remove Chat buttons, the component doesn’t work.

1. Select the Embedded Service component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chat Deployment</td>
<td>Select an Embedded Chat deployment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Chat Button</td>
<td>Display the chat button to users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fill in Pre-Chat Fields</td>
<td>When selected, the name and email fields on your pre-chat form are pre-populated for logged-in users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the chat button. The user sees this text before they start a chat. The default label is Chat with an Expert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offline Button Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the chat button when there are no support agents available to chat. The default label is Agent Offline.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offline Support Button Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the chat button when there are no support agents available to chat, and your Embedded Service deployment has offline support enabled. Offline support lets you present a web-to-case form inside the chat window when agents are offline. The default label is Contact Us.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chat Waiting Message</td>
<td>Enter a label for the chat button when a chat has been requested and is waiting for an agent. The default label is Loading....</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chat Waiting Background Image URL</td>
<td>Enter a URL for an image to display in the chat window when a chat is waiting for an agent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agent Avatar Image URL</td>
<td>Enter a URL for an agent avatar image to display in the chat window. This avatar applies to all agents taking chats from this button. We recommend using an image no larger than 40x40 pixels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-Chat Background Image URL</td>
<td>Enter a URL for a banner image to display in the chat window while the user fills out the pre-chat form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code Setting Name</td>
<td>Enter the code setting name from Embedded Chat setup and load JavaScript files you’ve added as static resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Logo URL</td>
<td>Enter a URL for a logo to display in the minimized chat window when a chat is waiting for an agent. We recommend using an image no larger than 25x25 pixels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routing Order</td>
<td>Enter IDs for userId, buttonId, or userId_buttonId, separated by commas. This field sets a routing order to agents and chat buttons for the Embedded Service Deployment, which overrides the assigned Chat button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Scripts</td>
<td>Enter the static resource name for the external script used to create custom chat events. Use the name of the static resource object, like CustomEvent, instead of the name of the file itself.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External Styles</td>
<td>Enter the static resource name for the external style used to create custom chat events. Use the name of the static resource object, like CustomStyles, instead of the name of the file itself.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage Domain</td>
<td>Enter an existing site domain for your deployment. Let visitors navigate between subdomains during a chat session and ensure their continuous session continuity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**External Account Hierarchy List Card**

The External Account Hierarchy List card displays child and parent nodes within an external account hierarchy in list form. The hierarchical order of the accounts is represented by nested rows.

When you enable **Enable External Account Hierarchy** in Settings, external account hierarchies are available in your org.

1. Select the **External Account Hierarchy List Card** component on the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hierarchy Type</td>
<td>The type of hierarchy of which the accounts are added. The available values are Partner and Customer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample External Account Hierarchy component:

![Sample External Account Hierarchy component](image)

Featured Topics

The Featured Topics component lets you place your Experience Builder site's designated featured topics and the images that represent them on any page.

1. From the Components list, select the Featured Topics component and drag it onto a page.
2. On the page, select the **Featured Topics** component.
3. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the featured topics area. The default text is <strong>Featured Topics</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Title</td>
<td>Check to show the title. Clear to hide the title.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overlay Color</td>
<td>The color to use as a wash over the tile background color. In the property's <strong>rgba</strong> field, the default is 0, 0, 0, 0.4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overlay Hover Color</td>
<td>The color to use as a wash over the tile background color when a user mouses over the tile. The <img src="image" alt="link icon" /> indicates that the value is taken from the site's theme. In Builder, you can test your hover color in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Border Radius</td>
<td>Slide to adjust the curve of featured topic tile borders. If the component is in a narrow container, a round radius tends to look more oval. If you set border radius to 50, very round, we recommend that you set Text Position to left, right, or center. The text background color is always rectangular, and placing text at the top or bottom of a circular tile truncates the background.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Color</td>
<td>Set the color of labels on featured topic tiles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for a label when a user mouses over the tile. In Builder, you can test your hover color in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Background Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the tile background when it's inactive. In the property's <strong>rgba</strong> field, the default is 0, 0, 0, 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Background Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the tile background when a user mouses over the tile. In the property’s <code>rgba</code> field, the default is <code>0, 0, 0, 0</code>. In Builder, you can test your hover color in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Text Background Width</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the width of the text background color. Width percentage is set against the full width of the tile. So 100% is the full width of the tile, rather than the full width of the browser page or the featured topic component. No matter what percentage you set, the text background width is always wide enough to support that label that sits on it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Position</td>
<td>Select where to place text on a featured topic tile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Top Left</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Top Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Top Right</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Left</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Right</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bottom Left</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bottom Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bottom Right</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Alignment</td>
<td>Set alignment of text within the text background. Select <code>Center</code>, <code>Left</code>, or <code>Right</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alignment changes can be less noticeable when text background is narrow or text is positioned at the top or bottom of the tile.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Featured Topics on the Topic Catalog page.

SEE ALSO:
Set Up Featured Topics

Featured Topics & Feeds

The Featured Topics & Feeds component gives members access to Featured Topics, Discussions, and My Feed in a tabbed setting. Site members must be logged in to see the My Feed tab. The Featured tab shows the featured topics you configured in the Content Management Workspace. You can boost your brand by providing images for featured topics. Topics and images are displayed as tiles on the Featured tab.

1. Select the **Featured Topics & Feeds** component in the page you’re configuring or drag the component from the Components panel to the page.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Featured Tab Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the Featured Topics tab. The default label is <em>Featured</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discussion Tab Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the Discussions tab. The default label is <em>Discussions</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>My Feed Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the My Feed tab. The default label is <em>My Feed</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Sort Order for</td>
<td>Present site members and guests with the initial feed sort order that you intend. If users change the sort order in their view, their selection sticks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discussion Feed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compact Feed in Discussion Tab</td>
<td>Use the compact version of the feed on the Discussions tab. Compact feeds show only question titles and make it easier for users to scan the feed. Compact feeds don’t support filters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overlay Color</td>
<td>The color to use as a wash over the tile background color. In the property’s <code>rgba</code> field, the default is <code>0,0,0,0.4</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overlay Hover Color</td>
<td>The color to use as a wash over the tile background color when a user mouses over the tile. The 💬 link icon indicates that the value is taken from the Experience Builder’s theme. In Experience Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Border Radius</td>
<td>Slide to adjust the curve of the border around each featured topic tile. If the component is in a narrow container, a round radius tends to look more oval. If you set border radius to 50, very round, we recommend that you set Text Position to <code>Left</code>, <code>Right</code>, or <code>Center</code>. The text background color is always rectangular, and placing text at the top or bottom of a circular tile truncates the background.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Color</td>
<td>Set the color of labels on featured topic tiles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for a label when a user mouses over the tile. In Experience Builder, you can test hover colors in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Background Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the tile background when it is inactive. In the property’s <code>rgba</code> field, the default is <code>0,0,0,0</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Background Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the tile background when a user mouses over the tile. In the property’s <code>rgba</code> field, the default is <code>0,0,0,0</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Text Background Width</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the width of the text background color. Width percentage is set against the full width of the tile. So 100% is the full width of the tile, rather than the full width of the browser page or the featured topic component. No matter what percentage you set, the text background width is always wide enough to support that label that sits on it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text Position</td>
<td>Select where to place text on a featured topic tile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Top Left</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Top Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Top Right</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Left</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Right</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bottom Left</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bottom Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bottom Right</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Property | Details
--- | ---
Text Alignment | Set alignment of text within the text background. Select *Center*, *Left*, or *Right*. Alignment changes can be less noticeable when text background is narrow or text is positioned at the top or bottom of the tile.

**Example:** Sample Featured Topics & Feeds component:

![Sample Featured Topics & Feeds component](image)

**SEE ALSO:**
- [Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?](#)

---

**Feed**

The Feed component displays a feed of all record or group interactions, including posts, questions, system updates, and attachments. Use the Feed component to add a feed to a record, topic, group, user profile, or site discussion. The component provides a chronological, filterable list of posts made with the Feed Publisher component. Users who click a post's timestamp are directed to an expanded view, which shows the post and all its related comments.

Comments and attachments on posts appear inline below the post for desktop and tablet users.

1. Select the **Feed** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
Select the type of feed you want to place on your page. Types include:

- **Group or Record**—Group or Record feed shows everything that is posted to a selected group or record, like an account or opportunity.
- **Discussion**—Discussion feed shows everything that is posted to Navigational Topics.
- **My Feed**—Shows feed items that are tagged with a topic, or a person or record that you follow. My Feed also shows all of your personal site activity. You see all shared feed items unless another person shared the item with a group that you aren’t a member of. With public groups, you see the feed item that you shared despite not being a member.
- **Topic**—Topic feed shows everything that is posted to a selected topic.
- **User Profile**—User Profile feed shows everything that is posted for user profile feeds.
- **Bookmarks**—Bookmarks feed shows everything that is posted for a selected bookmark.

Search isn’t supported on the **Topic** feed type. If you plan to make your feed searchable, select the **Group or Record** feed type.

The **Group or Record**, **Discussion**, and **Topic** feed types support the Top Posts sort order, which sorts feed items based on relevance. Relevance is represented as a numeric score, and certain events, such as likes and comments, increase the score of a given feed item. The feed items with the highest scores within a given container, like topics or groups, represent posts with a high level of interest.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Feed Type</strong></td>
<td>Select the type of feed you want to place on your page. Types include:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>Group or Record</strong>—Group or Record feed shows everything that is posted to a selected group or record, like an account or opportunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>Discussion</strong>—Discussion feed shows everything that is posted to Navigational Topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>My Feed</strong>—Shows feed items that are tagged with a topic, or a person or record that you follow. My Feed also shows all of your personal site activity. You see all shared feed items unless another person shared the item with a group that you aren’t a member of. With public groups, you see the feed item that you shared despite not being a member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>Topic</strong>—Topic feed shows everything that is posted to a selected topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>User Profile</strong>—User Profile feed shows everything that is posted for user profile feeds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• <strong>Bookmarks</strong>—Bookmarks feed shows everything that is posted for a selected bookmark.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Search isn’t supported on the <strong>Topic</strong> feed type. If you plan to make your feed searchable, select the <strong>Group or Record</strong> feed type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The <strong>Group or Record</strong>, <strong>Discussion</strong>, and <strong>Topic</strong> feed types support the Top Posts sort order, which sorts feed items based on relevance. Relevance is represented as a numeric score, and certain events, such as likes and comments, increase the score of a given feed item. The feed items with the highest scores within a given container, like topics or groups, represent posts with a high level of interest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Record ID</strong></td>
<td>The feed item ID. Typically, this field is automatically populated when the page loads. Leave this field blank if you pick the Discussion or My Feed options in <strong>Feed Type</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Default Filter</strong></td>
<td>For feed entries that you want your site members to see, select the default filter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Default Sort Order</strong></td>
<td>The default sort order for the <strong>Discussion</strong> and <strong>Topic</strong> feed types. Presents site members and guests with the initial experience that you intend. If users choose to change the sort order in their view, their selection sticks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Post Style</strong></td>
<td>Choose to expand or collapse post comments by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Let members search feeds</strong></td>
<td>Choose to let site members search an individual feed. Search isn’t supported on the <strong>Topic</strong> feed type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Let members sort feeds</strong></td>
<td>Choose to let site members sort a feed. When sorting is enabled, members can sort a feed by the latest posts or most recent activity.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:**

**Note:** Users who unfollow topics, users, or records stop seeing posts regarding those topics users or records from the time they unfollow. Older posts about those topics, users, or records are still visible on the feed.

Sample Feed component
Each feed type comes with a set of filters for limiting what’s shown in the feed. This table lists and describes filter types, and it pairs filters with the feeds where they’re available.

![Image of a post with comments and a share button]

- **Note:** The Bookmarks feed doesn’t have any filters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filter Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Feed Types</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Updates</td>
<td>Shows all posts in a feed. No comments are shown. Click a post’s date and timestamp to navigate to its detail view. The detail view includes all comments on the post.</td>
<td>Group or Record, My Feed, User Profile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Questions</td>
<td>Shows all the questions in the feed.</td>
<td>Discussion, Group or Record, My Feed, Topic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Questions with Best Answer</td>
<td>Shows all questions with an answer that is marked as best.</td>
<td>Discussion, Group or Record, My Feed, Topic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filter Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Feed Types</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Questions with No Best Answer | Shows all questions with answers, none of which is marked as best. | • Discussion  
• Group or Record  
• My Feed  
• Topic |
| Unanswered Questions        | Shows the questions that aren't answered.              | • Discussion  
• Group or Record  
• My Feed  
• Topic |

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Feed Compact
Use the Feed Compact component to add a compact, scannable version of a feed to an object. Object types that take a compact feed include a record, a topic, a group, a user profile, or an overall site discussion. Feed Compact only shows questions in a feed, and is only recommended if the only feed type used is a question. The component provides a chronological list of questions made with the Feed Publisher component.

Compact feeds initially show only parent-level feed posts. Clicking a post takes you to the expanded post and all its related comments.

1. Select the Feed Compact component in the page you're configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show Views</td>
<td>Select to show the number of times an item is viewed. A view is counted when an item is liked, commented on, or its detail view is opened. Clear to hide the view count.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Likes</td>
<td>Select to show the number of likes for each post. Clear to hide the number of likes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Comments</td>
<td>Select to show the number of comments for each post. Clear to hide the number of comments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compact Feed Type</td>
<td>Select the object or context you want to associate this feed with.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Discussion—Shows all questions tagged with a navigational topic, for example #Q4wins. Users don’t have to follow a navigational topic to see it in the discussion. And feed items that discuss the topic but don’t have the tag don’t appear in the discussion, even to users who follow the topic. Shared feed items appear in a Discussion feed only if the question posted with the shared item (the share message) includes the topic tag. Even if the shared item has a tag, it doesn’t appear in the feed if the tag isn’t included in the share message.

• Group or Record—Shows all questions created on a record or in a group.
• My Feed—Shows questions that are tagged with a topic, or person or record that you follow. My Feed also shows all questions related to your personal site activity. You see all

245
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>shared feed items unless another person shared the item with a group that you aren’t a member of. With public groups, you see the feed item that you shared despite not being a member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Topic—Shows all questions that are tagged with the topic. Shared questions appear in a Topic compact feed only if the message posted with the shared item (the share message) includes the topic tag (for example, #Q4wins). Even if the shared item has a tag, it doesn’t appear in the feed if the tag isn’t included in the share message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• User Profile—Shows your personal site activity in terms of questions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Bookmarks—Shows questions that you bookmarked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entity Id</td>
<td>The feed item ID. Typically, this field is automatically populated when the page loads. Leave this field blank if you pick the Discussion or My Feed options in Compact Feed Type. When you add the Compact Feed to a non-object page, such as a home page, the auto populated Entity ID displays only questions asked by the logged in user. If you want to display a full group or record or feed, change the Entity ID to the ID of the group or record you want to display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default Sort Order</td>
<td>The default sort order on a feed. Presents site members and guests with the initial experience that you intend. If users change the sort order in their view, their selection sticks.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:**

Note: Users who unfollow topics, users, or records stop seeing posts regarding those topics users or records from the time they unfollow. Older posts about those topics, users, or records are still visible on the feed.

Sample Feed Compact component:
Feed Compact comes with a set of filters for limiting what’s shown in the feed. This table lists and describes Feed Compact filter types.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filter Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Questions</td>
<td>Shows all questions in a compact feed. No answers are shown. Click a question or its date-and-time stamp to navigate to its detail view. The detail view includes all answers to the question.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unanswered Questions</td>
<td>Shows all questions that aren’t answered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Questions with No Best Answer</td>
<td>Shows all questions with answers, none of which is marked as best.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Questions with Best Answer</td>
<td>Shows all questions that have an answer that’s marked as a best answer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Feed History
The Feed History component displays the number of posts per day in the past 30 days.

The Feed History component is visible only to users who have reporting permissions in orgs that have group engagement. You can also choose to make the component visible only to group managers.

1. Select the Feed History component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group ID</td>
<td>The group’s ID. Typically, this field is populated when the page loads.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Feed Post & Comments

The Feed Post & Comments component shows the detailed view of an individual post, comment, or question in the site feed. For questions, it includes the question, all the answers to that question, and an indication if it was escalated to a case.

Only users who are logged in can post an answer to a question. Users can attach a file to a question or answer post by clicking the paperclip icon. They can choose to Select a File from files already uploaded to the site or Upload a File from the user’s local drive.

When an answer is posted, users can click the dropdown button at the top right corner of the post to edit, bookmark, delete, or flag the post. Also, users can edit the topics associated with the post. The editing and flagging features must be enabled for the site.

1. Select the Feed Post & Comments component in the page you’re configuring.

There are no properties to set for this component.

Example: Sample Feed Post & Comments component:

![Sample Feed Post & Comments component](image)

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Feed Publisher

The Feed Publisher component lets customers create rich text posts on records, groups, topics, and profiles, and attach files from any of their devices. It also supports multiple file attachments, inline images, and rich link previews. The Feed Publisher component isn’t supported for articles.
The Feed Publisher offers a way to add content to a site feed. It works together with the Feed and Feed Compact components. When site members create posts using the Feed Publisher, the posts are displayed in the related Feed or Feed Compact component on the page.

**Note:** The way the Feed Publisher component appears in Experience Builder mobile preview mode can differ from the way it appears in display mode. For example, let’s say in Setup an admin adds actions to the global publisher layout. They add New Task, New Event, and Log a Call. Those actions appear in preview mode for both the desktop and mobile views of the publisher. But, after you publish your changes, the actions appear only in the desktop view, not in the mobile view. Only the Post action is available in both views.

By default, the Feed Publisher lets users attach any supported file type up to 2 GB per file. For best performance, inline images up to 25 MB per image are recommended. Inline images over 25 MB appear at full size, and can be slow to load.

**Note:** Copying inline images from external sources and pasting them into the text editor isn’t supported.

1. Select the **Feed Publisher** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Property</strong></th>
<th><strong>Details</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type</strong></td>
<td>Select the type of feed publisher you want to place on your page. To use global publisher actions defined in your Salesforce organization, choose Global. To use an object-specific publisher layout, choose Record. For example, use Record if you want to add the publisher to a custom group detail page. Use the publisher actions that are included in the group publisher layout for your org.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Record ID</strong></td>
<td>The feed item ID. Typically, this field is automatically populated with the record ID when the page loads. Leave this field blank if you pick the Global feed publisher type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Publisher Layout Design</strong></td>
<td>Choose if you want to see the wide or narrow feed publisher layout design.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Feed Publisher component, wide layout

Example: Sample Feed Publisher component, narrow layout
Example: Sample feed post with inline image

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Files List

Use the Files List component in the Customer Service template to give site members a convenient place to view and manage their files. Members can upload, sort, and filter files using the files list. Clicking a file opens the file previewer, where members can upload a new version, download, and delete the file. Filters in the left sidebar show different selections of files. The Libraries filter shows files from Salesforce CRM Content libraries, and Files Connect users can see their external libraries under External Sources.

**Note:** A preview thumbnail is an easy way to find files in mobile and tablet views. A thumbnail view isn’t yet available for desktop.

1. Select the Files List component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Files List</td>
<td>Modify the number of records that display in the window, from 10 to 100. A scrollbar appears to let users scroll to see more records</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Sample Files List component, wide layout
Flow (Experience Builder Component)

Flows automate business processes to collect, update, edit, and create Salesforce information. With the Flow component in Experience Builder, you can add flows to your pages. Add the Flow component to your site pages just like any other component.

- Flows in Experience Builder sites are supported through the Flow and Suggested Actions components.
- Flow creators can overwrite error messages with their own content.

2. Activate the flow.
3. Drag the Flow component into position on your site page.

4. In the property editor, select the flow you want to use and any other properties.

Here’s a flow called Survey customers in a site.
Only active screen flows are available. Flows that were built in the Desktop Flow Designer aren’t supported.

Flow

By default, flows display in one column.

If a screen contains a Section screen component, that screen ignores the Layout property.

Starting in Winter ’23, two-column flow layouts are ignored. For a better layout option, add Section components to your flow screens. Each Section component lets you organize record fields and screen components in up to four adjustable-width columns.

If a flow screen contains a Section component, that screen ignores the Layout property.

Input variables

If you see other properties, they’re the flow’s input variables. Variables appear only if they allow input access.

Pass record ID into this variable

This option is available only for Text input variables in Record pages. For simplicity, we recommend passing the ID to only one variable.

For example, when this component is embedded in an Opportunity Record page, at run time the component passes the opportunity’s ID into the selected input variable.

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Build a Flow
Two-Column Flow Considerations
Customize the Error Message for Running Flow Users (Best Practice)

Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide: Create Custom Component for Guest User Flows
Allow Guest Users to Access Flows

Allow guest users to access flows within a site to create multi-part registration forms, decision trees, and conditional screens tailored to unauthenticated users. Flows give your guest users more flexibility to accomplish tasks and provide information before they have to register.

For every flow you want accessible to the guest user, you must provide individual access. To provide access:

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Flows, and then select Flows.
2. Locate the flow to update and, from the actions dropdown next to the flow, select Edit Access. To appear in Experience Builder, your flows must be active screen flows.
3. Select Override default behavior and restrict access to enabled profiles or permission sets.
4. Save your flow.
5. Repeat this process with any flow that you want accessible to the Guest User profile.

SEE ALSO:
- Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
- Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide: Create Custom Component for Guest User Flows

Allow Guest User Access

To allow guest user access from Experience Builder:

1. Go to Settings.
2. On the General tab, select Guest users can see and interact with the site without logging in and then click the guest user profile.
4. Choose flows from the Available Flows column and add them to the Enabled Flows column.
5. Save your work.
6. For LWR sites, return to Experience Builder and click Workspaces > Administration.
7. Click Preferences and select Allow guest users to access public APIs.
8. Save your work.

To use Guest User Flows for login or self-registration, a developer must create a Lightning component that implements lightning:availableForFlowsScreens. They must also create an Apex controller for that component that uses the API exposed on the site object.

Add a Flow to Your Login Page

To add a flow to your login page from Experience Builder:

1. Go to the Login page and add the Flow component.
2. In the properties panel, select a predefined flow and a layout.
3. Edit the audience and assign it to Guest.
4. Delete the Login Form component.
Flow Orchestration Work Guide

Use the Flow Orchestration Work Guide component to allow site visitors the ability to complete the screen flows that they’re assigned. An orchestration is a sequence of stages, each containing steps. When an orchestration runs, it assigns work items to specified users, groups, or queues. Each work item is a flow that the assignee runs.

Your org must have Flow Orchestration enabled.

1. Build an orchestration in Flow Builder with at least one step assigned to a credentialed site visitor.
2. Activate the flow.
3. Drag the Flow Orchestration Work Guide component into position on a record page in your site.

4. The Record ID is automatically set. Don’t change the field value.


SEE ALSO:

Automate Your Business Processes: Flow Orchestration
Follow Button

The Follow Button component lets users follow topics, articles, and other users.

In the Page Editor, you can configure the follow button component on the User Profile, Article Detail, and Topic Detail pages. This component lets users follow other users, articles, or topics. When a user views their own profile, the button isn’t visible because users can’t follow themselves.

Each button instance supports its own property values. So, if you have two Follow buttons on a page, the values on each button are unique to that button. You can configure buttons to use the values you defined in your theme so that they all look the same. But each button instance remains unique.

1. Select the **Follow Button** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Followed Record ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value. Don’t update this field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow email notifications on topics</td>
<td>Select to let users receive email notifications for topic activity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Color</td>
<td>Set the color of text that’s used for the button label. The link icon shows that the current selection comes from colors defined in the theme.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color of text that’s used for the button label when a member mouses over the button. In Builder, you can test your hover color in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when the button is inactive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Background Hover Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the button background when a member mouses over the button. In Builder, you can test your hover color in Preview mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Color</td>
<td>Set the color to use for the border that surrounds the button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Radius</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the amount of curve to use for the button shape.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Button Width</td>
<td>Move the slider to control the width of the button. Width percentage is set against the full width of the container the button sits in. So 100% is the full width of the container, rather than the full width of the browser page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Alignment</td>
<td>To set the horizontal alignment of a button within its container, select <strong>Center</strong>, <strong>Left</strong>, or <strong>Right</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example: [FOLLOW]
Note: Turn on Feed Tracking for each article type you want members to follow.

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Global Search Box

The Global Search Box component lets you expose global search in your Experience Builder site. Let your users search for any object available to them.

Autocomplete search results are based on the most recently used objects and records by the user, the same as global search in your org. The search accounts for partially matching terms and non-adjacent terms.

1. Select the Global Search Box component in the page you’re configuring.

   In the Partner Central template, for example, this box is on the Home page.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Placeholder Text for Search Field</td>
<td>Specify the text that appears in the search box. The default text is Search...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objects in Autocomplete Results</td>
<td>Click Add to add searchable Salesforce objects to your site’s autocomplete results. To edit an object, click the object name. In the edit window, you can change to another type of object and you can mark the object as Publicly available. To select a different object type, click the object name and select from the list. To make results of that object type available to guest users, select Publicly available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Autocomplete Results</td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of autocomplete results displayed to the user during a search. The default is 5.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example: Sample Global Search Box component in Partner Central:

With global search from your internal org, you can get uneven results when searching for a site User record. Here’s why and what you can do about it. Each site has a unique network ID. When you create a site user through Contact record > Create External User, the new User record is assigned to a site’s network ID.

Global search looks for records in the internal org, which has a different network ID than the site. A global search doesn’t search inside sites. Since the User record is associated with a site network ID, global search doesn’t return results for that record.
The workaround is to create User records in the internal org, and then associate the records to a site. You can associate an internal User record to a site by linking the internal record to a Contact record. After you forge the link, you can find the User record through global search. The User record’s network ID is now associated with the internal org.

SEE ALSO:
- Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
- Enable Search Autocomplete for Guest Users

Global Search for Peer-to-Peer Communities

Global Search for Peer-to-Peer Communities lets your users search for articles, discussions, and any object available to your site members and made searchable. The component is separate and distinct from the overall header, making it easy to customize to a site’s needs.

Note: The Global Search for Peer-to-Peer Communities component replaces the Search & Post Publisher component, which was deprecated in Winter ’18.

Autocomplete search accounts for partially matching terms and non-adjacent terms.

1. In the page that you’re configuring, select the Global Search for Peer-to-Peer Communities component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Placeholder Text for Search Field</td>
<td>Enter the text that appears in the search box. The default text is Search...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autocomplete Search</td>
<td>Click to expand the section with autocomplete search properties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use autocomplete in searches</td>
<td>Select to let users see suggested search results as they type search terms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Autocomplete Results</td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of suggested results displayed on each tab during a search. The default is 6. An equal number of questions, articles, and objects are displayed in the combined results tab. If a type doesn’t have enough results, results of other types are displayed to reach the maximum number. This functionality is available only in the Winter ’16 and later versions of Experience Builder templates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limit autocomplete search results to Discussions and Articles</td>
<td>Select to show only discussions and articles in autocomplete results.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Objects in Autocomplete Results</td>
<td>Click Add to add searchable Salesforce objects to your site’s autocomplete results. To edit an object, click the object name. In the edit window, you can change to another type of object and you can mark the object as Publicly available. To select a different object type, click the object name and select from the list. To make results of that object type available to guest users, select Publicly available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ask Experience</td>
<td>Click to expand the section with properties regarding asking the site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show footer during search</td>
<td>Select to display the footer that gives members an option to ask the site a question.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
With global search from your internal org, you can get uneven results when searching for a site User record. Here’s why and what you can do about it. Each site has a unique network ID. When you create a site user through Contact record > Create External User, the new User record is assigned to a site’s network ID.

Global search looks for records in the internal org, which has a different network ID than the site. A global search doesn’t search inside sites. Since the User record is associated with a site network ID, global search doesn’t return results for that record.

The workaround is to create User records in the internal org, and then associate the records to a site. You can associate an internal User record to a site by linking the internal record to a Contact record. After you forge the link, you can find the User record through global search. The User record’s network ID is now associated with the internal org.

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Enable Search Autocomplete for Guest Users

Global Search Results

The Global Search Results component displays search results from across the site. The results shown are based on search terms entered in the Search Publisher and can be displayed in one list or in multiple tabs.

1. Select the Global Search component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Search Term</td>
<td>The system supplies this search term to search across the site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show the All results tab</td>
<td>To show search results in one list under All, check the box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow search results filtering</td>
<td>To allow search result filtering, check the box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>Add or remove tabs to customize which lists search results are displayed in.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Details Property

Publically Available
To make the object publicly available for all users, including Guest users, check the box.

Show search results from all feeds, including questions, posts, and comments
For Discussions objects only. To show expanded search results from all Chatter feeds, check the box. Search results from all feeds use the expanded feed, rather than the compact feed.

Important: To allow your users to find a custom object’s records when they search, in Salesforce setup create a custom tab set to Default On or Default Off. Creating a custom tab enables the custom object’s Allow Search setting.

Example:

Note: To see results from all feed types in a site (including questions and posts on records), select the Show search results from all feeds, including questions, posts, and comments option on the Discussions tab.

Global Search Results shown in the site:

With global search from your internal org, you can get uneven results when searching for a site User record. Here’s why and what you can do about it. Each site has a unique network ID. When you create a site user through Contact record > Create External User, the new User record is assigned to a site’s network ID.

Global search looks for records in the internal org, which has a different network ID than the site. A global search doesn’t search inside sites. Since the User record is associated with a site network ID, global search doesn’t return results for that record.

The workaround is to create User records in the internal org, and then associate the records to a site. You can associate an internal User record to a site by linking the internal record to a Contact record. After you forge the link, you can find the User record through global search. The User record’s network ID is now associated with the internal org.

Note: In a B2B Commerce store, when configuring the types of results to return with a Global Search, don’t include Product2 type objects. Global Search doesn’t respect the store’s user entitlements. So buyers could see products that they’re not entitled to see.
The Results Layout component respects user entitlements. You can use Results Layout for products and Global Search for things like cases, articles, and feeds.

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
How Search Crowding Affects Search Results

Group

The Group component displays all the content in a group using a single composite component. It includes the group banner, which includes the member and owner actions, the group feed, description, and related lists (group members and files).

When you add groups to your site navigation menu, clicking the Groups item directs site members to a list of groups. Clicking a group in the group list loads the Group Detail page, which uses this component by default.

Note:
• Add the Add Member action to the group publisher for users to access it from the banner.
• For optimal display, choose a wide column width when using this component on a custom page.

1. Select the Group component on the page you’re configuring. By default, this component is on the Group Detail page.

Note: You must have at least one group in your site to view the Group Detail page and modify its components.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group ID</td>
<td>The ID of the group. This value is automatically populated when the group is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feed Tab Label</td>
<td>The label used for the group feed tab on mobile devices. The default text is Feed. The label you specify here doesn’t affect labels on desktop browsers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Details Tab Label</td>
<td>The label used for the group details tab on mobile devices. The default text is Details. The label you specify here doesn’t affect labels on desktop browsers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Related Tab Label</td>
<td>The label used for the related lists tab on mobile devices. The default text is Related. The label you specify here doesn’t affect labels on desktop browsers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:

Warning: Avoid spamming new group members in a community, especially if you are adding group members en masse. Deselect the following org-wide Chatter email notifications: Allow Emails and Allow Posts via Email. Access these settings by searching Email Settings in the Quick Find search box in Salesforce Setup.

Sample Group component:
Note: The Group component is optimized to be responsive across all devices. If you want more control over the placement of group content, you can use separate components to create a custom layout. Use the Group Banner, Group Detail, Group Related List, Feed Publisher, and the Feed or Feed Compact components to create a custom group page. However, creating a custom group page does not guarantee optimal display and responsiveness across desktop and mobile devices.

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Group Banner
Use the Group Banner component on custom group detail pages for your site. This component displays the group name, the group photo, the Join Group and Leave Group buttons, and other action buttons for group owners, managers, and members.

Use the Group Banner component with the Group Detail, Group Related List, Feed Publisher, and the Feed or Feed Compact components to create a custom group detail page. Creating a custom group detail page does not guarantee optimal display and responsiveness across all desktop and mobile devices. We recommend using the Group component instead, which is a single composite component that displays all of this content.

Note:  
- Add the Add Member action to the group publisher for users to access it from the banner.
- For optimal display, choose a wide column width when using this component.

1. Select the Group Banner component on the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
### Property | Details
--- | ---
Group ID | The ID of the group. This value is automatically populated when the group is displayed.

**Example:** Sample Group Banner component:

![Group Banner Component](image)

**SEE ALSO:**

* Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?*

### Group Detail

Use the Group Detail component on custom group detail pages for your site. This component displays the content from the group description and information fields along with the name of the group owner.

Use the Group Detail component with the Group Banner, Group Related List, Feed Publisher, and the Feed or Feed Compact components to create a custom group detail page. Creating a custom group detail page does not guarantee optimal display and responsiveness across all desktop and mobile devices. We recommend using the Group component instead, which is a single composite component that displays all of this content.

1. Select the **Group Detail** component on the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group ID</td>
<td>The ID of the group. This value is automatically populated when the group is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Header label</td>
<td>The label for the group details section. Affects both the desktop and mobile view.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Group Detail component:

```
Group Details

INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION
This group is for anyone selling, installing, or troubleshooting the Spider series laptops.

OWNER
Allison Wheeler
```

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Group Related List

Use the Group Related List component on custom group detail pages for your site. This component displays the group files, members, and records.

Use the Group Related List component with the Group Banner, Group Detail, Feed Publisher, and the Feed or Feed Compact components to create a custom group detail page. Creating a custom group detail page does not guarantee optimal display and responsiveness across all desktop and mobile devices. We recommend using the Group component instead, which is a single composite component that displays all of this content.

1. Select the **Group Related List** component on the page you're configuring.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group ID</td>
<td>The ID of the group. This value is automatically populated when the group is displayed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Example:** Sample Group Related List component:

![Sample Group Related List component](image)

**SEE ALSO:**

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

**Headline**

The Headline component gives you customizable headline text and text banner with inline links to pages that show discussions, topics, and articles. It also displays an icon to the left of the banner that identifies the content as an article or a discussion when either is selected.

1. Select the **Headline** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title</strong></td>
<td>Enter the static text for the page’s headline. The default text for the page is <strong>Welcome!</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Banner Text</strong></td>
<td>Enter the static text that appears on the home page. The default text is <strong>A place where you can easily find solutions and ask questions.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Page Type</strong></td>
<td>Enter the type of content that the page displays in this page. Type either <strong>article</strong>, <strong>topic</strong>, or <strong>discussion</strong> to retrieve the title of the page and display an icon identifying the type of page the user is viewing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>When <strong>Page Type</strong> is set to <strong>article</strong>, the Headline component is hidden in the mobile view. If you want to show the Headline component, you need custom CSS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unique Name or ID</strong></td>
<td>The system retrieves the ID from the URL of the question or article when it’s selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Banner Text with Articles and Discussions</strong></td>
<td>Enter the static text and link text that lets users select a page that shows articles or discussions. This text and links in this field appear on the page when Salesforce Knowledge is enabled and set up in your organization. You can translate and change the value of each component, but not the position of the component.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Banner Text with Discussions
Enter the static text and link text that lets users select a page that shows discussions only. This text and link in this field appear on the page when Salesforce Knowledge isn’t enabled in your organization. You can translate and change the value of each component, but not the position of the component.

Explore other discussions on this topic

### Show Subtopics
Below the headline, displays links to topics that are children of the current topic. (On mobile devices, these links appear in a Subtopics menu.)

Only navigational topics support parent-child relationships.

If you have set up navigational subtopics, change the following properties in the property editor to populate topic and subtopics dynamically on the topic detail page:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter <code>{!topicName}</code> to retrieve and display the topic name on the topic detail page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Page Type</td>
<td>Enter <code>topic</code> as the page type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Subtopics</td>
<td>Select this option to display subtopics.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Headline component:

SEE ALSO: Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
HTML Editor

The HTML Editor component lets you create and edit custom content in HTML.

1. In Experience Builder, drag the HTML Editor component from the Components panel onto the page.

2. Add and format HTML content.

The HTML Editor component supports the following HTML tags and attributes. Any exceptions are flagged in your markup.

Tags: a, abbr, acronym, address, area, b, basefont, bdo, big, blockquote, br, button, caption, center, cite, code, col, colgroup, dd, del, dfn, dir, div, dl, dt, em, fieldset, font, form, h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6, hr, i, iframe, img, input, ins, kbd, label, legend, li, map, menu, ol, optgroup, option, p, pre, q, s, samp, select, small, span, strike, strong, sub, sup, table, tbody, td, textarea, tfoot, th, thead, tr, tt, u, ul, var, xmp

Attributes: abbr, accept, accept-charset, accesskey, action, align, alink, allowfullscreen, alt, autocapitalize, axis, background, bgcolor, border, cellpadding, cellspacing, char, charoff, charset, checked, cite, class, classid, clear, code, codebase, codetype, color, cols, colspan, compact, content, coords, data, datetime, declare, default, defer, dir, disabled, download, enctype, face, for, frameborder, frameborder, headers, height, href, hreflang, hspace, http-equiv, id, ismap, label, lang, language, link, list, loop, longdesc, low, marginheight,
null
Right-click the component, and place it in the `div.cSecondaryContent` section.

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Language Selector

Add the Language Selector component to multilingual sites so guest users can select their preferred language on public site pages.

Only guest users on public pages see the Language Selector component. The site initially appears in the default site language until the user selects a different language. The page then reloads in the selected language if a translation is available.

For authenticated users on private pages, the site typically appears in their profile language automatically. But when users have credentials and they’re not yet logged in, they’re treated like a guest user. So if a user selects a language on a public page that contains a Language Selector component—let’s say the Home page—that language choice persists after the user logs in. There are two exceptions to this rule.

- The Login page is a public page, but even if it contains the Language Selector component, the language selection that a user makes on this page doesn’t persist after login.
- If a user’s profile language differs from the default site language, and the user chooses the default site language in the language selector, that choice doesn’t persist after login. Instead, the site appears in the user’s profile language.

To change the profile language preference as an authenticated user, open the Experience Workspace for the site that you want to view, and follow these steps.

1. From the User Profile, click **My Settings**.

2. From the My Personal Information menu, click **Language & Time Zone**, and select a profile language. Then when you access a site as a logged-in user, the site URL displays your selected language.
3. To view the updated profile language, log out, and then log back in to your site.

The Language Selector component isn’t included on any page by default. Add it manually to the pages in your site. You can add the Language Selector component to any section of any page, but we recommend placing it where it’s easy to spot. Also, consider adding the component to a theme region, such as the Template Header Top region. Items that are added to theme regions are common across all pages, so it’s not necessary to add the component to every page.

Customized components and Salesforce Knowledge articles use the translations that the site admin adds through Translation Workbench.

1. To add the Language Selector component to your page, drag it onto the page that you’re configuring.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Label</td>
<td>Identifies this component on a page. This text helps increase accessibility. Default text is Preferred Language.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Label Alignment</td>
<td>Specifies how the language selector’s label is aligned on the button. Select Left, Center, or Right. The default value is Center.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**

- For information about setting up languages in a site, see Multilingual Communities Overview. If no languages apart from the default language are set in the site, the language selector shows the default language without a dropdown option.
- To see the list of languages that guest users see, make sure that you’re on a page that contains the Language Selector component. Then click the selector’s dropdown icon.
- When a guest user accesses a site in a language that’s not included in the Language Selector component, the site redirects to the set default language in Experience Builder.
- A user can add the query parameters for one of the site’s supported languages to the site’s URL in the browser address bar and override the default site language. However, this method isn’t supported and can cause inconsistent behavior. When authenticated users want to view a multilingual site in another language, their best option is to view the site as a guest user. Or, these users can change their profile language.
• Ensure that all translated content and Salesforce Knowledge articles have a version in the site’s default language.
• Before Summer ‘18, the Language Selector component was named Language Picker.

Example: Sample Language Selector component with dropdown language list visible:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Best Practices and Considerations for Multilingual Sites

Lead Inbox

Use the Lead Inbox component to share a common pool of leads with partners in your site.

The lead inbox uses a queue and the list view associated with a queue to pass leads to partners. Partners included in the visibility settings for the queue and list view can see and accept leads from the Lead Inbox. Accepting a lead makes the user the owner of the lead.

1. Click the Lead Inbox component on the page you’re configuring. By default, the Lead Inbox component lives on the Home page of the Partner Central template.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Specify a title for the lead inbox. The default title is Lead Inbox.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Leads</td>
<td>Specify the number of leads to display in the lead inbox. The default value is 5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sort Order</td>
<td>Select a sort order for the list of leads. You can sort by the date on which the lead was created, ascending or descending.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link to the leads list view</td>
<td>Select to show a link to a lead list view on the lead inbox.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Property** | **Details**
---|---
Linked List View | If you selected the previous option, specify the leads list view you want to show a link for. By default, the first leads list view in the org is selected.

**Example:** Sample Lead Inbox Component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lead Inbox</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jim Harwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corning LP · VP Sales · 650-555-5555 · Fremont, CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nancy Lane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JetStream Engines Co · Director of Sales Enablement · 415-568-3367 · San Jose, California</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryan Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaleidoscope Consulting · Marketing Manager · 650-890-2214 · Davis, CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nicholas Kirkwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGC Tech Co · Design Director · 415-900-3329 · San Francisco, CA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SEE ALSO:**
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

**Libraries**

Give access to your libraries to site members using the Libraries component. Use this component in Customer Service, Build Your Own (Aura), Partner Central, and Customer Account Portal templates.

Site members view and open libraries they have access to, either in a list view or a tile view. Drill down inside libraries and folders, and the files display as thumbnails, making it easy to spot a colorful spreadsheet or perfect photo. The Libraries component doesn’t have any properties to edit, and it can be used on any page that isn’t already using the Files List component.
**Manage Members Section**

The Manage Members Section component allows you to search for and add members to your group from an Experience Cloud site. Search results update dynamically as you type.

1. Select the **Manage Members Section** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group ID</strong></td>
<td>Enter a group ID. To find a specific group ID, navigate to the group home page and copy the ID from the URL. The ID is a string of numbers and letters. Group URL format example: <a href="https://MyDomainName.my.site.com/siteName/s/group/0F7A0000000DZX1NQ0/groupName">https://MyDomainName.my.site.com/siteName/s/group/0F7A0000000DZX1NQ0/groupName</a> For this URL, the group ID is 0F7A0000000DZX1NQ0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Header Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter header text for your component. The default is <em>Manage Members</em>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Member Profile and Settings**

The Member Profile component allows site members to easily edit their account information. And the best part is that all a member’s important information is in one place—profile information and various settings in one handy component. What does that mean for you and your business? Fewer phone calls into your call centers for simple updates.

The Member Profile component uses a default image in the header. Using the component’s properties in Experience Builder, you can choose to not show the default image.

The fields that you see in the Member Profile component are set in Salesforce setup: **Setup > Users > Page Layouts > User Profile Page Layout**.

Use the Member Profile component on the User Profile page of sites made using the Customer Account Portal.

1. Select the **Member Profile** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. To view the component properties, select the Properties pane:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value so that authenticated users can view their own information. Don’t update this field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show banner image at top</td>
<td>Shows a banner image at the top of the Member Profile component. If unselected, no banner image is seen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edit Banner Image</td>
<td>Choose a banner image for displaying at the top of the Member Profile component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Settings tab</td>
<td>Show the Settings tab on the component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profile Tab Label</td>
<td>Enter a label for the Profile tab. The default text is <em>Profile</em>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Details Property

**Settings Tab Label**
Enter a label for the Settings tab. The default text is *Settings & Preferences*.

**Example:** Sample Member Profile component.

![Sample Member Profile component](image)

**Membership**
The Membership component displays the number of new group members, either in the past 30 days or the past 12 months.
The Membership component is visible only to users who have reporting permissions in orgs that have group engagement. You can also choose to make the component visible only to group managers.

1. Select the **Membership** component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group ID</strong></td>
<td>The group’s ID. Typically, this field is populated when the page loads.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Current Membership chart](chart)

**Message Notification**
Add the Message Notification component to your site pages to let users view their recent messages from outside the Messages list view.
The Message Notification component shows up to three recent messages and allows users to send new messages.

Add the Message Notification component to the site Home page and configure it in the Page Editor.
1. Select the **Message Notification** component.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Header Label      | Enter a title for the component. The default text is *Recent Messages*.

**Example:** Sample Message Notification component:

![Sample Message Notification component](image)

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

**Navigation Menu**

The Navigation Menu component extends your site's navigation beyond navigational topics. Navigation menu items can include Salesforce objects, topics, pages in your site, URLs to external sites, and menu labels. Menu labels are parent headings under which you can nest other menu items. You can also enable the App Launcher to make it easy for members to switch between their sites and their Salesforce org.

When setting up the navigation menu, consider the following:

- You can add up to 20 navigation menu items. Menu items that don’t fit on the first line of the navigation menu appear in a More overflow menu item.
- If you want to map a navigational topic to a menu item, you must first set it up in Experience Management.
- The Help Center and LWR templates (Build Your Own and Microsites) don’t include generic record pages. So if you create an object or global action type menu item that links to a Salesforce object, make sure that you also create the corresponding object pages. If you don’t create the associated object pages, end users can’t see anything when they click the menu item.

To create or modify navigation menu items:

1. Select the **Navigation Menu** component in the page you’re configuring.

2. To display the App Launcher in existing sites, clear the checkbox for **Hide App Launcher in header**.

3. To show an icon for Home instead of text, select **Replace Home text with icon**.
4. In the property editor, click **Navigation Menu**.
   
   Note: In the menu editor overlay, you can edit or delete existing menu items, or add new ones.

5. To add a menu item:
   
   a. Click **Add Menu Item**.
   
   b. Enter the name you want to use in the navigation menu for this item.
   
   c. Select the type of item you’re navigating to.

   Options include:
   
   - Event—Events like log in, log out, and account switcher.
   - External URL—Links to a URL outside of your site. For example, https://salesforce.com.
   - Global Action—Links to a global action. For example, New Case.
   - Menu Label—Adds a parent heading for your navigation menu. Nest items underneath the menu label.
   - Navigational Topic—A dropdown with links to the navigational topics in your site. Navigational topics are set up in Experience Management.
   - Site Page—Links to a page inside your site using a relative URL. For example, /contactsupport.
   - Salesforce Object—Available objects include accounts, cases, campaigns, contracts, contacts, dashboards, groups, leads, opportunities, orders, price books, products, quotes, reports, tasks, work orders, and any custom objects.

   Tip: Select this option to create a list view page for the selected object. This option is the easiest way to expose Salesforce record data in your site with minimum configuration.
   
   - System Link—Links to Experience Builder, Workspaces, and setup.

   d. Complete the fields based on the type you selected.

      - If you selected Salesforce Object, select the default list view to show.
      - If you selected Site Page, use the dropdown to select the site page you want to link to. The URL field automatically populates the relative URL for the page based on your selection.
      - To add the Messages page to your navigation menu, replace the :recordId parameter with Home.
      - If you selected External URL, enter the fully qualified URL. To keep navigation within your site, select the Open link in the same tab checkbox.
      - Select Publicly Available if you want the navigation menu item to appear for guest users who aren’t members of the site.

6. To move an item, click ➕ and drag the item to where you want it to appear in the menu. Nest other menu items underneath a menu label by dragging them to the right under the menu label.

7. To delete a menu item, hover over or click the item and click ✗.

8. To save your changes, click **Save Menu**.

   Note: For these changes to be visible to users, your site must be activated in Experience Workspaces and recent changes must be published.
Example: Sample Navigation Menu component:

On a mobile device, your site navigation menu collapses to better fit your screen.

Sample Navigation Menu component on a mobile device:

If your site hosts users who speak different languages, you can translate your navigation menu using the Translation Workbench. However, the fallback language setting doesn’t apply to the navigation menu.

For information on using the Translation Workbench, see Translation Workbench in Salesforce Help. Make sure to publish your site after translating so the translations appear to your users.

SEE ALSO:
  Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
  Assign an Audience to a Component Variation

New Message Button

The New Message Button lets site members start a direct message conversation from wherever you place the button.

Add the New Message Button component to a site page and configure it in the Page Editor.

1. Select the New Message Button component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>The ID of the recipient. The system attempts to detect and populate this value based on the page where the New Message Button is placed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Label</td>
<td>Enter a title for the component. The default text is <em>Send Message</em>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample New Message Button component:

| SEND MESSAGE |

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Page Refresh
The Page Refresh component automatically refreshes the page for your customers. The Page Refresh component is built into the body of the Too Many Requests page, so there’s no need to manually add it to the page. The Too Many Requests page uses the same theme layout header and theme layout footer as the Service Not Available page. So if you move the Page Refresh component to the header or footer on the Too Many Requests page, the component is also added to the Service Not Available page.

EDITIONS
Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS
To customize an Experience Cloud site:
• Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
• Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
• Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
• Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Path (Experience Builder Site Component)

On object detail pages in Experience Builder sites, use the Path component to indicate and mark the path through a business process. You can add the Path component to Experience Builder site object detail pages for the following objects:

- Account
- Asset
- Campaign
- Case
- Contract
- Lead
- Opportunity
- Order
- Partner Fund Allocations
- Partner Fund Claims
- Partner Fund Requests
- Partner Marketing Budgets
- Product Request
- Product Request Line Item
- Product Service Campaign
- Product Service Campaign Item
- Service Appointment
- Service Contract
- Work Order
- Work Order Line Item
- Custom objects

For an overview of setting up Path in Salesforce, see Guide Users with Path. The Path component is intended for a wide-column layout. Add it to columns that are at least 50% wide, though full columns are best.

نص:

1. Set up a sales process in your org. If you’re creating a path for service appointments, work orders, or work order line items, you can skip this step.
2. Set up the path in the Setup menu.
   a. From Setup, enter *Path* in the Quick Find box, then select *Path Settings*.
   b. Click *Enable*, and then click *New Path* to create a path.

3. Create object pages in Experience Builder (for any object that supports Path).

4. Drag the *Path* component onto the detail page that you’re configuring.

   **Example:** Sample Path component:

   ![Sample Path component](image)

   **SEE ALSO:**
   *Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?*

---

**Paused Flows**

Add the Paused Flows component to let your Experience Builder site members view all the paused flows they own, resume them at a more convenient time without losing their work, or delete them. When setting up a flow in Salesforce Setup, you must choose pause points in order to allow site users to pause and resume flows.

To pause a flow, your site members must have the *Run Flows* permission.

For example, your financial company has a flow to help folks apply for a credit card. Your customer gets stuck on one of the steps (what was my address 12 years ago?). Rather than lose the previous screens of information, the customer can press *Pause* to find the needed information. Or, your customer pauses a step and needs help with continuing with the forms. The customer can contact your company, and a service agent can continue the flow for them.

In *Setup > Process Automation Settings*, select *Let users pause flows*. When you set up a pause point in your flows, you can use the Paused Flows component in Experience Builder.

**Note:** While we call them flows here at Salesforce, your company could call them processes, forms, steps, or wizards. Use a naming convention that your customers understand for the title field.

1. Select the *Paused Flows* component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Add a title that is easily understood by your site members. Default text is <em>Paused Flows</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show number of flows in title</td>
<td>Select to show the number of paused flows in the title, in parentheses.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Maximum Paused Flows Displayed
The maximum number of flows shown in the component is 10.

### Show pause reason
Shows the reason the flow was paused.

### Show pause time
Displays the time the flow was paused.

### Show pause step
Displays the name of the step that the flow was paused.

### Show owner
Displays the flow's owner.

### Delete button
Displays a delete button to delete the flow.

### Resume Button Label
The button text to resume a flow. Default text is Resume.

### Button Alignment
Choose the button alignment. Default is Center.

#### Example: Sample Paused Flows component:

![Sample Paused Flows component](image)

### Profile Header

The Profile Header component displays a user's name (or nickname) and profile picture. It also displays a dropdown that lets users navigate to their profile, open a case, access their locale and email notification settings, or log out of the site. External users can also access and manage their account. If the user isn't logged in, a Login button appears in the header.

**Note:** The User Profile Menu component replaces the Profile Header component in sites based on Winter ’18 and later versions of Experience Builder templates.

Users can't customize the profile photo functionality in the profile header—they need to edit all profile information from the profile details page.

**Note:** If nickname display is enabled in the site, this component shows the nickname instead of the user's name. The user's reputation level displays only if reputation is enabled in the site.
1. Select the **Profile Header** component in the page you’re configuring.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Case Filter Name or ID</strong></td>
<td>The name or ID of the list view that displays the user’s cases. This value is used throughout the site to display the user’s list of cases. By default, the template uses the AllOpenCases view, which lets users view any open cases that they have permission to see. Configure sharing to ensure that users see only cases that belong to them. Alternatively, you can use another pre-defined list view or create a custom list view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Include Contact Support</strong></td>
<td>Select this checkbox to include the option to contact an agent from the profile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Home Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link to the site home page from the user navigation menu. The default text is <strong>Home</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>View Profile Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link to the profile detail page. The default text is <strong>View Profile</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Contact Support Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link to the page where the user can open a case. The default text is <strong>Contact Support</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Login Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link to log in to the site. The default text is <strong>Login</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Logout Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link to log out from the site. The default text is <strong>Log Out</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Experience Management</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link to the Experience Management page. The default text is <strong>Log Out</strong>. This link only appears for users with permissions to manage the site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Setup Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link to the setup page for sites. The default text is <strong>Site Setup</strong>. This link is shown to users with permissions to create or modify the site’s administration settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>User Settings (Customer Service template only)</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link to access an authenticated user’s personal settings for the site. The default text is <strong>My Settings</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Show User Settings in Menu (Customer Service template only)</strong></td>
<td>Select this checkbox to show user settings in the profile dropdown list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>My Account Label (Customer Service template only)</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text you want to show for the link that external users click to view their account record. The default text is <strong>My Account</strong>. This feature is available in the Spring ’16 version of the Customer Service template and later. External site members who access the My Account link see their account details based on the configuration of the Record Detail page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Example:** Sample Profile Header component:

![Sample Profile Header component](image)

**SEE ALSO:**

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

**Recognition Badges**

The Recognition Badges component displays up to three of the most recent badges a user has earned. It also shows the Give Badge button, and a link to view all badges the user has earned.

From the User Profile page in Experience Builder,

1. Add the Recognition Badges component to the User Profile page.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Id</td>
<td>The system supplies this value. Don’t update this field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the component. The default text is Recognition Badges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text</td>
<td>Enter a name for the button that users click to give badges. The default text is Give. The Give button is only available if the Give Recognition Badges in Lightning Communities permission is turned on.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Recognition Badges component

SEE ALSO: Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Recommendations

The Recommendations component displays the popular files for your site. Popularity is determined by the number of people who have recently viewed a file and whether the file includes text and is in a library.

The Recommendations component appears by default on the Resources page when a recommendation is available.

1. Select the **Recommendations** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the component. The default text is <em>Popular Now</em>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Recommendations component:

SEE ALSO: Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Recommendations Carousel

The Recommendations Carousel component displays the custom recommendations and system-generated topic recommendations for your Experience Cloud site.

Note:

- For a more updated content targeting experience, we suggest using the CMS Collection component with personalization audiences.
- Before Winter ’18, this component was named Recommendations.

The Recommendations Carousel component appears on the page when a recommendation is available.

1. Select the Recommendations Carousel component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the component. The default text is Recommended.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Property | Details
---|---
Recommendation Channel | Choose the recommendation channel. The default is Default Channel. To display recommendations that you created in a custom channel, choose that channel. Use these channel values; you can’t rename or create other channels.

So that users don’t see the same recommendations all the time, Salesforce periodically removes and brings back custom recommendations that haven’t been accepted or dismissed.

**Example:** Sample Recommendations Carousel component:

![RECOMMENDED FOR YOU](image)

**Best Colombian Coffee deals in May**

- Great coffee
- Deals in May
- I'm not interested

**SEE ALSO:**
- Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
- Customize Recommendations in Experience Cloud Sites

**Record Banner**

The Record Banner component shows the record name, key record highlights, and action buttons that allow users to edit or delete the record.

Before Spring ’16, this component was named Record Headline. The Customer Service template supports a record detail page that you can use out of the box with no configuration. All objects in your site without a preassigned record detail page use this generic page, called Record Detail, to display record data. For example, consider the scenario where a user lands on a case detail page. The page uses a preassigned case detail layout. The user clicks a contact in the related records. If you haven’t created a custom record detail page for contacts, the contact information is displayed using the generic Record Detail page. Under the hood, the Record Detail page uses the Record Banner component along with the Record Information Tabs component to display record data.

- You can use the Record Banner component on custom record detail pages that you create. We recommend using it with the Record Information Tabs component.
• You can modify what fields display in the Record Banner component by customizing the Highlights Panel layout in the object’s compact page layout.

• Members with the necessary permissions can use the Edit, Delete, and Follow buttons to modify, delete, or follow the record. These buttons don’t display on mobile devices.

• The Record Banner component doesn’t support translation on the Topic Detail page.

Note: For optimal appearance, choose a wide column width when placing this component on your page. Some fields are hidden when there isn’t enough space to display them due to browser width or zoom level.

1. From the Pages menu in Experience Builder, select Record Detail or your custom record detail page.
2. Select the Record Banner component, or drag the component from the Components panel to the page.
3. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Record ID</td>
<td>The ID of the record displayed. Typically, this field is automatically populated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: In the mobile app, lookup fields in the Record Banner component are shown as text, not links.

Sample Record Banner component in the Customer Service template.

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Record Detail

Add the Record Detail component to a record detail or a custom page to show record information stored in Salesforce. This component is a great way to share information with site members who need it most, such as partners.

Users accessing the site on a mobile device have access to actions from the record detail page. For example, a partner user with create and edit access to accounts can create accounts or update an account as needed. However, edit inline, available on desktop, doesn’t function in mobile or tablet display.

Note: To display the record feed, use one the feed components with the feed publisher component. To show the related records, use the Related Record List component. To show a combination of record details, related lists, and the record feed together, we recommend using the composite Record Information Tabs component.

1. Select the Record Detail component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Property</strong></th>
<th><strong>Details</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Record ID</td>
<td>The record ID. Typically, this field automatically picks up the record ID when the page loads.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:**  Example of a Record Detail component on a site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Owner</th>
<th>Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scott Clark</td>
<td>(905) 555-1212</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Name</th>
<th>Fax</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Global Media</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parent Account</th>
<th>Website</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Employees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prospect</td>
<td>14,668</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Annual Revenue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Media</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example of actions on a mobile device.
Record Information Tabs

The Record Information Tabs component uses the Record Detail Page and the Record Banner component to display detailed record information, lists of related records, and the record feed.

- You can use the Record Information Tabs component on custom record detail pages that you create. We recommend using it with the Record Banner component.
- You can modify what fields display in the Record Information Tabs component by customizing the object’s page layout.
- Related lists in the related tab show the number of related records in each list in parentheses. For example, if there are five related contacts related to an account, the related list shows Contacts (5). If there aren’t any related records, the list title shows (0).
- Site members with permissions can create new related records and send emails from the Related tab. They can also expand related record lists to see a longer list. These details are displayed on the generic Record Related List page. Related records in the related tab show the number of related records in parentheses.

Note: Emails are supported in accounts, contacts, leads, opportunities, and campaigns.

The Customer Service template supports a record detail page that you can use out of the box with no configuration. All objects in your site without a preassigned record detail page use this generic page, called Record Detail, to display record data. For example, consider the scenario where a user lands on a case detail page. The page uses a preassigned case detail layout. The user clicks a contact in the related records. If you haven’t created a custom record detail page for contacts, the contact information is displayed using the generic Record Detail page.

1. From the Pages menu in Experience Builder, select Record Detail or your custom record detail page.
2. Select the Record Information Tabs component or drag the component from the Components panel to the page to add it.
3. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
### Property | Details
--- | ---
Record ID | The ID of the record. This value is automatically populated.
Details Tab Label | Label for the tab that shows record details. The default label is Details.
Related Tab Label | Label for the tab that shows lists of related records. The default label is Related.
Discussion Tab Label | Label for the tab that shows the record feed. The default label is Discussions. This label is used on mobile devices only.

**Example:** Sample Record Information Tabs component:

![Sample Record Information Tabs component](image)

**SEE ALSO:**

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

**Record List**

The Record List component shows a list of records on the Record List page. Users can view records, switch between record list views, and create records directly from the list view. If a user has no access to a particular list view, they see the Recently Used list view instead.

When you create a custom navigation menu item using the Salesforce Object type, it automatically links to a list of the records for the selected object. Templates provide a page to display such a list of records. This generic page is called the Record List page. It’s used for all objects in your site that don’t have a custom page assigned to them.

- The Record List component supports all Object Home page supported objects.
- You can use the Record List component on any page in your site. We recommend adding it to custom list views that you create. You can also create a navigation menu item to link to that page with its internal page URL.

1. Select the **Record List** component on the Record List page.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Records</td>
<td>The number of entries retrieved to show in the list view. The default is 25.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>When the compact layout is selected, this property controls the number of records shown. If there are more than 25 records, users click a link to see the full list of records. The maximum number of records for the compact layout is 100.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>When the full layout is selected, this property controls the number of records initially shown. As a user scrolls down, more records are displayed. The maximum number of records per page for the full layout is 100.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Layout</td>
<td>Choose from full, standard, or compact layout. The compact layout is ideal for showing short lists of information in a narrow column or when displaying your site on a mobile device. When a page using the full layout is viewed on a mobile device, the page automatically adjusts to a more mobile-friendly layout. To display the compact layout on mobile, explicitly select <strong>Compact</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>When choosing the layout, consider the following:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- When using the full layout, use a column width of at least 50% of the page. We also recommend that you don’t place another component below the Record List component on the page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Full layout has a minimum height of 700 pixels. If you place a component below the full layout of the Record List component, the Record List can overlap with the component that’s underneath it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Full layout uses infinite scrolling. If you reference an object that contains many records, infinite scrolling can prevent site members from ever seeing the component below the Record List component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Standard layout has some differences in display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Only the first four fields of the list view are displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- When there is no data for the list view to display the Record List component is hidden.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Compact layout works in any size column. However, <strong>View All</strong> will always redirect to the object home (for example, case list or account list). We recommend that you create a standard page and add the compact list there. This arrangement avoids issues that can arise when the full list for object home has been deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If there aren’t records to display for either a standard or compact list view, the component is hidden.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object Name</td>
<td>The Salesforce object whose records you want to show. The dropdown shows the supported objects. The component supports all Object Home page objects. See <a href="https://example.com">Objects Supported by Out-of-the-Box Components and Pages in Experience Builder Templates</a>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If <strong>Page’s Object Name</strong> name is selected, only <strong>Page’s Filter Name</strong> is available in the Filter Name field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filter Name</td>
<td>The list view to show for the selected object. The dropdown shows only list views that are valid for the object you select.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow list pinning¹</td>
<td>Lets users select their preferred default view for a record list. Enabled by default. Lists, as elsewhere in Salesforce, can’t be unpinned, but users can select a new list to change their default view. Pinned lists almost always override menu and component list settings. The exception is when the navigation menu for a component receives its filter name from the name of the page—like <em>My Accounts</em>. To allow users to see their pinned lists, create at least one more menu item that takes <code>default</code> as the list view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allow inline edit¹</td>
<td>Lets users edit individual fields in a list. Enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Header Configuration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show list actions²</td>
<td>Displays available list view controls, such as new, sharing, filter, and any custom actions that you’ve created. Enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Users require necessary permissions for the viewed object to use the <strong>New</strong> button on the component to create records.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- For shared views, users need appropriate permissions to see the data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Related Lists for Campaign members have quick filters to narrow results, but the resulting views can’t be saved or shared.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Site members can use search and quick filters to quickly find information in their current session. Users can click 💾 to filter the list view or remove filters. They can also click 📊 to view related charts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show list search¹</td>
<td>Displays search field, scoped to the displayed list. Enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show refresh button</td>
<td>Enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show charts button</td>
<td>Enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show filter button</td>
<td>Enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show object name</td>
<td>Enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show image icon</td>
<td>Enabled by default.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show display options¹</td>
<td>Lets users view records in a table or Kanban format, or restricts them to a single type of view. Default is <strong>Show All Options</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Record List component (Full layout):

When all properties are enabled, site members can:

- Change the list view and pin it (1).
- Use search (2) to find items in long lists.
- Use list actions to accomplish list-related tasks, such as creating a record (3).
- Access list view controls (such as sharing settings), change how the list is displayed, view related charts, and filter the list view (4).
- Edit fields inline (5).

Sample Record List component (Compact layout):

Sample Record List component (Standard layout):
We advise against using the Record List component to show products in a B2B Commerce store. A product Record List doesn’t respect user entitlements and could expose information to users that you don’t want them to see.

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Objects Supported by Out-of-the-Box Components and Pages in Experience Builder Templates

Record Related List

The Record Related List component shows a list of all records that are related to a record. For example, if you’re looking at an account, you can see a related list of contacts, opportunities, and activity history for that account. Use the Record Related List component on a generic Record Detail page or on a custom page to show a list of related records. Members can create records from the list and from lookups.

When a user expands the list of related records, the Record Related List page is displayed, which uses the Record Related List component under the hood. The component can occasionally be empty. For example, if there aren’t any records related to the current record, or if the current record was created in the last 24 hours, no related items populate the component.

1. Select the **Record Related List** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Record ID</td>
<td>(Required) The ID of the parent record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Layout Design</td>
<td>Lay out width options to accommodate main body or narrow column placement of component.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Related Lists for Campaign members have quick filters to narrow your results for fast results, but the resulting views can’t be saved or shared.
**Example:** Sample Related Record List component:

![Related Record List component example](image)

**Note:** Record Related List row-level actions aren’t available on mobile for Experience Builder sites.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
- Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

## Related Record List

The Related Record List component shows, in a list, a single type of record related to a record. For example, if you’re looking at an account, you can see a related list of contacts for that account. Use the Related Record List component on a generic Related Record List page or on a custom page. Members can create records from the list and from lookups.

When a user expands the list of related records, the Related Record List page is displayed, which uses the Related Record List component under the hood. The component can occasionally be empty. For example, if there aren’t any records related to the current record, or if the current record was created in the last 24 hours, no related items populate the component.

**Note:** Using the Related List - Single component also allows you to show a single related list on a record. The Related List - Single component fills in the parent record ID dynamically, and allows you to select the related list you want to show.

1. Select the **Related Record List** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Parent Record ID</td>
<td>The ID of the parent record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Related List Name</td>
<td>Name of the related list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breadcrumbs</td>
<td>Select to show breadcrumbs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom Title</td>
<td>Select to display the title in the header.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Row Numbers</td>
<td>Select to show row numbers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Details

**Property** | **Details**
--- | ---
Refresh | Select to display the manual refresh button.

**Note:** Related Lists for Campaign members have quick filters to narrow your results for fast results, but the resulting views can't be saved or shared.

**Example:** Sample Related Record List component:

![Related Record List component example](image)

**Note:** Related Record List row-level actions aren't available on mobile for Experience Builder sites.

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Related List - Single

The Related List - Single component shows a list of related records based on one specific object. For example, if you're looking at a contact detail page, you can specify to see the cases related to that contact, without seeing all other types of related records. Use the Related List - Single component on an object page or on a custom page to add specific, related information in context for the page. Members can create records from the list and from lookups.

**Note:** A new version of the Related List - Single component is available in Experience Builder with the Winter '21 release. If you use the old version of the component, shown as Deprecated in the component properties, the component still functions. If you delete your deprecated component, you must use the new version.

To see all related records, use the Record Related List component. When a user expands a related record, the detail page is displayed, which uses the Related List - Single component under the hood. The component can occasionally be empty. For example, if there aren't any records related to the current record, or if the current record was created in the last 24 hours, no related items populate the component.

1. Add the Related List - Single component to the page and select it.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

**Property** | **Details**
--- | ---
Related List | The specific record type to retrieve and display for the page context.
Layout Design | Layout width options to accommodate main body or narrow column placement of your component.
**Property** | **Details**
--- | ---
Change Related List Display | Format presentation options for items in the list.

**Example:** Sample Related List - Single component:

Note: Row-level actions aren’t available on mobile for Experience Builder sites.

Note: The Related List - Single component isn’t supported for Files in the Salesforce mobile and tablet view.

**Related Articles List**

The Related Articles List component displays the articles related to the article the user is viewing.

In the Page Editor, you can configure the Related Articles List component on the Article Detail page.

The component can occasionally be empty. For example, if there aren’t any articles related to the current article, or if the current article was published in the last 24 hours, no related items populate the component.

1. Select the **Related Articles List** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

**Property** | **Details**
--- | ---
Number of Articles | Enter the maximum number of articles to display in the list. You can display up to 10 articles. The default value is 5.
Title | Enter a title for the list of related articles. The default text is Related Articles.
Show Views | Select to show the number of times an article is viewed. Clear to hide the view count.
Related Questions List

The Related Questions List component displays the questions related to the question the user is viewing.

In the Page Editor, you can configure the Related Questions List component on the Question Detail page. To use this component, your site must have a best answer for at least one question. The component can occasionally be empty. For example, if there aren’t any questions related to the current question, or if the current question was asked in the last 24 hours, no related items populate the component.

1. Select the **Related Questions List** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Questions</td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of questions to display in the list. You can display up to 10 questions. The default value is 5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the list of related questions. The default text is Related Questions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Views</td>
<td>Select to show only the number of times a question is viewed, remove liked or commented on, Clear to hide the view count.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Related Topics List

The Related Topics List component displays the topics related to the topic being viewed by the user.

In the Page Editor, you can configure the Related Topics List component on the Topics View page.

For related topics to show up in this list, three different users must create at least three posts each, and their posts must have the same topics attached. The related topics appear for the topics attached in the posts.

1. Select the **Related Topics List** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the list of related topics. The default text is <strong>Related Topics List</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topic ID</td>
<td>This field populates dynamically with the topic ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show the number of people using the Topic</td>
<td>Shows the number of people who are using the topic.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Sample Related Topics List component:

![Related Topics List Example](image)

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Report Chart

Use the Report Chart component to add reports to your site pages. Display the reports that you set up in your Salesforce org’s public folder.

When you click a report, you see the Report Detail page, which shows the Report Summary component. The report summary includes details from the source report in Salesforce.

**Note:** In Report Chart properties, only the reports that have a chart appear on the dropdown list.

1. Drag the Report Chart component to the page, and select it.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Report Name</td>
<td>Reports with charts that are available for use in the site.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Details

Setting a filter on the report chart data is supported only for record pages. If you set a filter option, the Report Chart component displays only that filtered data to users.

Filter By
The number of minutes between each report refresh.
Show report name
Adds the report name to the site page.
Show refresh button
Shows a refresh button, so users can refresh the chart.

Warning: Instead of a report’s developer name, the Report Chart component uses the ID of an associated report to populate the component. If a site page is deployed to another environment (such as from Sandbox to Production), the component breaks if the target org doesn’t contain a report with the same ID. If the target org contains a different report that uses the same ID as the source org, the component references the wrong report.

Example: Report Chart component:

Report List

The Report List component lets users view reports in list form. The report list can be filtered with these criteria:

- Recent
- Created by Me
- Private Reports
- Public Reports
- All Reports

In addition, users have access to report folders. Folders include:

- Created by Me
- Shared with Me
- All Folders

The Report List component doesn’t have any editable properties.

Note:

- The Report List component can only be used on the Report List page.
• The Filter, Group, and Summary options aren’t available to users accessing reports from an Experience Cloud site on mobile
devices, including apps accessed through the mobile browser and apps created with Mobile Publisher.

Report Summary
The Report Summary component lets users see a snapshot of the report details from the source report.
Use the Report Summary component on the Report Detail page to see a report’s details. Using the component, members can see a
report chart, filter data, see the feed, refresh the report, or change its settings. Members with sufficient permissions can also clone, save,
export, or subscribe to the report.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Report Id</td>
<td>This field autopopulates with the record ID of the report.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reputation Leaderboard
The Reputation Leaderboard component displays a list of site members with the highest reputation points.
In the Page Editor, you can configure the Reputation Leaderboard component on the Home page.
1. Select the Reputation Leaderboard component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the reputation leaderboard. The default text is Leaderboard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Users</td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of users to display. You can display up to 10. The default is 5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show user rank</td>
<td>Displays the ranks of the users shown in the leaderboard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show logged-in user</td>
<td>• If the logged-in user does have rank, the user is highlighted on the leaderboard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• If the logged-in user doesn’t rank on the leaderboard, a row for the user appears at the bottom of the leaderboard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• If the logged-in user ranks on the leaderboard, AND the Show User Rank checkbox is selected, AND Knowledge and Points or Knowledge and Last Active is displayed, the user sees a message about their ranking. For example, “Congratulations! You rank #2.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show help bubble</td>
<td>Displays a question mark icon at the top of the leaderboard that a user can hover over to get more info.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exclude internal users</td>
<td>Excludes internal users from the leaderboard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Help Bubble Text</td>
<td>Enter the message that appears when a user hovers over the question mark icon. The message can be up to 500 characters. The default text is Earn points and climb to new levels when you contribute in the experience!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Users</td>
<td>Determines what information about a user shows in the leaderboard. Options include:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Levels and Points—Shows a user’s reputation level and total number of reputation points.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Knowledge and Points—Shows a user’s total number of reputation points and topics that they’re knowledgeable about.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Knowledge and Last Active—Shows topics a user is knowledgeable about and when the user was last active.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Topic Knowledge Label (Up to 20 chars.) | When Knowledge is shown in the leaderboard, this text appears before the topics a user is knowledgeable about. The default text is *Knows about*. For example, if a user is knowledgeable about backpacks, their leaderboard entry can say “Knows about: Backpacks.” |

**Example**: Sample Reputation Leaderboard component:

**Level and Points**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Eric Ware</td>
<td>646</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sylvia</td>
<td>332</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sether</td>
<td>292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Tahome</td>
<td>278</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Patricia</td>
<td>224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MSmith</td>
<td>142</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Topics and Points**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Knows about: Camp &amp; Hike, ...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sether</td>
<td>292</td>
<td>No recent topic activity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tahome</td>
<td>278</td>
<td>Camp &amp; Hike, ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patricia</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>Backpacking P...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Topics and Last Active**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Knows about: Camp &amp; Hike, ...</th>
<th>Last Active</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Syliva</td>
<td>332</td>
<td>Outdoor Packs,...</td>
<td>Active 30+ days ago</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sether</td>
<td>292</td>
<td>No recent topic activity</td>
<td>Active 30+ days ago</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tahome</td>
<td>278</td>
<td>Camp &amp; Hike, ...</td>
<td>Active 30+ days ago</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patricia</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>Backpacking P...</td>
<td>Active 30+ days ago</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Rich Content Editor

The Rich Content Editor component lets you add formatted custom text to your site pages, along with images and videos.

If you prefer to create and edit your content in HTML, use the HTML Editor component.

1. In Experience Builder, drag the Rich Content Editor component from the Components panel onto the page.

2. Add and format text (1), and add links (2), images (3), or YouTube or Vimeo videos (4) directly in the editor.

When you add an image to your site for the first time, an asset file is automatically created and stored in the Org Asset Library.

Note: If public access is enabled in Experience Builder at the page or site level, the **Let guest users view asset files and CMS content available to the site** preference is enabled in **Administration > Preferences**. This preference remains enabled as long as any page has public access enabled. If you upload images for use on site login pages, be sure that this preference is enabled.

Images and videos are supported only in Rich Content Editor components that were added after the Spring '16 release.
3. Optional: To add alt text to an image in the Rich Content Editor component, right-click the image when the component is in edit mode. Select Add Alt Text, enter your text, and click Add.

SEE ALSO:
Find and Create Asset Files in Experience Builder
HTML Editor

Scroll To

Custom code on the Profile page in the Customer Service template lets users scroll to the selected component from a user’s profile page, which saves a mobile user from having to scroll to a profile component that isn’t visible on his or her device.

1. On the Profile page, right-click the area of custom code below the User Profile Header, and click Edit.
2. In the Edit Code page, you can change the labels that let mobile users navigate in their profile.

Example: Sample Scroll To component:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Search Results

The Search Results component lets users view tabbed lists of articles and discussions. The articles and discussions are returned when a user selects a topic or types a string in the Search Publisher.

1. Select the **Search Results** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Articles Tab Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text that appears on the tab that users select to view the list of returned articles. The default text is Articles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Discussions Tab Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text that appears on the tab that users can select to view the list of returned discussions. The default text is Discussions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Topic ID</strong></td>
<td>The expression in the <strong>Topic ID</strong> field uses the topic ID that the user selects when filtering by topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Search Term</strong></td>
<td>The expression returns results based on the text users enter when typing their search queries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Active Tab</strong></td>
<td>Specify which tab you want to appear as selected with its contents exposed, when the page loads. The expression retrieves the parameter from the query string in the URL for the page. Type articles to display the article search results first or discussions to display the contents of the discussion search results first.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of Articles</strong></td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of articles to show in the component.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Show Article Tab</strong></td>
<td>Select this checkbox if you have Salesforce Knowledge enabled and want site members to search for and view articles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Default Sort Order for Feed</strong></td>
<td>The default sort order for the feed on the Discussions tab. Presents site members and guests with the initial experience that you intend. If users change the sort order in their view, their selection sticks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Show a streamlined question feed on the Discussions tab</strong></td>
<td>Select to show a compact feed on page 245 on a search results Discussions tab.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Important:** For articles to show up in the Search Results component, they must be associated with a topic. Moreover, the site language and article language must match.
Example: Sample Search Results component:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Stream Detail

The Stream Detail component is available to repair the Stream Detail page in the event its Stream Detail component is mistakenly removed.

1. In the Experience Builder, select the Stream Detail component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stream ID</td>
<td>Stream ID has a default variable value that gets the ID of whatever stream was selected on the Stream List page. We recommend that you leave this value at its default, {!recordId}. Changing this value fixes the display to one stream that only one site member has access to. That is, the member who created the stream with the fixed ID you enter here.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Stream List

The Stream List component is available to repair the Stream List page in the event its Stream List component is mistakenly removed. The Stream List component has no properties.

Suggested Actions

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To create an Experience Cloud site: **Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration**

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

To run a suggested action in an Experience Builder site
- Run Flows
- OR
- Flow User field enabled on the user detail page
- OR
- **If Override default behavior and restrict access to enabled profiles or permission sets** is selected for an individual flow, access to that flow is given to users by profile or permission set

Suggested Actions brings the power of Einstein Next Best Action into sites. Choose strategies that apply your org’s business rules to display suggested offers and actions.

1. Create a recommendation strategy in the Strategy Builder.
2. Drag the Suggested Actions component onto your site page.
3. In the property editor, enter the title that you want customers to see (1) and select the strategy you want to display (2). Enter the maximum number of suggestions to display (3) and choose where the suggested actions open (4).
- Title—Displays this title for the component on the site page. The default title is Next Best Action.
- Strategy—Displays all available strategies created in Strategy Builder.
- Maximum Suggestions Displayed—Allows up to four suggestions to display when there are multiple suggested actions available.
- Hide Empty Component—Hides the component when there are no suggested actions initially available. If there are actions available when the app opens, the component continues to display, even if the actions run out.
- Launch Suggested Actions In—Specifies whether your suggestions open in a display window, a new browser window, or on a site flow page.
- Show Image—Shows images associated with each suggested action. If the recommendation doesn’t have an image, a placeholder displays.
- Show Description—Displays the description defined on the Recommendation record.
- Show Reject Option—Displays the reject option associated with suggested actions.
**Example:** Here’s how a strategy looks when it displays in a site.

![Survey Component Example](image)

### Survey

Use the Survey component to embed active surveys into your site’s pages.

1. In the page that you’re configuring, select the **Survey** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Survey Name</td>
<td>Select an active survey.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Example:** Sample Survey component:

![Image](image.png)

**Tab Layout**

Use the Tab Layout component to group other components in a set of customizable tabs for structure. Add as many tabs as you need and whatever components you want. You can rename and reorder the tabs, and choose whether to show or hide individual tabs to guest users in the site.

The Tab Layout component is a replacement for the Tabs component and offers better performance for your Aura site. The Tabs component still works, but because it’s deprecated, we recommend that you move your content from Tabs to Tab Layout for the most up-to-date experience.

1. Add the Tab Layout component to a page, or select it on the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property panel, configure the component.
   - To add another tab, click **Add**.
   - To rename a tab or set its public availability, select the tab. To make that tab available to guest users in the site, select **Publicly available**. If no tabs are publicly available, the entire Tab Layout component is hidden from guest users.
   - To reorder a tab, drag the tile into a new position.
3. Add components to each tab. You can't add a Tab Layout component to another Tab Layout component.

⚠️ **Important:** If you applied custom CSS to the old Tabs component, it doesn't automatically apply to Tab Layout. The newer component uses a different markup from Tabs, so you must adjust the CSS to target the new CSS selector. For example, if you used custom CSS to target the CSS class `uiTabItem` on the Tabs component, that custom CSS must now target `sls-tabs_default__item` on Tab Layout.

To present the new tab labels in other languages for a multilingual site, export your site content, translate the tab names, and import the translation back to your site.

SEE ALSO:
- Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
- Multilingual Sites

**Tile Menu**

Use the Tile Menu Lightning Web component in Experience Builder to add an intuitive and visually stunning navigation experience to your site.

Customers using the Tile Menu can use images to access an external site, page, record, or global action. For example, clicking an image takes a customer to a page to log a case or file a claim. You can set up a maximum of eight image-link combinations per Tile Menu component.

Consider the following when setting up your Tile Menu:

- To make the images in the tile menu viewable by guest site users:
  - Enable **Let guest users view asset files and CMS content available to the site** in Administration > Preferences in Experience Builder.
  - Access the site's guest user profile and **Object Settings**.
  - Then, give read access to Documents.

- When using Translation Workbench to translate text in the Tile Menu, select **Navigation Menu Item** as your **Setup Component**.

- A new version of the Tile Menu component was included in the Summer ’20 release, and allows for much more customization. The new version of the Tile Menu is available in Experience Builder in the Summer ’20 release. If you use the old version of the component, shown as Deprecated in the component properties, the component still functions. If you delete your deprecated component, you must use the new version.

**Note:**

- You can package a tile menu with Bolt Solutions and distribute them. All the properties of the tile menu are included in the package, but admins have to associate a navigation menu to the tile menu after the Bolt Solution is installed.
- To see a Tile Menu and its images from a production org, use a Full sandbox.
- The Tile Menu allows a maximum of 20 tiles.

1. From the components list, select the Tile Menu component and drag it onto a site page.
2. On the page, select the **Tile Menu** component.
3. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
### Property | Details
--- | ---
**Default Navigation Menu** | Select a navigation menu to showcase in Tile Menu.
**Edit Navigation Menu** | Click to edit your chosen navigation menu.
**Image Layout** | Select one of the three image options for the images in each menu tile.
- Full, No Overlay: Image takes up the whole tile. The banner with text doesn’t overlay the image.
- Full, With Overlay: Image takes up the whole tile. The banner with text overlays the image.
- Partial: Image is contained in an icon-type box within the tile.

### Tile Formatting
Click to expand.

**Show banner** | For the Full, With Overlay layout, choose to show a banner.
**Banner Position** | Options for:
- Full, No Overlay: Top
- Full, With Overlay: Top or Bottom
- Partial: Top, Right, Left, Bottom

**Banner Height** | Choose 15–100%.
This setting doesn’t apply to the Full, No Overlay layout.

**Banner Background Color** | Set the color for the banner background.

**Border Radius** | Choose from 0-50px.

**Blank Image Color** | Tile color if there’s no image.

**Tile Background Color** | For the Partial layout, the background tile color if the image doesn’t take up the entire tile.

**Icon Size** | Size of the icon containing the image for the Partial layout. Choose from small, medium, or large.

### Text Formatting
Click to expand.

**Color** | Text color.

**Size** | Text size. Choose from small, medium, or large.

**Horizontal Alignment** | Choose from right, left, or center.
Top Article by Topic

Give your customers more direction when they’re browsing your knowledge articles in an Experience Builder site. Using the Top Articles by Topic component, you can organize topics in one view. Articles populate under the topics, ranked by view count.

1. Select the **Top Articles by Topic** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the component.
   - To add another topic, click **Add**.
   - To set a topic’s public availability, select the topic. To make that tab available to guest users in the site, select **Publicly available**.
   - To reorder topics, drag the tile to the correct position.
   - Indicate the number of articles to list under each topic (maximum 10).

**Note:** If you delete a topic from a site, but have it referenced in the Top Articles by Topic component, the topic name doesn’t show. The articles, however, are listed under a blank topic name. To not see the article list, delete the topic name from the Top Articles by Topic component as well.
Example: Top Articles by Topic component in use:

![Top Articles by Topic component in use](image)

**Topic Catalog**

The Topic Catalog component lets Experience Builder site members see a full listing of navigational parent and subtopics you have set up for the site in one convenient location.

The following is the maximum number of navigational topics and subtopics you can have in a Customer Service template.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Maximum Number of Entries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One (parent)</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two (subtopic)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three (subtopic)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The topic catalog shows only navigational topics and subtopics, and is only visible after you set them up.

1. Edit the Navigation Menu component in your site (typically, on the home page).
2. Select **Add the “More Topics...” link**.
Example: When site members click More Topics from the Topics list in the navigation menu, they see the topic catalog.

SEE ALSO: Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

**Topic Description**

The Topic Description component is used on the Topic Detail page in the Customer Service template. It shows the topic’s description as entered in **Content Management > Topics**.

1. Select the **Topic Description** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Topic ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value, and populates the component with the description tied to the topic shown on the topic detail page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter text for the title. The default text is Description.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Topic Description component.

Topic Metrics

The Topic Metrics component lets users see how often site members use a topic. You can show the number of posts, articles, and followers that a topic has, and how many people have used the topic in the last 60 days. Use the Topic Metrics component on the Topic Detail page.

1. Select the Topic Metrics component on the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show Posts</td>
<td>Enable this setting to show the number of posts tagged with the topic. For navigational topics, the number of posts includes posts tagged with the topic and posts tagged with subtopics. The number of posts that use the topic can be inaccurate but provides a good comparative measure of how often people use the topic in posts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Articles</td>
<td>Enable this setting to show the number of articles tagged with the topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Followers</td>
<td>Enable this setting to show the number of people following the topic.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Topics

The Topics component allows your site members to add topics to records to organize them by theme in your Experience Builder site. Add the topics component to record detail pages for objects that have topics enabled.

1. Select the **Topics** component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show how many people used the topic in the last 60 days.</td>
<td>Enable this setting to show how many Experience Builder site members have used the topic in the past 60 days.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topic ID</td>
<td>This field populates dynamically with the topic ID.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Example: Sample Topics component:

![Sample Topics component](image)

### Totals

The Totals component displays count summaries related to the site group, such as number of posts, members, and likes.

The Totals component displays as Summary on a page. It’s visible only to users who have reporting permissions in orgs that have group engagement. You can also choose to make the component visible only to group managers.

1. Select the **Totals** component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
Trending Articles by Topic

The Trending Articles by Topic component displays the most popular articles in your Experience Builder site organized by topic. An article’s popularity is based on the number of recent views.

1. Select the **Trending Articles by Topic** component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Title</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text that is the title for the component. The default text is <strong>Trending Articles</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of Articles</strong></td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of trending articles to display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Topic ID</strong></td>
<td>The ID from the topic that the user selects to display the list of articles. To display articles from all managed topics, leave this field blank.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Trending Articles by Topic component:

Trending Topics
The Trending Topics component displays the popular topics in your Experience Builder site.

In the Page Editor, you can configure the Trending Topics component on the Home page.

1. Select the Trending Topics component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the list of trending topics. The default text is Trending Topics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Topics</td>
<td>Enter the number of trending topics to display. You can display a maximum of five topics at a time.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Unanswered Questions

The Unanswered Questions component lets users see the most viewed unanswered questions in a site. The component shows the top unanswered questions based on the view count across the site. As questions are answered, they are removed from view.

1. Select the **Unanswered Questions** component in the page you're configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>The title of the component. The default text is <em>Do you have the answer?</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Questions</td>
<td>Enter the number of questions to show on the list. The default is 5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show views</td>
<td>Show the number of times the question has been viewed by users.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

User Profile

The User Profile component shows detailed information about a user. Details include contact information, profile photo, Chatter statistics, topics the user is knowledgeable about, who the user is following, and the user’s followers.

The User Profile component uses a two-column layout by default. Profile details and the profile image are always shown, but you choose if you want to show related lists, Chatter statistics, and Knows About. You can also customize labels.

The layout of the component makes it ideal for viewing your site on a mobile device. When viewed on a mobile device or tablet, the component uses a single-column layout with four tabs: Feed, Cases, Details, and Related. The Cases tab is visible only when users view their own profile. You can edit all tab labels.

If nickname display is enabled for the site, the nickname is shown in place of the full name when a user views another user’s profile. The full name is shown when a user views their own profile.
If you prefer, you can create a custom layout with more granular control over the placement of user profile content. Create a custom site page, and use the profile components to build your own version of a profile. Profile components include the User Profile Summary, User Profile Tabs, User Profile Statistics, User Profile Knows About, and User Profile Related List components.

1. Select the **User Profile** component in the page you’re configuring.

2. To view the properties component, select the Properties pane:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value so that authenticated users can view their own information. Don’t update this field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show All Updates as the Default Feeds Filter</td>
<td>When this box is selected, the feed automatically defaults to the All Feeds filter. If it isn’t selected, the feed defaults to the Posts Created by this User filter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Influence</td>
<td>Determines if the user’s Chatter statistics are shown. Statistics include number of posts and comments, likes received, followers, and people they’re following.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influence Label</td>
<td>Enter a title for the Influence list. The default text is <em>Influence</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Knows About</td>
<td>Determines if the Knows About list is shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Knows About Label</td>
<td>Enter a title for the Knows About list. The default text is <em>Knows About</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Topics in Knows About Displayed (up to 10)</td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of topics listed for each user in the Knows About list, up to a limit of 10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Recognition Badges</td>
<td>Determines if the Recognition Badges card is shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognition Badges Label</td>
<td>Enter a title for the Recognition Badges card. The default text is <em>Recognition Badges</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Text</td>
<td>Enter the text you want to display on the button for awarding badges to other users. The default text is <em>Give</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Related Lists</td>
<td>Determines if related lists are shown. Related lists can include Followers, Following, Groups, and Files.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feed Tab Label</td>
<td>Enter the text you want to display on the tab that users select to view a user’s Chatter feed. The default text is <em>Feed</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cases Tab Label</td>
<td>Enter the text you want to display on the tab that users select to view their cases. This only displays for users on their own profile. The default text is <em>Cases</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cases Tab Header Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the label that appears at the top of the list of cases. The default for this field is <em>My Cases</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case Filter Name or ID</td>
<td>Enter the name of the list view that displays cases.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create Case Label</td>
<td>Enter the text you’d like to display on the button that users can click to create a case. The default text is <em>Create Case</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property</td>
<td>Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Record Details Tab Label (Mobile only)</td>
<td>Determines if a record details tab appears. Record details include profile details, Knows About, and Influence. The default label is <em>Details</em>. Available only when a site is viewed on a mobile device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Related Records Tab Label (Mobile only)</td>
<td>Determines if a related records tab appears, such as Groups, Files, Followers, and Following. The default label is <em>Related</em>. Available only when a site is viewed on a mobile device.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample User Profile component:

**Lauren Boyle**
Capricorn Bright

*Name:* Lauren Boyle
*Title:* Community Manager
*Revenue:* $500,000
*Address:* 1 Market St
San Francisco, CA 94103

**About Me:**
I'm a coffee expert based in San Francisco. I believe coffee can bring people together in positive ways, so I'm here to answer all your questions and make you feel at home in our community.

**Influence**
- Following: 5
- Followers: 7
- Posts: 10
- Comments: 7
- Likes: 10

**Recognition Badges**
- Thanks (2)
- Nice Work (10)
- Congrats (1)

**Knows About**
- San Francisco Coffee Shops

**Groups**
- Capricorn Villa
- Brewer Power Stars
- San Francisco Coffee Lovers

**Files**
- Espresso Machine Comparison
  - Apr 10, 2019 - 16K/8 - pdf

**Followers**
- Eric Wise
- CEO

**Following**
- Ann Wall
- Joe Sanchez
- Justin Savage

**FEED**

**CASES**

**Post**

*More*

*Share an update...*

*Sort by:*
- Most Recent Activity

**San Francisco Coffee Lovers — Lauren Boyle Capricorn Bright**

*September 10, 2019 at 3:43 PM*

*SF Capricorn Coffee fans, I’m hosting a meetup at The Grove in Hayes Valley on September 27th at 6pm. All are welcome. It’s a great chance to talk about all things coffee and meet new friends!*  

*Like* *Comment* *Share*

*Eric Wise and Ben Bean like this.*

**Lauren Boyle Capricorn Bright** asked a question.

*September 10, 2019 at 3:41 PM*

**What can cause my espresso machine to steam and spurt water?**

*Best Answer:*
You might have a broken joint in your steamer.

*by Ann Wall Capricorn Bright*

**Coffee Solutions** *Espresso Machines*

*Like* *Answer* *Share*

*3 answers*

**Lauren Boyle Capricorn Bright** asked a question.

*September 10, 2019 at 3:40 PM*

**What’s the best coffee?**

*I say Phil!*  

**Brewing And Recipes**

*Like* *Answer* *Share*

*1 answer - 1 view*

Eric Wise likes this.

**Lauren Boyle Capricorn Bright** asked a question.

*September 10, 2019 at 3:40 PM*

**Interested to know which coffee accessory is the most popular**

**Coffee Accessories**

*Like* *Answer* *Share*

*1 answer*

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
User Profile Detail

The User Profile Detail component shows details about a user including contact information, profile photo, Chatter statistics, and topics the user is knowledgeable about. On other users’ profiles, it also shows a Follow button.

Chatter statistics for the site include number of posts and comments, likes received, followers, and people the user is following. Knowledgeable About shows top topics that people know about, so the site can quickly see areas of expertise. Topic knowledge is calculated based on factors such as best answers, mentions, or likes on questions and posts.

If nickname display is enabled for the site, the nickname is shown in place of the full name when a user views another user’s profile. The full name is shown when a user views their own profile.

1. Select the User Profile Detail component in the page you’re configuring.
2. To view properties for the component, select the Properties pane:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value so that authenticated users can view their own information. Don’t update this field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Influence Section</td>
<td>To show the user’s reputation scores under their photos, select the box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show user’s reputation score in the Influence section</td>
<td>To show user’s reputation scores in the Influence section, select the box. Otherwise, the user’s reputations scores under their photos.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Knows About</td>
<td>Determines if the Knowledgeable About list is shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show Photo</td>
<td>To show the user’s photo, select the box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display circular photo</td>
<td>To apply a circular crop to user profile photos, select the box. Otherwise the crop is a square/rectangle. Users may must reload their photos so that they fit inside in the cropped area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Topics Displayed</td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of topics listed for each user, up to a limit of 10.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample User Profile Detail component:

By default, all the information in a user’s profile is visible to all users in the site, including to unlicensed guest users accessing the site. To limit access to members’ information, use a custom user profile page layout. Hide fields that reveal sensitive information, such as phone, email, title, and manager.

Note: Showing many user fields in a custom layout affects the performance of the profile view. We recommend showing no more than 8 fields. Similarly, consider modifying the fields for unlicensed guest user profiles to show only the necessary information. For example, you could hide the manager field. For detailed instructions on customizing page layouts, see Salesforce Help.

Add Actions to Your User Profile

There are five available actions that can be added to a User Profile component in your site. These actions include: Freeze, Follow, Edit, Message, and Give Badge.

Note: Only the Follow action is turned on by default.

To modify your user profile actions in Lightning Experience:

1. Access the Salesforce Setup menu.
2. Go to Object Manager and select Users.
3. Click User Page Layouts.
4. On the Mobile and Lightning Actions tab, choose which buttons to display by dragging them into the Salesforce Mobile and Lightning Experience Actions section.
5. Save your layout.

Actions appear in a dropdown on the User Profile component and are displayed in the order you add them to the layout.

User Profile Image

The User Profile Image component displays the user’s reputation level, reputation points, and profile photo.

Note: The User Profile Image and the User Profile Summary components replace the User Profile Summary & Image component, which was deprecated in Winter ’21.
1. Select the **User Profile Image** component in the page you’re configuring.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value so that authenticated users can view their own information. Don’t update this field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display circular photo</td>
<td>To apply a circular crop to user profile photos, select the box. Otherwise the crop is a square/rectangle. Users must reload their photos so they fit in the cropped area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Reputation</td>
<td>To display the reputation level below the user profile photo, select the box.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Sample User Profile Image component:

![Sample User Profile Image component](image)

**SEE ALSO:**

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

**User Profile Knows About**

Allow site members to endorse and recognize experts using the widget directly on a member’s profile page.

After you have enabled Knowledgeable People, site members can endorse one another for both new and existing topics on their site’s user profile page. The profile page displays all the topics the site member is knowledgeable about.

Use the component to enter a new topic for endorsement. You can also view the number of endorsements that have been received for each topic that a member has been marked knowledgeable about. To add or remove endorsements, members can click the thumbs up button. Site members aren’t able to endorse themselves on any topic.
1. Do one of the following:
   - To display the Knows About list within the User Profile component, select that component.
   - To display the list elsewhere on the profile page, drag the User Profile Knows About component to the desired location.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>The user profile ID. Typically, this field is automatically populated with the record ID when the page loads.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter a title for the component. The default text is Knows About.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Topics Displayed</td>
<td>Enter the maximum number of topics listed for each user, up to a limit of 10.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Site members can’t opt out of being shown as knowledgeable about specific topics.

**Example:**

![Knows About](image)

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
User Profile Related List

The User Profile Related List component shows lists of a user’s files, groups, followers, and who they’re following.

Add the User Profile Related List component to the User Profile page to show a user’s related lists. Users can view full details for a related list by clicking View All at the bottom of the list. On the Files related list, users can click to upload a file.

You can customize which related lists are visible in your site by editing the User Profile page layout.

1. Select the User Profile Related List component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value. Don’t update this field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Sample User Profile Related List component

SEE ALSO: Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
User Profile Menu

The User Profile Menu component displays a user’s name (or nickname) and profile picture. It also displays a dropdown from which users can navigate to their profile, open a case, access their locale and email notification settings, and log out. External users can also access and manage their account. If the user isn’t logged in, a Login button appears in the header.

Note: The User Profile Menu component replaces the Profile Header component in sites based on Winter ’18 and later versions of Experience Builder templates.

Each template comes with its own default user profile menu, which can be customized as needed. For example, for the B2B Store template, the link that buyers click to view their account record shows account information on the My Account page. All other templates display external user account information in the generic Record Detail page.

Users can’t customize the profile photo functionality in the profile menu. Instead, they edit all profile information from the profile details page.

Note: If displaying a nickname is enabled in the site, this component shows the nickname instead of the user’s name. The user’s reputation level displays only if reputation is enabled in the site.

1. In the page you’re configuring, select the User Profile Menu component.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Case Filter Name or IdK</td>
<td>The name or ID of the list view that displays the user’s cases. This value is used throughout the site to display the user’s list of cases. By default, the template uses the AllOpenCases view, which lets users view any open cases that they have permission to see. Configure sharing to ensure that users see only cases that belong to them. Alternatively, you can use another pre-defined list view or create a custom list view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include Contact Support</td>
<td>Select to include the option to contact an agent from the profile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Label</td>
<td>Enter the text shown for the link to the site home page from the user navigation menu. The default is Home.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include My Messages</td>
<td>Include a My Messages link in the profile menu, which shows the number of unread messages in the menu and opens the Messages page when clicked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>My Profile Label</td>
<td>Enter the text shown to indicate a user’s profile. The default is My Profile.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact Support Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the link to the page where the user can open a case. The default is Contact Support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Login Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the link to log in to the site. The default is Login.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logout Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the link to log out from the site. The default is Log Out.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experience Builder Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the link to the Experience Builder page. The default is Experience Builder. This link appears only for users with permissions to manage the site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Setup Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the link to the setup page for sites. The default is Site Setup. This link is shown to users with permissions to create or modify the site’s administration settings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
User Settings Label
Enter the text for the link to access an authenticated user’s personal settings for the site. The default is My Settings.

Show User Settings in Menu
Select this option to show user settings in the profile dropdown list.

My Account Label
Enter the text for the link that external users click to view their account record. The default is My Account. This feature is available in the Spring ’16 version of the Customer Service template and later.

External site members who access the My Account link see their account details based on the configuration of the Record Detail page.

User Profile Stats
The User Profile Stats component displays many of the user’s Chatter statistics for the community. Stats include the number of posts and comments made, likes received, followers, and people they’re following.

The user statistics that appear in the User Profile Stats component are visible to all members of the community. This visibility lets community members see how active other members are.

1. Select the User Profile Stats component on the page.

2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>Don't update this field. The system supplies this value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Stats Title</td>
<td>Title of the component. The default value is Influence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Reputation</td>
<td>To display the reputation level, check the box.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample User Profile Stats component:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

User Profile Summary

The User Profile Summary component displays the user’s contact information, title, address, and manager’s name. If nickname display is enabled for the site, other users’ nicknames are shown in place of the full name. The full name is shown when users view their own profiles.

Note: The User Profile Summary and the User Profile Image components replace the User Profile Summary & Image component, which was deprecated in Winter '21.

By default, all the information in a user’s profile is visible to all users in the site, including to unlicensed guest users accessing the site. To limit access to members’ information, use a custom user profile page layout. Hide fields that reveal sensitive information, such as phone, email, title, and manager.

Note: Showing many user fields in a custom layout affects the performance of the profile view. We recommend showing no more than 8 fields.

Similarly, consider modifying the fields for unlicensed guest user profiles to show only the necessary information. For example, you could hide the manager field. For detailed instructions on customizing page layouts, see Salesforce Help.

You can add the User Profile Summary component to the Profile page. This component allows users to edit their profile information from the site. When viewing another user’s profile, you can click their address to see a Google map of their location.

Note: When viewing a site on a mobile device, the Google map appears below the address.

1. Select the User Profile Summary component in the page you’re configuring.
2. To view properties for the component, select the Properties pane:
DetailsProperty

The system supplies this value so that authenticated users can view their own information. Don’t update this field.

User ID

Example: Sample User Profile Summary component:

SEE ALSO:
Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

User Profile Tabs

The User Profile Tabs component lets users see their feed and cases on their profile. They can also post to their feed directly from their profile. When viewing another user’s profile, they see the user’s activity but not their cases.

On desktops and tablets, users see a list view of up to 25 of their most recent cases. They can sort columns in the list and click the case number to view the details of that case. Navigation arrows let them click through the list of cases when there are multiple pages. On mobile devices, the view is optimized and users scroll through a list of cases and select a case to see its details.

1. Select the User Profile Tabs component in the page you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>User ID</td>
<td>The system supplies this value. Don’t update this field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feed Tab Label</td>
<td>Enter the text you want to display on the tab that users select to view a user’s Chatter feed. The default text is Feed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Details

**Cases Tab Label**

Enter the text you want to display on the tab that users select to view their cases. This only displays for users on their own profile. The default text is `Cases`.

**Case Filter Name or ID**

Enter the name of the list view that displays cases.

By default, the template uses the AllOpenCases view, which lets users view any open cases that they have permission to see. Configure sharing to ensure that users see only cases that belong to them. Alternatively, you can use another pre-defined list view or create a custom list view.

**Header Title**

Enter the text for the label that appears at the top of the list of cases. The default for this field is `My Cases`.

**Create Case Label**

Enter the text you want to display on the button that users can click to create a case. The default text is `Create Case`.

**Show All Updates as the Default Feeds Filter**

When this box is selected, the feed automatically defaults to the All Feeds filter. If it isn’t selected, the feed defaults to the Posts Created by this User filter.

---

**Example:** Sample User Profile Tabs component:

![Sample User Profile Tabs component](image)

Case list viewed on a mobile device:
SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
Visualforce Page Component

Use the Visualforce Page component to add existing Visualforce pages to the pages of your Experience Builder site.

Note: The Visualforce Page component only supports the navigateToURL function. Relative and absolute URLs are supported. Relative URLs are relative to the site domain, and retain navigation history. External URLs—that is, URLs that are outside the site domain—open in a separate browser window.

1. In Experience Builder, drag the Visualforce Page component from the Components panel onto the page.

2. Edit the component to select the Visualforce page to use. If you installed the Salesforce CPQ (Steelbrick) app, those pages are also available for selection here.

3. Adjust the height as you like.

4. Optionally, specify a Record ID if the Visualforce page. Typically, the system populates this value depending on context.

Tip: If the Visualforce page requires the Record ID from an object such as Account, create object pages for Account. Then drag the Visualforce Page component onto the object’s detail page. The Record ID field adjusts to the object’s ID.
Login Components

Brand the Login Pages
Use the Experience Builder to customize and brand the login pages with your own design. You can change the appearance of the login pages with a background image, color scheme, and font settings. Use Experience Builder to set the background. Your preference applies to all login pages unless you override the settings within an individual page.

1. Select Go To Experience Builder, if you’re not already in it.
2. From the Go To menu, select Login.
3. In the left pane, upload an image for the background, and then set color and text preferences as needed.

Example: The Branding Editor settings in Experience Builder:

Warning: When you customize a login page or any page that includes fields with sensitive or confidential information with Experience Builder, we recommend that you use only standard components built by Salesforce or components that you built, customized, or vetted. Use of third-party components and code libraries on a page that includes fields with sensitive or confidential information can increase your risk for security vulnerabilities.

Employee Login Link
Use the Employee Login Link component to direct users with accounts in the site’s parent org to their login page. When your employees or other users who have accounts in the parent org for the site end up on the site login page, you can redirect them to their own login page with a link. They can then log in with all the settings and permissions of their org account.

1. Select the Employee Login Link component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employee Login Link</td>
<td>Enter text that identifies the login option for employees. The label appears as clickable text on the page. The default text is <em>Are you an employee? Login here</em>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Sample Employee Login Link component:

![Employee Login Link Component](image-url)

SEE ALSO:

*Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?*

**Forgot Password**

Use the Forgot Password component to let users request a new password.
Sometimes users forget their existing passwords and need a new one. The Forgot Password component gives users the ability to get one without contacting an administrator. The user enters the email address that’s associated with the account, clicks the button, and gets email instructions for resetting the password.

1. Select the **Forgot Password** component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check Email URL</td>
<td>Enter the view or path to the page that notifies the user when the password has been reset and an email has been sent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Username Label</td>
<td>Enter the text that appears in the field where the user enters a valid username, which can be in the form of an email address if users are identified that way.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit Button Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the button that the user clicks to make the password reset request.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Sample Forgot Password component:

![Forgot Password Component](image)

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

**Login Form**

Let users log in with login fields for a username and password and a button for submitting both.
The **Login Form** component is a simple username and password form that lets users with an existing account log in to the site.

---

**Note:** If the site administrator deselects the username and password checkbox on the **Administration > Login & Registration** page in Experience Management, the Login Form doesn’t appear in the published site. For more information, see “Customize Your Experience Cloud Site’s Login Experience” in Salesforce Help.

1. Select the **Login Form** component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Start URL</strong></td>
<td>Enter the path to the page that users see after they log in successfully. This page is the home page for the site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Username Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text for the username field label. The default text is <strong>Username</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Password Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text for the password field label. The default text is <strong>Password</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Login Button Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text for the button that the user clicks to submit the login request. The default text is <strong>Log in</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Forgot Password Link Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text for the link to the page where users can request a password reset. The default text is <strong>Forgot your password?</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Forgot Password URL</strong></td>
<td>Enter the page where users can request a password reset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Self Register Link Label</strong></td>
<td>Enter the text for the link to the page where users can complete a self-registration form. The default text is <strong>Not a member?</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Self Register URL</strong></td>
<td>Enter the page where users can complete a self-registration form.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Login Form component:

SEE ALSO: Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Self-Registration
The Self-Registration component lets users set up their accounts so that you don’t have to add each one manually. Users put their information into the form fields, and when they click Sign Up, an account is created for them. This component has a basic set of fields that you can customize, and you can add more fields.

For this component to appear, go to Experience Management and select Administration > Login & Registration > Allow external users to self-register.

1. Select the Self Registration component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Account ID</td>
<td>Enter the variable expression for the account ID to associate with new users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start URL</td>
<td>Enter the path to the page that users see after they log in. This page is the home page for the site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registration Confirmation URL</td>
<td>Enter the path to the page to display after the user submits the self-registration form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Name Label</td>
<td>Enter the label text for the user’s first name. The default text is First Name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Name Label</td>
<td>Enter the label text for the user’s last name. The default text is Last Name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email Label</td>
<td>Enter the label text for the user’s email address. The default text is Email.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the password field label. The default text is Confirm Password.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirm Password Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the field in which a user confirms the password. This field usually requests the user to retype the proposed password to make sure that it’s correct.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit Button Label</td>
<td>Enter the text for the button to submit the form values. The default text is Sign Up.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include Password Field?</td>
<td>Select this option if you want self-registering users to pick their own passwords. Otherwise, password information is provided in the email that they receive after they submit the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra Fields Field Set Name</td>
<td>Optionally, add fields to the form. If you’ve created a field set by using our API, enter the variable that’s associated with the field set here. For example, you can write code that creates a field set to collect a phone number or other information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Self-Registration component:

[Image of a registration form]

Join the community to receive personalized information and customer support:

- First Name
- Last Name
- Email

Sign Up

Already have an account?

or login with

[Facebook and LinkedIn icons]

SEE ALSO:

Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?

Set Icons for Social Login

The Social Login component provides users with icons that they can click to log in to a third-party account, such as Facebook© or LinkedIn©. Set these icons for each authentication provider that you configure for the org.
Some users prefer to use an existing account with a service such as Facebook to log in to the site instead of setting up a new account and password. The third-party service is an authentication provider that verifies user identification. Use the Social Login component to add an icon for each supported authentication provider. The user clicks the icon and logs in using the associated account’s username and password.

Before you add the Social Login component, set up each authentication provider. For more information, see Authentication Providers.

1. Select the **Social Login** component in the page that you’re configuring.
2. In the property editor, configure the properties for the component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show Header</td>
<td>To show a text header above the authentication header icons, select this option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Header Text</td>
<td>Enter the text for the header text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use Experience Builder site auth provider URLs</td>
<td>This option is selected by default in new Experience Builder sites and in new Social Login components that you add to existing sites. It improves performance and reduces HTTP redirects by using site-specific URLs for single sign-on (SSO) for all auth providers for your site. Copy the site’s callback URL in Auth. Providers in Setup. Update the callback URLs in your identity provider accordingly. When you deselect this option, Salesforce continues to use login.salesforce.com or test.salesforce.com to redirect to your site during SSO, which can result in decreased performance. If you configure Apple as an external authentication provider, select this option to ensure that the Social Login component recognizes user information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example: Sample Social Login component with “or log in with” text (1) and authentication provider icons (2).

SEE ALSO: Which Components Can I Use with Each Aura Template?
**What Is the Enhanced Sites and Content Platform?**

The enhanced sites and content platform is a flexible new system that brings together Salesforce CMS and LWR sites. From Winter ’23, enhanced LWR sites and enhanced CMS workspaces that you create are hosted together on a redesigned platform that offers partial deployment, site content search, and easy content management.

*Note:* To clarify which features apply where, we use the terms *enhanced LWR sites* and *enhanced CMS workspaces* to refer to LWR sites and CMS workspaces on the new platform.

**What Are Enhanced LWR Sites?**

Enhanced LWR sites can employ partial deployment so you can choose which site elements are ready to go live. With site content search, your users can find content contained in Rich Content Editor and HTML Editor components. And because everything runs together on our consolidated platform, site search results can include content that you share from an enhanced CMS workspace.

Take advantage of these additional features, which are available only in enhanced LWR sites.

- Enable site content search.
- Add expression-based visibility to site components.
- Deploy partial site content with change sets.
- Programmatically deploy partial site content with the DigitalExperienceBundle and DigitalExperienceConfig Metadata API types.
- Add Google Analytics 4 to your site.

**What Are Enhanced CMS Workspaces?**

With enhanced CMS workspaces, you can create and publish content more easily in a simplified user interface. Create translated content variants and manual collections to help put the right content in front of the right audience. And add extensions for spell checkers and other productivity-enhancing tools to the sidebar in the CMS content editor.

Because new LWR sites and workspaces are hosted together on the same platform, you can share content from an enhanced CMS workspace with an enhanced LWR site. You can also share content from a non-enhanced CMS workspace with an enhanced LWR site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If you have an...</th>
<th>You can access CMS content shared from...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enhanced LWR site</td>
<td>An enhanced CMS workspace or a CMS workspace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LWR site</td>
<td>A CMS workspace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aura site</td>
<td>A CMS workspace</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**How Do I Start Using the New Platform?**

From Winter ’23, the enhanced sites and content platform is automatically enabled. So any new LWR sites that you create using the Microsite (LWR) or the Build Your Own (LWR) templates are hosted on this new platform. Similarly, any enhanced CMS workspaces that you create run on the redesigned system. Existing CMS workspaces and LWR sites are unaffected by this change and can’t access the platform’s features.
How Can I Tell When a Site or Workspace Is Enhanced?

In the Digital Experiences app, you can see an "Enhanced" badge beside workspaces and sites that are hosted on the new platform.

Similarly, we added this information to the list of sites in Setup under Digital Experiences.

And when you create a Microsite or Build Your Own (LWR) site, you can see that they're being created on the enhanced sites and content platform.
Choose the Experience You Love

**Microsite (LWR)**
by Salesforce

- Simplified Lead Capture - Lightning-Fast Experience -
- Available to Experience Cloud customers, deliver content-rich microsites that capture leads. Built...

**Build Your Own (LWR)**
by Salesforce

- Unparalleled Performance - Standards-Based Customization -
- Develop blazing fast digital experiences, such as websites, microsites, and portals, using the...

**Help Center**
by Salesforce

- Self-Service - Curated Knowledge - Case Deflection - Guest Case Creation
- Give your customers the answers they’re looking for. Customers can search for and read articles...
Create an Experience Cloud Site

Create an Experience Cloud site using a wizard that helps you choose a template that meets your business needs.

To see the number of sites you can create for your org, from Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, and select Sites. The maximum number of sites appears at the top of the page.

1. To create a site, from Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, select All Sites, and then click New.
The creation wizard opens with several templates for you to choose from.

2. To see more information about a template, select it.
   - Customer Account Portal—A private and secure place for customers to access and update their account information. Improve customer relationships and decrease service costs by letting customers work in the portal. Customers can see and pay invoices, update their account information, and search your knowledge base for answers to their most frequent questions.
   - Partner Central—A flexible, responsive template designed for channel sales workflows. Recruit, build, and grow your partner network to drive channel sales and marketing together in a branded online space. Easily configure lead distribution, deal registration, and marketing campaigns. Share training materials and sales collateral in a central space, and use reports to track your pipeline.
   - Customer Service—A powerful, responsive self-service template with multiple prebuilt theme options. The Customer Service template lets users post questions to the community, search for and view articles, collaborate, and contact support agents by creating cases. Supports Knowledge, Chatter Questions, and cases.
   - Help Center—A public-access, self-service community that exposes the articles that you make available from your knowledge base. You reduce the load on your customer support team, and your users get the satisfaction of finding their own solutions.
   - Build Your Own (Aura)—Provides the basic pages that every Experience Builder site needs: Home, Create Record, Error, Record Detail, Record List, Related Record List, Search, Check Password, Forgot Password, Login, Login Error, and Register. Add more pages and components as needed for the experience you’re building. To refine the look of your site, customize your branding and themes.
   - Build Your Own (LWR)—Powered by the Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) framework, this customizable template delivers unparalleled page performance and improves developer productivity. Quickly build pixel-perfect pages and develop Lightning web components and themes that match your unique brand.

Suitable for developers, consulting partners, and ISVs who are familiar with developing custom Lightning web components, and working with Salesforce DX, User Interface API, and Apex. See the LWR Sites for Experience Cloud guide.

- Microsites (LWR)—Use the power of LWR to create beautiful, high-performance sites perfect for event pages, landing pages, or other special purpose websites. Microsites gives you all the tools to quickly spin up a website and then archive it when it’s no longer needed.

Suitable for developers, consulting partners, and ISVs who are familiar with developing custom Lightning web components, and working with Salesforce DX, User Interface API, and Apex. See the LWR Sites for Experience Cloud guide.
• Aloha—A configurable App Launcher template that lets users quickly find applications and access them using single sign-on authentication, including social logins.

• Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce—Standard Salesforce structure and tabs that you can customize using Visualforce. Requires developer experience and advanced setup skills. Offers full platform access with a flexible configuration and supports most standard objects, custom objects, and the Salesforce mobile app.

   Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce isn’t a Lightning-based template and therefore doesn’t work with Experience Builder.

3. Select the template that you want to use.

4. Read the template description and key features, and click Get Started.

5. Enter a name.

6. For URL, enter the name of your site.

   This name is appended to the domain that you created when you enabled digital experiences for this org. For example, if your domain name is UniversalTelco.my.site.com and you’re creating a customer community, you can enter customers to create the unique URL UniversalTelco.my.site.com/customers.

   **Note:** You can create one site that doesn’t have a custom URL.

   You can change your site name and URL after the site is activated, but users aren’t redirected to the new URL. So be sure to inform your members before changing the name or URL.

7. Click Create.

   The site is created in Preview status. Now you’re ready to build and customize or manage and moderate your site.

   When you create a site, Salesforce supplies default pages for login, self-registration, change password, forgot password, and your home page. These pages are based on which template you use to create your site. You can customize these default pages at any time in the Login & Registration page of the Administration workspace.

   **Important:** After you create a site, your profile is added to the list of profiles that have access to it. Then all users with this profile can log in to the site after it’s active. If you don’t want all users with your profile to have access to the site, remove the profile, and give yourself access through a different profile or permission set. Then create a profile specifically for your site users.

   **How Many Experience Cloud Sites Can My Org Have?**

   You can have up to 100 Experience Cloud sites in your Salesforce org. Active, inactive, and preview sites, including Visualforce sites, count against this limit.

SEE ALSO:

   Experience Cloud

   How Many Experience Cloud Sites Can My Org Have?

   Edit Pages and Components in Experience Builder

   Implementation Guide: Getting Started with the Aloha Community Template for Salesforce Identity
How Many Experience Cloud Sites Can My Org Have?

You can have up to 100 Experience Cloud sites in your Salesforce org. Active, inactive, and preview sites, including Visualforce sites, count against this limit.

To see this limit in your org, from Setup enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, then select All Sites. The Maximum number of sites (including active, inactive, and preview) field displays 100. Archived sites don’t count against this limit.

SEE ALSO:

Create an Experience Cloud Site
Customize Sites with Experience Builder

Experience Builder lets you easily style your site, create and customize pages, add drag-and-drop components, and deliver personalized experiences to different audiences. Choose a template to quickly start your site, and then style the pages to match your company’s branding.

Find Your Way Around Experience Builder
Experience Builder lets you quickly create and style your Aura or LWR site to match your organization’s branding.

Role-Based Access in Experience Builder
Use role-based access to control who does what in a community, portal, or site. Assign roles to your contributors with the level of access they need in a specific experience.

Add Style to Your Experience Builder Site with Themes
A theme is a collection of information that defines the visual flow of your Experience Builder site.

Find and Create Asset Files in Experience Builder
Upload and select images for your header, logo, rich content editor, and custom components using the file selector in Experience Builder. After they’re uploaded, files are converted to packageable asset files and stored in your org asset library for easy reference and retrieval.

Experience Builder Settings
Use the Settings area to track which template you’re using, view your site’s status, and customize your template. If you’re using the Customer Service template, easily access your navigational and featured topic settings.

Preview Your Experience Builder Site
Before going live, you can preview your Experience Builder site to see how it looks in a desktop browser window or on a mobile device.

Publish Your Experience Builder Site Customizations
Publish your site in Experience Builder to make your branding and component customization updates available to your site’s members.

SEE ALSO:
Find Your Way Around Experience Builder
Experience Builder Settings

EDITIONS
Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS
To create an Experience Cloud site:
• Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
• Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
• Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
• Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
• Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Find Your Way Around Experience Builder

Experience Builder lets you quickly create and style your Aura or LWR site to match your organization’s branding.

To access Experience Builder:

- From the All Sites page in Setup, click Builder next to the site name.
- From the Digital Experiences app, click Builder next to the site name.
- From a site, click Experience Builder in the profile menu.

Experience Builder is available in all fully supported languages that Salesforce offers. If you change the language in your Salesforce user profile settings to one of these languages, the labels in Experience Builder appear in that language.

Use the Experiences menu (1) to:

- Access various workspaces to manage site analytics, login, registration, reputation, topics, and other settings.
- Navigate to Salesforce Setup.
- View the site after it’s published. If your site is unauthenticated, we recommend that you open the site in an incognito or private browser tab. That way, you see exactly what your site visitors see.

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To create an Experience Cloud site:

- Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
In Experience Builder you can also:

- Drag a component from the Components panel onto your page (2). The panel includes standard components and custom ones from AppExchange.
- Theme the site to match your organization’s brand and style (3).
- View the page structure and the components on the current page (4). To edit a component’s properties, select the component.
- Edit site settings and accept updates to your site’s template (5).
- Navigate to the site page that you want to edit on the Pages menu (6). You can also open the Page Settings for any page in this menu to manage, create, delete, or set the visibility of that page.
- Refresh the current page (7).
- See how your site appears on different devices (8).
- Find help and tips (9).
- Preview the site as an authenticated or guest user (10).
- Publish your site updates (11).

SEE ALSO:

Customize Sites with Experience Builder
Experience Builder Settings
Supported Languages
**Role-Based Access in Experience Builder**

Use role-based access to control who does what in a community, portal, or site. Assign roles to your contributors with the level of access they need in a specific experience.

Contributors are users in your org that you add to your Experience Builder site. Specify what these contributors can do and see within the site by assigning them one of the following roles.

- **Experience admin**—These contributors can do just about everything in an assigned Experience Builder site. They can access Experience Builder, can manage contributors, and publish the site.
- **Publisher**—These contributors help you build and publish the assigned Experience Builder site. They can access Experience Builder and they can publish the site. They can’t manage contributors. They have read-only access to the Experience Workspaces Administration > Contributors tab.
- **Builder**—These contributors help build the assigned Experience Builder site. They can access Experience Builder. They can’t publish the site or manage contributors. They have read-only access to the Experience Workspaces Administration > Contributors tab.
- **Viewer**—These contributors have read-only access to Experience Builder in an assigned site. They can’t publish the site or manage contributors. They have read-only access to the Experience Workspaces Administration > Contributors tab.

**Note:** Contributors assigned any access role level can’t:

- Upload images in the Tile Menu component.
- Export templates, pages, or themes within Experience Builder.

**Note:** To ensure your contributors can access Experience Builder and Experience Workspaces in an inactive site, enable the “Modify All Data” permission.

In addition to the new roles, existing Salesforce admins have broad access to your Experience Builder sites.

- **Salesforce admin**—A Salesforce admin can control all Experience Cloud settings, and can create communities, portals, and sites.

**Add Contributors to an Experience Builder Site**

You can add users as contributors to a specific site by assigning them an access role. A contributor’s access role is specific to that site, and a contributor can have different access roles in different sites.

**Update a Contributor’s Access Role**

You can update a contributor’s access role to increase or decrease the level of access. A contributor’s access role is specific to an Experience Builder site, so you must change the contributor’s role in each assigned site separately. Experience admins can’t change their own role.

**Remove a Contributor from an Experience Builder Site**

If a contributor leaves your company or is transferred to a different team, you can remove the contributor from a site. The user is removed from the Experience Builder site but not from Salesforce.
Add Contributors to an Experience Builder Site

You can add users as contributors to a specific site by assigning them an access role. A contributor’s access role is specific to that site, and a contributor can have different access roles in different sites.

Note:

- Contributors in your Experience Workspace can curate Salesforce CMS content from within each site and decide who sees CMS content and how it appears.
- Users with the Create and Set Up Experiences permission have full edit and publish access to the site, and can’t be assigned a contributor role. To add them as contributors, remove the Create and Set Up Experiences permission from their profiles or the permission sets assigned to them.
- If you use a sandbox, keep in mind that CMS workspaces are copied only to Full Copy sandboxes. Even though the Digital Experiences app is available in your Full Copy sandbox, you can’t migrate CMS content created in a sandbox to production. If you want to use CMS content beyond testing, we recommend that you create it in production.

1. From your site in Experience Builder, go to Workspaces > Administration.
2. Select Contributors (1) and click Add Contributors (2).
3. Search users by name. Only members of the Experience Builder site are listed.

4. Click next to the users that you want to add.

5. Click Next.

6. For each user, assign a contributor role.

- Experience admin—These contributors can do just about everything in an assigned Experience Builder site. They can access Experience Builder, can manage contributors, and publish the site.
- Publisher—These contributors help you build and publish the assigned Experience Builder site. They can access Experience Builder and they can publish the site. They can’t manage contributors. They have read-only access to the Experience Workspaces Administration > Contributors tab.
Builder—These contributors help build the assigned Experience Builder site. They can access Experience Builder. They can’t publish the site or manage contributors. They have read-only access to the Experience Workspaces Administration > Contributors tab.

Viewer—These contributors have read-only access to Experience Builder in an assigned site. They can’t publish the site or manage contributors. They have read-only access to the Experience Workspaces Administration > Contributors tab.

7. Click Finish.
Update a Contributor’s Access Role

You can update a contributor’s access role to increase or decrease the level of access. A contributor’s access role is specific to an Experience Builder site, so you must change the contributor’s role in each assigned site separately. Experience admins can’t change their own role.

1. In your Experience Cloud site, go to Experience Workspaces, and select the Administration tile.
2. Select Contributors.
3. Click next to the contributor you want to update and select Change Role.

EDITIONS

Available in: Experience Builder sites accessed through Lightning Experience and Salesforce Classic in Enterprise, Essentials, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

Available in: Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To access Experience Workspaces or Experience Builder:

- Be a member of the site
  - AND View Setup and Configuration AND
  - Create and Set Up Experiences

To add, remove, or change a contributor access role:

- Be a member of the site
  - AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  - OR

- Be a member of the site
  - AND an experience admin in that site

To be a contributor with a publisher, builder, or viewer role in an Experience Builder site:

- Be a member of the site
  - AND View Setup and Configuration AND
  - Create and Set Up Experiences is disabled
Note: To prevent you from accidentally removing your access to a site, you can’t edit or remove your own contributor role. To change your level of access, another admin must update your role.

4. Select the new contributor role, and click Update.
Remove a Contributor from an Experience Builder Site

If a contributor leaves your company or is transferred to a different team, you can remove the contributor from a site. The user is removed from the Experience Builder site but not from Salesforce.

1. In your site, go to Experience Workspaces, and select the Administration tile.
2. Click the down arrow next to the contributor you want to update and select Remove.

Editions

Available in: Experience Builder sites accessed through Lightning Experience and Salesforce Classic in Enterprise, Essentials, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

Available in: Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

User Permissions

To access Experience Workspaces or Experience Builder:

- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND Create and Set Up Experiences

To add, remove, or change a contributor access role:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin in that site

To be a contributor with a publisher, builder, or viewer role in an Experience Builder site:

- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND Create and Set Up Experiences is disabled
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>CONTRIBUTOR ROLE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test User</td>
<td>User</td>
<td>Experience admin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>viewerUser</td>
<td>User</td>
<td>Viewer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** To prevent you from accidentally removing your access to a site, you can’t edit or remove your own contributor role. To change your level of access, another admin must update your role.

After you remove a contributor from a site, the contributor can no longer access that site.
Add Style to Your Experience Builder Site with Themes

A theme is a collection of information that defines the visual flow of your Experience Builder site. Themes are made up of layouts and styles, such as colors, fonts, and images. These elements combine to give you granular control of the appearance and structure of each page in your site. Themes are all about the look and feel of your site and are independent of your content.

Example: The default Customer Service theme includes two layouts.

- Login, which applies the theme layout to the login pages
- Default, which applies the theme layout to all non-login pages

Your site comes with several pre-built themes that you can quickly customize to meet your needs. Pre-built themes work across all our standard templates, such as Customer Service, Partner Central, Customer Account Portal, and Build Your Own (Aura). How you style an applied theme is unique to each site where the theme is used. The theme that you select changes the headers, footers, and other properties that are available for your site.

Though pre-built themes come with their own layouts, you can switch between available layouts as needed. You can even work with your development team to create custom components and layouts.

Prebuilt Experience Builder Themes

Prebuilt themes come with every template. They let you style your site with clicks, not code. Apply color, fonts, and images to your site to match your design or brand. Match your colors precisely by uploading your own logo to generate a custom color scheme. Create branding sets to change colors, fonts, and logos quickly for different audiences and needs.

Change the Theme of Your Experience Builder Site

Experiment and find the theme that works best for your needs, without changing your content.

Use Branding Sets in Experience Builder

Branding sets let you automatically change the look of your sites for different audiences and shift quickly between brands or presentations for campaigns or events.

Customize the Theme of Your Experience Builder Site

Customize the theme of your Experience Builder site by adjusting everything from the size and color of your headers and footers, to the fonts and colors for active text. We can get you started, but you get to make the final tweaks to make the theme your own.

SEE ALSO:

Developer Guide: Dynamic Branding with Login Pages

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Prebuilt Experience Builder Themes

Prebuilt themes come with every template. They let you style your site with clicks, not code. Apply color, fonts, and images to your site to match your design or brand. Match your colors precisely by uploading your own logo to generate a custom color scheme. Create branding sets to change colors, fonts, and logos quickly for different audiences and needs.

Pre-built themes give you a head start with your site that you can easily customize further. After you’ve created a site and selected your theme, use Experience Builder’s Theme panel to adjust the experience.

Click **Change Theme** to select a theme.

Depending on the theme you select, you can use Experience Builder for various tasks.

- Choose colors for text, actions, links, navigation, and borders.
- Specify font family, style, weight, and case, and add a custom font.
- Change header and page background color.
- Choose a custom Search component.
- Choose a custom User Profile component.
- Use custom CSS to apply your own styles.
• Generate a custom color scheme from an image of your logo or company pallet.
• Use a branding set to quickly target different audiences and needs.

[Note: You can apply branding sets on an audience basis to change colors, images, and fonts. For information on targeting specific layouts or content to a specific group, see Personalization with Audience Targeting in Aura Sites.]

SEE ALSO:

Customize Sites with Experience Builder
Preview Your Experience Builder Site
Find and Create Asset Files in Experience Builder
Use Branding Sets in Experience Builder
Personalization with Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
Change the Theme of Your Experience Builder Site
Change the Theme of Your Experience Builder Site

Experiment and find the theme that works best for your needs, without changing your content. Changing themes is an easy, two-click effort in the **Theme** panel. Select **Change Theme** to see a list of available themes for your template.

Your current theme is flagged as **Active**. Select any other theme, activate it, and it’s applied to your site.

Choosing a theme is just the start. Even if the defaults work for you, you’re not stuck with them.

- Adjust the **Colors** (1) of text, backgrounds, and borders.

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**EDITIONS**

Available in: both Salesforce Classic *(not available in all orgs)* and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer** Editions

**USER Permissions**

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
• Upload background **Images** (2) and your company logo.
• Select **Font** (3) styles.
• Adjust **Theme Settings** (4) that are specific to the active theme. For example, choose:
  – whether to show the hero
  – whether to keep the header from scrolling
  – the width of page content
  
  Available settings are unique to the active theme.

• Add, modify, and adjust components on the page individually to complete the experience.

We remember the customizations that you create for your theme, even if you switch from the theme and then reactivate it later.

What if you don’t like what you’ve customized? Easy, start fresh!

1. In Experience Builder Settings (1), select **Theme**.
2. Click **Reset** (2) for your current theme.
3. Read the warning and then click **Reset** to confirm.
4. Alternatively, you can reset a theme back to its defaults the next time you reactivate it in the Change Theme panel by selecting **Replace and start fresh**.

**Note:** Using either **Reset** or **Replace and start fresh** deletes all of your customizations.

• Branding sets
• Theme regions (settings for common elements across pages like headers)
• Theme settings
• Custom theme layouts
• Custom theme layout assignments for pages
• Custom CSS overrides

These settings aren’t retrievable, so be careful about selecting either **Reset** or **Replace and start fresh**.
Many pre-built themes have multiple layouts, such as home, login, and content pages.
Changing themes preserves your content, but a new theme doesn’t necessarily display your content in a useful or desirable manner. After a change, always reconfirm that your site still works the way you want it to.

The Manage section of the Theme panel shows your currently active and configured themes.

Chances are you aren’t using all of your themes, so you can delete any extras here. Deleting a theme removes all of your customizations, similar to Reset. But you can add a fresh copy of the theme from the Change Theme section of the Theme panel.

SEE ALSO:

Custom Theme Layouts and Theme Layout Components
Customize the Theme of Your Experience Builder Site
Use Branding Sets in Experience Builder

Branding sets let you automatically change the look of your sites for different audiences and shift quickly between brands or presentations for campaigns or events.

Branding Sets are bundled collections of images, fonts, and colors that can dramatically and dynamically change the look and feel of your site. You manage branding sets in the Experience Builder’s Theme panel. If you’re using a pre-built theme, the branding set doesn’t affect the header and hero areas of your site.
Note: Branding sets apply only to colors, images, and fonts. For more information on targeting layout or content to a specific group, see Personalization with Audience Targeting in Aura Sites.

You can maintain and manage several branding sets for any site. Each set is a collection of colors and other elements that you can apply manually or programmatically, using Audiences. You can also start a new set from scratch.

Note: While you can create many automatic responses to audience, Dynamic Branding, such as declarations of Action Color, doesn’t work with pre-built themes.

Manage each set, from its menu.

To create or edit a branding set, select it and the attributes you want to bundle.

1. Open the Theme panel and select Manage Branding Sets.

2. Choose the branding set to edit, or create one. All of your changes are associated with the selected branding set.

3. (Optional) Experience Builder can generate a color scheme for you when you select Generate Palette from Image in the Colors panel.
   a. In the Colors panel, click Generate Palette from Image
   b. Choose your previously uploaded company logo or a different image, like an image of your company palette. Experience Builder extracts the main colors from the image and generates a scheme.
c. To modify colors, click the color swatch. To adjust the color, use the slider or enter hex values.

4. To set the attributes of your branding set, in the Theme panel, select or adjust the fonts, images, and colors. Your changes are saved automatically and appear instantly on the page. To review the results, select various page types from the Pages menu.

**Note:** If public access is enabled in Experience Builder at the page or site level, the **Let guest users view asset files and CMS content available to the site** preference is enabled in **Administration > Preferences**. This preference remains enabled as long as any page has public access enabled. If you upload images for use on site login pages, be sure that this preference is enabled. When you add an image to your site for the first time, an asset file is automatically created and stored in the Org Asset Library.

You can always tell which branding set is active by looking at the Theme panel.

Remember that branding sets apply only to colors, images, and fonts. For more information on targeting layout or content to a specific group, see **Personalization with Audience Targeting in Aura Sites**

**Note:** Not all components in pre-built themes support audience targeting. You can confirm if a component can be targeted by looking in its component properties panel menu (1) for the Audience (2) section. If the section is missing or if there isn’t a menu on the component properties panel, then the component doesn’t support audience targeting.

If you can’t find a way to control aspects of your site through the Theme panel or component properties, you can create your own CSS overrides. Your overrides apply to, and are remembered for, the currently active theme. Click > **Edit CSS** on the Theme panel to
use your own CSS styles. Use CSS sparingly, and only when necessary, in case future releases of template components don’t support all CSS customizations.

SEE ALSO:
- Personalization with Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Developer Guide: Dynamic Branding with Login Pages

Customize the Theme of Your Experience Builder Site

Customize the theme of your Experience Builder site by adjusting everything from the size and color of your headers and footers, to the fonts and colors for active text. We can get you started, but you get to make the final tweaks to make the theme your own.

Every pre-built theme is loaded with options to help you achieve the style you want without ever dealing with code. And we remember how you set up each theme so you can change between them easily.

If you previously customized a pre-built theme, when you reactivate it you can decide to use your current settings or replace them and start over.

**Note:** Using either **Reset** or **Replace and start fresh** deletes all of your customizations.

- Branding sets
- Theme regions (settings for common elements across pages like headers)
- Theme settings
- Custom theme layouts
- Custom theme layout assignments for pages
- Custom CSS overrides

These settings aren’t retrievable, so be careful about selecting either **Reset** or **Replace and start fresh**.

Changing themes preserves your content, but a new theme doesn’t necessarily display your content in a useful or desirable manner. After a change, always reconfirm that your site still works the way you want it to.

Adjust the Style and Layout of Your Site Theme

Experience Builder sites include several pre-built themes that you can modify easily. In addition to customizing the layouts, you can configure colors, fonts, images, sizes, and actions with a ton of choices and levers.
Theme Guidance: Header Components
Headers provide context and easy navigation throughout a site.

Theme Guidance: Hero Component
Hero images are large images that are designed to dominate the visual field of a page and grab attention.

Theme Guidance: Search Component
Multiple search components and placement options give you flexibility to design the right experience for your customers.

Custom Theme Layouts and Theme Layout Components
Theme layouts and theme layout components combine to give you granular control of the appearance and structure of each page in your site. Customize the layout’s header and footer to match your company’s style. Configure theme layout properties. Or use a custom search bar and user profile menu. Then use theme layouts to assign theme layout components to individual pages allowing you to quickly change layouts from one central location. Whether you’re a consulting partner or an ISV, or you simply want to revamp your own site, custom theme layouts make it easy to rebrand.

SEE ALSO:
Developer Guide: Build a Condensed Theme Layout Component
Trailhead: Create a Custom Theme Layout Component
Adjust the Style and Layout of Your Site Theme

Experience Builder sites include several pre-built themes that you can modify easily. In addition to customizing the layouts, you can configure colors, fonts, images, sizes, and actions with a ton of choices and levers.

You may be asking yourself: All those controls, where do I start?

Start with the broadest settings. The Theme Settings section of the Theme panel contains general settings that affect your entire theme. These settings vary depending on your site’s active theme.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Show header</td>
<td>Shows or hides the header.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fix the header’s position</td>
<td>Pins the header to the top of the scrolling area so that it remains visible while a customer is scrolling a long page. To see this working, publish and preview your site. The change doesn’t appear in Experience Builder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show hero</td>
<td>Shows or hides the theme’s hero image.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start hero under header</td>
<td>Positions the hero image at the top of page, under the header, to provide a seamless look.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set max page width</td>
<td>Sets the maximum width of the content across the page. Similar settings are in several component panels. The maximum width can be narrower than the overall display size of the header or hero.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To create different layouts for different pages, in Experience Builder, go to Settings > Theme > Configure.

Each component type has different attributes that you can adjust in their property panels. Select a component to open its property panel and configure its options. Play with the settings to see what effects you can achieve. Changing your layouts doesn’t affect your content directly, only how it’s displayed. If you end up with something you don’t like or can’t use, and forget how to undo it, you can start over.

1. In Experience Builder Settings (1), select Theme.
2. Click Reset (2) for your current theme.
3. Read the warning and then click Reset to confirm.
4. Alternatively, you can reset a theme back to its defaults the next time you reactivate it in the Change Theme panel by selecting Replace and start fresh.
Note: Using either Reset or Replace and start fresh deletes all of your customizations.

- Branding sets
- Theme regions (settings for common elements across pages like headers)
- Theme settings
- Custom theme layouts
- Custom theme layout assignments for pages
- Custom CSS overrides

These settings aren’t retrievable, so be careful about selecting either Reset or Replace and start fresh.

Theme Guidance: Header Components

Headers provide context and easy navigation throughout a site.

One Header, Lots of Controls

Headers have many options and controls for changing the look and feel of a page. Options and controls include the height, color, transparency, and even whether it stays fixed to the top of the screen while customers scroll. Combining adjustments to your header with adjustments to your hero section, if you use it, offers usability, variation, and visual interest. Explore the components property panel for your header and Theme Settings in your Theme panel.

Different Headers for Different Types of Pages in the Same Site

It’s common to have a different layout for your login page. Many pre-built themes have different options for the login, home, and other pages. A change to the header on the home page, for instance, isn’t necessarily reflected on your content or login pages. If you employ different theme layouts, configure the changes for each variation separately, as you did in previous releases.

Changing the Logo

If you already set a logo for your site, it’s recognized and used by pre-built themes. If you haven’t set a logo in the past or want to update your current choice, use the Images area of the Theme panel.
Branding sets let you apply different logos to different variations of your site or for different audiences and occasions.

Note: We try to resize your logo to fit the header. But you can adjust the size manually in the header component properties panel, using Logo Width in the Layout section. Your logo proportionally resizes relative to the width selected.
Header and Hero Interaction

- When "Fix the header's position" and "Start hero under header" are both enabled in Theme Settings, choose a background color for best visibility. If you leave the background transparent, menu items can become invisible when a customer scrolls down the page. Menu items can be hidden because the hero image has scrolled out of view. A solid background color avoids this problem.

![Theme Settings](image)

Audience Targeting

The new theme components (for example, Compact Header) don’t currently support component-level targeting (visibility). However, with a little effort, it’s still possible to set up targeting.

- Create a custom theme layout in Experience Builder Settings > Theme > Configure.
- Create a page variation.
- Assign the new theme layout to your page variation (via Page Properties).

Finding the Right Controls

With so many options, it can be easy to miss which control affects which part of your header.

Menu text color formats the options that appear on dropdown menus, like profile menus, navigation menus, and search deflection. Link color formats link text and icons that are visible in the header.

![Compact Header](image)
Mobile Display

Specific aspects of the theme component properties, such as header height, are hard-coded for mobile devices using the Salesforce Lightning Design $mq-small media-query. The setting results in a maximum width of 47.9375 em.
Theme Guidance: Hero Component

Hero images are large images that are designed to dominate the visual field of a page and grab attention.

Hero layouts are all about visual impact. The hero is an image that dominates your page, providing a sense of theme, style, and purpose. But while hero layouts are excellent for setting mood and style, they eat up space. So they’re not good for a page that needs a lot of functionality.

A Search Versus a Call to Action Focus

Pre-built themes come in two different flavors that focus on different needs: hero search and hero call to action.

- **Uses for hero search**
  - Sites that serve as an entry to a lot of diverse information with no easy way to provide a top-level organization.
  - Sites where it’s challenging to predict customer needs or where your customers’ information needs vary widely.

- **Uses for hero call to action**
  - Sites with a focused purpose, like fund-raising or a supporting a specific event.

Selecting and Swapping Hero Components

The Webster, Jepson, and Citizen themes each come with a pre-configured hero theme component (Search or Call to Action). You can use these themes as they come or easily swap them through the component properties in Experience Builder.

Like the theme but don’t want to use the hero style layout? Easy, uncheck **Show hero** on the Theme Settings tab of the Theme Panel.
Header and Hero Interaction

- When "Fix the header's position" and "Start hero under header" are both enabled in Theme Settings, choose a background color for best visibility. If you leave the background transparent, menu items can become invisible when a customer scrolls down the page. Menu items can be hidden because the hero image has scrolled out of view. A solid background color avoids this problem.
Theme Guidance: Search Component

Multiple search components and placement options give you flexibility to design the right experience for your customers.

Pre-built themes offer the flexibility to have a search-first approach. This approach encourages customers to enter questions first to find answers rather than navigate through menus and pages.

But you can also have search in your header. To avoid confusion and clutter, if you’re using the hero with search turned on, deselect search to hide it in your header. Themes with heroes have secondary layouts for the non-Home pages. That’s why search is on by default in the header of your other non-login pages.

Note: Remember that Login pages have their own specific layouts.
Selecting a Search Component that Collapses and Expands

When the search component is collapsed, you can’t select it directly. Click the search icon to expand it, then select it to see its property editor. Alternatively, select Search in the page structure panel to bring up its property editor. Selecting Search in the page structure panel means you can’t see any changes you’re making. You can’t see your changes because the search component isn’t visible on the page.

Exporting a Custom Search Component

Imagine that you’re using a Lightning Bolt Solution to export a site with a pre-built theme. The theme uses the global search, peer-to-peer component, or a custom search component. Keep in mind that this solution doesn’t include the custom search component. The search component isn’t exported because the property value `commThemeSearch` isn’t included in the Lightning Bolt Solution.
**Custom Theme Layouts and Theme Layout Components**

Theme layouts and theme layout components combine to give you granular control of the appearance and structure of each page in your site. Customize the layout’s header and footer to match your company’s style. Configure theme layout properties. Or use a custom search bar and user profile menu. Then use theme layouts to assign theme layout components to individual pages allowing you to quickly change layouts from one central location. Whether you’re a consulting partner or an ISV, or you simply want to revamp your own site, custom theme layouts make it easy to rebrand.

A theme layout component is the top-level layout (1) for the template pages in your site. Theme layout components are organized and applied to your pages through theme layouts. A theme layout component includes the common header and footer (2), and often includes navigation, search, and the user profile menu. In contrast, the content layout (3) defines the content regions of your pages. The next image shows a two-column content layout.

**EDITIONS**

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Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To create an Experience Cloud site:
- Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
A theme layout categorizes site pages that share a theme layout component. You can assign a theme layout component to any theme layout. Apply the theme layout in the page’s properties.

**Note:** To create custom theme layout components in the Developer Console, a developer implements the `forceCommunity:themeLayout` interface. All of our pre-built themes are developed on top of this interface and also use several design property interfaces (color picker, image picker, slider) in Experience Builder. Pre-built themes also take advantage of theme swapping. You can quickly change the overall look and feel of the site without impacting any of the underlying pages, page layouts, and components.

**Example:** Let’s say you create three pages for your upcoming Spring campaign. You want them to use the Large Header theme layout component that your developer created. In the Settings > Theme area, you add a custom theme layout called Spring to categorize these pages and assign the Large Header layout component to it.

Next, apply the Spring theme layout in each page’s properties, which instantly applies the Large Header layout to each page.
To apply the theme layout, select **Override the default theme layout for this page** (1). This selection shows the **Theme Layout** options. Then, choose the new layout (2) from the available choices.

Everything looks rosy until your VP of marketing decides that the header takes up too much room. That’s an easy fix because you don’t have to update the properties of each page to change the theme layout. Instead, with one click in the Theme panel, you can switch Spring to the Small Header layout component and instantly update all three pages!

**Example:** Now let’s say that the Small Header layout includes two custom properties—Blue Background and Small Logo. You enabled and applied these properties to all your campaign pages. However, for one page, you want to apply only the Small Logo property.

In this case, you could create a theme layout called Spring B, assign the Small Header layout component to it, and enable Small Logo. Then, you apply the Spring B theme to the page.

Not sure which pages are associated with any of your theme layouts?
With a click and a glance, you can see how many and which pages are associated with any of your theme layouts. From Settings > Theme, click the Pages Assigned total for any theme layout row (1). Clicking this value opens a list of the pages associated with that theme layout (2).

Theme layouts make it easy to reuse the same theme layout component in different ways while maintaining as much granular control as you need.

SEE ALSO:

- Change the Theme Layout of Your Experience Cloud Site’s Pages
- Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Create Custom Theme Layout Components for Experience Builder
- Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Configure Swappable Search and Profile Menu Components
- Developer Guide: Build a Condensed Theme Layout Component
- Trailhead: Create a Custom Theme Layout Component
Change the Theme Layout of Your Experience Cloud Site’s Pages

A theme layout defines the top-level regions of your page, such as the header and footer, navigation, search, and the user profile menu. A theme layout component categorizes the pages in your site that share a theme layout.

A developer creates custom theme layout components in the Developer Console by implementing the `forceCommunity:themeLayout` interface. The developer can also add properties to a custom theme layout, which you can configure in the Theme panel area in Experience Builder. When the custom layout component is available, assign it to a theme layout to instantly transform the pages that use that layout.

1. In Experience Builder, click **Theme** on the left sidebar and then click **Theme**.

2. To view and configure your theme layouts, select **Configure**.

3. If necessary, create a **New Theme Layout**.

4. Select a theme layout component for the theme layout.

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USER PERMISSIONS

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- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
5. Update the theme layout’s settings, if available—properties vary depending on how your developer configured the theme layout component.

For example, the Default layout component in the Customer Service theme includes the following options for the header region.

**Hide the header region and navigation**
- Hides the default site header on all site pages. The default site header includes the header image, search box, site menu, and user profile navigation menu. Select this option to replace the default header with a custom header.

**Hide notifications icon in site header**
- Hides the notifications icon. Useful when you have a custom header or don’t use notifications.

**Search Component**
- Replaces the default Search and Post component with a custom component, if available.

**User Profile Component**
- Replaces the default Profile Header component with a custom version, if available.

**Set max page width**
- Sets the maximum width of content across the page. The maximum width can be narrower than the overall display size of the header or footer.

However, the Default layout component for the Jepson theme has different options.
Show header
Displays or hides the header.

Fix the header’s position
Pins the header to the top of the scrolling area so that it remains visible while a customer is scrolling down through a long page. To see this working, publish and preview your site. The change doesn’t appear in Experience Builder.

Show hero
Displays or hides the theme’s hero image.

Start hero under header
Header visually overlaps the hero. We recommend using a transparent background for this header.

6. To apply the theme layout, select Override the default theme layout for this page (1). Selecting this option shows the Theme Layout options. Then, choose the new layout (2).
SEE ALSO:

- Custom Theme Layouts and Theme Layout Components
- Page Properties and Types in Experience Builder
- *Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Create Custom Theme Layout Components for Experience Builder*
- *Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Configure Swappable Search and Profile Menu Components*
Change the Content Layout in Experience Builder

Quickly change the look of your Experience Builder site pages by switching to a different content layout. You can even create your own custom content layout components in the Developer Console and import them to use in your site.

Tip: When you set up a new page or page variation, use a flexible layout. These highly customizable layouts are more adaptable than ready-to-use layouts, and you can re-create most fixed layouts by using a flexible layout.

1. In Experience Builder, open the page’s properties. Click beside the page on the top toolbar, or click > Page Settings beside the page in the Pages dropdown menu.

2. In the Layout section of Page Properties, click Change.

If a page variation is available, you can make it the active page by selecting the page variation. You can then change its content layout as required.
3. Select the new layout. If you created a custom content layout component, you see both ready-to-use and custom content layouts displayed together.

You can’t use Lightning web components with the 2 column, 2:1 ratio, split-sidebar fixed layout. To incorporate Lightning web components on a page with this layout, use a flexible layout to create a page or page variation that’s arranged the same way.

4. Click Change.
If the structure of the new layout is different from the current layout, some regions aren’t visible. However, the regions are still available and you can switch to a different layout at any time. If you change the layout of a default template page, the only way to revert to the original layout is to click Undo.

SEE ALSO:
Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Create Custom Content Layout Components for Experience Builder
Create a Flexible Layout
Find and Create Asset Files in Experience Builder

Upload and select images for your header, logo, rich content editor, and custom components using the file selector in Experience Builder. After they’re uploaded, files are converted to packageable asset files and stored in your org asset library for easy reference and retrieval.

**Note:** Salesforce admins and community managers have access to the Asset Library by default. Standard users who are members of the Asset Library can edit and delete asset files they own. Only admins can edit and delete asset files they don’t own. To allow standard users to upload content in Experience Builder, make sure they are members of the Asset Library.

1. From Experience Builder, open the Theme panel and select **Images**. Click an image icon (1) to open the unified file selector.

   ![Image file selector](image)

   The file selector displays only image files, so you don’t have to wade through all your files to find your logo or header image. If the image file you want is already an asset file, it’s in the asset library, which is clearly marked by the Org Asset Library badge. Asset files for your Salesforce org and all your sites are stored in the Org Asset Library, so you don’t need to maintain copies in different places.

2. Select an existing file or click Upload Image to add a new one.

   ![Select Image](image)

   When you add an image to your site for the first time, an asset file is automatically created and stored in the Org Asset Library. Admins have full access to the Org Asset Library and can search for, tag, and subscribe to asset files.

   To provide library access to users, add them as members of the library with the appropriate permissions. Users without these permissions don’t see the Org Asset Library. The Org Asset Library is available in all new orgs, and is automatically activated in existing orgs.
If public access is enabled in Experience Builder at the page or site level, the **Let guest users view asset files and CMS content available to the site** preference is enabled in **Administration > Preferences**. This preference remains enabled as long as any page has public access enabled. If you upload images for use on site login pages, be sure that this preference is enabled.

SEE ALSO:

[Asset Files](#)

**Experience Builder Settings**

Use the Settings area to track which template you’re using, view your site’s status, and customize your template. If you’re using the Customer Service template, easily access your navigational and featured topic settings.

To access the Settings area in Experience Builder, click on the left sidebar. Not all settings are available for all sites.

### EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise**, **Performance**, **Unlimited**, and **Developer** Editions

Applies to: **LWR and Aura sites**

### USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
General
In the General area, settings include:

Template
Shows the name and version of the template that your site uses.

Public Access
Specifies the level of access to the page. When you enable public access, guest users can view asset files on public pages by default. However, users whose profile settings are more restrictive can’t always view this page, even if you choose Public.

When you enable public access, the preference **Let guest users view asset files on public pages** in **Administration > Preferences** is automatically enabled.

Site Title (Aura sites only)
Lets you set the title for your site. The title briefly appears in the browser’s title bar before your site’s Home page loads.

Published Status
Indicates whether your site is published. If it’s published, click the link to open the live site in a separate browser tab.

Preferred Domain
Lets you choose which domain to use for indexing your site’s pages to improve search engine results. (Multiple domains for the same site can dilute search engine results and lower page ranking.) The Preferred Domain dropdown appears only after you set up a custom domain for your site in Setup. You can set only HTTPS preferred domains.

Guest User Profile
Shows the associated guest user profile. When you click the link, you go to the Profile page in Salesforce Setup, where you can modify profile settings, such as which permissions the guest user has. For more information about configuring the guest user profile, see **Give Secure Access to Unauthenticated Users with the Guest User Profile**.

Set Featured and Navigational Topics (Customer Service template only)
Define featured topics and topics to be used for navigation in Experience Workspaces or Experience Management.

Theme
In the Theme area, you can control the layout and appearance of each page in your site.

Languages
In the Languages area, set the multilingual properties for your site. When you set these properties, the **Language Selector** component uses them to let guest users select their preferred language on a page in your site.
Navigation
In the Navigation area, create and manage navigational menus for your site. You can use menus in Navigation, Tile Menu, Profile, and custom menu components.

Mobile Publisher
Configure navigation options and settings for your Mobile Publisher app.

SEO (Aura sites only)
In the SEO area, you can define what information can be indexed by external services and discovered through online searches. From the Guest User Profile, make an object’s records public and available for SEO indexing. You can also generate a manual sitemap refresh for your site.

Note: To access SEO settings in Experience Builder, enable public access for your site from the General area in Settings.

Search (enhanced LWR sites only)
In the Search area, you can rebuild the index after you publish fresh content in your site or in the connected CMS workspace. Your site visitors can then see your new content in their search results. This feature is available only after you set up a standard Search page.

CMS Connect (Aura sites only)
Add a header and footer from a connected CMS source to your site.

Advanced
In the Advanced area, you can track page views, mask IP addresses, add markup to the page head, and show all components in the Components panel.

By default, we filter the components available in the Components panel according to each page’s purpose. For example, the Case Comments Publisher is available only for the Case Details page. When you enable Show all components, you see the complete list of components when you open the Components panel for any page (except login pages). However, you can still add the Related Questions List component only to the Question Detail page and the Related Articles List component only to the Article Detail page.

Important: Some components require the page to pass specific parameters. When you remove component filtering, you can add a component that relies on a passed parameter to a page that doesn’t pass any values. For the component to work correctly, you must manually configure the component’s parameters.

For example, some components that take {!recordId} as a parameter expect to get this value from the page’s URL. If you add the component to a page that doesn’t pass this value through the URL, you must manually provide it.

Similarly, let’s say you add the Group Detail component, which requires a {!recordId} value, to the Case Detail page instead of the Group Detail page. Although both pages pass a {!recordId} value, the ID that Case Detail passes is incorrect.

Integrations (LWR sites only)
Add functionality such as Google Analytics to your site.

Security & Privacy
Manage security and privacy settings for your Experience Cloud site, including Clickjack protection, Content Security Policy (CSP), and site cookie usage.

Updates
In the Updates area, you can update your site’s template to the latest version.

Developer (Aura sites only)
In the Developer area, you can export customized Experience Builder templates and pages. You can add these templates and pages to a Lightning Bolt Solution to distribute to other orgs or publish on AppExchange.

Change History
The Change History area shows a chronological list of publication dates for your site and records any changes made to the configuration of domains that are associated with your site. The panel also shows which user made each update.
Update Your Experience Builder Site’s Template

We introduce amazing features and enhancements with every release, so it pays to keep your Experience Builder site up to date! Typically, we automatically update your template to the latest version, so you can start adding the newest features to your site right away. However, when the changes are significant, you’re required to update your template manually.

**Note:** All template improvements are made on the latest version. Avoid missing out by keeping your template current.

The Koa and Kokua templates are in a phased retirement. From Summer ’17, you can no longer use them to create sites. We therefore recommend working with Salesforce Support to replace your existing Koa and Kokua sites. Take advantage of the latest templates, which provide richer support for Knowledge and case management, along with a slew of other new features.

We no longer support Koa, Kokua, and Customer Service template versions from before Winter ’16 (October 2015).

The impact of updating a template depends on the version your site is using. When a manual template update is available, a red notification icon (⚠️) appears over the Settings icon.

**Important:** We strongly recommend that you test the impact of the update in a sandbox environment. After you update and publish your site, you can’t revert to an older version.

### What Can I Expect When Updating to Spring ’19?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>My Current Template Type and Version</th>
<th>What Can I Expect When Updating to Spring ’19?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Winter ’19 templates and Lightning Bolt solutions | Accessibility and performance improvements on the following components:  
  - Navigation Menu  
  - Reputation Leaderboard  
  - Related Records  
  - Trending Articles by Topics  
  If you’ve applied CSS customizations, migrate them in the upgraded components. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>My Current Template Type and Version</th>
<th>What Can I Expect When Updating to Spring ’19?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Summer ’18 templates and Lightning Bolt solutions</td>
<td>Your site is updated automatically with all the features of the Winter ’19 release. No need to manually update.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Spring ’18 templates and Lightning Bolt solutions | • Improvements to tooltip positioning by changing several panels, dialogs, and tooltips to use a shared container  
• Updates to the Language Selector’s functionality and appearance (current preferences are maintained)  
• Improvements to the property editor container  
• All the changes that apply to subsequent updates  
• If you’ve applied CSS customizations, migrate them to the upgraded components  
Overriding CSS isn’t recommended. To update existing CSS overrides, see CSS mappings for updated components and Standard Design Tokens for Sites. |
| Winter ’18 templates and Lightning Bolt solutions | • A dropdown menu to set audiences at the component level  
• Out-of-the-box UI enhancements, such as font sizing  
• Upgraded Reputation Leaderboard, Trending Articles by Topic, and Related Articles. If you’ve applied CSS customizations, migrate them to the upgraded components.  
Overriding CSS isn’t recommended. To update existing CSS overrides, see CSS mappings for updated components.  
• A new User Profile Menu component that automatically replaces the Profile Header component in updated templates  
• The base component on the Record Detail page for custom objects is replaced with a newer version for desktop view mode. If you currently have CSS overrides for record layout, keep them, and refer to CSS Overrides Migration for the Record Layout Component to add your styles and customizations to the new component  
• A new Theme panel that redesigns the Branding Panel in Experience Builder.  
• Additions to Theme settings that help you easily see which pages a theme layout is associated with  
• More metadata options to improve discoverability of pages through SEO  
• Query parameters in a site URL, other than language, no longer persist while navigating within a site  
• Updates to CMS Connect (JSON) require manual updating to connections created with the Winter ’18 release.  
  – CMS Connect (JSON) now autocreates detail pages. URL’s using query parameters pointing to your manually created pages continue to work. However, they aren’t accessible from the CMS Connect (JSON) Property Editor in Experience Builder. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>My Current Template Type and Version</th>
<th>What Can I Expect When Updating to Spring ‘19?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| - For better SEO and management, it is best to use the new, automatically created pages.  
  - In Experience Workspaces, add a Content Type and the JSON path for both ID and Title.  
  - In Experience Builder, open the Property Editor of the existing CMS Connect (JSON) component by selecting it.  
  - Click Save to create and autoconfigure the new detail page.  
  The standard page you created in Winter ‘18 for navigation isn’t automatically deleted. If it’s not referred to by any other component, you can manually delete it from the Pages menu.  
  - CMS Connect (JSON) has new configuration fields.  
    - When editing an existing JSON connection, the Connection Type is Public by default and Content Type, Title, and ID are empty. Title and ID have to be filled before the connection can be saved again.  
    - You can have only one Content Item per Type and it’s necessary to define a Content Item for navigation support.  
    - If you have multiple Content Lists and a single Content Item in an existing connection, when you edit your CMS Connection a single Content Type is created in the JSON section with the Content Item and Content Lists assigned to it.  
    - If you have multiple Content Items and Content Lists, when you edit your CMS Connection you have one Content Type with a single Content Item and all of your Content Lists under it. The remaining Content Items are each in a separate Content Type.  
  - All the changes that apply to subsequent updates. |
| Spring ‘17 and Summer ‘17 Customer Service, Partner Central, and Lightning Bolt solutions | - Decoupling of the search box from the site header, making it easier to insert your own search experience within a site.  
  The Search page in the Winter ‘18 version of the Customer Service (Napili) template doesn’t include the Headline component out of the box. If your site’s Search page includes the Headline component, it’s removed as part of the upgrade.  
  - Sleeker header component improves your site’s mobile experience, leaving more room to show what’s important to your site.  
  - Out-of-the-box UI improvements, such as improved spacing in text fields.  
  - Streamlined new Global Search for Peer-to-Peer Sites.  
  - Upgraded, high-performance navigation menu that offers more styling options and reduces the need for CSS overrides. If you have applied CSS customizations, migrate them to the upgraded navigation menu. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>My Current Template Type and Version</th>
<th>What Can I Expect When Updating to Spring ’19?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overriding CSS isn’t recommended. The best way to update the styling of your navigation menu is to use the Theme panel in Experience Builder. To update existing CSS overrides see CSS mappings for updated components.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Adoption of Lightning Design System principles in all content layouts.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Two new branding options: Navigation Background Color and Navigation Text Color.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• All the changes that apply to subsequent updates.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter ’16 to Spring ’17 Customer Service (Napili)</td>
<td>• Login pages retain branding but lose custom code or component customizations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• All the changes that apply to subsequent updates.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-Winter ’16 Koa, Kokua, or Customer Service (Napili)</td>
<td>Most component customizations and properties are overwritten. However:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• For Koa and Kokua, general settings, such as Category Group Name, Top-Level Category, and Company Name, carry over.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• For Customer Service (Napili), topic definitions carry over.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• All the changes that apply subsequent updates.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pre-Spring ’16 Aloha template</td>
<td>Most branding properties defined using the Branding Editor in Experience Builder are maintained. However, sometimes your site’s colors are reset to the default value. After you update the template, check the branding properties and update the ones that were reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce</td>
<td>Template updates for sites using Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce aren’t managed from Experience Builder.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For information on component compatibility with older template versions, see Which Components Can I Use with Each Template?

To update your template:

1. In Experience Builder, click ![Updates](image) > Updates.
2. Click **Update** and confirm the update when prompted.
3. Make sure that your login pages look correct, and reconfigure missing branding properties, custom code, and component customizations.
4. **Publish your site** to apply the template updates.

If you are upgrading from a pre-Winter ’18 template, some of the old branding properties are reorganized but still there, while others map to different properties. Let’s take a closer look at the changes.
### Pre-Winter '18 Branding Properties vs. Updated Branding Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-Winter '18 Branding Property</th>
<th>Updated Branding Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Background Color (1)</td>
<td>Background Color (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Color (2)</td>
<td>Action Color (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Border Color</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Hover Color</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Button Hover Border Color</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Font Color (3)</td>
<td>Text Color (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Font Color (4)</td>
<td>Error Font Color (4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Background Image (5)</td>
<td>Background Image (5)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Card Background Color (6)</td>
<td>Card Background Color (6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Also controls card transparency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Card Border Color</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The map shows how properties from the old Branding Panel in Experience Cloud have been updated in the New Theme Panel, with some properties remaining unchanged.
### Pre-Winter ’18 branding properties ...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pre-Winter ’18 branding properties ...</th>
<th>Map to these updated branding properties ...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Card Transparency</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Font Family (7)</td>
<td>Primary Font (7)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SEE ALSO:**
- Experience Builder Settings
- Customize Sites with Experience Builder
- Considerations for Changing Your Template
Preview Your Experience Builder Site

Before going live, you can preview your Experience Builder site to see how it looks in a desktop browser window or on a mobile device.

- To preview the site in a browser window, click **Preview** on the toolbar.

- In Preview mode, to see the site in its own browser tab as:
  - A logged-in customer would see it, click **Authenticated User**.
  - An unauthenticated visitor would see it, click **Guest User**. As long as your site includes one public page (such as the Home page), you can use the **Guest User** option.

- To preview the site on different devices, use the options in the **VIEW MODE** menu.

**SEE ALSO:**

- Customize Sites with Experience Builder
- Publish Your Experience Builder Site Customizations

**EDITIONS**

- Available in: both Salesforce Classic (**not available in all orgs**) and Lightning Experience
  - Available in: **Enterprise**, **Performance**, **Unlimited**, and **Developer** Editions

**USER PERMISSIONS**

- To create an Experience Cloud site:
  - Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration
  - OR
  - Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences

- To customize an Experience Cloud site:
  - Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

- To publish an Experience Cloud site:
  - Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  - OR
  - Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Publish Your Experience Builder Site Customizations

Publish your site in Experience Builder to make your branding and component customization updates available to your site’s members.

Publishing an Experience Builder site for the first time makes the site URL live and enables login access for site members. Unlike Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites, you don’t need to activate an Experience Builder Site unless you want to set up SEO and send out a welcome email.

1. In Experience Builder, preview your site to make sure that your updates appear as expected.
2. When you’re happy with your changes, click Publish in the toolbar to publish your changes.

Important: All changes made to a site since the last time it was published are included.

An email notification informs you when your changes go live.

SEE ALSO:
- Customize Sites with Experience Builder
- Preview Your Experience Builder Site

Important: All changes made to a site since the last time it was published are included.

An email notification informs you when your changes go live.

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To publish an Experience Cloud site:
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  OR
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Manage Your Site’s Pages and Their Properties in Experience Builder

The Pages and Page Action menus centralize all your page-related needs, from page creation to audience criteria-based page visibility and everything in between.

From the Pages menu (1), you can search for a page, add a page (2), or click [ ] to access the Page Action menu (3).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EDITIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>• Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
From the Page Action menu, you can:

- Click **Page Settings** to edit a page’s properties, such as its URL, layout, or variations.

From Page Settings, click **Page Variations** to create alternative versions of a page and set audience criteria for the page’s visibility. If the selected page isn’t a template, you can easily delete it and its page variations with a single click.
• Click **Add Subpage** to build out your site’s hierarchy with up to six page levels by nesting a standard, object, or content page under an existing page.

![Diagram of page hierarchy]

• Click **Move Page** to change your page hierarchy and move a page and its subpages to a new destination. When you move a parent page, the URLs for its subpages update automatically to reflect your changes.

![Select a destination]

• Click **Delete Page** to remove a page from the Pages menu. When you delete a parent page, its subpages are also deleted.

• **Note:** Not all pages have the Move Page, Add Subpage, and Delete Page options in the Page Actions menu. Review Considerations for Page Hierarchy and URL Conflicts in Experience Builder.

Click **+ New Page** at the bottom of the Pages menu to create a standard, object, or custom page.
Page Properties and Types in Experience Builder
Use the Page Action menu to view and edit the properties of the pages that make up your Experience Builder site.

Considerations for Page Hierarchy and URL Conflicts in Experience Builder
When you create and organize pages in your Experience Builder site, some pages behave differently than others. Keep these page management considerations in mind when you use the Page Action menu.

Enable the App Launcher in Experience Builder Sites
Display the App Launcher in Experience Builder Sites to make it easy for members to move between their sites and their Salesforce org. This functionality is available in any site based on an Experience Builder site template or Lightning Bolt solution.

Inform Customers About Your Experience Builder Site Availability
Keep your customers informed when they can’t immediately access your Experience Builder site. Customizable availability pages describe what’s happening while customers wait for your site to load. The Service Not Available page lets them know when your site is down. When your site has higher-than-usual demand, the Too Many Requests page appears.

Edit Pages and Components in Experience Builder
Each page contains a collection of components that are organized around a task or function, whether it’s opening a case or searching for an article. The pages that comprise each Experience Builder template are ready for you to use with little configuration. Add new components to your site’s pages, edit the properties of existing components, or delete components that you don’t require.

Create Custom Site Pages with Experience Builder
To extend your Experience Builder template, create custom site pages. To get the most from your Salesforce data, add custom record detail, list, and related list pages. To display individual pieces of content along with any combination of components, use CMS content pages.

Add Markup to the Page <head> to Customize Your Experience Builder Site
Add custom analytics, improve your SEO results, and more by adding custom markup to the page <head> in Experience Builder. For example, you can include SEO meta tags that are visible only to search engines, add a favicon, or add custom code for Adobe Analytics and Google Tag Manager.
Expression-Based Component Variations in Enhanced LWR Sites
Site visitors are important to your business and deserve to have the most custom experience possible. With Expression-Based Component Variations, you can create multiple versions of a component and then change the style and visibility settings to make each version unique. You can choose to have a single variation for a targeted group or several variations that apply broadly to subsets of your users. Apply visibility rules to each variation to make it appear to the appropriate site visitors. And when you have multiple variations for the same component, prioritize them so you know when your variations appear and to whom.

Expression-Based Visibility in Enhanced LWR Sites
With Expression-Based Visibility, you can create a set of rules that dictate when and to whom your components in your enhanced LWR sites appear. Choose visibility settings based on User and Product object fields such as location, language, buyer groups, and more. Creating visibility conditions based on expressions improves the agility of your site.

Personalization with Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
Keep your users engaged by offering personalized, relevant content that’s customized for a particular audience. To create an audience, you assemble a set of criteria that defines a user segment. You can then tailor a single site to meet the needs of multiple user segments. For example, you can present the same site with a different look and feel for each audience or show different pages, components, or data to different audiences.

Use Visualforce in Experience Builder Sites
If you created Visualforce pages, actions, buttons, links, and canvas apps for your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template-based sites, you can use them in Experience Builder sites.

Add Streams to Your Experience Builder Site
Your site users can combine multiple feeds into a stream to create a single point of access to related information. Combine feeds of top contributors or discussions concerning a particular product line. Create a stream that combines feeds from discussions, groups, topics, profiles, and all kinds of objects, like cases, opportunities, and accounts. No more jumping from feed-to-feed to get a sense of what people are saying. Each member can create up to 100 streams.
Page Properties and Types in Experience Builder

Use the Page Action menu to view and edit the properties of the pages that make up your Experience Builder site.

Page Types

Experience Builder sites comprise of standard, object, content, and login pages.

- Standard pages are default pages that come with the Experience Builder template or that you create.
- Object pages display object properties, such as the object’s record detail, list, and related list pages. Generic object pages display record information for a Salesforce object when custom object pages don’t exist.
- Content pages are pages you create to display your Salesforce CMS content.
- Login pages are default pages that come with the Experience Builder template.

Page Properties

To edit a page’s properties, open the Pages menu in Experience Builder. Then, click \( \ldots \) to open the Page Action menu and select Page Settings. The properties available to each page depend on the selected page type.
Manage Your Site’s Pages and Their Properties in Experience Builder

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Page property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>The name of the page as it appears in Experience Builder. Editable only in the standard pages that you create.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Page property

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>URL</td>
<td>The URL of the page. Editable only in custom standard pages. Manage the URLs for each page after creating your page hierarchy. Anytime you move pages around and alter the page hierarchy in your site, the subpage URLs automatically update to reflect your changes. Some pages can’t be moved. Review Considerations for Page Hierarchy and URL Conflicts in Experience Builder. The site URL for each page reflects the structure you set up in Experience Builder when you share the live site with your users.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Name**

Grandchild Page

**URL**

[parent-page/child-page/grandchild-page](https://capricorncoffee.com)[/parent-page/child-page/grandchild-page]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>API Name</th>
<th>A unique name you define when you create a page.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Page Access</td>
<td>Specifies the level of access to the page. When you enable public access, guest users can view asset files on public pages by default. More restrictive profile settings can prevent certain users from viewing this page, even if you choose Public. Page access for some pages, like My Account, is automatically set to require users to log in and can’t be modified. When you enable public access, the preference <strong>Let guest users view asset files and CMS content available to the site</strong> in Administration &gt; Preferences is automatically enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>The SEO title of the page. Shown in search engine results, the browser’s tab or window title, and bookmarks. For data-based pages, such as object and content pages, the title is set dynamically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>The SEO description of the page. Shown in search engine results to help people decide if this page is the one they want. For data-based pages, such as object and content pages, the description is set dynamically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Page property</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Head Tags</td>
<td>Provides the opportunity to enter specific meta tags for the page to assist search engine optimization for your site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For data-based pages, such as object and content pages, you can enter expressions to access values from the record associated with the page, such as the name, title, and value of specific fields.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Content Layout</td>
<td>Defines the content regions of your page, such as a two-column layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theme Layout</td>
<td>By selecting <strong>Override the default theme layout for this page</strong>, you can choose to apply a different theme layout for the page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEE ALSO:
- Change the Theme Layout of Your Experience Cloud Site’s Pages
- Change the Content Layout in Experience Builder
- SEO for Experience Builder Sites
- *Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Create Custom Content Layout Components for Experience Builder*
Considerations for Page Hierarchy and URL Conflicts in Experience Builder

When you create and organize pages in your Experience Builder site, some pages behave differently than others. Keep these page management considerations in mind when you use the Page Action menu.

Page Level Limits

You can have up to six levels of pages when you use the Page Action menu to add subpages or move pages. Because of this limit, the option to add a subpage or move a page within your page hierarchy is disabled from the Page Action menu.

When you create an object page, a page base (1) is created on one level, and the Detail, List, and Related List subpages (2) are created on a second level. When you create a content page, its Content Detail subpage is also on the second level.
Because object and content pages take up two levels, adding them under the fifth level of an existing hierarchy exceeds the level limit of six pages. When a page is on the fifth level of the page hierarchy, you can only add a standard page as a subpage. The object and content pages are disabled and can't be added.
Dynamic URL Conflicts

Some preconfigured pages (1) in your site contain a dynamic portion in the page URL, indicated with specific parameters (2).
To avoid URL conflicts, the Add Subpage option is always disabled for these pages, and other pages can’t be moved under them.

**URL Conflicts Between Sites**

If you host multiple sites on the same Salesforce-managed domain, be sure to review your site URLs for conflicts, as it’s possible to configure the same URL for pages on two different sites.

Let’s say you use `https://ExperienceCloudSitesSubdomain.force.com` for Site A’s homepage, and `https://ExperienceCloudSitesSubdomain.force.com/products` for Site B’s homepage. If you create a page on Site A that uses the subpath `/products`, that page and Site B’s homepage both use the URL `https://ExperienceCloudSitesSubdomain.force.com/products`.

In this scenario, a site visitor can only access the Site A page through a navigation menu on Site A. If a site visitor navigates to `http://ExperienceCloudSitesSubdomain.force.com/products` any other way, they’re directed to Site B’s homepage.

**General URL Conflicts**

A page that exists at the same level as another page with the same base URL (1) and has a dynamic URL (2) can’t have subpages.
In this example, the Account standard page and the Account object page have the same base URL, /account/. To prevent URL conflicts, the Add Subpage feature is disabled for the Account standard page.

Tip: To add a subpage when this feature is disabled for a standard page, you can change either page’s base URL. To change the standard page’s base URL, first, go to Page Settings from the Page Action menu, then click Change URL. You can also change the other conflicting page’s URL because all related subpages are updated with the new URL.

Now let’s say the Account standard page is a subpage of another standard page in your site.

When the Account standard page has no subpages of its own, you can move the Account object page under the Experience page as an immediate subpage. Here, the Account standard and Account object pages can exist on the same level within a single page hierarchy.
But if the Account standard page has a subpage, the Account object can’t be in the same page hierarchy at the same level as the Account standard page. In this case, the base URLs of both pages conflict, which means that you can’t move the Account object page under the Experience page. When you click Move Page for the Account object page, the Experience standard page and its subpages are disabled as destinations.
The Add Subpage option is always disabled for pages with dynamic URLs, such as object and content pages, to avoid URL conflicts with their default subpages.

### Move Page Conflicts

From the Select a destination dialog, you can select a parent page to move your selected page under. Some pages are disabled because they can’t be parent pages for the page that you want to move.

Some possible reasons include:

- **Page Level Limits:** You can’t move a page under a parent page that results in a page hierarchy exceeding six levels. Say you want to move a page with a subpage, such as an object page, under a new parent page. You can only select a destination page up to the fourth level because the object page’s current page hierarchy consists of two pages. Moving it to a fifth (1) or sixth (2) level page exceeds the six-level limit of the new parent page’s hierarchy.
• URL conflicts: Review the suggestions in Dynamic and General URL Conflicts to easily move pages around in your site.

• Some pages are always top level and can’t have subpages: Examples include the Home, Login, and Flow pages, as well as pages in the B2B template: Checkout, Flow, Order, and Confirmation. You can’t move these pages or move other pages under them.

From the Select a destination dialog, you can move a page to the top level when you click the site name (1) and then click Move to Root (2).
The Move to Root button is disabled if a page is already at the top level in your page hierarchy. It’s also disabled when the page you want to move has a URL conflict with an existing top-level page. Review the suggestions under General URL Conflicts to move your page to the top level.
Enable the App Launcher in Experience Builder Sites

Display the App Launcher in Experience Builder Sites to make it easy for members to move between their sites and their Salesforce org. This functionality is available in any site based an Experience Builder site template or Lightning Bolt solution.

The App Launcher displays a tile for every app and published site (both Tabs + Visualforce and Experience Builder sites). Unlike in Lightning Experience, the All Items area and AppExchange link aren’t available. Users see only the apps and sites that they’re authorized to see according to their profile or permission sets.

The App Launcher is automatically enabled for new sites, but for older sites, you may need to enable it manually.

1. In Experience Builder, select the Navigation Menu component in the page you’re configuring.

2. To display the App Launcher in existing sites, ensure Hide App Launcher in site header is deselected.
3. To let users see the App Launcher, ensure the Show App Launcher in Experiences Builder sites permission is enabled in user profiles in Setup. By default, this user permission is enabled for all standard profiles but it’s not enabled for custom profiles. Enable this user perm on custom profiles or create a permission set.

The App Launcher isn’t available in Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites. Members who use Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites and Salesforce Classic can use the global header to switch between their sites and their Salesforce org.

SEE ALSO:
- Switch Between Your Salesforce Org and Your Experience Cloud Sites
- Enable the Global Header for Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites

Inform Customers About Your Experience Builder Site Availability

Keep your customers informed when they can’t immediately access your Experience Builder site. Customizable availability pages describe what’s happening while customers wait for your site to load. The Service Not Available page lets them know when your site is down. When your site has higher-than-usual demand, the Too Many Requests page appears.

This feature is available for all sites that use the Salesforce CDN. The Salesforce CDN is enabled by default for sites that use enhanced domains. You can also configure custom domains to use the Salesforce CDN option.

Customize Availability Pages in Experience Builder

You can customize the layout and configure the colors, fonts, images, and sizes for the pages. Use the HTML Editor and Rich Content Editor to update the content (including language) and images. The Service Not Available page has its own theme with a customizable header and footer. The Service Not Available page’s theme is shared with the Too Many Requests page. Some standard Experience Builder features aren’t available for these pages, such as SEO settings, public page settings, and progressive rendering. Custom components aren’t available for these pages.

You have different configuration options, depending on whether you’re using an Aura or LWR site. If you’re using an Aura site, you can only use a single column for the layout. Audiences and Page Variations features of Aura sites aren’t available for this page.

To access the availability pages in Experience Builder:

- From Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, and then select All Sites.
- Click Builder next to the site you want to access.
- Click the Pages menu, and then choose Service Not Available or Too Many Requests. To make the page available for use, click Publish.

Use a Custom Service Not Available Page for Your Experience Builder Site

Maintain business continuity with customers and allow them to log cases when your site is down using the Service Not Available page in Experience Builder.

Use a Custom Too Many Requests Page for Your Experience Builder Site

When your site’s performance is impacted by high traffic, the Too Many Requests page displays a customizable message to let customers know they’ll be redirected momentarily. The page automatically refreshes to check when the site is working and redirects customers to the site when it’s available.
Use a Custom Service Not Available Page for Your Experience Builder Site

Maintain business continuity with customers and allow them to log cases when your site is down using the Service Not Available page in Experience Builder.

This feature is available for most sites that use Salesforce’s CDN for Digital Experiences. The Salesforce CDN is enabled by default for sites that use enhanced domains. You can also configure custom domains to use the Salesforce CDN option.

The Service Not Available Page in Experience Builder

The Service Not Available page is an offline page. It only appears when a site isn’t available. When the site is up and running, the Service Not Available page has no impact on the user’s experience of the site.

The Service Not Available page is enabled by default, unless you’re using your own static resource. To enable the Service Not Available page instead of using your own static resource:

1. Click the Experiences Menu icon.
2. Select Administration > Pages.
3. Check the radio button next to Use the auto-generated Service Not Available page in Experience Builder and save your changes.
4. To make it available for use, publish the page.
Note: Custom pages named Service Not Available prevent Salesforce's standard Service Not Available page from automatically migrating to your org. To replace a custom page named Service Not Available with Salesforce’s standard Service Not Available page, rename the conflicting custom page. Contact Salesforce Customer Support if you need further assistance.

Service Not Available Page in ExperienceBundle
The Service Not Available Page also exists as a service-not-available route type in ExperienceBundle. Developers must update their file in order to avoid getting an error on missing this route type.

Maintain Business Continuity with Email-to on the Service Not Available Page
To allow users to log cases when the site is down, you can enable Email-to-Case on your Service Not Available page. First set up Email-to-Case, then encourage your users to use the configured email to submit cases using your Experience Builder Service Not Available page. You can also enable users to create additional records from your Service Not Available page, beyond cases, using Email-to-packages found on AppExchange.

Maintain a Consistent Experience Between Your Experience Builder and Visualforce Sites
You can display the same Service Not Available page on your Experience Builder and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites. After you’ve customized your page in Experience Builder and have published it to your site, it automatically becomes a static resource for your org.

The Service Not Available static resource:
- Must be a public .zip file 5 MB or smaller.
- Must contain a page named maintenance.html at the root level of the .zip file. Other resources in the .zip file, such as images or CSS files, can follow any directory structure.
- Must contain only files that have file extensions.

To use the page on your Visualforce site:
1. Open Experience Workspaces or Experience Management
2. Navigate to Administration > Pages.
3. Click next to Service Not Available to search for the Service Not Available static resource generated for your Experience Builder site. Upload it as a static resource.
4. Save your changes.
Service Not Available Page and the Salesforce Edge Network

If your site uses the Salesforce Edge Network, the Service Not Available page appears when the Salesforce servers are down whether you’ve enabled enhanced domains or not. However, if you deactivate your site or take it down for maintenance, the Visualforce Maintenance page appears for sites that aren’t using enhanced domains.

SEE ALSO:

Set Up Email-to-Case
Use a Custom Service Unavailable Page in Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site

Use a Custom Too Many Requests Page for Your Experience Builder Site

When your site’s performance is impacted by high traffic, the Too Many Requests page displays a customizable message to let customers know they’ll be redirected momentarily. The page automatically refreshes to check when the site is working and redirects customers to the site when it’s available.

This feature is available for most sites that use Salesforce’s CDN for Digital Experiences. The Salesforce CDN is enabled by default for sites that use enhanced domains. You can also configure custom domains to use the Salesforce CDN option.

The Too Many Requests page shares a theme layout with the Service Not Available page. Use the HTML Editor and Rich Content Editor components to customize the page.
The Page Refresh component automatically refreshes the page for your customers. This component is built into the page by default.

SEE ALSO:
- Edit Pages and Components in Experience Builder
- HTML Editor
- Rich Content Editor
- Page Refresh
- Use a Custom Service Not Available Page for Your Experience Builder Site

Edit Pages and Components in Experience Builder

Each page contains a collection of components that are organized around a task or function, whether it’s opening a case or searching for an article. The pages that comprise each Experience Builder template are ready for you to use with little configuration. Add new components to your site’s pages, edit the properties of existing components, or delete components that you don’t require.

**Tip:** If you plan to add components to a new custom page, spend some time planning the composition of the page based on its purpose.

1. From the Pages menu in the top toolbar, select the page that you want to edit.
2. To open the Components panel, click 🔍.

The Components panel lists only components that are compatible with the selected page. For example, you can’t add the User Profile Detail component to the Home page.

3. Drag the required component from the Components panel onto an editable area of the page. When you drag a component over a content or theme layout region, a label appears to help you identify the region. Components in theme layout regions are shared everywhere that theme
layout region is used and we add the label “Shared” to the component name. Components in a content layout region are specific to the page.

4. To edit the properties for a component on the page, select it on the main page canvas or on the Page Structure panel. When you select a component, Experience Builder highlights the component with a blue border and displays the component’s properties in the floating property editor.

5. Update the component as required.

Example: Here’s a sample configuration of the Headline component (1) on the Home page with the list of supported Lightning components (2) and properties (3). You can also quickly duplicate, delete, or assign an audience to the component to control its visibility (4).

- You can browse a selection of custom Lightning components on AppExchange and add them to your org directly from Experience Builder. Click Get more on the AppExchange in the Components panel. Components that are ready to add to Experience Builder pages are displayed. When you add a component, it appears in the Components panel of all the template-based sites in your org.
- You can also create custom Lightning components and use them on Experience Builder pages. For more information on creating custom Lightning components and enabling them for Experience Builder, see the Experience Cloud Developer Guide.

Assign Screen-Responsive Property Values in Custom Components in Enhanced LWR Sites
Specify different values for desktop, mobile, and tablet displays for string or integer property types in custom Lightning web components in enhanced LWR sites. With screen-responsive properties, the component uses the correct property value based on the end user’s screen size.

Show or Hide Components on Mobile, Tablet, or Desktop for Enhanced LWR Sites
Improve the readability of your site by hiding unnecessary components. In enhanced LWR sites, site builders can customize which components are shown or hidden for each device type—mobile, tablet, or desktop. Components are shown by default.
Hide Components on Mobile Devices with Experience Builder for Aura Sites
Reduce page load times and cluttered mobile screens by hiding non-business critical components on mobile devices. View your Aura site in Builder using the mobile mode and select which components you wish to hide.

Error Messages for Pages Without Data in Experience Builder
When you use Lightning components to build a template-based page in Experience Builder, sometimes the page doesn’t load correctly on your site. Find out why this error happens, and how you can fix it. Make sure that the component has underlying data.

Assess Screen-Responsive Property Values in Custom Components in Enhanced LWR Sites
Specify different values for desktop, mobile, and tablet displays for string or integer property types in custom Lightning web components in enhanced LWR sites. With screen-responsive properties, the component uses the correct property value based on the end user’s screen size.

Screen-responsive properties are available only when the component developer has programmatically declared those properties to be screen responsive.

1. In Experience Builder, select the custom component.

In the component’s property panel, an icon indicates the properties that are screen responsive.

Editions
Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
Applies to: Enhanced LWR sites

User Permissions
To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
2. Specify the property value for the current screen size. By default, smaller screen sizes inherit the property values that you specify for larger screen sizes.

3. To specify a property value for a different screen size, use the menu in the navigation bar to select another view mode.

SEE ALSO:

*LWR Sites for Experience Builder: Make a Custom LWR Component Screen-Size Responsive*
Show or Hide Components on Mobile, Tablet, or Desktop for Enhanced LWR Sites

Improve the readability of your site by hiding unnecessary components. In enhanced LWR sites, site builders can customize which components are shown or hidden for each device type—mobile, tablet, or desktop. Components are shown by default.

1. In Experience Builder, click View Mode in the top navigation bar.

2. Select the view to customize.

3. On the canvas, select the component. The component property panel opens for the selected view mode.

4. Click the Visibility tab.

5. Turn on Show Component to show or edit it. Turn it off to hide the component.

   Your selection applies only to the selected view mode. It doesn’t affect the other view modes.

6. Repeat these steps for all components that you want to customize and for each applicable view mode.

7. To make sure the components are shown or hidden as expected, preview your site.

8. Click Publish.

   When you click a component in the Page Structure panel, Experience Builder scrolls the canvas to show the component and open its property panel. When you click a component on the canvas, Experience Builder scrolls the Page Structure panel to show the selected component there.

   To locate hidden components in the Page Structure panel, from the Show dropdown list, select Hidden Components. You can unhide a component directly from the panel by clicking the eye icon beside the component’s name.

   Note: The Hidden Components option in the Show dropdown list and the eye icon apply to components hidden via the Show Component toggle on the component property panel. These indicators don’t apply to components hidden via expression-based visibility settings.
When you hide a component, the canvas shows an overlay of the component and identifies it as hidden.

You can also hide components with expression-based visibility settings.

SEE ALSO:
Expression-Based Visibility in Enhanced LWR Sites
Hide Components on Mobile Devices with Experience Builder for Aura Sites

Reduce page load times and cluttered mobile screens by hiding non-business critical components on mobile devices. View your Aura site in Builder using the mobile mode and select which components you wish to hide.

1. In Experience Builder, change the view to Mobile.
2. Click the component you want to hide to open the properties panel.
3. Scroll to the bottom of the panel and click **Hide on Mobile**.

**Note:**
- You can hide or show components by clicking **Page Structure**, and clicking the eye icon next to the component. The Page Structure button also displays the number of hidden components.
- You can’t hide components in an area that’s shared across different pages on a site, even if you’ve chosen to hide a component. Let’s say your site is using a default theme, and the header is shared across all the pages. Any component included in the header is visible on all site pages, even if you choose to hide some components on some pages.

**EDITIONS**

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise**, **Performance**, **Unlimited**, and **Developer** Editions

Applies to: **Aura sites**

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Error Messages for Pages Without Data in Experience Builder

When you use Lightning components to build a template-based page in Experience Builder, sometimes the page doesn’t load correctly on your site. Find out why this error happens, and how you can fix it. Make sure that the component has underlying data.

An error occurs on site pages in one of the following three instances:

- The page has no components
- The page has one or more components, and one or more have no underlying data
- Your org has SEO-friendly URLs enabled, but there’s no URL slug specified for the object type

You see this error when components rely on dynamic data, and they don’t find any underlying data to draw upon. For example, a Group component that doesn’t find a group ID, or a record that can’t find a record ID would both give you an error.

Why do I see this error?

In most situations, the page is trying to draw information when information doesn’t exist. Let’s say you make a record detail page for the Account object. If you don’t have any accounts set up in Salesforce, you see an error. Or let’s say you set up a group detail page, but your new site doesn’t have any groups. Once again, you see an error.
To fix the errors that involve SEO-friendly URLs, add a URL slug to the object that you’re referencing in the component. That way, the component loads the correct data. You can add the URL slug programmatically, such as using Apex, on the `ObjectRelatedUrl` object.

Any gotchas?

The Customer Service template uses topics to organize content in a site. To see topic detail pages, first set up [Navigational Topics in Site Management](#).

The following default pages in the Customer Service template can show this error. Here are some tips on how to fix it.

- **Article Detail**: Create at least one Salesforce Knowledge article in your org.
- **Topic Detail**: Create a Navigational Topic.
- **Question Detail**: Create a Navigational Topic. Use the Ask a Question button to create a question.
- **Feed Detail**: Use the Post Publisher or Ask a Question button to create a post or question.
- **Group Detail**: Create a group in the site.
Create Custom Site Pages with Experience Builder

To extend your Experience Builder template, create custom site pages. To get the most from your Salesforce data, add custom record detail, list, and related list pages. To display individual pieces of content along with any combination of components, use CMS content pages.

Your site’s pages appear alphabetically in the Pages menu. To differentiate them from standard pages, object and content pages are labeled. Other page types, such as availability pages for sites that use the Salesforce content delivery network (CDN) also show an identifying label.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: LWR and Aura sites

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR

- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR

- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

To create a site page from a preconfigured page or an installed object page:

- Customize Application
Create a Flexible Layout
Build highly customized pages using flexible layouts. Create and resize columns within each section, then add and stack sections to build out the page. Bring it all to life using background images and color.

Delete a Page in Experience Builder
Remove a site page or page variation that you no longer need by deleting it from the Page Action menu.

SEE ALSO:
- Personalization with Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Add Salesforce CRM Data to LWR or Aura Sites
- Add Salesforce CMS Content to Your Experience Builder Site

Create a Standard Page
Create a standard page based on a blank layout or on a preconfigured page (if available). Standard pages are the default pages that come with the Experience Builder template or that you create.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Pages menu and then click New Page.
2. Click Standard Page and then choose a layout.
   - For Aura sites, choose a fixed or a flexible layout. Alternatively, if preconfigured pages are available (because you exported or imported custom pages), choose a page or click New Blank Page to select a fixed or a flexible layout. Then click Next.
   - For LWR sites, the page uses a flexible layout by default unless a custom content layout is available to choose.
3. Give the page a name, specify the static portion of the page's URL, and then provide an API Name (optional). Click Create.
4. Add and configure page components on your new page.
5. Preview and publish your site.
Create an Object Page

Create an object page that connects to your Salesforce data. When you create an object page, you actually create three new pages related to the object: a record detail page, a record list page, and a related list page. Each page provides different views and details about the object’s data. Generic object pages display record information for a Salesforce object when custom object pages don’t exist.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Pages menu and then click **New Page**.
2. Click **Object Pages** and then choose the object that you want to associate with the page.
   To toggle between all object pages and installed object pages, use the Show Objects dropdown menu. Installed object pages are pages that were exported from or imported into your org.
3. Click **Create**, and then click **Create** again if prompted.
4. Add and configure page components on your new page.
5. Preview and publish your site.

Create a Content Page

Create a content page to display individual pieces of your Salesforce CMS content. The content types available for the page depend on what content pages you previously created for your site as well as what content types are contained in the CMS workspace connected to your site. For example, if you previously created a news content page for your site, the news content type isn’t available.

Before you create a content page, add your Experience Builder site as a channel in a Salesforce CMS workspace. This step creates the connection between your site and your CMS content. Next, ensure that all content that you want to display on your site is published in your workspace. Content must be published before you can use it on your Aura or LWR site.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Pages menu and then click **New Page**.
2. Click **CMS Content Page** and then choose a content type for the page. Click **Create**.
3. Go to your new content page to add and configure page components.
4. Preview and publish your site.

Create a Page Variation

In Aura sites, you can use page variations to create personalized versions of the same page that are targeted to different audiences. For example, you can create region-specific variations of the Home page instead of creating two separate pages.
1. To access the Page Variations tab (1) for a page, from the Pages menu, click \[\rightarrow\] Page Settings.

2. To duplicate an existing page variation, click \[\rightarrow\] Duplicate (4).

   A copy of the page variation appears in the page variations list. To customize the name of the duplicate page variation, click \[\rightarrow\] Rename.

3. To create a page variation, click New Page Variation (3) and then choose a layout.
   - To create a unique layout, click New Blank Page. Select a layout option then click Next. Give your page variation a name then click Create.
   - To use a preconfigured layout, select one of the available options then click Next. Give your page variation a name then click Create.

4. Add and configure page components on your new page variation.

5. Assign the page variation to an audience.

6. Preview and publish your site.

In Aura sites, if an audience doesn't have an assigned page variation and the default page variation for the object is deleted, users see a generic record layout when they try to access the record. Generic record layouts can include record detail, record list, and record-related list pages.
Create a Flexible Layout

Build highly customized pages using flexible layouts. Create and resize columns within each section, then add and stack sections to build out the page. Bring it all to life using background images and color.

1. Create a custom page using a flexible layout.
   - To use a flexible layout with an existing page, create a page variation.
   - You can make the page span edge to edge, giving you full-screen-width sections using the Set Max Page Width setting. First, create a theme layout from Settings > Theme > Configure. Then, in Edit Properties, deselect Set Max Page Width. Now you can create a page from this theme layout with sections that span the width of the screen.
   - When you select a flexible layout for your page, you can’t change the layout type. The flexible layout lets you customize your page layout to suit your content needs.

2. Build out your sections. A section consists of a row on your page and all of its content.
   - Example section:
     - To add a section above or below the current section, click +.
     - To delete a section, click - . Deleting a section also deletes all of its content. Pages must include at least one section. To delete the only section, create another section and try again.
     - To reorder sections, drag the section to place it where you want it.
3. To customize a section, select it. Use Column Options to add, remove, and resize columns in this section.
   • To customize the column structure in this section, select a column layout icon (1).
   • In the Column Distribution field (2), use the handles between columns to resize them. The columns snap to a 12-column grid. The number in each column represents the grid units the column uses out of 12. So, to get two columns of equal width, you give each a value of 6. A section can have up to six columns.
   • To delete a selected column, click the X beneath it. Deleting a column also deletes all of its content.

4. Use Section Style to add some panache, like background images and color.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Sets the section’s background color. Click the color circle and use the color picker to select a color, or enter a specific hexadecimal code in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Image</td>
<td>Adds a background image to the section. Upload an image or select one from your org’s asset library. Then, select the Image Layout and Image Position in the section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Image Overlay Color</td>
<td>Adds an overlay color to the section. To select a color, click the color swatch or enter a specific hexadecimal code in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Height</td>
<td>Use the slider to set the minimum section height in pixels. Section adjusts automatically when content is taller. Minimum doesn’t apply to phones or tablets in portrait mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Content Width</td>
<td>Use the slider to set the width of content as a percentage of the full width of the section. This setting doesn’t apply to phones or tablets in portrait mode.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SEE ALSO:
Create Custom Site Pages with Experience Builder
Change the Theme Layout of Your Experience Cloud Site’s Pages
Delete a Page in Experience Builder

Remove a site page or page variation that you no longer need by deleting it from the Page Action menu.

Before you delete a page from your site, review Considerations for Page Hierarchy and URL Conflicts in Experience Builder. Keep in mind that you can’t delete:

- The default pages and objects that come with the template
- A page’s default page variation
- A parent page without deleting its subpages
- A custom object page without deleting its related object pages (detail, list, and related list)

To delete a page or page variation:

1. In Experience Builder, open the Pages menu.
2. To access the Page Actions menu, click .
3. To delete a page, click Delete Page.

Deleting a page also deletes the subpages nested under it. For example, when you delete Parent Page, Child Page and Grandchild Page are also deleted:

To delete a subpage page in the page hierarchy, click next to the specific page you want to delete.

4. To delete page variations (if available), open the Page Actions menu and click Page Settings.
5. Open the Page Variations tab.
6. Click the dropdown next to the page variation that you want to delete, then click Delete.
Add Markup to the Page `<head>` to Customize Your Experience Builder Site

Add custom analytics, improve your SEO results, and more by adding custom markup to the page `<head>` in Experience Builder. For example, you can include SEO meta tags that are visible only to search engines, add a `favicon`, or add custom code for Adobe Analytics and Google Tag Manager.

Tip: Google Analytics is supported out-of-the-box by Salesforce, and doesn’t require the following steps. However, before using Google Analytics, you must configure it for your site.

For security purposes, we restrict the tags, attributes, and values allowed in the `<head>` markup of your pages.

### Allowed Tags

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Allowed Tags</th>
<th>Allowed Attributes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;base&gt;</code></td>
<td>href, target</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;link&gt;</code></td>
<td>as, charset, crossover, disabled, href, hreflang, id, import, integrity, media, rel, <code>relList</code>, rev, sheet, sizes, target, title, type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;meta&gt;</code></td>
<td>charset, content, <code>http-equiv</code>, <code>name</code>, <code>property</code>, <code>scheme</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;noscript&gt;</code></td>
<td>Only the following elements are supported: <code>&lt;a&gt;</code>, <code>&lt;iframe&gt;</code>, <code>&lt;img&gt;</code>, and <code>&lt;meta&gt;</code></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;script&gt;</code></td>
<td>Use for custom content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;style&gt;</code></td>
<td>type, media, nonce, title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>&lt;title&gt;</code></td>
<td>None allowed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the content in your `<head>` tag is invalid, you can’t save your work. If you entered unsupported code, hover over ![issue](issue) to see details on the issues.

Existing `<head>` elements that contain invalid markup are stripped from the page before it’s rendered. To get the `<head>` working again, use Experience Builder to remove the unsupported tags.

**EDITIONS**

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
1. In Experience Builder, click 🛠️ > Advanced.

![Advanced Settings in Experience Builder](image)

2. Click **Edit Head Markup**.

3. Enter the markup and save your changes.
   When you add custom markup, the code is added to the `<head>` of every page in your site, including login pages.

4. Before deploying the site to your production org, test the `<head>` markup in your sandbox or DE orgs.
   Depending on the CSP security level of your site, head markup sometimes doesn’t work as expected. See **Select the Relaxed CSP security level**.
   Alternatively, conflicts can arise with Lightning Locker. See **Resolve Lightning Locker Conflicts in Experience Builder** in the *Experience Cloud Developer Guide*.

**Example:** Here we added HTML to include a favicon on our site’s pages.

```
<head>
  <link rel="icon" type="image/png" href="http://example.com/myicon.png"/>
</head>
```

**SEE ALSO:**

- LWR Sites for Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Head Markup in LWR Sites
Expression-Based Component Variations in Enhanced LWR Sites

Site visitors are important to your business and deserve to have the most custom experience possible. With Expression-Based Component Variations, you can create multiple versions of a component and then change the style and visibility settings to make each version unique. You can choose to have a single variation for a targeted group or several variations that apply broadly to subsets of your users. Apply visibility rules to each variation to make it appear to the appropriate site visitors. And when you have multiple variations for the same component, prioritize them so you know when your variations appear and to whom.

Create Component Variations in LWR Sites

Use Expression-Based Component Variations to create multiple versions of your component and assign visibility rules to target specific customer groups with each variation. Component Variations gives your site more flexibility and better opportunities to cater to individual customers and create the best experience possible.
Create Component Variations in LWR Sites

Use Expression-Based Component Variations to create multiple versions of your component and assign visibility rules to target specific customer groups with each variation. Component Variations gives your site more flexibility and better opportunities to cater to individual customers and create the best experience possible.

You can create variations for any component from the Component Variations icon.

1. From Experience Builder, select a component that appears on the canvas or add a new one.
2. Click the Component Variations icon at the top of the properties panel.
3. Click +New Component Variation.
4. Enter a name and save your variation. Your new variation is now listed in the Draft Variations section. It remains in draft state until you add a visibility rule.
   You can change your component name later by selecting the settings dropdown and clicking Edit Name.
5. To differentiate your variation from the default component, select your variation and update the options on the Settings and Style tabs. When you’re ready to make the variation visible, go to the Visibility tab.
6. Click +Add Visibility Rule. Create a rule with one or several conditions. Show or hide your variation when the conditions are met.
7. Save your visibility rule. Your variation is now available in a published state and appears to site visitors when the conditions are met.
8. After you create multiple variations, prioritize them from the Variations dropdown by dragging them into the appropriate order.

Things to keep in mind:

- Each component can have up to 15 variations.
- Priority kicks in when a condition is true for more than one variation. If no conditions are true for any variation, the default component is shown.
- When a component has variations, the variations icon appears on the canvas next to the component name.
- The default component is the original version that your variations are based on. For the default component (Default) is listed next to the component name in the variations list and in the component title.
Expression-Based Visibility in Enhanced LWR Sites

With Expression-Based Visibility, you can create a set of rules that dictate when and to whom your components in your enhanced LWR sites appear. Choose visibility settings based on User and Product object fields such as location, language, buyer groups, and more. Creating visibility conditions based on expressions improves the agility of your site.

Create Dynamic Component Visibility in LWR Sites
Control component visibility on your enhanced LWR site pages by creating rules that contain conditions. Stack multiple conditions to create the perfect set of visibility conditions for each component.

Expression-Based Visibility Rules in LWR Sites
Use Expression-Based Visibility to define when and to whom your components appear in your enhanced LWR sites. Create component visibility rules from the Visibility tab on your components.

Build an Expression-Based Visibility Rule in LWR Sites Using Custom Logic
Build your own custom logic to show or hide a component or component variation. Create a custom logic expression by adding your conditions for component visibility.
Create Dynamic Component Visibility in LWR Sites

Control component visibility on your enhanced LWR site pages by creating rules that contain conditions. Stack multiple conditions to create the perfect set of visibility conditions for each component.

⚠️ Important: Visibility rules created during the Spring '23 pilot are no longer functional and must be replaced in future releases.

You can create rules for any component in Experience Builder by using the Visibility tab.

1. From Experience Builder, select a component that appears on the canvas.
2. Click the Visibility tab.
3. Click +Add Visibility Rule. Create a rule with one or several conditions. Show or hide your component when the conditions are met.
4. Save your rule. Your new rule is viewable and editable from the Visibility tab.

Important: Visibility rules created during the Spring '23 pilot are no longer functional and must be replaced in future releases.
Expression-Based Visibility Rules in LWR Sites

Use Expression-Based Visibility to define when and to whom your components appear in your enhanced LWR sites. Create component visibility rules from the Visibility tab on your components.

**Important:** Visibility rules created during the Spring '23 pilot are no longer functional and must be replaced in future releases.

**Note:** You can also hide or show components based on device type.

For each component you can create a single rule that can contain multiple conditions. Each condition can have up to 5 spans. For example, `User.Record.Last Modified By.Contact.Account Name.ShippingCity` contains six spans so it isn’t allowed. If you don’t create any rules, the component appears to everyone. Rules are created using AND, OR, or custom logic.

**Example:** Consider a rule with a Show component state and two conditions using AND logic. One condition says that the User Record City must equal Chicago and the second says that the User Record Title must equal Marketing Manager. The component appears to all users that are in Chicago AND have the title of Marketing Manager. If you changed the logic to OR, the component appears to anyone in Chicago OR anyone with the title of Marketing Manager.

Selectable condition values depend on the type of resource. If you select a field with a predefined list of values, the list is populated in the Value dropdown. If you select an open text field, an open text field is available for the value.

**Note:** Visibility rules aren’t visible from the canvas. From preview mode, user type is evaluated based on the mode, and rules apply if relevant.

Supported Objects, Fields, Field Types, and Operators

Two objects are supported: User and Product. Not all fields are supported for either object.

Component visibility rules rely on the data captured in fields associated with the page’s object. Not all fields, field types, and operators are supported. Supported operators depend on the selected field type.

Supported field types:

- String type fields: Autonumber, Currency, Email, Number, Percent, Phone, Text, Text Area, URL
- Checkbox (boolean)
- Number
- Picklist
- Multi picklist

Supported Operators:

- `=` and `==` (Equal)
- `<>` or `!=` (Not Equal)
- `>` (Greater Than)
- `>=` (Greater Than or Equal)
- `<` (Less Than)
- `<=` (Less Than or Equal)
- CONTAINS (only available for string, picklist, and multi-picklist fields)
Build an Expression-Based Visibility Rule in LWR Sites Using Custom Logic

Build your own custom logic to show or hide a component or component variation. Create a custom logic expression by adding your conditions for component visibility.

You can create visibility rules for any component in Experience Builder from the Visibility tab. Before creating a custom logic expression, add and specify the conditions. When you add a condition, it’s numbered. Your first condition is numbered 1, the second is numbered 2, and so forth. Use these conditions to build your expression.

1. From Experience Builder, select a component that appears on the canvas.
2. From the Visibility tab, click + Add Visibility Rule.
3. From the Component State dropdown, choose to show or hide the component.
4. To add a condition for the logic, click Add Condition. Choose values for all the conditions that you add.
   Add at least two conditions.
5. From the When dropdown, select The Custom Logic Is Met.
6. In the Custom Logic field, enter your custom logic expression.

Consider these criteria when you build a custom logic expression: Include at least 2 conditions, use all the added conditions, and use only AND and OR operators.

7. Save your work.

Example: Consider a scenario where you add three conditions: 1, 2, and 3. Your custom logic expression can be 1 AND 2 OR 3. In this case, your component or variation would appear when the conditions 1 and 2 are met, or when only condition 3 is met.

Another scenario: Consider the logic ((1 OR 2) AND (2 OR 3)). In this example your component would appear when either condition 1 or 2 is met AND condition 2 or 3 is met.
Personalization with Audience Targeting in Aura Sites

Keep your users engaged by offering personalized, relevant content that’s customized for a particular audience. To create an audience, you assemble a set of criteria that defines a user segment. You can then tailor a single site to meet the needs of multiple user segments. For example, you can present the same site with a different look and feel for each audience or show different pages, components, or data to different audiences.

**Important:** An audience varies what your site visitors can see, but don’t use audiences to keep sensitive data private. Instead, use standard security methods.

To create an audience, you can choose from among several criteria types, such as user related or record related. You can assign audiences to page variations, branding sets, or components. For certain components, you also can assign an audience to a component variation to personalize the content that different audiences see within the component.

- **Page variations**—Apply audiences to show users different versions of the same page, such as the home page or a record detail page.
- **Branding sets**—Show the same content to everyone, with a different look and feel for each audience.
- **Components**—All users see the same page, but what’s on the page differs among user segments.
- **Component variations**—For the CMS Collection, Navigation Menu, and Tile Menu components, all users see the components, but the content in the components differs by user segment.

For example, your company offers products that differ between North America and Europe. Rather than create an individual site for each region, you can create region-specific versions of the same site. Then you can define audiences based on geolocation and apply each audience to a regional site version. Your audience in North America sees one version, and your audience in Europe sees the other version.

**Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites**

Audiences are a great help when you want to target specific user segments with relevant site content. As you work with audiences, there are some things to consider.

**Create an Audience for an Aura Site**

You define an audience by selecting criteria and the conditions under which the criteria apply. After you create an audience, you can assign it to a page variation, branding set, or component. You also can assign an audience to a component variation to personalize the content that different user segments see in the CMS Collection, Navigation Menu, and Tile Menu components.
Assign an Audience to a Page Variation
You can show different pages to different audiences.

Assign an Audience to a Branding Set
You can tailor your branding to different audiences. For example, you can show one look and feel to your customers and another to your partners.

Assign an Audience to a Component
When you assign an audience to a page component, all users see the same page, but the components that are visible on the page differ among user segments. For example, you have a page that's visible to site members and guest users, and you want your members to be able to post questions and comments. You can add the Feed Publisher component to the page and assign this component to an audience for site members only. Your members can see the component, and guest users can't.

Assign an Audience to a Component Variation
Use audiences to vary the content that users see within the CMS Collection, Navigation Menu, or Tile Menu components. For example, show one navigation menu to your site members and a more abbreviated navigation menu to guest users. Or show different CMS content to internal employees and external partners.

Prioritize Audiences in Aura Sites
When site visitors meet the criteria for more than one audience, you can prioritize which page variation, branding set, navigation menu, or CMS collection they see. To prioritize audiences, at least two audiences must be assigned to the page variation, branding set, or component variation.

Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
Audiences are a great help when you want to target specific user segments with relevant site content. As you work with audiences, there are some things to consider.

General Considerations
- You can create up to 1,500 audiences per site. To locate an audience in the Assign Audiences window, you can search using the % wildcard. You can also sort audiences by name or creation date.
- You can't assign audiences to the components in the template header and footer sections.
- Custom object records aren't automatically available in partial copy sandboxes and can cause issues with audiences that reference the custom objects. To avoid this situation, follow one of these recommendations.
  - Include the custom object data in your sandbox.
  - Temporarily remove the criteria that reference the custom object.
  - Edit records that include the custom object, and delete the data in the custom object lookup field.
- After you publish your site, a slight delay can occur as your site loads, during which you see the default version of a page, component, or branding set. In this case, wait a bit and reload the page.
- When an audience contains record-based criteria, field-level security that's applied to criteria in the audience can restrict site visibility based on those field-level security settings. However, when an audience contains only user-based criteria, field-level security settings don't restrict site visibility.

Location Criteria Considerations
- The user's IP address, which can be in a neighboring geographical area, determines the location.
• The location permission isn’t on by default in Developer Edition orgs. Contact Salesforce if you want to use this feature in that edition.
• Some countries don’t permit use of the Google API. Location criteria don’t work for those regions.
• Custom location fields aren’t available for use as audience criteria.
• Keep location criteria broad. If an audience that’s limited to a particular city is unlikely to get much traffic, try using a larger geographic area, such as a state or a country. Or create one audience with multiple cities or states in the location criteria.
• If you use an external CDN service, you must set the True-Client-IP header in your external CDN. Audience targeting can return unexpected results without this header. Refer to your CDN provider documentation for help with setting up headers.

Domain Criteria Considerations
• Available domains are created in Salesforce and associated with a site through a custom URL.
• Domain criteria aren’t available in Developer Edition orgs.

Record-Based Criteria Considerations
• Record-based criteria use record fields, such as opportunity amount, not user fields, such as role.
• You can assign an audience that includes record-based criteria only to a record detail page or a variation of that record detail page.
• You can’t assign an audience that includes record-based criteria to a branding set or component. Audiences that include record-based criteria don’t appear on the list of audiences to choose from.
• When you create an audience from a component or branding set, record-based criteria aren’t available for selection.

Audience Criteria Considerations
• If an audience contains record-based criteria, you can’t use that audience as a criterion in another audience.
• You can’t use an audience as a criterion for itself.
• An audience that’s used as a criterion for another audience can contain up to 10 criteria.
• Audience criteria can be only one level deep. For example, you have three audiences: a California User audience, a Partner audience, and a Dog Owner audience. You can use Dog Owner as a criterion for Partner. However, you can’t then use Partner as a criterion for California User because Partner already contains an audience criterion: Dog Owner.
• Layering audiences can be tricky. For example, if you have a San Francisco audience assigned to a page variation, all your users in San Francisco can see the page. If you add “company name” as a criterion to a component on the page, that component is visible only to users in San Francisco who work for that company. If you assign a California audience to the component, no one outside San Francisco can see the component because the entire page is assigned to the narrower San Francisco audience.
Create an Audience for an Aura Site

You define an audience by selecting criteria and the conditions under which the criteria apply. After you create an audience, you can assign it to a page variation, branding set, or component. You also can assign an audience to a component variation to personalize the content that different user segments see in the CMS Collection, Navigation Menu, and Tile Menu components.

You can follow the basic steps to create an audience or, for more complex audience creation, you can build an audience with a custom formula that uses AND and OR statements.

These steps walk you through how to create an audience in the New Audience window, which you can open from the Assign Audience window. How to access the Assign Audience window depends on whether you start from a page variation, branding set, or component. See these topics to learn how to navigate to the Assign Audience and New Audience windows from those different site locations:

- Assign an Audience to a Page Variation
- Assign an Audience to a Branding Set
- Assign an Audience to a Component
- Assign an Audience to a Component Variation

**Note:** When you create an audience from a component or branding set, the audience can’t include record-based criteria. You can include record-based criteria only when you create an audience from a page variation.

Create an Audience—Basic Steps

1. In the Assign Audience window, click **New Audience**.

2. Name the audience. For example, **California Partners**.

3. **Note:** When you create an audience from a component or branding set, the audience can’t include record-based criteria. You can include record-based criteria only when you create an audience from a page variation.
3. Under Audience Matches When, select which conditions are required for the audience to apply. For example, **All Conditions Are Met**.

4. Click the **Criteria Type** field, and select a criteria type from the menu. For example, **Location** or **User > Profile > User Type**.

5. Select an operator. For example, **equals**.

6. Enter a value for this criterion. For example, enter a location or select **Partner** from the menu.

7. To add more criteria, click **Add Condition**.

8. After you set all the criteria that you want to define the audience, save your changes.

Now you can assign the audience.

**Create an Audience with Custom Logic**

Let’s say you want to create a highly targeted audience, such as marketing managers in California and sales managers in New York. You can create one audience with multiple user and location criteria and use parentheses and the **AND** operator to group the related criteria. Then you can separate the groups with the **OR** operator.

1. In the Assign Audience window, click **New Audience**.

2. Name the audience. For example, **CA Marketing and NY Sales Mgrs**.
3. Under Audience Matches When, select **Custom Logic Is Met**.

4. Add the user and location criteria.
   - User > Manager > Department equals Marketing
   - Location equals California, United States
   - User > Manager > Department equals Sales
   - Location equals New York, United States

5. In the Condition Logic field, group the criteria using parentheses, pairing each targeted role and location with AND, and separating the groups with OR: 
   \[(1 \text{ AND } 2) \text{ OR } (3 \text{ AND } 4)\].
   
   For example, pairing \((1 \text{ and } 2)\) puts the marketing managers in California in one group, and \((3 \text{ and } 4)\) puts the sales managers in New York in another group. When you assign the audience, these criteria apply to users who fit in either group.

6. Save your changes.

   Now you can assign the audience.

---

**Criteria Types and Conditions for Audience Creation**

You can use several types of criteria to define an audience and determine the conditions under which the criteria apply.

---

**SEE ALSO:**

- Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Criteria Types and Conditions for Audience Creation
Criteria Types and Conditions for Audience Creation

You can use several types of criteria to define an audience and determine the conditions under which the criteria apply.

Audience Criteria Types

Profile
Target users who fit a particular profile that's defined in your org—for example, Customer Community User, Partner, Marketing User.

Location
Target users who are in a particular geographic area, such as a state or country, as determined by their IP address.
For limitations to keep in mind, see Location Criteria Considerations on page 458.

Domain
Target users based on how they enter your site, such as via coffee.awsimporters.com or tea.awsimporters.com.
For limitations to keep in mind, see Domain Criteria Considerations on page 459.

User Object
Target users based on CRM fields, such as the department that they work in or their role. You can select these types of fields on CRM objects.
- Text
- Picklist
- Multi-select picklist
- Number
- Checkbox
- Currency
- Date (but not Date/Time)

Permission
Target users who are assigned particular permissions in your org.

Record-Based Criteria
Vary what users can see based on the characteristics of the record that they're viewing. For example, show different record detail pages for a low-priority case and an escalated case, or show different pages for high-value versus low-value opportunities. You can use these objects to create record-based criteria.
- Account
- Asset
- Campaign
- Case
- Contact
- Contract
- Lead
- Opportunity
- Product2
- ProductCategory
• Quote
• Custom objects
• Any object, except Knowledge, with at least one record type (only some fields available)

For limitations to keep in mind, see Record-Based Criteria Considerations on page 459.

Audience
To avoid re-creating complex sets of criteria, you can use audiences as criteria to create another audience. For example, you have a site that sells coffee and tea, and you created audiences for coffee drinkers, tea drinkers, and high-volume customers. Then you want to market a special opportunity for coffee drinkers in California who are high-volume customers. You can create an audience just for this sale using your Coffee Drinkers and High-Volume Customers audiences, plus a location criterion for California.

For limitations to keep in mind, see Audience Criteria Considerations on page 459.

Conditions for Audience Matching
In the Audience Matches When picklist, you determine the conditions under which your audience criteria apply. The criteria can apply when:
• All conditions are met
• Any condition is met
• Custom logic is met

For example, you create an audience with a Location criterion of California and a Profile criterion of Customer Community User. If the audience criteria apply when all conditions are met, only users in California with the Customer Community User profile can see your content. If the audience criteria apply when any condition is met, any user in California, and any user anywhere with the Customer Community User profile, can see your content.
To create more complex audiences, you can use custom logic. With custom logic, you use AND and OR statements to group and apply audience criteria. For example, you have an internal site, and you want to target content to marketing managers based in California and sales managers based in New York. You can use custom logic so that users who fall into either of these audiences can see that content.

SEE ALSO:
- Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Create an Audience for an Aura Site

Assign an Audience to a Page Variation
You can show different pages to different audiences.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Pages menu in the top toolbar, hover over the page that you want to edit, and click the Page Actions icon.

![Page Actions and Page Setting](image)

2. Select Page Settings, and open the Page Variations tab.

3. Click the down arrow for the page variation that you want to work with, and select Assign or, if the page variation already has an assigned audience, select Edit Assignment.

4. In the Assign Audience window, click New Audience to create an audience. Name the audience, set the criteria to define it, select the conditions when the audience matches, and click Save & Assign.

5. To assign an existing audience to the page variation, select the audience, click Assign, and click Done.
6. To make these changes visible to your site visitors, publish the site.

Each page has a default page version. Site visitors who don’t meet the criteria for an assigned audience see the default page. To set the audience visibility of a page variation to Default, in the Page Variation window, click the down arrow next to the page variation, and select **Set to Default**. You can’t edit the audience assignment of the default page variation.

When you want to hide a page variation from all site visitors, you can set its audience visibility to None. Click the down arrow next to the page variation, and select **Unassign**. A page variation that’s not assigned to an audience isn’t visible to any site visitors.

SEE ALSO:
- Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Criteria Types and Conditions for Audience Creation
- Create an Audience for an Aura Site
- Prioritize Audiences in Aura Sites
- Blog post: How to Personalize the Shared Regions of Your Experience Builder Site
Assign an Audience to a Branding Set

You can tailor your branding to different audiences. For example, you can show one look and feel to your customers and another to your partners.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Theme panel, click the down arrow next to the panel title, and select Manage Branding Sets.

2. In the Branding Sets pane, click the down arrow for the branding set that you want to work with, and select Assign. Or, if the branding set already has an assigned audience, select Edit Assignment.

3. In the Assign Audience window, click New Audience. Name the audience, set the criteria to define it, select the conditions when the audience matches, and click Save & Assign.

4. To assign an existing audience to the branding set, select the audience, click Assign, and click Done.

5. To make these changes visible to your site visitors, publish the site.
Each Experience Cloud site has a branding set that’s assigned to the default audience. Site visitors who don’t meet the criteria for an assigned audience see the default branding. You can’t edit the audience assignment of the default branding set.

SEE ALSO:
- Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Criteria Types and Conditions for Audience Creation
- Create an Audience for an Aura Site
- Prioritize Audiences in Aura Sites

Assign an Audience to a Component

When you assign an audience to a page component, all users see the same page, but the components that are visible on the page differ among user segments. For example, you have a page that’s visible to site members and guest users, and you want your members to be able to post questions and comments. You can add the Feed Publisher component to the page and assign this component to an audience for site members only. Your members can see the component, and guest users can’t.

1. In Experience Builder, click the component that you want to work with. The blue outline around the component indicates that it doesn’t have an assigned audience.

2. In the component’s properties panel, click the down arrow next to the component name, and select Assign.

3. In the Assign Audience window, click New Audience. Name the audience, set the criteria to define it, select the conditions when the audience matches, and click Save & Assign.
4. To assign an existing audience to the component, select the audience, click **Assign**, and click **Done**.

The component outline changes to purple and shows an audience icon to indicate that the component has an audience assigned. In the component’s properties panel, the audience icon and the name of the assigned audience appear with the component name. In Experience Builder, a note at the top of the page alerts you that at least one component on the page has a specific audience.

**Note:** You can’t assign an audience that includes record-based criteria to a component. Therefore, the Assign Audience window for a component doesn’t show audiences that include record-based criteria. You also can’t assign an audience to a component in the page template’s header or footer section.

5. To make these changes visible to your site visitors, publish the site.

**Note:** With the Navigation Menu, Tile Menu, and CMS Collection components, you also can control which information within the component is visible to different audiences. See Assign an Audience to a Component Variation.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Criteria Types and Conditions for Audience Creation
- Create an Audience for an Aura Site
- Assign an Audience to a Component Variation
Assign an Audience to a Component Variation

Use audiences to vary the content that users see within the CMS Collection, Navigation Menu, or Tile Menu components. For example, show one navigation menu to your site members and a more abbreviated navigation menu to guest users. Or show different CMS content to internal employees and external partners.

When you assign an audience to a CMS Collection component variation on page 470, you can determine which CMS content that audience sees within the component. When you assign an audience to a Navigation Menu or Tile Menu component variation on page 471, you can determine which items appear in the navigation menu for that audience.

You can assign only one audience to each component variation. To prioritize audiences for component variations, see Prioritize Audiences in Aura Sites.

Assign an Audience to a CMS Collection

1. In Experience Builder, click the CMS Collection component that you want to work with.
2. In the component’s properties panel:
   - If no CMS collection has been added to the component, click Add Collection, select a collection, and click Personalize.
   - If a CMS collection has been added to the component, click Personalize.
3. In the first Assign audiences window:
   - If no collection has an assigned audience, click in the CMS Collection field, and select a collection from the menu.

   ![Assign audiences](image)

   - If an audience is already assigned to at least one collection, click Add Assignment, click in the CMS Collection field, and select another collection from the menu.

   ![Assign audiences](image)

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
4. Click *Select audience* for the collection.

5. In the second Assign Audience window:
   - To create an audience, click *New Audience*. Name the audience, set the criteria to define it, select the conditions when the audience matches, and click *Save & Assign*.
   - To assign an existing audience, select the audience, click *Assign*, and click *Done*.

6. To assign an audience to another CMS collection, click *Add Assignment*, and follow steps 3–5. Otherwise, click *Done*.

7. To make these changes visible to your site visitors, publish the site.

**Assign an Audience to a Navigation Menu or Tile Menu**

1. In Experience Builder, click the Navigation Menu or Tile Menu component that you want to work with.

2. In the component’s properties panel:
   - If no default menu has been selected in the Default Menu field, select one. Then click *Personalize*.
   - If a default menu has been selected, click *Personalize*.

3. In the first Assign audiences window:
   - If no navigation menu has an assigned audience, click in the Menu field, and select a navigation menu.
   - If at least one navigation menu has an assigned audience, click *Add Assignment*, click in the Menu field, and select another menu.

4. Click *Select audience* for the menu.

5. In the second Assign Audience window:
To create an audience, click **New Audience**. Name the audience, set the criteria to define it, select the conditions when the audience matches, and click **Save & Assign**.

To assign an existing audience, select the audience, click **Assign**, and click **Done**.

6. To assign an audience to another menu variation, click **Add Assignment**, and follow steps 3–5. Otherwise, click **Done**.

7. To make these changes visible to your site visitors, publish the site.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Criteria Types and Conditions for Audience Creation
- Create an Audience for an Aura Site
- Assign an Audience to a Component
- Prioritize Audiences in Aura Sites
Prioritize Audiences in Aura Sites

When site visitors meet the criteria for more than one audience, you can prioritize which page variation, branding set, navigation menu, or CMS collection they see. To prioritize audiences, at least two audiences must be assigned to the page variation, branding set, or component variation.

Prioritize Audiences for Page Variations

Let’s say you have a page variation for all North American site members and one specifically for Canadian members. Canadian site members meet the criteria for two audiences, the broader North American audience and the more narrowly targeted Canadian audience. To prioritize which variation of the page is visible to Canadian members, adjust the order of the pages in the Page Variations panel.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Pages menu in the top toolbar, hover over the page that you want to work with, and click the Page Actions icon.
2. Click Page Settings, and open the Page Variations tab.
3. Drag the page variation that you want to show to the more narrowly targeted audience (1) into the first position on the priority list (2). In this case, the Home (Canada) page, assigned to your Members Canada audience, is in the first position on the priority list.
4. Drag the page for the more broadly defined audience into the second position on the priority list. In this case, the Home (North America) page, assigned to your Members North America audience, is in the second position on the priority list.

In this example, all site members in Canada now see the Canadian home page because it has first priority. Everyone else in the Members North America audience sees the North American home page. Site members who don’t fall into any audience see the default home page (3).

Prioritize Audiences for Branding Sets

To vary the style and appearance of your site for different audiences, the process is similar. Let’s see how that works for the Canadian and North American audiences.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Theme panel, click the down arrow next to the panel title, and select Manage Branding Sets.
2. In the Branding Sets panel, click the list view option (1).
3. Drag the branding set that you want to show to the more narrowly targeted audience (2) into the first position on the priority list (3). In this case, the Canadian branding set, assigned to your Members Canada audience, is in the first position on the priority list.

4. Drag the branding set for the more broadly defined audience into the second position on the priority list. In this case, the North American branding set, assigned to your Members North America audience, is in the second position on the priority list.

In this example, all site members in Canada now see the look and feel of your site that you designed specifically for your Canadian audience. Everyone else in the Members North America audience sees the site branding that you designed for the broader North American audience. Site members who don’t fall into any audience see the look and feel that you designed for your default branding set (4).

Prioritize Audiences for Component Variations

To prioritize audiences for component variations, the process is the same for the CMS Collection, Navigation Menu, and Tile Menu components. Let’s say that you have separate navigation menus for regular and VIP site members. Your VIP site members meet the criteria for two audiences, the broader Site Members audience and the more narrowly targeted VIP Members audience. To ensure that your VIP members see their special navigation menu, prioritize the variations for the menu component.

1. In Experience Builder, click the component.

2. In the component’s properties panel, click Personalize.

3. Drag the more narrowly targeted component variation (1), into the first position on the priority list (2). In this case, the VIP Members audience is in the first position on the priority list.

4. Drag the more broadly targeted component variation into the second position on the priority list. In this case, the Site Members audience is in the second position on the priority list.

In this example, VIP site members now see their special navigation menu because that component variation has first priority. Users who visit your site and don’t fall into any specified audience see the default navigation menu (3).
Use Visualforce in Experience Builder Sites

If you created Visualforce pages, actions, buttons, links, and canvas apps for your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template-based sites, you can use them in Experience Builder sites.

Note: To include a Visualforce page on a site page, use the Visualforce Page component in Experience Builder.

For example, say that you have the Salesforce CPQ app installed in your org. You can create a quote detail page and use the Visualforce Page component to display the quote line editor or other pages. If you have configured actions, buttons, and links associated with standard or custom objects, they work in sites as well. And canvas app overlays let you host third-party applications in your site.

1. Give Visualforce page access to users by profile.
   a. From Setup, enter Profiles in the Quick Find box, then select Profiles.
   b. Click the name of the profile that you want to modify.
   d. In the Available Visualforce Pages list, select the Visualforce pages that you want to make available to this profile, and click Add.
   e. Save your changes.
2. Make the Visualforce page available for your site.
   
a. From Setup, enter *Visualforce* in the Quick Find box, then select *Visualforce Pages*.

   b. Click **Edit** for the page that you want to make available for your site.

   c. Select **Available for Lightning Experience, Experience Builder sites, and the mobile app**, and save the change.

   ![Visualforce Page Component](image)

   If you want to use the page in an Experience Builder template, make sure that **Require CSRF protection on GET requests** isn’t selected, because it prevents the page from rendering.

   Visualforce Page Component—To add a Visualforce page to your Customer Service site, drag the Visualforce Page component from the Components panel to the page. In the property panel, select the Visualforce page that you want to use.

   ![Visualforce Component](image)

   **Tip:** If the Visualforce page requires the Record ID from an object such as Account, create object pages for Account. Then drag the Visualforce Page component onto the object’s detail page. The Record ID field adjusts to the object’s ID.

   Custom Actions—If you have custom actions with an action type of *Custom Visualforce* associated with a Visualforce page, these actions work in published sites. When users click the action button, the associated Visualforce page is displayed.
Important: Visualforce overrides to standard actions such as View, New, Edit, and Delete aren’t supported in sites. These buttons on record detail pages don’t display in sites.

Custom Buttons and Links—If you have custom buttons and links with a content source of Visualforce Page, these buttons and links work in published sites. When users click the button or link, the associated Visualforce page shows.

Note: The Behavior setting for custom buttons and links isn’t supported. When users click custom buttons in published sites, the Visualforce page is always displayed in the current window.

Experience Builder sites don’t support custom list buttons with a URL source, and they don’t support Visualforce custom list buttons.

Canvas Apps—You can use canvas apps as custom actions to give users access to the functionality of your apps in sites. Configure your canvas app for Lightning Component and Visualforce Page in Canvas App Settings. You can then load the canvas app inside a Visualforce page, Visualforce action, and Lightning components in published sites.
Experience Cloud

Manage Your Site’s Pages and Their Properties in Experience
Builder

Note: Canvas apps and quick actions aren’t supported for guest users. They’re supported on sites only for logged-in users.
You can opt to hide the publisher header and publisher Share button in Canvas App Settings.
Best Practices for Using Visualforce in Experience Builder Sites
• Site Branding—When developing your Visualforce page code, set the showHeader attribute to true. That way, branding
properties that you set in Administration > Branding in Experience Workspaces also apply to the Visualforce page component in
your Customer Service site. To modify the default gray background for Visualforce components, change the Header Background
property on the Branding page.
• Mobile—To enable Visualforce pages to display site branding on mobile, set standardStylesheets=true or
showHeader=true in your Visualforce page code.
• URLs—If your Visualforce page contains links to other Visualforce pages, ensure that the Visualforce markup includes http://
or https:// at the start of the URL. Also, if your page is locked in a frame, use the target="_top" attribute to open the
page in the full body of the window. For example,
<a href="https://yourVFpageURL.com" target="_top" >Name of Visualforce Page</a>

• JavaScript Sources—Use JavaScript sources such as connection.js, apex.js, debugshell.js, and util.js in
Visualforce pages in either of the following ways:
<apex:includeScript value="/soap/ajax/36.0/connection.js"/> or
loadScript("/soap/ajax/36.0/connection.js")

• Images—Hard-coded image URLs in Visualforce pages aren’t supported in Experience Builder preview. We recommend that you
upload images as static resources as follows:
<img alt="{{msg.severity}}" class="msgIcon" src="{!$Resource.spacerImage}"
title="{{msg.severity}}"/>

• Standard Page Layouts—Visualforce pages embedded in standard page layouts aren’t supported in Experience Builder sites.
• Custom Theme Layouts—Visualforce pages always use the default theme layout when rendered in an Experience Builder site, even
if you’ve applied a custom theme layout to your site pages.

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Add Streams to Your Experience Builder Site

Your site users can combine multiple feeds into a stream to create a single point of access to related information. Combine feeds of top contributors or discussions concerning a particular product line. Create a stream that combines feeds from discussions, groups, topics, profiles, and all kinds of objects, like cases, opportunities, and accounts. No more jumping from feed-to-feed to get a sense of what people are saying. Each member can create up to 100 streams.

In the Experience Builder, add the Stream List page to navigation, and you’re done.

1. In your site, open Experience Builder.
2. Click the navigation bar, and then click Navigation Menu.
3. Click Add Menu Item.
4. In the Menu Item panel, enter a name for the Stream List page, for example, STREAMS.
5. For Type, select Community Page.
6. For Page, select Stream List.
7. Choose whether to make the Stream List page publicly available.
8. Click Publish, and then click Publish again.
9. In the banner, click Publish, and then, in the confirmation dialog, click Publish again.

Site users have access to tools for creating and viewing their own streams.
Track Site Users with Your Google Analytics Tracking ID

Add your Google Analytics™ tracking ID to track page views. Enable access to your Salesforce data for deeper insights. Then, adjust your pages to more accurately reach your customers.

To track using Google Analytics:

1. In Experience Builder, click on the left sidebar and click Advanced.
2. Enter your Google Analytics tracking ID.

3. To track user types, user IDs, and search activity, enable Let Google Analytics access your Salesforce data for deeper insights into search activity.
4. To enable the masking of IP addresses on the Google server side, which helps with privacy compliance or concerns, Use IP Anonymization.
5. To enable the service, publish the site.

Your site’s analytics data streams directly to the Google Analytics service where you can review and interpret it.

After you’ve set up Google Analytics to integrate with your data, you can create your own reports.

For developers of custom Lightning components, we provide the global forceCommunity:analyticsInteraction event. Use this event to track events triggered by the custom component.

Configure Google Analytics™ for Experience Cloud Sites

Set up Google Analytics to track user IDs, user types, and search activity so this information can be pulled into meaningful reports.

SEE ALSO:

Lightning Components Developer Guide: forceCommunity:analyticsInteraction

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Configure Google Analytics™ for Experience Cloud Sites

Set up Google Analytics to track user IDs, user types, and search activity so this information can be pulled into meaningful reports.

Google Analytics integrates with your self-service site to track user types, user IDs, page views on Salesforce objects, and customer search activity. To capture this information correctly, some initial setup is required.


2. Go to Settings > Advanced and enter your Google Analytics ID.
   For more information about the Google Analytics ID, check the Google Analytics documentation.

3. Select Let Google Analytics access your Salesforce data for deeper insights into search activity.
   This step lets Google Analytics track user types, user IDs, and customer search activity in your site.

4. To enable the masking of IP addresses on the Google server side, select Use IP Anonymization.
   Masking IP addresses helps with privacy compliance and concerns.

5. Create custom dimensions in your Google Analytics account that capture user type and Salesforce object information.
   a. From your Google Analytics account, go to Admin > Property > Custom Definitions > Custom Dimensions, and click +New Custom Dimension.
   b. For the first index you want to use, enter the name User Type and select Hit for the scope.
   c. For the second index, enter the name Salesforce Object and select Hit for the scope.

   Note: The Google Analytics console auto assigns sequential indexes based on how many variables you created. Configure the custom dimension indexes in the site so that they match the indexes of the newly created variables.

6. Create a User-ID view.
   With the User-ID view, you can analyze how specific segments of traffic with an assigned ID engage with your content.
   a. Go to Admin > Property > Tracking Info > User-ID and follow the instructions.
   b. For the User-ID view, enter the name User Explorer.

7. To track the way different types of users are interacting with the site, click Reporting > Audience > User Explorer > User Flow.
   After you integrate Google Analytics, you can install the preconfigured Google Analytics for Salesforce Communities package or create your own reports.
Multilingual Sites

Experience Builder lets you create different language versions of your site to serve separate international audiences. For example, let’s say that you have customers in France and Germany. You can deliver the same site experience to each in the language that’s appropriate for their region.

When you create a multilingual site, you don’t have to create a separate site for each language. And there’s also no need to duplicate pages within the site for each language. Instead, Experience Builder lets you add translated content to the properties of each component. Translating content through properties lets you maintain all languages within the site.

After you choose which languages you want your site to support, an in-built language menu lets you switch between languages when editing component properties. Content editing is quick and easy because you never have to leave the page to change to another language.

Alternatively, if you use a translation service, you can export site content as an .xml file and send it for translation. After you receive the edited file, simply import it back into your site to populate each page component with the translated content.

You can also apply your own Google Cloud Translation API key to integrate Google Translate into your feeds. Give your site the ability to instantly translate posts, questions, polls, and their comments, answers, and replies.

Create a Multilingual Site
Creating a multilingual site involves a few main steps. Define the languages that you want your site to support. Add translated content for each language. And enable site visitors to choose their preferred language.

Set the Default Language for Your Aura Site
The default language is the language that’s used in a site before a user has selected another language. By default, the default language is set to English (US).

Add Languages to Your Aura Sites
Add the languages that you want your site to support.

Set Language Options
After you add Experience Builder sites languages, you can define separate settings for each language.

Edit Language Content on the Page
Experience Builder provides its own language menu that you can use to switch between languages as you edit content on each page. Switch languages and provide spot translations, like fixing a typo. You can also use this method for full page translations instead of exporting and importing site content.

Export Language Content
Export and prepare Experience Builder site content as one or multiple .xml files. Prepare the files for translation by creating nodes for specific languages. Then send the file to your translation service.

Import Translated Content
After your translation service has completed the translations, import the translated .xml file into your Experience Builder site.
Delete a Language
When you delete a language, the translated content isn’t deleted—it’s just no longer visible. When you add the language back to the Experience Builder site, you can access the translated content again.

Best Practices and Considerations for Multilingual Sites
Keep these practices and considerations in mind when you’re setting up a multilingual site.

Add a Translate Button to Feed Items in Experience Builder Sites
A translation setting in Experience Builder puts a Translate with Google menu on every feed item. Translations are offered through a Google Cloud Translation API key that you provide.

SEE ALSO:
Blog post: Localization within Experience Cloud Sites
Language Selector
Create a Multilingual Site

Creating a multilingual site involves a few main steps. Define the languages that you want your site to support. Add translated content for each language. And enable site visitors to choose their preferred language.

Here’s an overview of the steps to take to create a multilingual site.

1. Set the default language for your site. It’s important to set the default language before you add translated content to your site.
2. Add languages to the site.
3. Set options for each language, such as the display label and fallback language.
4. Export and prepare the content, and send it for translation. Alternatively, you can translate content directly on the page in Experience Builder.
5. Import the translated content.
6. Add a Language Selector component to your site pages, so unauthenticated users can choose their preferred language.

Tip: Consider offering users a way to get instant translations of feed items. (Feed items include posts, questions, polls, and their comments, answers, and replies.) For more information, see Add a Translate Button to Feed Items in Experience Builder Sites on page 496.

SEE ALSO:

Best Practices and Considerations for Multilingual Sites
Set the Default Language for Your Aura Site

The default language is the language that’s used in a site before a user has selected another language. By default, the default language is set to English (US).

Before you add any language content to your site, you must set the site’s default language. A site’s default language isn’t the same as the default language setting in your Salesforce org. This behavior is deliberate. Let’s say you have multiple sites and want a different default language for each. At the same time, you want your org default language to be consistent. With a separate default language for your org, it’s easy to set things up this way.

1. In Experience Builder, click > Languages.
2. Select a language from the Default Site Language list.

   **Note:** If you plan to add Salesforce CMS content to your site, it’s important that the site and the CMS workspace have the same default language so that the content appears properly. If the default languages are different, translate the content in your CMS workspace into your default site language, then add the translated content to your site.

3. Optionally, click Edit display label, and change the way the selected language label appears. For example, you can use this opportunity to translate the language’s display label.

   **Important:** If you decide to change a site’s default language after you add translated content, do so in this order:
   1. Export site content.
   2. Change the default language.
   3. Import the exported file.

   Changing the default language can overwrite existing translations. So you export first to preserve your original default language and your translations. After you change the default, you can import translations to restore them.

   Here’s how it works. Let’s say you make English the default language and add French as a site language. After you add the translated French content, you decide to change the default site language to French. To preserve your original default language and existing translations, you must first export. Then, select French as the default site language, and import content back into the site.

SEE ALSO:
- Add Languages to Your Aura Sites
- Set Language Options
- Translate Salesforce CMS Content
Add Languages to Your Aura Sites

Add the languages that you want your site to support.

1. In Experience Builder, click Languages.
2. Click Add Languages.
3. Select the languages that you want to add to your site.
4. Rearrange the list in the order that you want languages to appear.
5. Save your changes.
6. Optionally, for each language, select a fallback language.

The fallback language is the language to use when a page doesn’t have a translation for the language that the user selects. For example, imagine that a visitor chooses to view a page in French (CA), but there isn’t content for that page in French (CA). The fallback language is shown instead.

   a. Under Site Languages, select a language.
   b. From the Fallback Language field, select a fallback language.

After you add a language to the site, the Language icon appears in the Experience Builder toolbar. Click it to switch between languages when previewing or editing page content.
Tip: Consider offering users a way to get instant translations of feed items. (Feed items include posts, questions, polls, and their comments, answers, and replies.) For more information, see Add a Translate Button to Feed Items in Experience Builder Sites on page 496.

SEE ALSO:
- Set the Default Language for Your Aura Site
- Edit Language Content on the Page
- Set Language Options
- Delete a Language
Set Language Options

After you add Experience Builder sites languages, you can define separate settings for each language.

1. In Experience Builder, click 🕵️‍♂️ > Languages.

2. Under Site Languages, select a language.

3. Update any of the following settings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Active</td>
<td>If you add a Language Selector component to your active site, this checkbox controls whether the selected language appears in the list. Use this setting to hide a language until you’re ready to release the associated content to your site visitors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fallback Language</td>
<td>The fallback language appears when no content is available for the currently selected language. For example, imagine that a site visitor chooses Japanese from the language selector but your site doesn’t have a Japanese translation for that page. In that case, content is shown in the fallback language. Only one level of fallback language is supported for LWR sites. For example, if French (Canadian) falls back to French, then your site’s default language is the only fallback language allowed for French.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display Label</td>
<td>You can define a display label for each language. The display label appears in any Language Selector components that you add to your site and in the Experience Builder’s built-in language menu.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEE ALSO:
- Add Languages to Your Aura Sites
- Set the Default Language for Your Aura Site

EDITIONS

Available in: Experience Builder sites accessed through Lightning Experience, Salesforce Classic, and mobile devices, and is available in Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Edit Language Content on the Page

Experience Builder provides its own language menu that you can use to switch between languages as you edit content on each page. Switch languages and provide spot translations, like fixing a typo. You can also use this method for full page translations instead of exporting and importing site content.

1. Open the page you want to translate, and select a language from the Experience Builder language menu.

2. To access component properties, select the component on the page.
   By default, all component properties use the default site language, which is the language that you see until you add translated content.

3. Enter the translated content in the property fields.

   Note: Experience Builder doesn’t validate languages as you enter content. Take care to add the correct content for the selected language.

EDITIONS

Available in: Experience Builder sites accessed through Lightning Experience, Salesforce Classic, and mobile devices, and is available in Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Export Language Content

Export and prepare Experience Builder site content as one or multiple .xml files. Prepare the files for translation by creating nodes for specific languages. Then send the file to your translation service.

Before you begin, let’s look at the structure of the .xml file that’s created when you export language content. The file consists of several elements, and these elements are the key ones to focus on.

- **component** elements represent the page components that make up your site. Many of these components contain text that must be translated.
- The **field** element contains the component’s properties for a particular language. The language is defined by the **language** attribute.
- **property** elements include **CDATA** tags that contain the text strings for translation.

As you can see in this sample XML for a component, several **CDATA** tags don’t contain any content. So the only **CDATA** tags that you and your translators must focus on are the ones that contain text.

```xml
<component context="Contact Support Form (Aura)"
documentId="2342fd59-55da-5bdd-b013-d0a3cb6ce523" id="1242fd59-76da-4cdd-b025-d0a3cb6ce496">
    <field name="AuraAttributes" language="en_US" exportcrc="811168867">
        <property name="requestSummaryText"><![CDATA[Case summary]]></property>
        <property name="callToActionText"><![CDATA[]]></property>
        <property name="headerSubtitle"><![CDATA[Tell us how we can help.]]></property>
        <property name="callToActionButtonText"><![CDATA[]]></property>
        <property name="confirmationText"><![CDATA[Your case was created.]]></property>
        <property name="confirmationSubtext"><![CDATA[We'll get back to you
```
To export and prepare content for translation:

1. In Experience Builder, click > Languages.
2. Click Export Content.
3. Select your default language.
   You can select a language other than your default language, but we don’t recommend it unless you must export existing translations for that particular language. If you haven’t yet added translations for the language, the exported file is empty.
4. (Optional) Change the export file name.
   The default name of this file is Languages.xml, but you can rename it. Consider exporting a file for each translation and renaming each file by its country code. For example, if you intend to get translations for French, German, and Spanish, you can rename the files language_fr.xml, language_de.xml, and language_es_mx.xml, respectively.
5. Click Export.
6. If you’re prompted to, choose where to save the file.
7. Prepare the .xml file for translation.
   a. Copy the field element for the content to be translated, and paste the copy under the original.
   b. Update the language attribute in the pasted field element to the new language.

You can copy a field element multiple times for multiple translations in one file. However, to reduce the chance of overwriting existing translations when importing new ones, we recommend that you export a separate Languages.xml file for each translation.
c. Save your changes.

After you export and prepare the xml file, you can send it for translation. Ask your translators to put translated content between the brackets that follow the CDATA tags.

If possible, avoid updating the site’s default content until after you receive and import your translated content. Because the translated file contains the original default content and the translated content, when you import the file, you overwrite updates made in the interim.

Note: Keep this consideration in mind for translations when you make a new property of a custom component available for edit in Experience Builder: if the component is in use on a page in Experience Builder, delete the component from the page and replace it with the updated version. Otherwise, when you export the site content for translation, the property that you added is omitted for that component instance in the exported file. If the component contains content that’s already translated, export the site content first to preserve the existing translation. Then replace the component with the updated version. For more information, see Aura Component Bundle Design Resources or, for Lightning web components, Configure a Component for Experience Builder.
When you receive the translated .xml file, import it back into the site.

SEE ALSO:
Import Translated Content

Import Translated Content

After your translation service has completed the translations, import the translated .xml file into your Experience Builder site.

Don’t update your site’s default content until after you import the translated content. The translated file contains the original default content and the translated content. When you import the translated file, the import overwrites any changes that you made to the default content while the content was with your translation service.

Note: If you exported your site content for translation before Winter ’22, you can’t import the resulting translated file. To ensure a successful import, export your site content again and translate it in this more recent .xml file.

1. In Experience Builder, click Languages.

2. Click Import Translation.

3. Browse to the file or drag it onto the window.
   For files under 1 MB, a message tells you whether the content was imported successfully. For files over 1 MB, you receive an email when the import process finishes.

Warning: Import overwrites the current translation values in your site. Before you import an .xml file, ensure that the file matches the expected format and is well formed.

After you import the translated content, test your pages to make sure that content displays correctly. Use the language selector to view each page in a supported language.

SEE ALSO:
Export Language Content

EDITIONS
Available in: Experience Builder sites accessed through Lightning Experience, Salesforce Classic, and mobile devices, and is available in Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

USER PERMISSIONS
To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

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Delete a Language

When you delete a language, the translated content isn’t deleted—it’s just no longer visible. When you add the language back to the Experience Builder site, you can access the translated content again.

1. In Experience Builder, click 📖 > Languages.

2. Under Site Languages, click 📖 next to the language that you want to delete.

SEE ALSO:

Add Languages to Your Aura Sites

EDITIONS

Available in: Experience Builder sites accessed through Lightning Experience, Salesforce Classic, and mobile devices, and is available in Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

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To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Best Practices and Considerations for Multilingual Sites

Keep these practices and considerations in mind when you’re setting up a multilingual site.

General Best Practices and Considerations

- Set the site’s default language before you begin adding translated content to your site.
- For each translation, export a separate Languages.xml file to reduce the chance of overwriting any existing translations when importing new translations. For easier identification, we recommend renaming each file to include its country code—for example, languages_de.xml, languages_fr_ca.xml.
- When preparing files for translation, ensure that the file contains the default language and only one other language. When you import the file after translation, this best practice helps avoid overwriting any other languages.
- If possible, avoid updating the site’s default content until after you receive and import your translated content. Because the translated file contains the original default content and the translated content, when you import the file, you overwrite any updates made in the interim.
- If you decide to change a site’s default language after you add translated content, do so in this order:
  - Export site content.
  - Change the default language.
  - Import the exported file.

You export first because changing the default language can overwrite existing translations. Export first to preserve your original default language and your translations. Then, after changing the default, import translations to restore them.

Here’s how it works. Let’s say that you make English the default language and add French as a site language. After you add the translated French content, you decide to change the default site language to French. To preserve your original default language and existing translations, you must first export site content. Then select French as the default site language, and import content back into the site.

- For custom components, when you make a new property available for edit in Experience Builder, keep this consideration in mind for translations: If the component is in use on a page in Experience Builder, delete the component from the page and replace it with the updated version. Otherwise, when you export the site content for translation, the property that you added is omitted for that component instance in the exported file. If the component contains content that’s already translated, export the site content first to preserve the existing translation. Then replace the component with the updated version. For more information, see Aura Component Bundle Design Resources or, for Lightning web components, Configure a Component for Experience Builder.

Best Practices and Considerations for Authenticated Users

- For pages that require authentication, page content appears in the authenticated user’s profile language.
- When authenticated users want to view a multilingual site in another language, their best option is to view the site as a guest user. Or, these users can change their profile language. Don’t edit the query parameters in a site’s URL to update the site’s language.

Best Practices and Considerations for Guest Users

- Add a language selector to all public pages, and make it easy to spot. It’s the only way that guest users and unauthenticated visitors can select another language.
• Customized labels and Knowledge articles use the translations that the site admin added in Translation Workbench.

SEE ALSO:
Blog post: Localization within Experience Cloud Sites
Language Selector

Add a Translate Button to Feed Items in Experience Builder Sites

A translation setting in Experience Builder puts a Translate with Google menu on every feed item. Translations are offered through a Google Cloud Translation API key that you provide.

Before you configure translation, go to https://cloud.google.com/translate, and get your translation key.

Note: Google Cloud Translation is a subscription service. For pricing information, see https://cloud.google.com/translate/pricing.

Take these steps to add a Google Cloud Translation API key to your site.

1. In Experience Builder, go to Settings > Languages and enter your Google Cloud Translation API key.

2. Click Validate & Save Key.
   This action checks the validity of your key, and, if valid, saves your setting.

After you verify and save your key, a Translate with Google menu appears on all feed items in your site. Feed items include posts, questions, polls, and their comments, answers, and replies.

• To translate the feed item into the default language, click Translate with Google.
  
  For site members, the default language comes from the locale that’s set on the user’s profile.
  For guest users, it comes from the locale that’s set in the user’s browser.

• To select a language, click the menu icon and select a language from the list.

These languages appear on the translation list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Albanian</th>
<th>Arabic</th>
<th>Armenian</th>
<th>Basque</th>
<th>Bengali</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bosnian</td>
<td>Bulgarian</td>
<td>Catalan</td>
<td>Chinese Simplified</td>
<td>Chinese Traditional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Croatian</td>
<td>Czech</td>
<td>Danish</td>
<td>Dutch</td>
<td>English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estonian</td>
<td>Finnish</td>
<td>French</td>
<td>Georgian</td>
<td>German</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greek</td>
<td>Hebrew</td>
<td>Hindi</td>
<td>Hungarian</td>
<td>Icelandic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesian</td>
<td>Irish</td>
<td>Italian</td>
<td>Japanese</td>
<td>Korean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latvian</td>
<td>Lithuanian</td>
<td>Luxembourgish</td>
<td>Macedonian</td>
<td>Malay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maltese</td>
<td>Montenegrin</td>
<td>Norwegian</td>
<td>Polish</td>
<td>Portuguese</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Romanian</td>
<td>Romansh</td>
<td>Russian</td>
<td>Serbian</td>
<td>Slovak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slovenian</td>
<td>Spanish</td>
<td>Swedish</td>
<td>Tagalog</td>
<td>Tamil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Improve Experience Cloud Site Performance

Analyze your Experience Cloud site’s volume, traffic, and transaction loads to determine if your site could benefit from the many performance optimization tools available.

**The Scale of Your Experience Cloud Sites**
Large-scale sites are more than just sites that support a large volume of users. Transaction loads, and heavy traffic patterns also impact the scale of a site. Large-scale sites can benefit from performance and scale optimization tools. Your account representative can advise you on which performance and scale optimizations to enable.

**Scale and Performance Optimization Tools for Experience Builder Sites**
Salesforce performance tools help ensure that your high-traffic sites and large-scale B2B and B2C applications perform well and deliver lightning fast response times. Each tool has been tested and developed to meet specific scale and performance needs.

**Which Performance Tools Do I Need Based on My Experience Cloud Site?**
With Experience Cloud, you can build a wide range of business-to-consumer (B2C) and business-to-business (B2B) applications that have different performance and scale considerations and optimizations. This section outlines common scenarios, likely performance issues, and the best tools to optimize performance.

**High-Volume Self-Registration and Record Creation**
High-volume sites often involve heavier than usual registration traffic and record creation. You can process more self-registrations and record creations per second when you process them in small batches, called micro-batches, instead of one at a time. After they’re submitted, the requests are collected into batches, and the batches are processed asynchronously. Processing transactions using micro-batching improves performance and keeps your site moving during heavy traffic spikes.

**Progressive Rendering Overview**
Progressive Rendering prioritizes the display order of your page components. With proper planning and testing, it can improve display time performance and polish your site’s experience to better engage customers.

**Analyze and Improve Experience Builder Site Performance**
The Salesforce Page Optimizer analyzes your site and identifies issues that impact performance. Use the information to refine your design and improve site performance for your members. The Page Optimizer is a free plug-in available from the Chrome Web Store. Download and install the plug-in as you would any Chrome extension.

**Improve Experience Cloud Site Performance with Browser Caching**
If you use many components in your Experience Builder site, you can improve your site’s performance with browser caching. Performance is about the same for the first page load, but subsequent page loads are faster. The cache is encrypted and secure.

**Apex Caching on the Salesforce CDN**
When you cache Apex methods on the Salesforce content delivery network (CDN), you improve performance of your LWR site, and your customers benefit from faster page load times. Only public data from Apex methods is intended to be cached, and it’s only cached for guest users. Apex caching controls differ depending on the type of Apex methods in your site.
The Scale of Your Experience Cloud Sites

Large-scale sites are more than just sites that support a large volume of users. Transaction loads, and heavy traffic patterns also impact the scale of a site. Large-scale sites can benefit from performance and scale optimization tools. Your account representative can advise you on which performance and scale optimizations to enable.

You can ask several questions to determine the scale of your site.

Are You Using a License That Supports Your Users?

Salesforce has the tools to help your site serve all your users and grant them access to the data that they require. The Customer Community license is designed to handle a large volume of users who only need limited access to CRM objects. Licenses such as the role-based Customer Community Plus and the Partner Community licenses are designed to grant more access to CRM objects, but they support fewer users.

Enabling Account Role Optimization (ARO) can significantly increase the number of users that a license can accommodate. If still more roles are needed, you can configure a person account owner power user. Person account owner power users can own as many customer or partner portal accounts as are needed.

Does Your Site Have High-Volume Traffic or Transactions?

High-volume traffic can affect the performance and scale of a site, and the type of traffic matters. Here are some considerations.

Determine the percentage of unauthenticated guest users and authenticated, logged-in users, and then use the tools that suit your site traffic.

Authenticated Traffic
Are visitors logging in when accessing your site?
- How many visitors are logging in during peak traffic periods?
- How many visitors are logging in on average during routine traffic periods?
- How frequent are traffic peaks?

Unauthenticated (Guest) Traffic
Are visitors viewing content or are they registering on your site? How many visitors are registering during peak traffic times? How many visitors register on average?
- For high registrations, we recommend processing self-registration requests using micro-batching so you can register twice as many guests at a time.
- For high content viewing, set up a custom domain that uses the Salesforce content delivery network (CDN) to reduce page load times.

Tailor your performance tools based on page traffic. Which pages do visitors view most, and how many views are there during high-traffic times? How many views do your pages average?
- For high-volume traffic, the Salesforce CDN can reduce load times.
- To build a robust and lightweight platform with unparalleled performance, we recommend the Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) platform.
- For faster page load times and performance, we recommend Progressive Rendering, which improves individual page performance.

You can also tailor your performance tools based on how users interact with the content on your site. Do visitors view content, or do they create CRM object records? If many users create records, we recommend enabling high-volume record creation using micro-batching.
Evaluating site performance patterns gives insight into performance bottlenecks. And you can identify areas where increasing limits can help your site perform to the level required. For all high-volume sites, we recommend enabling Page Optimizer and regularly conducting performance and scale tests.

**Does Your Site Use Many Roles?**

If your high-volume site uses role-based licenses such as the Customer Community Plus and Partner Community licenses, unnecessary roles can result. Business accounts automatically create a default number of roles for each new account. Roles are created to aid in sharing data between two accounts, but not all members share data. Reducing the number of roles can improve the performance and scale of your site. Enabling Account Role Optimization (ARO) delays the creation of account roles until more than one user is added to a business account. If the account has a single user, then roles aren’t created for that account. Configure person account owner power users if your site must support even more customer or partner portal accounts.

**Are You Customizing the Standard Salesforce Experience?**

We test our standard templates, components, and objects for performance. Your customizations tailor your experiences to meet customer needs but can affect site performance. Common customizations include adding Apex code, creating a custom page or custom components, and embedding managed packages from AppExchange. We recommend that you test for performance and scale before and after launch, and regularly thereafter, to understand your site’s limits.

**Are You Using Additional Services on Your Site at Scale?**

Experience Cloud sites are often used in tandem with services created by Salesforce or by our independent software vendors (ISVs). Whether standard or custom, evaluate how these products perform at scale. Work with your Salesforce account representative for Salesforce product information. Contact your ISV for information about their services’ performance and scale. We recommend regularly testing your Experience Cloud sites that are combined with other products for performance and scale.

**Scale and Performance Optimization Tools for Experience Builder Sites**

Salesforce performance tools help ensure that your high-traffic sites and large-scale B2B and B2C applications perform well and deliver lightning fast response times. Each tool has been tested and developed to meet specific scale and performance needs.

**The Salesforce Content Delivery Network**

Improve page load time by serving your site with a content delivery network (CDN) such as the Salesforce CDN or a third-party CDN provider. A CDN is a geographically distributed network of servers that optimizes routing and stores cached versions of web content. When you store content in multiple hubs instead of in a central location, your site can be accessed more quickly from the closest network. And when multiple users request the same content at the same time, they’re accessing it from more than one location, which reduces processing load. Using the Salesforce CDN also unlocks access to other features that can improve the customer experience.

**Experience Cloud Licenses**

The Customer Community license can support the greatest number of users but offers limited access to Salesforce data. The Customer Community license works well for sites with large user volume and traffic spikes but doesn’t provide as much access to CRM objects or data sharing.
Customer Community Plus and Partner Community role-based licenses offer more access to data but don’t support as many users as Customer Community licenses. These licenses are ideal for business-to-business and business-to-consumer sites that require users to access reports and dashboards, sales data, and advanced sharing. You can enable Account Role Optimization or the Salesforce Optimizer app to eliminate unnecessary roles. You can also configure person account owner power users if you must increase the number of users that your site can support.

Choosing the right license for your site to balance scale and product capabilities is critical to remaining operational at scale. Contact your Salesforce representative to discuss which license is best for your business needs.

High-Volume Record Creation Using Micro-Batching

Enable micro-batching to create a high-volume of records for Cases, Leads, and Custom Objects. Micro-batching creates these records in batches rather than one at a time. Asynchronously batch processing record creation is an effective way to create object records for high-traffic sites.

High-Volume Self-Registration Using Micro-Batching

Self-registration is the fastest way to register users to a site. But site performance can decrease if too many users register at the same time. Enable high-volume self-registration using micro-batching to process self-registration requests in batches rather than one at a time, and handle self-registration loads for high volume-sites more effectively.

Account Role Optimization

Role-based licenses are required for accounts to share data. But role-based licenses automatically create the default number of roles for every user created, even if they don’t share data. A high volume of roles impact performance and potentially reduce scale of your site. If you anticipate sharing a high volume of data with external users, enable Account Role Optimization to avoid creating unnecessary roles. It delays account role creation until there's a second user and roles are necessary to support sharing data.

Lightning Web Runtime (LWR)

The Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) framework was developed with speed and performance in mind. It uses Lightning Web Components (LWC). Because the components are built on code that runs natively on browsers, they're lightweight and efficient. For unparalleled site performance and scale, pair Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) with the Salesforce CDN.

Apex Caching

Improve performance of your LWR site by caching public data from Apex methods. Salesforce controls caching of Apex methods used on standard pages and components, and caches data where appropriate. Control caching for your own Apex methods using caching annotation, or control caching for Apex methods in managed packages by enabling a site preference (enabled by default).

Progressive Rendering

Optimize the overall performance of your Aura-based site's pages by turning on Progressive Rendering. Progressive Rendering fetches, renders, and prioritizes page components, which can significantly improve the performance of component-heavy pages.

Page Optimizer

Page Optimizer reviews site performance and identifies opportunities to optimize performance. The Page Optimizer analyzes your Aura-based sites or apps and identifies performance optimization opportunities.
Performance and Scale Testing

Test site performance when implementing features, making changes, and during final review. If you have a large-scale site, use numerous customizations, or are unclear about your site’s scale limits, testing is even more important. You can test your site using any of the available tools or open-source frameworks. Experience Cloud also has performance and scale testing capabilities. We encourage you to test, using commercial tools or open source. Or internal tools require Salesforce assistance and can’t be used externally. Contact your Salesforce representative to determine whether your site is a good match for Salesforce performance testing tools.

Outages and Traffic Spikes Preparation

If your site becomes unavailable or overwhelmed by a spike in traffic, availability pages can communicate the issue to customers and allow business to continue. You can customize the Service Not Available page to provide the best possible experience for your customers when your site is down. The Too Many Requests page improves user experience when a site is overwhelmed with traffic and redirects users back to the site when it’s available again.

Which Performance Tools Do I Need Based on My Experience Cloud Site?

With Experience Cloud, you can build a wide range of business-to-consumer (B2C) and business-to-business (B2B) applications that have different performance and scale considerations and optimizations. This section outlines common scenarios, likely performance issues, and the best tools to optimize performance.

Sites with a High Volume of Unauthenticated (Guest) User Traffic

B2C sites have a high volume of guest user traffic, such as in help centers and community forums. Visitors are more likely to view content than create it. Such sites rapidly serve content to a large volume of users routinely and during traffic spikes. These tools help with high volume guest user traffic.

- Customer Community License
- Serve Your Experience Cloud Site with the Salesforce Content Delivery Network (CDN)
- Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) Application
- Progressive Rendering
- Page Optimizer
- Apex Caching on the Salesforce CDN

Sites with a High Volume of Authenticated (Logged-In) Traffic

Customer portals are an example of a B2C site that serves a high volume of authenticated (logged-in) traffic, such as registered customers or members. Users are more likely to view content than create it. Customer portals support high volume user logins and allow customers to self-register. We recommend these tools.

- Customer Community License
- Serve Your Experience Cloud Site with the Salesforce Content Delivery Network (CDN)
- Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) Application
- High-Volume Self-Registration Using Micro-Batching
- Progressive Rendering
- Page Optimizer
- Login & Identity features
• Apex Caching on the Salesforce CDN

Sites with High Transaction Loads and Business Flows
Sites with high transaction loads often include landing pages, business flows, and users who create CRM object records. Examples are marketing sites that collect leads, vaccine scheduling sites, and loan application sites. We recommend these tools for high volume transaction sites.

• Customer Community or Customer Community Plus License
• Serve Your Experience Cloud Site with the Salesforce Content Delivery Network (CDN)
• Account Role Optimization (ARO)
• High-Volume Self-Registration Using Micro-Batching
• High-Volume Record Creation Using Micro-Batching

Sites with a High Volume of Users and Roles
Large-scale B2B sites require high user volume, extensive use of roles, and high-level access to CRM objects and more advanced data sharing. Data sharing and access can influence performance and scale. Examples of large-scale portals are channel sales applications and partner sites. We recommend these tools for large-scale B2B sites.

• Customer Community Plus or Partner Community License
• Serve Your Experience Cloud Site with the Salesforce Content Delivery Network (CDN)
• Account Role Optimization (ARO)

Sites Combining Experience Cloud with Other Products
Commerce storefronts and Industry solutions are built by using Experience Cloud in combination with other Salesforce products. For example, an online storefront uses Commerce Cloud checkout, cart, product search services, and more. During large sales events, commerce sites typically handle higher than usual traffic volume, so it’s important to know the limits of all the features enabled for the site.

Similarly, Experience Cloud implementations are often combined with managed packages from Salesforce ISV providers. It’s important to understand the performance and scale capabilities of both the additional Salesforce features you’re enabling and the ISV capabilities you’re using. Test your site for performance and scale during development and before launch to make sure the combination of Experience Cloud and additional features provides the performance required for your site.

High-Volume Self-Registration and Record Creation
High-volume sites often involve heavier than usual registration traffic and record creation. You can process more self-registrations and record creations per second when you process them in small batches, called micro-batches, instead of one at a time. After they’re submitted, the requests are collected into batches, and the batches are processed asynchronously. Processing transactions using micro-batching improves performance and keeps your site moving during heavy traffic spikes.

EDITIONS
Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Developer, Performance, and Unlimited Editions
Use Apex to Configure Self-Registration in Batches for High-Volume Sites
Your Experience Cloud site can handle twice as many self-registration requests at a time when they're collected into batches and processed asynchronously rather than one at a time. The accounts and contacts created are owned and managed by the community administrator. After a batch is processed successfully, users receive an email with their login instructions. Batch processing self-registration requests improves performance and keeps your site moving during heavy traffic spikes. Minimal coding is required when you use the Apex controller that manages your self-registration flow.

Use Apex to Configure Record Creation in Batches for High-Volume Sites
Experience Cloud site users can create more cases, leads, and custom objects per second when they're collected into batches and processed asynchronously rather than one at a time. Batch processing improves performance and keeps your site moving during heavy traffic spikes. You can invoke batch record creation using the Apex method added for this purpose.

Use Experience Builder to Configure Micro-Batching for High-Volume Sites
Use the Create Record Form, Contact Support Form, or Lead Form (LWC) components to create cases, leads, and custom objects more efficiently. When records are collected into batches and processed asynchronously, your site can process more records at a time. Batch processing improves performance and keeps your site moving during traffic spikes.

High-Volume Registrations and Record Creation Fixes
Request forms on standard components and pages automatically check for errors and prompt users to fix the errors before submitting. If you invoked micro-batching for record creation using the Apex method, resolve all form errors before submission. Errors not discovered before submissions are sent to the site admin via email. You can also access errors that occur during record processing using Connect API.
Use Apex to Configure Self-Registration in Batches for High-Volume Sites

Your Experience Cloud site can handle twice as many self-registration requests at a time when they’re collected into batches and processed asynchronously rather than one at a time. The accounts and contacts created are owned and managed by the community administrator. After a batch is processed successfully, users receive an email with their login instructions. Batch processing self-registration requests improves performance and keeps your site moving during heavy traffic spikes. Minimal coding is required when you use the Apex controller that manages your self-registration flow.

External Identity and Customer Community license users or Customer Community Plus and Partner Community license users with account role optimization (ARO) enabled can use micro-batching for self-registration. Users can’t be created for existing accounts using self-registration.

Keep the following in mind when using Apex controllers to manage your self-registration flow:

- For person account sites, leave the account and contact fields blank.
- For business account sites, you must add an account. Contacts are optional, but they require a null value.
- User sObjects are required for all sites.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Apex Classes, and then select Apex Classes.
2. Use this function for the Apex controller that manages your self-registration flow.

```java
String uuid = Network.createExternalUserAsync(user, contact, account);

Contact is a (not yet saved) sObject.

new Contact(
    FirstName = firstName,
    LastName = lastName,
    Level__c = 'Primary');

Account is a sObject.

new Account(
    name = 'Account for ' + LastName,
    description = 'account description',
    active__c = 'Yes');
```

To configure record and case creation in batches:

- Use Micro-Batching to Create Records

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

To edit Apex classes:

- Author Apex
- AND
- Customize Application
Use Apex to Configure Record Creation in Batches for High-Volume Sites

Experience Cloud site users can create more cases, leads, and custom objects per second when they're collected into batches and processed asynchronously rather than one at a time. Batch processing improves performance and keeps your site moving during heavy traffic spikes. You can invoke batch record creation using the Apex method added for this purpose.

The following applies to authenticated users who create records in batches using micro-batching:

- The **Use Micro-Batching to Create Records** profile permission is required.
- They own all records that they create via micro-batching.
- Field-level security and record type access are bypassed when creating the records. They apply after the record is created.
- Records created via micro-batching use the default record type for the org when created via micro-batching.
- When creating a child record, only Read access on the parent record is required.

The Apex Network.createRecordAsync method has three parameters:

- The first parameter `processType` must be set to 'GENERIC'.
- The second parameter `sObject` can't be empty or null. It must contain a valid value representing a supported object. Client-side validations are performed through the end-user experience before the submission of the record for creation using micro-batching.
- The third parameter is an array of file attachment links. The file attachments must be created ahead of time. This parameter is optional, and available to authenticated users only.

Salesforce uses the Automated Process user to create records in batches on behalf of the original users. Site administrators with the **Set Audit Fields upon Record Creation** permission can set the Created By field of the record created to the original user. Otherwise, the Created By field is set to Automated Process user.

When guest users create records via micro-batching, the Created By field is set to Guest User, however, guest users don’t own the created records.

To create cases in batches:

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter **Apex Classes**, and then select **Apex Classes**.
2. Use this function for the Apex controller that manages the batch record creation of the object that you want to create.
   
   To create cases in batches:

   ```java
   Case mycase = new Case( Subject = 'sample case', Description = 'case description');
   ```

   **Example:**

   ```java
   String uuid = Network.createRecordAsync('GENERIC', mycase, [enter ContentDocumentIDs separated by commas])
   ```

   **Note:** The return value `uuid` represents the temporary id of the record submitted for batch processing. If record creation fails, `uuid` can be used to identify **errors associated with the submission** on page 508.
To verify that micro-batching is working as expected via Apex, test the `createRecordAsync` method in the Apex class by adding the test class definition. For example:

This is the apex class:

```java
public class MicrobatchCreateRecord {
    public string microbatchCreateCase(String subject) {
        Case c = new Case();
        c.subject = subject;
        String uuid = Network.createRecordAsync('GENERIC', c);
        return uuid;
    }
}
```

This is the apex test class:

```java
@IsTest
public class MicrobatchCreateRecord_Test {
    @IsTest
    public static void testMicrobatchCreateCase() {
        string newCaseSubject = 'ApexTestCase1';
        MicrobatchCreateRecord controller = new MicrobatchCreateRecord();
        Test.startTest();

        string uuid = controller.microbatchCreateCase(newCaseSubject);
        Assert.isNotNull(uuid);
        Test.getEventBus().deliver();
        Test.stopTest();

        // Assert that the Case was created and has the expected subject
        List<Case> testCases = [Select Id, Subject from Case];
        Assert.areEqual(1, testCases.size());
        Assert.areEqual(newCaseSubject, testCases[0].subject);
    }
}
```

SEE ALSO:

- Use Experience Builder to Configure Micro-Batching for High-Volume Sites
- High-Volume Self-Registration and Record Creation
Use Experience Builder to Configure Micro-Batching for High-Volume Sites

Use the Create Record Form, Contact Support Form, or Lead Form (LWC) components to create cases, leads, and custom objects more efficiently. When records are collected into batches and processed asynchronously, your site can process more records at a time. Batch processing improves performance and keeps your site moving during traffic spikes.

To enable users to configure micro-batching, select the **Use Micro-Batching to Create Records** permission on the user’s profile.

The following applies to authenticated users who create records in batches using micro-batching:

- They can click **Upload File** on a component to attach files to cases submitted in batches.
- They own all records that they create via micro-batching.
- Field-level security and record type access are bypassed when creating the records. They apply after the record is created.
- Records created via micro-batching use the default record type for the org when created via micro-batching.
- When creating a child record, only Read access on the parent record is required.

1. To configure record creation for micro-batching, click the **Create Record Form** component.
2. In the Site Performance section of the component settings, select **Create records in batches**.
3. To configure the Contact Support Form for micro-batching, click the **Contact Support Form** component.
4. In the Site Performance section of the component settings, select **Create cases in batches**.
5. To apply your changes, publish your site.

**Note:** The Leads Form (LWC) also uses micro-batching to create leads in batches rather than one at a time. The Lead Form LWC component is enabled for micro-batching by default and requires no further configuration. For more information, see the Lightning Web Component Developer Guide.
Example:

SEE ALSO:
- Use Apex to Configure Record Creation in Batches for High-Volume Sites
- High-Volume Self-Registration and Record Creation
- Create Record Form
- Contact Support Form

High-Volume Registrations and Record Creation Fixes

Request forms on standard components and pages automatically check for errors and prompt users to fix the errors before submitting. If you invoked micro-batching for record creation using the Apex method, resolve all form errors before submission. Errors not discovered before submissions are sent to the site admin via email. You can also access errors that occur during record processing using Connect API.

If you're using micro-batching for self-registration, users receive an error email for any issues that occur while the request is processing that they can fix. To configure the self-registration user error email template, select Administration > Emails from your site's Workspaces.

You receive an error email containing information about which records failed to process and why they failed if the issue is something that you, and not the user, can fix.
By default, error emails go to the site admin. To change who receives the error email, update the Site.Admin field for the site.

You can also use Connect API calls to get more information about errors sent to you. This example ConnectAPI call gets information about a registration error.

```
GET /connect/communities/${communityId}/microbatching/errors". For example,
"/connect/communities/${communityId}/microbatching/errors?processType=SELF_REGISTRATION&earliestDate=2021-11-16T16:17:31.797Z
```

After fixing the source of the problem, you can reprocess the record. You can also download the data for records and discard errors.

For more information, see Connect REST API Introduction.

**Progressive Rendering Overview**

Progressive Rendering prioritizes the display order of your page components. With proper planning and testing, it can improve display time performance and polish your site’s experience to better engage customers.

Progressive Rendering improves the performance of your page by fetching and rendering page components in a parallel and prioritized manner. If you notice that your site pages take a long time to load before you see the components rendered on the screen, then progressive rendering can help improve your site’s performance.

Assign one of three priorities to any top-level component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Highest</td>
<td>Highest priority components are displayed first. This priority is recommended for key content that you want to display first or content that appears above the fold on longer pages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High</td>
<td>High priority components are displayed after all components in the Highest group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neutral</td>
<td>Neutral priority components are displayed after all other components that have a higher priority. By default, all components begin with a Neutral priority.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Only top-level components in the content area of your pages can have a priority. You can’t assign a priority to a nested component.

As an example, assign **Highest** (first) to the few components that you want to be viewed first. Specify **High** (second) for those components that can load later without affecting your customer’s experience. Unassigned components are treated as **Neutral** by default and are displayed last. There’s no right choice for assignments, but a lack of planning can degrade performance and diminish positive experiences on your site.

For instance, sometimes you want a critical notice to appear first, prioritized as highest, and then fill in some of your highlighted content, prioritized as high. All other components, visible and below the fold, load after critical notices are rendered. Whether explicitly prioritized as neutral or not, they’re treated as neutral.
Note: All unassigned components are set to Neutral priority. For new sites, the default priorities for components can vary based on the site template.

Because Progressive Rendering requires careful planning and testing, it’s off by default. Turn it on from the Advanced section of your Experience Builder Settings. Using this feature requires time and effort. But don’t worry, we provide some ideas to help you get started in the Progressive Rendering Guidelines.

So, what happens while Progressive Rendering is doing its thing? Your page layout is roughly rendered and then components are added in order of decreasing priority. Generally, this type of rendering doesn’t cause any visual issues. However, sometimes components rearrange as the page displays, depending on which components you prioritized and how quickly it loads. That’s another good reason to test, test, and retest when you decide to take advantage of this advanced feature.

Assign a priority to a component in the actions menu of the Property Editor.

Note: After you set the priorities, adding, deleting, or duplicating a component or changing themes or layouts doesn’t change your priority settings, but it invalidates your assumptions and testing. To ensure that your choices remain effective, you can expect any changes made to kick off a new round of testing. We try to notify you when you make those kinds of changes, but you still have to do the testing. Always make testing a part of your change plan.

Turning off Progressive Rendering removes prioritized behavior, but your settings remain. If you turn on Progressive Rendering again later, the original priority settings go back into force. While the continuity makes testing easier, the results can surprise you if you don’t watch for it.

Progressive Rendering Guidelines
Here are some guidelines for how to get the most out of Progressive Rendering.
Prioritize Component Display Order with Progressive Rendering

Quickly set the display order of components on your Experience Builder pages with Progressive Rendering. By carefully optimizing how your pages display, you can enhance the experience of your site and better engage your community.

SEE ALSO:
- Salesforce Community Page Optimizer analyzer
- Prioritize Component Display Order with Progressive Rendering
- Assign an Audience to a Component

Progressive Rendering Guidelines

Here are some guidelines for how to get the most out of Progressive Rendering.

When is the best time to Progressive Rendering?

Not all Experience Cloud sites require this powerful feature, so don’t rush to use it. However, when you need it, you really need it.

Progressive Rendering is designed to help improve the performance of your page by fetching and rendering page components in a parallel and prioritized manner. If you notice that your site pages take a long time to load before you see the components rendered on the screen, then progressive rendering can help improve your experience.

Use the Page Optimizer tool to determine if Progressive Rendering is a good choice for your site pages and to get suggestions on how to prioritize your components. It can also help you evaluate the performance impact of your configurations.

Note: Page Optimizer is available as a Chrome extension. You can read more about the tool in its documentation.

Finding the right configuration that works best for you both in terms of performance and user experience can take a few iterations of configuration and testing.

Which components are good candidates for prioritization?

Generally, it’s probably best to have a few small (but important) components in the Highest group. However, trial and error testing and in-depth performance analysis are the best routes to figuring out how to best optimize your pages.

What happens while Progressive Rendering is doing its thing?

Your page layout is roughly rendered and then components are added in order of decreasing priority. Generally, this type of rendering doesn’t cause any visual issues. However, sometimes components rearrange as the page displays, depending on which components you prioritized and how quickly it loads. That’s another good reason to test, test, and retest when you decide to take advantage of this advanced feature.

When is the best time to revisit your priority settings?

After priorities are set, adding, deleting, or duplicating a component or changing themes or layouts potentially invalidates your currently set priorities. Any changes require you to review the display order to ensure it’s still effective.
Test, test, test

Always test your pages after you change your priority settings. We made it easy to test the page with and without Progressive Rendering enabled. If you turn off the feature, your component priority settings are remembered, and they’re reapplied when you turn it back on.

SEE ALSO:
  Prioritize Component Display Order with Progressive Rendering
  Salesforce Community Page Optimizer analyzer

Prioritize Component Display Order with Progressive Rendering

Quickly set the display order of components on your Experience Builder pages with Progressive Rendering. By carefully optimizing how your pages display, you can enhance the experience of your site and better engage your community.

Before you activate this feature, read Component Prioritization Guidelines on page 511. Determine the need and value of using Progressive Rendering for your site.

Choose the components you want to load first and which can load later. Evaluating components is a combination of determining their computational load and their design and user impact. Good decisions require research, analysis, testing, and retesting. Consider working with other disciplines, such as usability experts, to ensure that you’re evaluating all potential impacts.

1. In the Experience Builder Advanced settings, enable Progressive Rendering.

![Image of Advanced settings with Progressive Rendering option highlighted]

2. Select a component on the page.

3. From the actions menu (1) in the Property Editor, select Assign Display Priority (2).
4. Choose the appropriate priority, and click **Assign**. There are three priority choices.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

After you select a priority, a color border and icon around the component indicates the priority that is assigned. An icon also appears by the component in the Page Structure panel. In addition, a banner is added to the page to remind you that there are components with priorities set on the page.

To change the priority later, select **Edit Display Priority** in the component menu, or click either of the priority icons displayed in the page structure menu or the component border.

To remove the priority entirely, select **Unassign Display Priority** in the component menu.

5. Test your results, and ensure that the experience is what you expect.

If you add new components or change the priorities of existing components, re-examine the priority choices on your page to ensure that they’re still appropriate and working as intended.

SEE ALSO:
- Progressive Rendering Guidelines
- Salesforce Community Page Optimizer analyzer
Analyze and Improve Experience Builder Site Performance

The Salesforce Page Optimizer analyzes your site and identifies issues that impact performance. Use the information to refine your design and improve site performance for your members. The Page Optimizer is a free plug-in available from the Chrome Web Store. Download and install the plug-in as you would any Chrome extension.

To download the Page Optimizer, in Experience Builder, click on the left sidebar, and then click Advanced.

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

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  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
After installation, the Page Optimizer is located with your other Chrome extensions.

Insights

To analyze your site, navigate to your published site, load the page, and then launch the Page Optimizer.
The Insights tab (1) evaluates your page based on best practices for web applications developed using the Lightning framework. This tab displays an overall performance score (3) along with individual scores (5) for various analysis rules. To view details and suggested actions, click each rule. For more room to work, click Popout (2).

The Insights tab is conservative in providing recommendations. For further insights, consider reviewing the raw data presented on the Waterfall, Timeline, Charts, Cost, and Actions tabs.

To remove collected metrics, click Clear (4). Perform some user actions on the page to collect new metrics, and then reopen the Page Optimizer. For example, to gather performance metrics for liking a feed item, clear performance metrics, click Like, and reopen the Page Optimizer.

**Waterfall**

The Waterfall tab displays all network requests and performance instrumentation data. Click a row to view contextual information in the sidebar. Click the arrow to the left of each row to expand the information for each row.
Timeline
The Timeline tab provides a profile of each component’s rendering lifecycle. The timeline view is optimized for displaying Lightning framework metrics, so it's easier to interpret than Chrome DevTools.

Charts
The Charts tab displays trending information about memory and components as customers use your page.

Components
The Components tab displays the lifecycle counts for each component on the page. This view helps you identify potential component leaks and unexpected rendering behavior. Use the Component tab along with the Cost tab for an overall view of component performance.
Cost

The Cost tab displays the amount of time each component was busy processing its logic. The lower the time, the better the performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Count</th>
<th>Self</th>
<th>Aggregate</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Self</th>
<th>Aggregate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>idHeaderApp</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>24.25ms</td>
<td>24.25ms</td>
<td>303.6ms</td>
<td>303.6ms</td>
<td>303.6ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>idHeaderBackground</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5.90ms</td>
<td>5.90ms</td>
<td>357.2ms</td>
<td>357.2ms</td>
<td>357.2ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>frameView</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12.05ms</td>
<td>12.05ms</td>
<td>12.71ms</td>
<td>12.71ms</td>
<td>12.71ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auraComponent</td>
<td>372</td>
<td>0.48ms</td>
<td>84.69ms</td>
<td>10.34ms</td>
<td>10.34ms</td>
<td>10.34ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uComponentManagerManager</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.27ms</td>
<td>2.56ms</td>
<td>1.27ms</td>
<td>1.27ms</td>
<td>1.27ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uComponentManagerManagerQueue</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>2.81ms</td>
<td>2.81ms</td>
<td>2.81ms</td>
<td>2.81ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auraPrint</td>
<td>684</td>
<td>0.88ms</td>
<td>223.07ms</td>
<td>17.48ms</td>
<td>17.48ms</td>
<td>17.48ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fresComponentManager</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.23ms</td>
<td>2.56ms</td>
<td>1.23ms</td>
<td>1.23ms</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>fresComponentManagerQueue</td>
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<td>4.04ms</td>
<td>4.04ms</td>
<td>4.04ms</td>
<td>4.04ms</td>
<td>4.04ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auraRobot</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1.99ms</td>
<td>19.96ms</td>
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<td>1.99ms</td>
<td>1.99ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auraRobot2x</td>
<td>327</td>
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<td>55.44ms</td>
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<td>3.03ms</td>
<td>3.03ms</td>
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<tr>
<td>event</td>
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<td>1.22ms</td>
</tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>forHeaderProtocol</td>
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<td>2.99ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>2.17ms</td>
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<td>3.79ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>siteTargetInteraction</td>
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<td>3.28ms</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>siteHeaderPanelContainer</td>
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<td>3.55ms</td>
<td>10.67ms</td>
<td>10.67ms</td>
<td>10.67ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>siteHeaderSpinnerManager</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.60ms</td>
<td>0.60ms</td>
<td>3.5ms</td>
<td>3.5ms</td>
<td>3.5ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>siteTargetBalls</td>
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<td>3.55ms</td>
<td>5.47ms</td>
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<td>5.47ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>siteTargetPanelManager</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.46ms</td>
<td>1.46ms</td>
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<td>5.19ms</td>
<td>5.19ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>siteTargetPanelManager</td>
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<td>2.00ms</td>
<td>2.00ms</td>
<td>4.14ms</td>
<td>4.14ms</td>
<td>4.14ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uPanelManager</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.71ms</td>
<td>0.71ms</td>
<td>1.48ms</td>
<td>1.48ms</td>
<td>1.48ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>uPanelManagerRequest</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3.59ms</td>
<td>3.59ms</td>
<td>8.01ms</td>
<td>8.01ms</td>
<td>8.01ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actions

The Actions tab displays a list of all actions performed on the page along with their timing information.

Export

Export your analysis to a file to share with your development and support teams.
Submit Feedback
We want to hear from you. Share your comments, questions, requests, and any issues that you find. Submit Feedback.

Improve Experience Cloud Site Performance with Browser Caching

If you use many components in your Experience Builder site, you can improve your site’s performance with browser caching. Performance is about the same for the first page load, but subsequent page loads are faster. The cache is encrypted and secure.

The Enable secure and persistent browser caching to improve performance setting enables browser caching of your site’s Lightning components. It’s enabled by default.

**Note:** To cache your site’s Visualforce pages on your end users’ web browsers, disable the site-level setting: Cache public Visualforce pages. For more information on caching your site’s Visualforce pages, see Configure Site Caching in Salesforce Help.

To verify that the Enable secure and persistent browser caching to improve performance setting is enabled:

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Session Settings, and then select Session Settings.

SEE ALSO:
Configure Site Caching

EDITIONS
Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Apex Caching on the Salesforce CDN

When you cache Apex methods on the Salesforce content delivery network (CDN), you improve performance of your LWR site, and your customers benefit from faster page load times. Only public data from Apex methods is intended to be cached, and it’s only cached for guest users. Apex caching controls differ depending on the type of Apex methods in your site.

For Apex methods that you own, enable caching by using caching annotation. Annotate your Apex methods with @AuraEnabled(cacheable=true scope="global"). And use @wire (LWC) to invoke publicly cacheable Apex actions. To avoid caching private data, annotate only Apex methods that return public data. Learn more about caching annotation in our developer guides.

- Wire Apex Methods to Lightning Web Components
- AuraEnabled Annotation
- Call Apex Methods Imperatively

If your site uses managed packages, caching data from Apex methods in those packages is enabled by default. To disable it, deselect Cache public data from Apex methods in Managed Packages in Workspaces | Administration | Preferences.

Important: Only Apex methods that were annotated for caching in the managed packages get cached. If the Apex methods in the managed packages aren’t annotated, they don’t get cached even when the preference is enabled.

Salesforce controls caching of Apex methods used on standard pages and components, and caches it where appropriate.

SEO for Experience Builder Sites

Search engine optimization (SEO) ensures that your public Experience Builder site is visible to search engines. SEO helps customers, partners, and visitors find your content via online search.

Before you begin setting up SEO for your Experience Builder site, it helps to familiarize yourself with these concepts.

Publicly Available Sites

SEO is supported on production orgs for Experience Builder sites that are public or that have some public pages. SEO isn’t supported on Developer Edition, sandbox, or trial orgs.

After you make your site public, search engines can index the public pages of your site. Additionally, the SEO settings tab in Experience Builder becomes available, where you can view the number of indexed records, manually generate the sitemap, and refresh content snapshots.
Location of Your Experience Builder Site

For search engines, such as Google™ or Bing®, your site must be at the root level. To determine the location of your site, from Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Digital Experiences, and then click All Sites. Then, check the address in the URL column.

The address for a root-level site has the format https://site_URL. A site that isn’t at the root level commonly has a URL with a path prefix in the format https://site_URL/sub_path/.

If your site has a URL prefix, meaning it’s not at the root level, you must create a root site. You submit the sitemap for the root-level site to search engines first, and then submit the URLs for the site with a path prefix.

The robots.txt File

The industry standard robots.txt file informs search engine spiders and bots which areas of your site you want them to access. The robots.txt file for your site is automatically generated and allows search engines to crawl your entire site. The robots.txt file is at the root level of your site and is unique for each domain. Therefore, sites that share a domain also share a robots.txt file. Conversely, sites available on multiple domains, meaning *.force.com, *.my.site.com, and custom domains, have different default robots.txt files.

To view the robots.txt file, navigate to https://<community_URL>/robots.txt. The robots.txt file uses include (Allow) and exclude (Disallow) directives to inform spiders and bots about which areas of your site to crawl. Only relative URLs are valid for the Allow and Disallow directives.

The Sitemap

The sitemap.xml file for your site contains a list of the public pages and the objects and fields with read access in the guest user profile. Search engines use the sitemap as a starting point to discover which information from your site is available for crawling and important content to index. The sitemap is at the root level of your site. To view the sitemap.xml file, navigate to https://<site_URL>/s/sitemap.xml for Aura sites or https://<site_URL>/sitemap.xml for LWR sites.

To ensure that your Knowledge articles are included in the sitemap, assign at least one navigational, featured, or content topic to each article. If your org supports multilingual Knowledge articles, the sitemap includes an entry for each supported language, based on Google’s recommended format.

The sitemap is automatically generated one time a week. It’s generated the first time on the following Sunday, and then regenerated every Sunday thereafter. Additionally, an automatic partial sitemap refresh occurs every 24 hours. The sitemap.xml file is available only in production orgs.

Note: The automatic sitemap generation and partial sitemap refresh processes start between 12:00 AM and 3:00 AM GMT and can take up to a few hours to complete in some cases. If this timing interrupts your work during business hours, contact Salesforce Customer Support to disable the automatic sitemap generation and refresh processes, and generate sitemap refreshes manually instead.

If your org deactivates the account of the user who most recently published a site, the sitemap is no longer refreshed automatically. To resume automatic sitemap refreshes, reassign the scheduled jobs that generate an automatic sitemap refresh to an active or automated user.

For best performance, if you generate a manual sitemap, do so during off-peak hours.

Page Indexing

When you make your site public, search engines can then index all the pages of your site. However, if you don’t want search engines to index certain pages, you can:

• Make a page private. Use this method to make the page unavailable to both guest users and search engines.
Use the noindex meta tag. This tag prevents search engines from showing the page in search results, but allows guest users to view the page.

Create a custom robots.txt file. The robots.txt file is a rules-based approach to control search engine crawler access to specific areas of your site. Guest users can still view pages that you don’t want search engines to crawl.

By default, objects displayed on a page are private and can’t be indexed until you explicitly make an object and its associated fields available to search engines.

If you plan to use a custom domain, keep your site private until you add and configure the custom domain. This way, search engines don’t index your site’s pages with the Salesforce-managed domain URLs.

After a search engine indexes a site page, you can’t remove the public page from search results through Experience Builder. To remove a site page from an existing index, either make the page private or use the search engine’s tools. For example, see Remove Web Results from Google Search in Google Search Help.

Set Up Your Experience Builder Site for SEO

Setting up SEO for your Experience Builder site includes a series of tasks that you perform in Salesforce and in the site. From identifying your preferred domain to determining which objects to make public, we’ve got you covered.

Identify Your Preferred Domain to Improve SEO Results

By default, your site is available on the *.my.site.com or *.force.com domain, but you can add a custom domain so that your site URLs reflect your company brand. However, multiple domains for the same site, meaning *.my.site.com, *.force.com, and custom domains, can dilute search engine results and lower page ranking. If you have multiple domains, identify which domain to use for crawling and indexing your site’s pages.

SEO Page Properties in Experience Builder

Set the title, description, and head properties for your Experience Builder site pages to improve search results.

Create a Custom robots.txt File for Your Experience Builder Site

The robots.txt file for your site is automatically generated. It allows search engines to crawl your entire site. However, if you want to tell search engines not to crawl certain pages of your public site, you can create a custom robots.txt file.

SEO-Friendly URLs in Enhanced Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) Sites (Beta)

Boost organic traffic to your site by improving search engine optimization (SEO) with new URL configuration solutions. SEO-friendly URL snippets, or slugs, are available for custom objects, accounts, and contacts in your enhanced LWR site. They’re also available for product and category pages in LWR Commerce sites. A slug improves SEO by replacing the record ID in the URL with relevant and human-readable information, ensuring that your site’s pages are optimally surfaced in search engines.

Make Objects Available for SEO

When you make your site public, search engines can index the pages of your Experience Builder site. However, to ensure that you don’t expose sensitive data, the data displayed by objects on those pages aren’t public. Instead, you must specifically make those objects and their associated fields publicly available for indexing by search engines.

Provide Search Engines with Fresh Content Snapshots

Experience Builder sites in your production org use the Content Snapshot service to generate SEO optimized HTML for web crawlers such as Googlebot, and content sharing platforms such as Facebook. The concept is common to single-page application frameworks known as dynamic rendering. Salesforce takes a snapshot when you make changes to your site’s publicly available content. This functionality works well for most updates. But let’s say you update a page with time-sensitive information, such as price changes for a flash sale. Instead of waiting, you can take a manual snapshot once every 24 hours to refresh the page content served to search engines.

Generate a Manual Sitemap Refresh for Your Experience Builder Site

When you go live with a new Experience Builder site or make significant updates to an existing one, you can generate a manual sitemap one time every 24 hours outside of the weekly automatic sitemap refresh.
Reassign the Scheduled Jobs that Generate an Automatic Sitemap Refresh
To generate an automatic sitemap refresh, Salesforce uses an automated process called scheduled jobs. An automatic sitemap refresh requires two scheduled jobs that are associated with the account of the user who most recently published that site. If that user’s account is deactivated, the scheduled jobs can’t run, and your sitemap no longer refreshes automatically. To resume automatic sitemap refreshes, reassign the scheduled jobs that refresh the sitemap to an active or automated user account.

Best Practices and Tips for Using SEO in Experience Builder Sites
Follow these guidelines and best practices when optimizing SEO in your site.

SEO for Experience Builder Sites FAQ
Answers to common questions about using SEO in your Experience Builder site.

SEE ALSO:
Blog Post: Experience Cloud Content Snapshots and SEO Best Practices
SEO Best Practices and Considerations for Guest Users
Blog Post: Advanced SEO for Lightning Communities
Federated Search in Experience Cloud Sites
Enable Salesforce Knowledge in Your Experience Cloud Site
Salesforce Security Guide: Field Permissions
LWR Sites for Experience Cloud: Create a Multilingual Site
Set Up Your Experience Builder Site for SEO

Setting up SEO for your Experience Builder site includes a series of tasks that you perform in Salesforce and in the site. From identifying your preferred domain to determining which objects to make public, we’ve got you covered.

Here’s an overview of the main steps to set up SEO for your site on a production org.

1. If you have multiple domains, identify your preferred domain.
   For an enhanced LWR site or for an Aura or LWR site without an identified preferred domain, the site’s first custom domain alphabetically is the preferred domain.

   Tip: Identify your preferred domain before you make your site public. If the site is made public without a preferred domain, the *.force.com or *.my.site.com URLs are also indexed, and removing them from search results can take time.

2. Make your site public.
   The SEO settings tab in Experience Builder is available only if your site is public.
   When you make your site or specific pages public, search engines can then index those public pages. However, if you don’t want unauthenticated visitors or search engines accessing certain pages, you can make those pages private. Also, more granular indexing control is available at the object and field levels.

3. To improve search results, specify the SEO properties for individual pages.
   These SEO properties are for the title and description that appear in the search results of indexed pages, and to prevent a page from being indexed.

4. Optionally, for a rules-based approach, create a custom robots.txt file to control the indexing of specific areas of your site.

5. If you want the information stored in objects accessible to search engines, make objects and their associated fields readable.

6. Activate your site to successfully implement SEO.
   Before activating your site, check the guest user profile to ensure that the correct objects have read access. This best practice controls the scope of your sitemap.xml file and keeps your site secure.

7. To make your changes live, publish your site.

8. If you’re setting up SEO for the first time, or as needed, generate a manual sitemap refresh.
   The sitemap is automatically regenerated every Sunday. An automatic partial sitemap refresh that picks up incremental changes occurs every 24 hours. You can also generate a manual sitemap refresh one time every 24 hours if needed.

9. If necessary, provide search engines with fresh content snapshots.
   Salesforce takes a snapshot when you make changes to your site’s publicly available content. This functionality works well for most updates. But if you update a page with time-sensitive content and don’t see your changes in search results right away, you can take a manual snapshot one time every 24 hours. When you take a manual snapshot, you refresh the page content served to search engines.
Identify Your Preferred Domain to Improve SEO Results

By default, your site is available on the *.my.site.com or *.force.com domain, but you can add a custom domain so that your site URLs reflect your company brand. However, multiple domains for the same site, meaning *.my.site.com, *.force.com, and custom domains, can dilute search engine results and lower page ranking. If you have multiple domains, identify which domain to use for crawling and indexing your site’s pages.

The Preferred Domain setting appears in Experience Builder only if you have multiple domains associated with your Aura or LWR site. For an enhanced LWR site, or for an Aura or LWR site with multiple domains where you haven’t identified a preferred domain, the site’s first custom domain alphabetically is the preferred domain.

1. In Experience Builder, go to Settings > General.

2. Select your preferred domain.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited Editions

Applies to: LWR and Aura sites on page 8

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR

- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR

- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Note:

- Make sure that you configure your preferred domain before submitting the sitemap to a search engine. After your site is public, the search engine shows all the custom URLs that you added to the sitemap.
- You can set only HTTPS preferred domains.
- Issues can occur if you configure preferred domains for two LWR or Aura sites that use the same custom domain with different path prefixes. For example, let’s say you have two sites, https://example.com/site1 and https://example.com/site2. If you configure preferred domains for both sites, then site2 uses the preferred domain for site1. To avoid problems in this scenario, set the Preferred Domain field to None for both sites.

SEE ALSO:
Configure a Custom Domain for Your Experience Cloud Site
Custom Domains
Generate a Manual Sitemap Refresh for Your Experience Builder Site

SEO Page Properties in Experience Builder

Set the title, description, and head properties for your Experience Builder site pages to improve search results.

To view a page’s properties, in Experience Builder, open the Pages menu and click …. > Page Settings.
Title
The title of the page. Shown in search engine results, the browser's tab or window title, and bookmarks.
For data-based pages such as record and content pages, the title is set dynamically.

Description
The description of the page. Shown in search engine results to help users decide if it's the page that they're searching for.
For data-based pages such as record and content pages, the description is set dynamically.
If a page's description value is empty, search engines populate the description from the first text they find.

Head Tags
Edit Head Tags lets you enter specific head tags for the page to assist search engine optimization.
For data-based pages, such as record and content pages, you can enter expressions to access values from the record associated with the page. Associated values can include things like name, title, and value of specific fields.
To prevent search engines from indexing a page, add the noindex tag.

```html
<meta name="robots" content="noindex">
```

You can specify local head tags for individual site pages, for example to indicate a non-canonical page. And you can augment any global tags that are in your head markup.

Tip: Alternatively, you can take a rules-based approach to controlling the visibility of specific areas of your site to search engines by creating a custom robots.txt file.

For security purposes, we restrict the tags, attributes, and values allowed in the head tags on your pages.
### Dynamic SEO Page Properties

Record and CMS Content pages can contain dynamic data, such as from a database or ever-changing inventory. To make these pages discoverable, provide the title and identify which object it comes from. Use expressions to dynamically update the page title, description, and meta tags based on the changing content. The expressions differ depending on the page type. For Record pages, the Expression Language (EL) starts with `!Record.`. For Content pages, the EL starts with `!Content`. Null field values are returned as empty strings. Output appears in the appropriate language, if available.

Some object pages with dynamic data don’t affect SEO and aren’t indexed, such as Messages. So those page properties don’t include fields for title or description.

Most standard fields are accessible to a guest user by default. To ensure access, confirm that Public Access is enabled in the Experience Builder settings so that the Guest User profile has access to the fields displayed. Custom fields are enabled for the Guest User profile through field-level security (FLS) settings before they can be used in expressions. If a profile or FLS restricts any queried field, the entire record doesn’t load and your expressions don’t render on the page.

You can use these expressions only in the SEO section of the Experience Builder Pages Properties tab.

**Note:** Notice that the Object and Title expressions look a little different than usual? Use them as they appear, they work fine. They’re unique for this area of Salesforce.

To implement dynamic properties for the PageType **Record**:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expression</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>!Record._Object</code></td>
<td>Returns the display name of the object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>!Record._Title</code></td>
<td>Returns the title of the record as defined in the name field. Keep in mind that the name field can have a different label than Name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expression</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!Record.FieldName}</td>
<td>The value of the specified field for the record. The field name is case-sensitive and includes __c for custom fields. For example, show a record’s type and title in search results using {{!Record.recordTypeLabel}}.{{!Record.title}}.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For example, you can display the object name of a record followed by its title: {{!Record._Object}}.{{!Record.title}}. Or add a specific field, such as {{!Record.Description}}.

For the CMS Content.PageType, implement dynamic properties using these expressions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expression</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>{{!Content.contentTypeLabel}}</td>
<td>Returns the display name of the object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{{!Content.title}}</td>
<td>Returns the title of the content as defined in the name field. Keep in mind that the name field can have a different label than Name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{{!Content.FieldName}}</td>
<td>The value of the specified field for the content. The field name is case-sensitive and includes __c for custom fields. For example, for a blog post, use {{!Content.Body.Title}}.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For example, {{!Content.title}}.{{!Content.lastModified}} displays the Content page’s title and last modified date.

**Canonical URL Tags**

Choose a canonical URL to consolidate a single page that uses multiple URLs or different pages with similar content. Improve SEO and direct search bots to the most representative page from a set of duplicate pages on your site. Without canonicalization, search engines consider all of your identical or similar URLs as unique pages, which can cause several SEO issues.

- Search engines can miss your unique content.
- Too much duplicate content can dilute content ranking.
- Ranked content doesn’t reflect the best URL.

To set up a canonical URL for a standard page, open the Experience Builder Page Properties tab. Select the SEO tab, then **Edit Head Tags**. Enter the properties as shown with your canonical URL.

```html
<link rel="canonical" href="https://mysite.com/s/canonicalURL">
```

For Record pages with dynamic data, we recommend that you create a custom field for the object to store the canonical URL.

**Note:** Question and Topic objects don’t currently support Canonical URLs.

1. To create a custom field, select **Setup > Object Manager > Fields & Relationships**. In the New Custom Field page, select URL. In the Field Label and Field Name fields, enter CanonicalURL.

2. Most standard fields are accessible to a guest user by default. To ensure access, confirm that Public Access and field-level security (FLS) are enabled so that the Guest User profile has access to the fields displayed. For more information, see Make Objects Available for SEO on page 535.
3. Open the Experience Builder Page Properties tab. Select the SEO tab, then **Edit Head Tags**. To set the canonical URL, use the expression for new field you created.

```html
<link rel="canonical" href="{!Record.CanonicalURL__c}"
```

4. In the Record properties, enter the URL in the custom CanonicalURL field.

**Structured Data**

To improve your site’s visibility in search results and to increase site traffic, add structured data to page head tags. Structured data provides key page details in a standardized format that helps search engines understand the content and meaning of a web page. Search engines use structured data to display your site pages in enhanced and engaging ways in search results. For example, search results for a recipe can include a hand-selected image of the finished dish with cook time, recipe ratings, and other details. You can use structured data to define thumbnail images, carousels, knowledge boxes, and more.

To add structured data to one of your pages, add the `<script>` tag with the `application/ld+json` type attribute to the Edit Head Tags section, and then provide the page details that you want to highlight. For examples of using structured data, see the [structured data search gallery from Google](https://developers.google.com/search/docs/guides/structured).
Note: Experience Cloud sites allow only JSON-LD formatting for structured data. You can’t use the `<script>` tag to add JavaScript to a page’s head tags.

Here’s an example of structured data for a recipe on a Content page.

```html
<script type="application/ld+json">
{
  "@context": "https://example.com/",
  "@type": "Recipe",
  "name": "{!Content.title}" ,
  "author": {
    "@type": "Person",
    "name": "Granny Smith"
  },
  "datePublished": "2022-05-28",
  "description": "My family has loved this apple pie recipe for generations. ",
  "prepTime": "PT60M"
}
</script>
```

To include dynamic page information in your structured data, use expressions. Be sure to start expressions for Record pages with `{!Record}` and expressions for Content pages with `{!Content}`.

SEE ALSO:
- Page Properties and Types in Experience Builder
- Add Markup to the Page `<head>` to Customize Your Experience Builder Site
- Control Public Access to Your Experience Builder Sites
- Salesforce CMS: Create a Detail Page

### Create a Custom `robots.txt` File for Your Experience Builder Site

The `robots.txt` file for your site is automatically generated. It allows search engines to crawl your entire site. However, if you want to tell search engines not to crawl certain pages of your public site, you can create a custom `robots.txt` file.

Use a Visualforce page to create a custom `robots.txt` file. Then add the URLS of the pages that you want search engines to crawl to the Allow section, and add the URLs that you don’t want search engines to crawl to the Deny section.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise**, **Performance**, and **Unlimited** Editions

Applies to: **LWR and Aura sites on page 8**

USER PERMISSIONS

To create a Visualforce page and `robots.txt` file for your site:
- Create and Set Up Experiences
search engines to crawl to the Disallow section. A common way to use a custom `robots.txt` file is to disallow your entire site and then selectively allow search engines to crawl individual pages.

```plaintext
Disallow: /    # hides everything from ALL bots
Allow: /<path-prefix-1>/s    # add path you want to open to bots
Allow: /<path-prefix-2>/s    # add path you want to open to bots
Sitemap: http://<site_URL>/s/sitemap.xml
```

Pages whose URLs you add to the Disallow section can still appear in search results. For example, if an allowed web page points to a disallowed URL, a search engine can index the URL when it’s crawling the allowed web page. Learn more in Google’s Search Central Documentation. To hide or block a public site page from search results use the `noindex` meta tag.

⚠️ **Tip:** If you have more than one site, each with a different custom domain subpath, they share a `robots.txt` file. Therefore, when you create a custom `robots.txt` file, ensure that your search engine crawling directives account for all pages in all of your sites.

1. In a text file, create a list of include (Allow) and exclude (Disallow) directives for the areas of your site that you want to expose to or hide from search engines. Also include the path to all sitemaps for the domain—for example, `https://<site_URL>/s/sitemap.xml`. Only relative URLs are valid for Allow and Disallow directives.
2. To create a Visualforce page, from Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Visualforce Pages. Then select Visualforce Pages, and click New.
3. Give the custom file a name. You can even call it `robots`.
4. Select Available for Lightning Experience....
5. Copy your list of indexing directives and the sitemap path from the text file to the Visualforce page. For example:

```xml
<apex:page contentType="text/plain">
    User-agent: *
    Disallow: /
    Allow: /s
    Allow: /mycommunity/s
    Sitemap: https://example.com/s/sitemap.xml
    Sitemap: https://example.com/mycommunity/s/sitemap.xml
</apex:page>
```
6. Save your work. The Visualforce page is automatically saved at the root-level of the preferred domain.
7. From Experience Workspaces, click Administration > Pages, and then click Go to Force.com. Then, on the Site Details page, click Edit.
8. In the Site Robots.txt field, enter the name of the Visualforce page that you created, or click to search for the file.
9. Save your work.

SEE ALSO:
- Best Practices and Tips for Using SEO in Experience Builder Sites
- SEO for Experience Builder Sites FAQ

**SEO-Friendly URLs in Enhanced Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) Sites (Beta)**

Boost organic traffic to your site by improving search engine optimization (SEO) with new URL configuration solutions. SEO-friendly URL snippets, or slugs, are available for custom objects, accounts, and contacts in your enhanced LWR site. They’re also available for product and category pages in LWR Commerce sites. A slug improves SEO by replacing the record ID in the URL with relevant and human-readable information, ensuring that your site’s pages are optimally surfaced in search engines.

**Note:** This feature is a Beta Service. Customer may opt to try such Beta Service in its sole discretion. Any use of the Beta Service is subject to the applicable Beta Services Terms provided at Agreements and Terms.

When adding a URL slug for your custom object, keep these considerations in mind.

- URL slugs are only available for custom objects, accounts, and contacts. They’re also available for product and category pages in LWR Commerce sites.
- To use URL slugs on localized versions of your site, enable translation workbench and add active languages for translation. For more information, see Translation Workbench.
- URL slugs have a character limit of 150 and allow these characters: `a-z A-Z 0-9 . _ $ & : ; * , = @`. Foreign language characters are also allowed.
- When choosing a language for a URL slug, select a language that’s active in your org and site. For more information, see Supported Languages.
- Create a URL slug in your site’s default language and translate it for each language you support. For example, if your site is configured to have both English and French URL slugs, then `site.com/fr/custom-object/{slug-english}` redirects to `site.com/fr/custom-object/{slug-french}`.
- When a customer is browsing in a language without a URL slug translation, but the page has a URL slug for your site’s default language, the slug falls back to the default. For example, if your default site language is English and a customer is browsing in French, `site.com/fr/custom-object/{slug-english}` loads the page.
- When URL slugs are enabled and configured for custom object pages, they’re used as the canonical URL in sitemaps created for enhanced LWR sites. Otherwise, the sitemap continues using the record ID URL.
- SEO-friendly URLs don’t support site object pages created with custom metadata. URLs for pages made with custom metadata always use the record ID URL.
Enable SEO-Friendly URLs in LWR Sites (Beta)

Before you use SEO-friendly URLs, enable the functionality in your enhanced LWR site. The setting is site-specific, which means you must enable it on a site-by-site basis.

Note: This feature is a Beta Service. Customer may opt to try such Beta Service in its sole discretion. Any use of the Beta Service is subject to the applicable Beta Services Terms provided at Agreements and Terms.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Preferences.
3. Select Use SEO-friendly URLs on this site. You can't disable this setting after enabling it.
4. Save your work.
5. Repeat this process for each site that uses SEO-friendly URLs.
6. Publish your site.

After you enable the setting, you can see and edit the base friendly URL in the site’s Experience Builder > Page Properties. Use the ObjectRelatedUrl object to upload SEO-friendly URL slugs in the Salesforce Platform APIs that you typically use.

Note: URL slugs are only available for custom objects, accounts, and contacts. They're also available for product and category pages in LWR Commerce sites.
Make Objects Available for SEO

When you make your site public, search engines can index the pages of your Experience Builder site. However, to ensure that you don’t expose sensitive data, the data displayed by objects on those pages aren’t public. Instead, you must specifically make those objects and their associated fields publicly available for indexing by search engines.

The guest user profile controls what unauthenticated users and search engines can see in a publicly available site. To make a standard or custom object’s records available for indexing, provide Read access to that object and its fields. Every instance of that object, regardless of page location, is added to the sitemap.

Note:

- To ensure that object data is available to search engines, review the sharing rules, field-level security (FLS), and permission sets assigned to an object. Even though an object and its fields are public, Salesforce security settings still determine guest user access to this data.
- Ensure that all sensitive objects are private, even objects used in private pages that aren’t included in the sitemap. All public pages and public objects are discoverable because search engines use the sitemap only as a starting point to identify which site content is available for crawling.
- Regularly review and update the objects and records that are public through your guest user profile. This best practice controls the scope of your sitemap and helps keep your site secure.
- To be included in your sitemap, knowledge articles on Aura sites must have at least one navigational topic assigned to them.

1. For Topics, Feed Items, and Questions pages, enabling object read access or creating a sharing rule isn’t required. Instead, to allow access:
   a. In Experience Workspaces, select Administration.
   b. On the Preferences page, select Give access to public API requests on Chatter and Let guest users see other members of this site.
   c. Save your changes.
2. For standard and custom objects, configure which objects are public using the guest user profile:
   a. In Experience Builder, select the SEO setting tab.
   b. Click Guest User Profile.
c. Click **Edit**, and in the Standard Object Permissions section, give at least read access to the object.

d. Save your changes.

3. Ensure that the appropriate object fields have read access using the guest user profile:
   
a. In the Field-Level Security section, click **View** beside the relevant object.

   ![Field-Level Security](image)

   b. Save your changes.

4. **Create a sharing rule for guest users** for each public object.

   - **Warning:** Sharing rules allow immediate and unlimited access to all records matching the sharing rule’s criteria. To secure your Salesforce data and give your site guest users access to what they need, consider all the use cases and implications of creating a sharing rule.

5. To make your changes live, publish your site.

   It can take up to 24 hours for the list of available objects to appear along with the number of indexed records.
Provide Search Engines with Fresh Content Snapshots

Experience Builder sites in your production org use the Content Snapshot service to generate SEO optimized HTML for web crawlers such as Googlebot, and content sharing platforms such as Facebook. The concept is common to single-page application frameworks known as dynamic rendering. Salesforce takes a snapshot when you make changes to your site’s publicly available content. This functionality works well for most updates. But let’s say you update a page with time-sensitive information, such as price changes for a flash sale. Instead of waiting, you can take a manual snapshot once every 24 hours to refresh the page content served to search engines.

Tip: The Content Snapshot section appears in Experience Builder only after you set a preferred domain for your Experience Builder site and ensure that your site is publicly available.

A content snapshot is generated and served in production for every route included in your standard sitemap for all site languages added to your site. A snapshot includes views produced with the standard language parameter and record detail pages where the guest user has read access to one or more records. We don’t recommend producing different content based on your own query string parameters because snapshots aren’t supported for permutations of your own parameters.

1. In Experience Builder, update the page’s content, and then publish your site to make your changes live.
   You can only take snapshots of published pages.

2. On the SEO settings tab, select the page in the Published Page dropdown.

3. Click Refresh Snapshot.

Manual snapshots are processed as quickly as possible, but your updates can take some time to appear in search results. If you request manual snapshot refreshes for a large volume of pages simultaneously, your snapshots won’t all be updated at the same time.

SEE ALSO:

Best Practices and Tips for Using SEO in Experience Builder Sites
Generate a Manual Sitemap Refresh for Your Experience Builder Site
Generate a Manual Sitemap Refresh for Your Experience Builder Site

When you go live with a new Experience Builder site or make significant updates to an existing one, you can generate a manual sitemap one time every 24 hours outside of the weekly automatic sitemap refresh.

To initiate a manual refresh of your sitemap one time every 24 hours:

1. In Experience Builder, navigate to the SEO tab in settings.
2. Click the **Generate Sitemap** button to manually generate a sitemap for your site.

3. Track the status of the sitemap as it processes.
   The status bar shows In Progress while the sitemap generates. After your sitemap is generated, the status updates to read Complete.

   ![Generate Sitemap](image)

   **Tip:** For the best experience, generate a manual sitemap during off-peak hours.
When you add new pages to your site, these links are included in an automatic partial sitemap refresh every 24 hours. If you add new pages after you manually generate a sitemap, they're added to the sitemap automatically.

SEE ALSO:
- Provide Search Engines with Fresh Content Snapshots
- Create a Custom robots.txt File for Your Experience Builder Site
- Configure a Custom Domain for Your Experience Cloud Site

Reassign the Scheduled Jobs that Generate an Automatic Sitemap Refresh

To generate an automatic sitemap refresh, Salesforce uses an automated process called scheduled jobs. An automatic sitemap refresh requires two scheduled jobs that are associated with the account of the user who most recently published that site. If that user's account is deactivated, the scheduled jobs can't run, and your sitemap no longer refreshes automatically. To resume automatic sitemap refreshes, reassign the scheduled jobs that refresh the sitemap to an active or automated user account.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Scheduled Jobs, and then select Scheduled Jobs.
2. Find the scheduled jobs with job names that start with CommIncrementalSitemapJob or CommSitemapJob and that list the inactive user in the Submitted By column.
3. Next to the CommIncrementalSitemapJob and CommSitemapJob scheduled jobs submitted by the inactive user, click Del.
4. Republish all sites for which you deleted the scheduled jobs.

The scheduled jobs are associated with the user who republishes the site. When you associate the scheduled jobs with an automated user account, you ensure that a deactivated user account can't affect your automatic sitemap refreshes again.

To associate the scheduled jobs with an automated user account of an active user, after you delete the scheduled jobs, visit the site's sitemap.xml file. To view the sitemap.xml file, navigate to https://site_URL/s/sitemap.xml for Aura sites or https://site_URL/sitemap.xml for LWR sites.

If you have more than one site, repeat these steps for all CommIncrementalSitemapJob and CommSitemapJob scheduled jobs that list the inactive user in the Submitted By column.

EDITIONS
Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited Editions
Applies to: LWR and Aura sites on page 8

USER PERMISSIONS
To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

To edit a scheduled job:
- Customize Application
Best Practices and Tips for Using SEO in Experience Builder Sites

Follow these guidelines and best practices when optimizing SEO in your site.

General SEO Best Practices

- Locate a site at the root level. To determine the location of your site, from Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Digital Experiences, and then click All Sites. Then, check the address in the URL column. The address for a root-level site has the format https://site_url. A site that isn’t at the root level commonly has a URL with a path prefix in the format https://site_url/sub_path/.

  If your site has a URL prefix, meaning it’s not at the root level, you must create a root site. You submit the sitemap for the root-level site to search engines first, and then submit the URLs for the site with a path prefix.

- To ensure that your Knowledge articles are included in search results, assign at least one navigational, featured, or content topic to each article.

- If your org supports multilingual Knowledge articles, keep the same URL as the base language article. We don’t recommend replacing the URLs of translated articles with language-specific URLs.

- To improve search results and help people decide whether it’s the page they want, use a page’s Title and Description properties.

  Note: You can use other head markup global tags to configure your social media tags from OpenGraph to Twitter. We restrict the tags, attributes, and values allowed in the head markup of your pages to improve security.

- To make the object page URL more readable for humans, change the page’s base URL. Update all other references to your pages, such as object, detail, list, or related list, that you hand-coded from other pages or from links outside your site. These references aren’t automatically updated.

- Pages with non-standard URLs, such as URLs that include query string parameters, aren’t included in the sitemap or content snapshots. As a result, search engines can’t crawl or index these pages. Therefore, avoid using standard pages to deliver dynamic data via URL parameters (/s/product?productId=12345). Instead, use object pages for the record pages to be crawled (/s/product/12345).

- When creating a custom Aura component that generates a URL or navigates to a page, use lightning:navigation to generate proper <a href> links. Similarly, for custom Lightning web components, use lightning-navigation.

- 301 redirects ensure that users and search engines are directed to the correct page. For example, for a URL such as www.my_site.com, we recommend creating a redirect to my_site.com. You can set up these redirects with your DNS provider.

- To indicate that a page is a duplicate of another page, add a <link> element, with the attribute rel=canonical and point to the canonical page. For example, <link rel="canonical" href="https://example.com/home"/>. This action ensures that search engines crawl the canonical page and not a duplicate page.

Sitemap and robots.txt Files

- Don’t create a custom sitemap for LWR or Aura sites. Custom sitemaps are difficult to maintain and scale. Instead, use the automatically generated sitemap.xml file.

- If you create a custom robots.txt file, it must include the paths to all sitemaps for the domain.

- When URL slugs are enabled and configured for product and category pages, they’re used as the canonical URL in sitemaps created for LWR Commerce stores. Otherwise, the sitemap continues using the recordId URL.
• If you enable guest user access for an object that has existing records, manually trigger the full sitemap generation. Otherwise, the sitemap doesn’t include the object’s records until the next automatic sitemap regeneration, which can be up to a week later.

Data Security
• Regularly review and update the objects and records that are public through your guest user profile. This best practice controls the scope of your sitemap and helps keep your site secure.
• To ensure that object data is available to search engines, review the sharing rules, field-level security (FLS), and permission sets assigned to an object. Even though an object and its fields are public, Salesforce security settings still determine guest user access to this data.
• Ensure that all sensitive objects are private, even objects used in private pages that aren’t included in the sitemap. All public pages and public objects are discoverable because search engines use the sitemap only as a starting point to identify which site content is available for crawling.

Testing and Validation
• Review the accuracy of your sitemap.xml file before submitting it to search engines. Navigate as an unauthenticated user to https://<site_URL>/s/sitemap.xml for Aura sites or https://<site_URL>/sitemap.xml for LWR sites. We suggest using Google Chrome’s incognito mode. Ensure that the URLs listed in the site map are appropriate for guest users.

  Note: If a URL is mistakenly included in the sitemap, check that the correct permissions are enabled on the guest user profile and that your site is set up correctly for SEO.

• Many webmaster tools require verification of your site. One of the best ways to verify that your site is to add the meta tag provided by the web team tool to your head markup.
• Salesforce is a single-page application (SPA). So if you plan to use any third-party SEO tools to test your community, make sure that they’re configured to crawl JavaScript-based sites properly.
• Check SEO performance and site speed using the free Salesforce Community Page Optimizer plug-in for Chrome.

SEE ALSO:
  Blog Post: Advanced SEO for Lightning Communities
  SEO for Experience Builder Sites
  SEO Best Practices and Considerations for Guest Users
  SEO for Experience Builder Sites FAQ
SEO for Experience Builder Sites FAQ

Answers to common questions about using SEO in your Experience Builder site.

Can I use SEO features on a sandbox org?
No, SEO features are supported on production orgs only.

Can I create a custom sitemap?
Don’t create custom sitemaps for Aura or LWR sites, as they’re difficult to maintain and scale. Instead, use the automatically generated sitemap.xml file.

How often is the sitemap generated?
If a site has been published, is active, and is public, the full sitemap is automatically generated one time a week, on Sunday. A partial sitemap refresh occurs every 24 hours and captures any changes made in the last day. You can manually regenerate a sitemap one time every 24 hours.

Can I manually generate a sitemap for my site?
If you go live with a new site or make significant changes to an existing site, you can manually generate a sitemap.

Tip: For the best experience, generate a manual sitemap during off-peak hours.

Why does the sitemap have references to other sitemaps?
The sitemap.xml file can contain only a limited number of URLs. For large sites, the sitemap is partitioned into multiple smaller sitemaps. These partitions organize the different public pages and objects in your site. Each partition is of the form sitemap-object-#.xml. The sitemap file also contains a partition called sitemap-object-weekly.xml. This partition contains new and updated pages from the current week, and is used for the daily partial sitemap refresh and the weekly sitemap generation. The sitemap-object-weekly.xml partition resets after that week’s sitemap generation.

Does the sitemap include URLs for object pages?
If an object’s detail page is public and you enable read access for the object, the URL for the detail page is included in the sitemap. You can make an object’s list page public separately and include it in the sitemap by adding the page to the Navigation menu and then republishing your site. Related list pages are never included in the sitemap.

Why don’t I see the automatically generated robots.txt file when I navigate to https://<site_URL>/robots.txt?
Your site must be at the root level of your custom domain for the robots.txt file to appear. If you don’t have a custom domain set up and you’re using the *.force.com or *.my.site.com domain, then a site without the path prefix must exist.

How do I change the indexing directives of the default robots.txt file?
You can create a custom robots.txt file to implement a rules-based method to control the visibility of specific areas of your site to search engines. Pages whose URLs you add to the Disallow section of a custom robots.txt file can still appear in search results. To hide a public site page from search results use the noindex meta tag.

How is SEO supported for sites with multiple languages?
When multiple languages are added to a site, translation links are automatically added to each site page’s head markup with <hreflang> link tags, according to Google’s guidelines. The sitemap isn’t updated with additional translation links. You can’t remove or disable the link tags, but you can configure unique SEO tags for each language.

Can I remove the /s/ from the default site URL in Aura sites?
No, the /s/ is required in the default URL for Aura sites. It’s not required for LWR sites.

Does each article have its own URL?
Yes, each article that appears in the Article Detail page has its own URL, which is retrieved from the Knowledge article’s URL Name field.
Article URLs use the format /article/:urlName. However, the article’s recordId is available for use with components on the Article Detail page, like the Article Content component. The recordId on the page is set to the most recent Knowledge Article Version ID for a published article, uniquely defined by the URL Name and, if present, the translation language.

Tip:
- If your org has custom components that rely on the article’s urlName, update the components to use recordId instead.
- If your org supports multilingual Knowledge articles, keep the same URL as the base language article. We don’t recommend replacing the URLs of translated articles with language-specific URLs.

Which bots are allowed to crawl Experience Builder sites, or get served their content snapshot?
- googlebot
- adsbot-google
- gsa-crawler
- chrome-lighthouse
- slurp
- bing
- baidu
- ask
- facebook
- facebot
- twitterbot
- linkedinbot
- swiftbot
- slackbot

Can I update the title and add a description to articles to improve search engine results?
Each Knowledge article has a URL Name, a Title, and a Summary field. When the article’s displayed in the Article Detail page in Experience Builder, these fields are used for the page URL, the title, and description tags on the page <head>.

Are pages with non-standard URLs, such as custom vanity URLs or URLs that include query string parameters, supported for SEO?
No, pages with non-standard URLs aren’t included in the sitemap or content snapshots. Therefore, search engines can’t crawl or index those pages.

For example, instead of using standard pages to deliver dynamic data via URL parameters (/s/product?productId=12345), use object pages for the record pages to be crawled (s/product/12345).

How do I indicate that a version of a page is non-canonical?
When different versions of a page exist, search engines crawl only the canonical version of a page. To stop the search engine from arbitrarily choosing a URL as the canonical version of multiple pages, indicate that a page is a duplicate of another page (that is, non-canonical). To do so, add a <link> element, with the attribute rel=canonical and point to the canonical page. For example, <link rel="canonical" href="https://example.com/home" />

How are non-canonical URLs for object pages handled?
To improve your site’s SEO ranking, we redirect non-canonical URLs to canonical URLs using 301 redirects. A canonical URL lets you tell search engines that slightly different URLs, which all point to the same content, are actually the same thing. A 301 redirect indicates that a URL has been permanently moved, which is optimal for SEO.
For example, let’s say you add object pages for the Account object. In this case, the detail page has an object-specific Account Detail page and a generic Record Detail page. When site members access the generic Record Detail page (/s/detail/recordId), they’re permanently redirected to the canonical URL of the object-specific Account Detail page instead (/s/account/recordId). Similarly, 301 redirects are used for list and related list pages.

**Note:** URL redirects occur only when a URL is accessed directly from the browser URL bar or from a link that’s external to your site.

### How are SEO-friendly URLs created for object detail pages?

To create a user-readable URL for the detail page of a standard or custom object, we append the value of the object’s Name field to the URL. For example, for AW Computing’s Account Detail page, we redirect https://mysite.com/s/account/001R0000002NzuaIAC to https://mysite.com/s/account/001R0000002NzuaIAC/aw-computing.

Where the Name field isn’t available, we use the Subject or Title fields. Otherwise, we append “detail” to the URL.

**Note:** The Case, Dashboard, Group, Report, and User Profile objects aren’t supported.

### How do I get analytics for material brought in using CMS Connect?

Remember, the content you display in your site when using CMS Connect (JSON) doesn’t live in your site. Getting usage data requires a few extra steps.

To configure External Objects for the data that you want to track, use Reports or OData, Salesforce Reporting.

### Connect Experience Cloud to Data Cloud

To provide customers the personalized, individual experiences they now expect, you need detailed insights about your users and how you can best engage with them. By connecting your enhanced LWR sites to Data Cloud, you can capture user interaction data, like clicks, scrolls, and product interactions, and send that to Data Cloud. From there you can organize your data and use it to create user profile maps, build robust site analytics, personalize your sites, generate recommendations, and discover new ways to use AI.

**Important:** The Data Cloud integration isn’t available in Developer Edition orgs with Namespace configured.

**Note:** This topic includes steps found in multiple products and requires different roles to complete.

### Set Up Data Cloud

If you’re new to Data Cloud, your org requires some setup to get everything flowing correctly.

1. **Data Cloud admin**—If you’re new to Data Cloud, start with Get Started Using Data Cloud. If not, skip to step 2.
Connect Your Enhanced LWR Site to Data Cloud

To capture detailed information about your site interactions and send it to Data Cloud for ingestion, connect your enhanced LWR sites to Data Cloud.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Digital Experiences, click Digital Experiences, and then click Settings.
2. Select Integrations.
3. On the Data Cloud card, select Add to Site.
4. Click Share site data with Data Cloud.
   The integration process can take up to 60 minutes.
5. Check your email for confirmation that your setup is complete. When you receive your confirmation email, publish your site.

Track User Interactions

After your integration is set up, a portfolio of events are automatically mapped to Data Cloud. User consent is turned off by default for Experience Cloud sites. That means that even if you turn on Data Cloud, user information isn’t captured until you consent on behalf of your customers or implement a consent-management platform (CMP) app. Before starting this task, make sure you’ve turned on Data Cloud in your site.

1. Create consent management options.
2. Check out our event reference guide to find out what you’re tracking.
3. Your Experience Cloud data kit is designed to work automatically. We recommend reviewing Data Cloud Setup after you complete steps 1 and 2 to make sure everything is working properly.

Add Salesforce CMS Content to Your Experience Builder Site

Use the Digital Experiences App to create, manage, and publish engaging content for your Experience Builder site. Then display your Salesforce CMS content on your Aura or LWR site using Experience Builder tools. When you use Experience Builder sites together with Salesforce CMS, you can keep your brand and content consistent everywhere the content is published.

Experience Builder and site templates help you create, brand, and publish a custom site. You can choose from several templates, all of which come with components that you can use to add CMS content to your Aura and LWR site pages.

Salesforce CMS is a hybrid content management system where you can create, manage, and publish content from CMS workspaces to multiple channels, including Experience Builder sites.

You can access your sites and Salesforce CMS workspaces from the Digital Experiences app, which is available through the App Launcher. View and manage your CMS workspaces and your Aura or LWR sites right from the Digital Experiences Home tab.
Tip: Experience Cloud and Salesforce CMS have workspaces. In Experience Cloud, you use a site’s workspace to configure settings and find information about your site’s metrics and user engagement. In CMS workspaces, you create and manage CMS content and publish it to multiple channels.

Before you can use Salesforce CMS content on your Experience Builder site, ensure that your site is based on the most up-to-date Lightning template.

Connect Salesforce CMS to your Experience Builder site by adding the site as a channel to your Salesforce CMS workspace. Next, ensure that all content that you want to display on your site is published in your workspace. Content must be published before you can use it on your Aura or LWR sites.

Note: Although the Digital Experiences app is available in sandboxes, you can’t migrate CMS content to production. We recommend that you use the Digital Experiences app in production to create content that you plan to use beyond testing.

Already have a CMS? You can use content from another CMS in your Experience Builder site for consistent branding, reuse of material, and ease of maintenance. See Connect Your External CMS to Your Experience Builder Site in CMS Developer Guide to learn more.

Display Salesforce CMS Content in Your LWR Site
Create content in Salesforce CMS that matches your branding and messaging, and then use the content on any Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) site. Dynamically display Salesforce CMS content in your LWR site with data binding components in Experience Builder. You can nest one component within another, add unique images, and create engaging pages with CMS content.

Display Salesforce CMS Content in Your Aura Site
Deliver and organize CMS content with Experience Builder and Content Management. Use Experience Builder to configure the content formatting and layout on your site pages. And use Content Management to organize your CMS content into collections and topics.

SEE ALSO:
Add a Channel to a CMS Workspace
Display Salesforce CMS Content in Your LWR Site

Create content in Salesforce CMS that matches your branding and messaging, and then use the content on any Lightning Web Runtime (LWR) site. Dynamically display Salesforce CMS content in your LWR site with data binding components in Experience Builder. You can nest one component within another, add unique images, and create engaging pages with CMS content.

Data binding establishes a connection between data sources such as Salesforce CMS and a site’s user interface. Components used in LWR sites populate with content saved in the CMS and display the content based on parameters that you set on the site.

To learn more about data binding in LWR sites, watch: Did You Know: Discover LWR Sites (English Only)

Add Content to Your LWR Sites with Data Binding
Use data binding to populate your LWR sites with Salesforce CMS content. Drop components that support data binding onto your site page and map them to content from Salesforce CMS.

Use a Grid Component to Show Enhanced CMS Collections and List Views in LWR Sites
The Grid component dynamically populates with data that’s saved in enhanced CMS collections and record list views. After you pick a data source, you add a content component within the grid to show the content that you want. The component provides data binding and pagination logic.

Add an Image from Salesforce CMS to Your LWR Site
Add images from Salesforce CMS as standalone images on your site page or add new images to components populated with CMS content. You can update images attached to CMS content in Experience Builder without changing the image in your Salesforce CMS workspace.

Nest Content Components in Your LWR Site
Nest content components within layout components on your LWR site to showcase more content from your Salesforce CMS. Create eye-catching content displays by nesting components that use data binding.

Bind Data to CMS Content Pages in Your LWR Site
Data-bound components used on CMS content pages automatically populate with content saved in Salesforce CMS. Map fields in the component property panel to fields in CMS content.

SEE ALSO:
Create Content in a CMS Workspace
Add Content to Your LWR Sites with Data Binding

Use data binding to populate your LWR sites with Salesforce CMS content. Drop components that support data binding onto your site page and map them to content from Salesforce CMS.

1. In Experience Builder, click Components.
2. Drag a layout component that supports data binding onto the page. The Banner, Card, Grid, Overlap, and Tile components support data binding.
3. In the component property panel, click Select Content.
4. Select the content that you want to add from the list of published CMS content items (1), and then save your changes (2).
5. In the component property panel, customize the content layout, including component size, font size, image position, overlays, and more.
6. Click the component fields and map them to elements of your CMS content. Adjust settings as needed.

For example, in a Banner component, click the Text Block component that’s nested in the Banner component (1). Then, under Text or Expression in the component property panel, link to the Title field of a Salesforce CMS content item (2).
7. Continue customizing how the content appears on your site in the component property panel. Here are some considerations when using data binding components.

- If a component points to a site page that’s deleted, reconfigure the component to point to an alternate site page.
- If a component points to a listview or related listview whose API name is changed, reconfigure the component to point to an alternate listview or related listview.
- Although the Text Block, HTML Editor, Image, Video, and Button components don’t support direct data binding on the Home page, they’re data-bound when used on detail pages. And you can nest them in other data-bound components. On detail pages and as nested components, they inherit content from the data-bound component where they’re nested.

See data binding in action in the Did You Know Series (English Only).

SEE ALSO:
- Bind Data to CMS Content Pages in Your LWR Site
- Add an Image from Salesforce CMS to Your LWR Site
- Nest Content Components in Your LWR Site
- Use a Grid Component to Show Enhanced CMS Collections and List Views in LWR Sites
Use a Grid Component to Show Enhanced CMS Collections and List Views in LWR Sites

The Grid component dynamically populates with data that’s saved in enhanced CMS collections and record list views. After you pick a data source, you add a content component within the grid to show the content that you want. The component provides data binding and pagination logic.

1. In Experience Builder, click **Components**.
2. Drag the Grid component onto the page. You can add the component to any standard or object page.
3. Select a data source: a CMS collection or record list view.
4. Select the layout and design options for the content.
5. Select a content component to show the content. Commonly used components include Text Block, Tile, and Image.
6. Map the fields for the content that you want to display. For example, you can map the Text Block in a Tile component to a blog title, image, or similar content.

**Note:**
- CMS collections are available only in Enhanced LWR sites.
- Grids backed by CRM record list views show a maximum of 2,000 records.
When you use record list as your data source, the only fields you can bind to are fields that have been selected in the list view. For example, if you want to show the All Accounts list view, and the list view shows five fields in your internal org, only those five fields are shown as options for data binding.

SEE ALSO:
Collections In Enhanced CMS Workspaces

Add an Image from Salesforce CMS to Your LWR Site

Add images from Salesforce CMS as standalone images on your site page or add new images to components populated with CMS content. You can update images attached to CMS content in Experience Builder without changing the image in your Salesforce CMS workspace.

1. In Experience Builder, click Components.
2. Drag the Image component onto the page. You can add images from your Salesforce CMS to any component that supports data binding.
3. In the component property panel, click Select Image from CMS.
4. Select the image and save your change.

See data binding in action in the Did You Know Series (English Only).

EDITIONS
Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
Applies to: LWR sites

USER PERMISSIONS
To customize an LWR site:
• Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
OR
• Be a member of the site AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site
Nest Content Components in Your LWR Site

Nest content components within layout components on your LWR site to showcase more content from your Salesforce CMS. Create eye-catching content displays by nesting components that use data binding.

1. In Experience Builder, navigate to a page that’s already populated with a layout component such as Banner or Tile.

2. To nest components, drag any content component, such as Image or Rich Content Editor, into the content region of the layout component (1).

3. In the component property panel for the nested component click Select Content. Or if you added an Image, click Select Image from CMS (2).

4. Select the content to add from the list of published CMS content items, and save your changes.

5. Click the component fields and map them to elements of your CMS content. Adjust settings as needed.
See data binding in action in the Did You Know Series (English Only).

SEE ALSO:
Add an Image from Salesforce CMS to Your LWR Site

Bind Data to CMS Content Pages in Your LWR Site

Data-bound components used on CMS content pages automatically populate with content saved in Salesforce CMS. Map fields in the component property panel to fields in CMS content.

1. In Experience Builder, navigate to a CMS content page such as News Detail or Document Detail and click Components.

2. Drag a component that supports data binding onto the page. In the component property panel, you already have content that’s inherited from the content pages.

3. Click the component fields and map them to elements of your inherited CMS content in the component property panel. You can bind data from any field on the detail page, including custom fields. The content then populates automatically in the component.

EDITIONS
Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
Applies to: LWR sites

USER PERMISSIONS
To customize an LWR site:
• Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR
• Be a member of the site AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site
To use a component on a detail page without binding content, click the chain link icon next to the data source to unlock the content. Add your own content or paste in a valid URL in the field instead to link to static content.

4. Continue customizing how the content appears on the CMS content page in the component property panel. See data binding in CRM records in action in the Did You Know Series (English Only).

Display Salesforce CMS Content in Your Aura Site

Deliver and organize CMS content with Experience Builder and Content Management. Use Experience Builder to configure the content formatting and layout on your site pages. And use Content Management to organize your CMS content into collections and topics.

To display CMS content on your Aura site, first create the site in Experience Builder. Then, in the CMS workspace where you created and published the content, add the site as a channel.

In Experience Builder, control and customize how your Salesforce CMS content appears on your site pages using CMS components such as CMS Single Item or CMS Collection. Choose which type of content to show, such as an image, document, a news item, or a CMS collection. And format the content so that it appears exactly how you want it on your site.

- CMS Single Item
- CMS Single Item (Detail)
- CMS Collection

In Content Management, create collections and topics to organize multiple items of Salesforce CMS content. Collections and topics help you group related content items for use in your Aura site. Collections and topics are unique to each Aura site, so you can reuse and reorganize CMS content for different audiences.

- Salesforce CMS Collections for Aura Sites
- Salesforce CMS Topics for Aura Sites

Access Experience Builder (1) and Content Management (2) from your site’s Workspaces.
Salesforce CMS Collections for Aura Sites
Collections help you organize and display multiple pieces of content from your Salesforce CMS workspace on your Aura site. View, create, and edit collections in the Collections tab in the Content Management tile of your Aura site’s workspace. Create collections manually or collections that update automatically.

Salesforce CMS Topics for Aura Sites
Assign topics to Salesforce CMS content so that it’s easier to organize and display on your Aura site. Topics help you organize your Salesforce CMS content in the same way that they help you manage your Experience Cloud site’s feeds.

SEE ALSO:
Create Content in a CMS Workspace

Salesforce CMS Collections for Aura Sites
Collections help you organize and display multiple pieces of content from your Salesforce CMS workspace on your Aura site. View, create, and edit collections in the Collections tab in the Content Management tile of your Aura site’s workspace. Create collections manually or collections that update automatically.

Managing and curating content isn’t always done in a straight line. For instance, you can publish several news articles in your Salesforce CMS workspace and create a complete collection containing those articles. Or you can create a CMS collection before you write content in your CMS workspace.

• Create a manual collection by adding individual CMS content items one at a time. You can add the manual collections to your Aura site, and the collection doesn’t change unless you add or remove content.

• Create conditional collections to automatically show updated CMS content on your Aura site. With conditional collections, you can create and apply filters to collect content that meets your defined criteria. For instance, you can create a collection that automatically selects new products for the month, rather than manually creating collections each month.

In Content Management, the Collections page lists your existing collections by their title, type of content, and last modified date (1). On this page you can create a collection (2) and edit or delete collections from the row-level menu (3).

After you create collections, you can populate your Aura site with content by using CMS Collection components in Experience Builder. Any new or updated content that meets your criteria displays automatically.
Create a Manual CMS Collection for Your Aura Site
Create hand-picked static collections of Salesforce CMS content. Select and add specific content in a few clicks, and edit the collection at any time from the Content Management workspace. Create manual collections to gather CMS content items of a single content type.

Edit a Manual CMS Collection in Your Aura Site
Edit manual CMS Collections in Content Management to keep the content in your Aura site up to date.

Create a Conditional CMS Collection for Your Aura Site
Make collections by creating filters that automatically include content that meets your defined criteria. To achieve complex and targeted results in your collection, combine several layers of filters.

SEE ALSO:
Create Content in a CMS Workspace
Create a Manual CMS Collection for Your Aura Site
Create a Conditional CMS Collection for Your Aura Site
CMS Collection
Create a Manual CMS Collection for Your Aura Site

Create hand-picked static collections of Salesforce CMS content. Select and add specific content in a few clicks, and edit the collection at any time from the Content Management workspace. Create manual collections to gather CMS content items of a single content type.

1. In Content Management, select **Collections**, and click **New**.
2. In the New Collection window, enter a descriptive name for the collection, select **CMS Content**, and click **Next**.
   
   **Tip:** To make your collection easy to locate, give it a descriptive name.

3. From the dropdown menu, choose the content type that you want to include, and select **Manually**.

4. To add content to the collection, click **+** beside each content item.

5. Click **Finish**.

SEE ALSO:
- Create Content in a CMS Workspace
- Edit a Manual CMS Collection in Your Aura Site
Edit a Manual CMS Collection in Your Aura Site

Edit manual CMS Collections in Content Management to keep the content in your Aura site up to date.

1. In Content Management, go to the Collections tab.
2. Select the collection that you want to edit.
3. To view more details about the content such as the content body or slug, click the content title (1).
4. To change the title or to add or remove content from the collection, click Edit (2).
5. To change the order of how the content appears on your site, move items up or down in the list (3).

If you want to delete the Collection, click Delete.
Create a Conditional CMS Collection for Your Aura Site

Make collections by creating filters that automatically include content that meets your defined criteria. To achieve complex and targeted results in your collection, combine several layers of filters.

1. In Content Management, select Collections, and click New or Create Collection.
2. To make your collection easy to identify, enter a descriptive name in the New Collection window, select CMS Content, and click Next.
3. From the dropdown menu, choose the content type that you want to include, select Conditionally, and click Next.
4. In the Rule for Finding Content dropdown, choose
   • All Criteria are Met. This rule treats all your filters as ANDs, allowing only content that meets all the criteria to be included in the collection.
   • Any Criteria is Met. This rule treats all your filters as ORs, allowing any piece of content that meets any one of the criteria to be included in the collection.
5. To create a filter, select a filter type from the Filter By dropdown, then an operator from the When dropdown, and enter a value in the Value field to compare against.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filter type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Topic</td>
<td>Has a single operator, called Includes, that searches for CMS content tagged with the topic listed in the value field. When adding more than one topic, separate them with commas. For any given collection, you can only have one topic filter with up to 1,000 characters defining it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publish Date</td>
<td>Has multiple operators that evaluate against the most recent publish date of available CMS content. Values can be entered as region-specific numeric dates or as date literals, like Today or Last Week. For more information see Relative Date Filter Reference.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Has two operators that evaluate against the Title field of your available CMS content for an exact (Equals) or partial match (Contains).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6. To create filters that further refine your collection, click + Add Criteria. You can use up to 10 filters to define a collection.
7. When you're done adding filters, click Finish.

SEE ALSO:
- Create Content in a CMS Workspace
- Create a Salesforce CRM Collection for Your Aura Site
- Salesforce Help: Relative Date Filter Reference
- Developer Guide: Comparison Operators
- Developer Guide: Logical Operators

Editions

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: Aura sites

User Permissions

To access Experience Workspaces or Experience Builder:
- Create and Set Up Experiences
- Is a member of the community, portal, or site

To customize an Experience Builder site:
- Create and Set Up Experiences OR assigned an experience admin, publisher, or builder role in that site
- AND is a member of the site

To create collections using CMS content:
- Assigned a content admin or content manager role in that CMS workspace
Salesforce CMS Topics for Aura Sites

Assign topics to Salesforce CMS content so that it’s easier to organize and display on your Aura site. Topics help you organize your Salesforce CMS content in the same way that they help you manage your Experience Cloud site’s feeds.

In the Topics tab of your Content Management workspace, create and manage topics for your Aura site. When you’re creating topics, ensure that they’re enabled for content (1). If they’re not enabled, select the topic, and click Enable for Content (2).

To assign a topic to a piece of CMS content, select a piece of content from the Content tab, and assign a topic name.
To help your users, customers, and partners accomplish more, share Salesforce CRM data on your Experience Builder site. Aura and LWR sites have different tools for displaying CRM data.

Always keep your critical data secure and share only the data that you want users to see and access. For more information, see Sharing CRM Data in an Experience Cloud Site.

The tools for sharing CRM data on your Experience Builder site depend on whether you're building an Aura or LWR site.

- For Aura sites, share CRM data by using Content Management in Experience Workspaces and Experience Builder. In Content Management, add CRM Connections, and create and manage CRM Collections. With CRM Collections, you can display object data on your site in a cohesive package with customizable list views. In Experience Builder, add data to object pages by using CMS components such as CMS Collection.

- For LWR sites, share CRM data by using Experience Builder. In Experience Builder, you add CRM data to your site using data-binding components such as Banner, Card, Grid, Overlap, and Tile.

Show CRM Data in Your Aura or LWR Site Using Object Pages
In Aura and LWR sites, you can use object pages to show CRM data. Object pages include a record detail page, a record list page, and a related list page. Each page provides different views and details about object data.

Show Record Lists in Your Aura or LWR Site Using Navigation Menus
Create record list views for objects such as accounts, cases, contacts, and custom objects, and link to them from your site's Navigation Menu or Tile Menu components.

Bind Data to CRM Record Detail Pages in Your LWR Site
Data-bound components used on CRM record detail pages automatically populate with content saved in Salesforce CRM data in records. Map fields in the component property panel to fields in the CRM records.

Add Salesforce CRM Data to Your Aura Site
Enable your users to do more when you share Salesforce CRM data in your Aura site. Create CRM collections in the Content Management Workspace, and customize how your CRM data appears on your site using Experience Builder.

External Data Sources in Your Experience Cloud Site
Use Salesforce Connect and Salesforce Files Connect to access external data and content stored outside of your Salesforce org from your site.
Show CRM Data in Your Aura or LWR Site Using Object Pages

In Aura and LWR sites, you can use object pages to show CRM data. Object pages include a record detail page, a record list page, and a related list page. Each page provides different views and details about object data.

Create and assign an object page for every object that you share on your site. If you don’t assign an object page, users land on a generic object page when they click a link to CRM data on your site.

The three standard object pages are:

- Record Detail: This page shows details about an individual record for your object.
- Record List: This page shows the list of records for the object.
- Related Record List: This page shows a list of records for an object related to the primary object. For example, the related record list page for the Account object contains records for the Contact object.

To customize object pages in Aura sites, you can use several components, including Record Banner, Record Detail, Record Information Tabs, Record List, and Record Related List.

To customize object pages in your LWR site, you can use the Record Detail (Beta) component.
Show Record Lists in Your Aura or LWR Site Using Navigation Menus

Create record list views for objects such as accounts, cases, contacts, and custom objects, and link to them from your site’s Navigation Menu or Tile Menu components.

1. In Experience Builder, add a Tile Menu or Navigation Menu component to the appropriate site page.
   Alternatively, if you’re using the Customer Service, Partner Central, or Customer Account Portal Templates, you can click the default Navigation Menu component, which is in the page header.


3. Click Add Menu Item (1).

4. Give your new menu item a name, and from the Type dropdown, select Salesforce Object. Then select the Object Type and your desired List View (2).

5. If you want guest users to access your new record list view page, enable Publicly available (3).

6. Save your changes.

If your site is active, users see the changes to your navigation menu immediately. Under the hood, your data is retrieved from Salesforce and displayed using the generic record list page. The generic Record List page provides the default list view layout for objects without a predefined or custom list view page assigned. For example, if you create a navigation menu item for another Salesforce object, it uses this same generic page. If you modify the record list page, be sure to account for all the affected objects that rely on the page.

**Important:** The Help Center and LWR templates don’t include generic record pages, so you also must create the corresponding object pages. If you don’t create the object pages, your end users don’t see anything when they click the menu item.
Example: A list view page for a custom object called Featured Products.

- Users can access only records they have access to via licenses, profiles, permissions, and sharing rules, same as in Salesforce. Users with the “Create” permission for the object can create records from the list view page. The ability to create records from this page isn’t supported on mobile devices.

- When users click a record on this page, the record details are displayed using the layout from the generic Record Detail page. If you create a custom record detail page and assign it to the object, we use that page instead.

- When creating record list views in Experience Cloud sites using Experience Builder, picking a default list view value other than Default overrides the user’s pinned list. If you want users to access their own pinned lists, leave the list view as Default. Otherwise, users see whatever list view was set as the default, even if they have a pinned list.

SEE ALSO:
  Navigation Menu
  Record List
  Tile Menu
Bind Data to CRM Record Detail Pages in Your LWR Site

Data-bound components used on CRM record detail pages automatically populate with content saved in Salesforce CRM data in records. Map fields in the component property panel to fields in the CRM records.

1. In Experience Builder, navigate to a detail page such as Record Detail, and click Components.
2. Drag a component that supports data binding, such as Banner, Card, Grid, Overlap, and Tile, onto the page. In the component property panel, you already have content inherited from the content pages (1).
   
   **Note:** The Grid component can be added to any type of site page in addition to Record Detail pages.

3. In the component property panel, map the fields in the record to fields in the object detail page (2). You can bind data from any field on the detail page, including custom fields.

To use a component on a detail page without binding content, click the chain link icon next to the data source to unlock the content. Add your own content, or paste in a valid URL in the field to link to static content.

To see data binding in CRM records in action, check out the Did You Know Series (English Only).

SEE ALSO:

- Use a Grid Component to Show Enhanced CMS Collections and List Views in LWR Sites
Add Salesforce CRM Data to Your Aura Site

Enable your users to do more when you share Salesforce CRM data in your Aura site. Create CRM collections in the Content Management Workspace, and customize how your CRM data appears on your site using Experience Builder.

Add CRM Connections to Your Aura Site
To share Salesforce CRM data on your Aura site, add CRM connections in Content Management.

Create a Salesforce CRM Collection for Your Aura Site
To display CRM object data on your site, create CRM collections. CRM collections are automatically updated based on the data in your Salesforce org. When you add a CRM collection to your Aura site, you can customize its layout and formatting.

Add a Salesforce CRM Collection to Your Aura Site
To create an attractive and engaging display of CRM object data, add a CRM collection to your Aura site. Create and customize the data layout and record list views by using the CMS Collection component in Experience Builder. If you haven't created a CRM collection but you want to display object data on your site, you can still add the CMS Collection component as a placeholder.
Add CRM Connections to Your Aura Site

To share Salesforce CRM data on your Aura site, add CRM connections in Content Management. CRM objects must be explicitly approved to make their data available on your site. Objects retain their permissions when used on Experience Cloud Sites.

**Note:** Only objects that support list views are available. Only fields in global list views can be used for display on your site.

1. In your site's Experience Workspaces, navigate to Content Management.
2. Go to Content, and click Salesforce CRM.
3. Click Add CRM Connections.
4. Select objects to add to your site by clicking +. If an object is already approved and connected to your site, you see a gray checkbox next to the object.
5. Save your changes.
6. To disable existing connections, select Disable Connection from the row menu.

To display CRM data on your Aura site, create a CRM collection in Content Management.

SEE ALSO:

- Create a Salesforce CRM Collection for Your Aura Site

**EDITIONS**

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: Aura sites

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To access an Experience Builder site’s Content Management workspace:

- Create and Set Up Experiences
- AND is a member of the site

To customize an Experience Builder site:

- Create and Set Up Experiences OR assigned an experience admin, publisher, or builder role in that site
- AND is a member of the site
Create a Salesforce CRM Collection for Your Aura Site

To display CRM object data on your site, create CRM collections. CRM collections are automatically updated based on the data in your Salesforce org. When you add a CRM collection to your Aura site, you can customize its layout and formatting.

Before you can create CRM collections, add CRM connections to your Aura site, and ensure that these CRM connections are approved for use.

As you add records in Salesforce, they're automatically added to the CRM collection connected to that object. You can create a CRM collection for an object even if you don’t have any records for that object in your org. If you anticipate having records to show on your Aura site, create a CRM Collection.

1. In your site's Experience Workspaces, navigate to Content Management.

2. Go to Collections, and click New.

3. In the New Collection window, enter a descriptive name for your collection, select Salesforce CRM, and click Next.
4. From the dropdown menu, select the object that you want to include in your collection.

5. Select the best list view to display your CRM collection. You can have multiple collections associated with an object, but each collection can only have one list view associated with it at a time. Objects with only one list view available can only have one collection at a time.

Only global list views are available for creating CRM collections. All fields in a list view are available for display when that view is added as a content source in Experience Builder.

6. Click Finish.

SEE ALSO:
- Add a Salesforce CRM Collection to Your Aura Site
- Create aConditional CMS Collection for Your Aura Site
- Create a Manual CMS Collection for Your Aura Site
Add a Salesforce CRM Collection to Your Aura Site

To create an attractive and engaging display of CRM object data, add a CRM collection to your Aura site. Create and customize the data layout and record list views by using the CMS Collection component in Experience Builder. If you haven’t created a CRM collection but you want to display object data on your site, you can still add the CMS Collection component as a placeholder.

1. In Experience Builder, click Components.
2. Drag the CMS Collection component onto the page.
3. In the component property panel, click + Add Collection.
4. Select the CRM collection that you want to add from the list, and save your change.
   Tip: The Type column indicates the source of a collection. For example, Account is any collection composed of Account data. A content type such as News or Image indicates a CMS Collection.
5. In the component property panel, customize the collection layout and content layout as needed.

SEE ALSO:
   CMS Collection

External Data Sources in Your Experience Cloud Site

Use Salesforce Connect and Salesforce Files Connect to access external data and content stored outside of your Salesforce org from your site.

Provide your site users access to:
- Data that’s stored in another Salesforce org, SAP® NetWeaver Gateway, or IBM WebSphere® that your org accesses via Salesforce Connect
- Content that’s stored in Google Drive or SharePoint that your org accesses via Files Connect
Example: Let’s say you have a partner community for sales, and you store your product order information in a back-office ERP system. You can surface that information to your sales partners, enabling them to view and update orders within the context of all related data regardless of where it’s stored.

Or maybe you store your templates for contracts and other agreements in a non-Salesforce environment. Your sales partners can access the latest versions of that content as needed.

SEE ALSO:
- Salesforce Connect
- Salesforce Files Connect
- Identity Type for External Data Sources

Configure Search Functionality in Experience Cloud Sites

Help your visitors find what they’re looking for on your Experience Cloud sites.

Search behavior in Experience Cloud sites is different from searching an org.

- When you search in an Experience Cloud site, you receive results specific to that site. To find items from a different site, site members must leave the current site and search in the other site.
- In site search results, site members can view data that is explicitly shared with them in the site context. Shared content can include internal company content and records that aren’t explicitly shared with all site members.
- In Experience Cloud sites, site members can enter terms, filter out, and select multiple topics to help refine their results. If a site member wants to view a complete list of results, they can clear all their filters.

Allow Users to Search LWR Sites

You can set up search pages in sites created with LWR templates so your visitors can search for CRM objects or CMS content published from enhanced CMS workspaces. Visitors can also search for content within the Rich Content Editor and HTML Editor components, as well as within page title metadata.

Allow Users to Search Aura Sites

Search in Aura sites depends on the type of template you use.

Allow Users to Search Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites

Sites using Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce have much of the same functionality as Experience Cloud sites using Aura templates.

Allow Users to Search LWR Sites

You can set up search pages in sites created with LWR templates so your visitors can search for CRM objects or CMS content published from enhanced CMS workspaces. Visitors can also search for content within the Rich Content Editor and HTML Editor components, as well as within page title metadata.

Set up the search capability on LWR sites through LWR components. The Search Bar component displays a field where visitors enter search terms. The Results Layout component displays the search results. Search results can only be shown on a standard Search page, so to use the Results Layout component, you must first create the search page. Visitors can filter and sort the search results, making it easier to find what they need. You can customize the No Results layout and the labels on your search page to complement your company’s branding.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: LWR sites

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Set Up CMS Content Search in an LWR Site

In enhanced LWR sites, visitors can search for CMS content published from enhanced CMS workspaces. Visitors can also search for content within the Rich Content Editor and HTML Editor components, as well as within page title metadata. Use the Search Bar and Results Layout components to add the search functionality to your enhanced LWR site.

Set Up CRM Object Search in LWR Sites

Set up a CRM search page so your site visitors can search for CRM records, such as cases, accounts, leads, opportunities, and knowledge articles, in LWR sites. Visitors can filter and sort the search results, making it easier to find what they need. You can create and save search configurations to display only the information you need and apply that configuration to multiple sites. You can customize the labels, buttons, background and images of the No Results panel, object navigation panel, and filter panel to compliment your company’s brand.

Set Up CMS Content Search in an LWR Site

In enhanced LWR sites, visitors can search for CMS content published from enhanced CMS workspaces. Visitors can also search for content within the Rich Content Editor and HTML Editor components, as well as within page title metadata. Use the Search Bar and Results Layout components to add the search functionality to your enhanced LWR site.

Visitors can search only indexed content, so after you publish fresh content in your site or in the connected CMS workspace, rebuild the index. In Experience Builder, navigate to Settings | Search, and then click Rebuild Index.

CMS Content Search isn’t available for Government Cloud organizations.

Note: Searches that contain partial keywords don’t return search results. However, if a user enters a misspelled word in the Search field, CMS Content Search attempts to correct the word and provides search results for records that contain the corrected words.

Search results can only be shown on a standard Search page, so to use the Results Layout component, you must first create the search page.

1. In Experience Builder, click the Pages menu on the top toolbar, and then click New Page at the bottom of the menu.
2. Select the **Standard Page** type.

3. Select the preconfigured **Search** page and click **Next**.

4. Enter a name and URL for the page, and then click **Create**.

5. From the Components panel, drag the **Search Bar** component onto the header section of the page. When you add the component to the header section, CMS content search is available across all site pages.

6. To open the properties panel of the Results Layout component, drag the component from the Components panel onto the page, and click the component on the canvas.

7. From the properties panel, make sure the **Results Source** field displays the **CMS Content** option.
8. Preview and publish your site.

**Set Up CRM Object Search in LWR Sites**

Set up a CRM search page so your site visitors can search for CRM records, such as cases, accounts, leads, opportunities, and knowledge articles, in LWR sites. Visitors can filter and sort the search results, making it easier to find what they need. You can create and save search configurations to display only the information you need and apply that configuration to multiple sites. You can customize the labels, buttons, background and images of the No Results panel, object navigation panel, and filter panel to compliment your company’s brand.

Before you use CRM Search, review these limitations.

- Site visitors can search for any object supported by UI API, except Files.
- Filtering isn’t supported for all data types.
- For cases, the hover functionality isn’t supported for the Subject field.

**Note:** Searches with partial keywords return records that contain words starting with the characters entered in the Search field. If a user enters a misspelled word in the Search field, CRM Object Search attempts to correct the word and provides search results for records that contain the corrected words.

**Create a Search Page**

Set up CRM search capabilities through LWR components. Search results can be shown only on a standard Search page, so to use the Results Layout component, you must first create the search page.

1. In Experience Builder, click the Pages menu on the top toolbar, and then click **New Page** at the bottom of the menu.
2. From the New Page dialog, select the **Standard Page** type.

3. Select the preconfigured **Search** page and then click **Next**.

4. Enter a name and URL for the page, and then click **Create**.

**Configure the CRM Search Results Page**

Set up and configure LWR search components to customize how your site is searched. The Search Bar component displays a field where visitors enter search terms. The Results Layout component displays the search results for your site.

1. Go to your site’s Search Results page in Experience Builder.
2. From the Components panel, drag the **Search Bar** component onto the header section of the page. When you add the component to the header section, CRM search is available across all site pages.

3. Drag the **Results Layout** component from the Components panel onto the page. To open the component’s properties panel, select the component on the canvas.

4. From the properties panel, click **Results Source**, and then select **CRM Object**.

5. To update the existing search configuration for the site you are on, click **Search Configuration (Beta)** and then select **Customize Search** from the dropdown menu.
   When you select Customize Search, you can update the current search configuration for the site you are on. The dropdown also displays saved search configurations that can be applied to your site.

6. To add objects to the existing search configuration, in the **Objects Included in Search** section, click **Add**.
   The Accounts object is automatically included in Search.

7. To make an object searchable by guest users, click the object to open the Edit Tab Properties menu. Select the **Publicly available** checkbox, and save your changes.
8. The order that objects are listed in under Objects Included in Search is how they appear in the left navigation panel on the search page. Drag objects up or down to arrange them in the order that you want them to appear.

9. To remove an object from the Search Results layout, click the X on an object tile.

10. Set up an object detail page for each object that you added to the search results layout. See Create Custom Site Pages with Experience Builder.

11. Select the object detail page from Pages, then drag the Record Detail (Beta) component onto the page. This component displays a Salesforce object’s record information on the object page.

12. To update the fields that appear in the Search Layout of the object:
   a. Go to Setup, and in the Quick Find box of Object Manager enter the object name.
   b. Select the object and then select Search Layouts.
   c. Click the down arrow next to the site name and click Edit.

To ensure that guest users can view CRM Object search results, check these settings.

- In Workspaces > Administration > Preferences, select Allow guest users to access public APIs.
- In Experience Builder, grant read access to the guest user profile for each applicable object. See Configure the Guest User Profile.
- Create a sharing rule for each object record that you want to share with your users.

Create and Save Search Configurations

To make search results from LWR sites more relevant to your site, create a search configuration in Search Manager. You can filter out fields that you don’t need. After you save your configuration, it can be applied to multiple sites, simplifying the process of creating search configurations.

1. To create a search configuration that can be applied to multiple sites, click Search Manager. Salesforce redirects you to the Search Manager configuration page.
2. In the Search Configuration section, click **New**

3. Create a name for your search configuration and then select the **LWR Experience Sites** channel. Click **Continue**.

4. From the New Search Query Configuration box, move the objects to include in your search from the Available Objects panel to the Selected Objects Panel. Click **Save and Continue**.

5. To designate which fields are searchable, click the object and then select the **Field Searchability** tab.
6. To exclude a field from Search, click the down arrow and select **Exclude from Search**. Fields with a lock next to them can’t be excluded from Search.

7. To control which field values appear in your search, select the **Rules** tab. Select the field you want to filter on and the criteria it must meet to be included in your search.

   For example, if you only want escalated cases to appear in your search, select the Case object and create a rule where Status equals Escalated.

8. Save your configuration.
After you save the configuration, it appears in the dropdown menu of Search Configuration (Beta) in the Results Layout properties panel and can be applied across multiple sites.

When you apply a saved configuration to your sites, the objects added automatically appear in your new site.

Customize the Branding of the Search Results Page

Customize the branding of the Object Navigation panel, the No Results page, and Filters. You can customize the text, buttons, background, and images to fit your company’s brand.

1. To format the page that appears when a visitor’s search doesn’t return any results, expand the No results settings section. You can upload a branded image to replace the default image and customize the page title and description.
2. To include the user’s search term and the selected object in the title text of the No Results page, use dynamic field values.
   
   - To include the search term, enter `{1}` in the title.
   - To include the object that is selected, enter `{0}` in the title.

   For example, if your title text is *We couldn’t find any results for {1} in {0}*, and the visitor entered *Oranges* while searching the Account object, then the No Results text is *We couldn’t find any results for Oranges in Accounts.*
3. To customize the background, text, and padding of the Object Navigation panel, expand **Object Navigation Settings** in the Results Layout properties panel. The Object Navigation Settings section is only available on desktop.

![Object Navigation Settings](image)

4. To customize Filter settings, buttons, texts, and branding, expand **Filter Settings** in the Results Layout properties panel.

![Filter Settings](image)

5. Preview and publish your site.
Allow Users to Search Aura Sites

Search in Aura sites depends on the type of template you use.

Searching for Objects in Experience Cloud Aura Sites

Objects must be searchable in Lightning Experience and supported in templates to be searchable in Experience Cloud sites.

In addition to being marked as searchable, more setup is required to make objects discoverable for guest users. For more information, see Enable Search Autocomplete for Guest Users.

Enable search filters to make an object in the internal org searchable in your site. To make custom objects searchable, the object must be related to a tab in the internal org.

Filtering Search Results in Aura Sites

Experience Cloud Aura site users can filter their search results for Accounts, Cases, Contacts, Dashboards, Files, Knowledge, Leads, Opportunities, People, and Tasks. Search filtering for sites is on by default. To add search filters to the Search Filter layout, enter Search Layouts in the Object Manager search box and select the object that you want to add a filter to. Add the fields that users want to filter to the Search Results layout. Supported field types are checkbox, phone number, picklist, text, and URL. You can’t filter encrypted fields.

To enable topic filters, site admins must turn on Allow topic filtering for Lightning Knowledge search results. You can find this site preference on the Administration page of your site’s Experience Workspace. For more information, see Access Experience Workspaces.

To increase search performance, enable Einstein Search for Knowledge. Admins can add more topics for search to filter. They can add more topics in Content Management and include articles to that topic, which advances search when site members filter out more topics.

Keep in mind, guest user knowledge searches return results for article titles only. The body of the article isn’t searched.

Search results include all the records and files that a site member has access to, such as:

- Files that they own or are shared with them directly.
- Files they can access from a library.
- Files associated with records they have access to.
- Files shared with groups or sites they’re members of.
Troubleshooting Global Search on Aura Sites

Global search looks for records in the internal org, which has a different network ID than the site. Users created through the contact record of a site are assigned to the site’s unique network ID. If you’re searching for a site user with global search, you get the user associated with the global network ID instead of the site’s network ID. To avoid getting results you don’t want, create User records in the internal org, and then associate the records to your site. Link the internal record to a Contact record to associate the record to your site. After you link both records, you can find the User record through global search and the User record’s network ID is now associated with the internal org.

Searching the Customer Service Template in Aura

Keep the following in mind when searching the Customer Service template in Aura:

- The Search Results component only shows search results from articles and discussions.
- Articles must be associated with a topic in Topic Management to surface in the Search Results component.
- The Global Search Results component allows site members to see search results. Results can also be shown on separate tabs for Accounts, Cases, Contacts, Feeds (discussions), custom objects, and any other object that’s exposed in the site.
- You must associate a tab to a custom object to make it searchable in global search.
- The Search & Post Publisher component gives you the option to set up autocomplete search results. These suggested search results are based on the objects made searchable in the site, and included in autocomplete search.

Set Up Search Pages for Aura Sites

In Experience Cloud sites created with Aura templates, use the Global Search Box and Global Search Results components to create a search page for your visitors.

Enable Search Autocomplete for Guest Users

Sometimes you want your Experience Cloud site’s guest users to benefit from the suggestions that come from autocomplete on their search terms. To make it happen, you must explicitly make result types publicly available. For example, when you want guest users to see suggestions for Knowledge articles, you can set up your search component so that Knowledge results are public. After you set up autocomplete, search shows any Knowledge articles that match a guest user’s search terms in autocomplete suggestions.

Add the Global Search Box to Your Customized Experience Cloud Site HTML Header

If you customize your Experience Cloud sites with an HTML header, you hide the global search box. To take advantage of this search functionality, add a form to your custom header.

Set Up Search Pages for Aura Sites

In Experience Cloud sites created with Aura templates, use the Global Search Box and Global Search Results components to create a search page for your visitors.

SEE ALSO:
- Global Search Box
- Global Search Results

EDITIONS
Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
Enable Search Autocomplete for Guest Users

Sometimes you want your Experience Cloud site’s guest users to benefit from the suggestions that come from autocomplete on their search terms. To make it happen, you must explicitly make result types publicly available. For example, when you want guest users to see suggestions for Knowledge articles, you can set up your search component so that Knowledge results are public. After you set up autocomplete, search shows any Knowledge articles that match a guest user’s search terms in autocomplete suggestions.

1. In Experience Builder, click a search component.

   Autocomplete properties are available on most search components.

2. In the search component property editor, open the Autocomplete section and click an object.

   The object that you click is an object type that you want to make visible to guest users in search results. When you click an object, a window opens where you can select a different object type. So keep your original selection, or change it here.

3. Select Publicly available.

4. Click Save.

Add the Global Search Box to Your Customized Experience Cloud Site HTML Header

If you customize your Experience Cloud sites with an HTML header, you hide the global search box. To take advantage of this search functionality, add a form to your custom header.

You can add the global search box to both Experience Builder and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites.

Note: You are automatically redirected to a Classic UI, when configuring this feature in an Experience Builder site.

1. In your customized HTML header, embed a form similar to this one.

```html
<form action="/<site name>/search/SmartSearch" method="get">
   <input id="phSearchInput" type="text" name="str"/>
   <input type="submit" value="Search"/>
</form>
```

2. Replace `<site name>` with the unique value you used for the URL when creating the Experience Cloud site.

   For example, if you entered `customers` as the unique value for your site URL, the form would look like this example:

```html
<form action="/customers/search/SmartSearch" method="get">
   <input id="phSearchInput" type="text" name="str"/>
   <input type="submit" value="Search"/>
</form>
```

With global search from your internal org, you can get uneven results when searching for an Experience Cloud site User record. Here’s why and what you can do about it. Each site has a unique network ID. When you create a user through Contact record > Create External User, the new User record is assigned to a site’s network ID.

Global search looks for records in the internal org, which has a different network ID than the site. A global search doesn’t search inside sites. Since the User record is associated with a site network ID, global search doesn’t return results for that record.
The workaround is to create User records in the internal org, and then associate the records to a site. You can associate an internal User record to a site by linking the internal record to a Contact record. After you forge the link, you can find the User record through global search. The User record’s network ID is now associated with the internal org.

**Allow Users to Search Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites**

Sites using Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce have much of the same functionality as Experience Cloud sites using Aura templates.

There are a few additional things to consider if you’re using a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site:

- If Chatter is enabled, global search and contextual feed search are enabled by default in all sites.
- With global search, members can search for records, files, people, groups, topics, feed posts, and comments.
- Feed search () is helpful when members want to look for information in a specific feed context. Groups, user profiles, records, and the site feed support feed search.
- If Chatter isn’t enabled, sidebar search is enabled in all Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites.
- Sidebar search doesn’t support searches for items specific to Chatter, such as feeds, groups, files, topics, and user profiles.

**Create a Branded Mobile App for Your Experience Cloud Site Using Mobile Publisher**

Use Salesforce Mobile Publisher to create and distribute a fully branded mobile app for your Aura and LWR sites.

*Note:* Mobile Publisher for LWR sites is a Beta Service. Customer may opt to try such Beta Service in its sole discretion. Any use of the Beta Service is subject to the applicable Beta Services Terms provided at Agreements and Terms.

Mobile Publisher is a powerful tool to create a mobile app from your Experience Cloud site.

EDITIONS

**EDITIONS**

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise**, **Performance**, **Unlimited**, and **Developer** Editions

EDITIONS

**EDITIONS**

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise**, **Performance**, **Unlimited**, and **Developer** Editions

Applies to: **LWR and Aura sites**

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![Mobile Publisher](image)
Note: Your organization must purchase licenses for Salesforce Mobile Publisher to use the feature. Contact your Salesforce account executive for more information.

With Mobile Publisher for Experience Cloud, you can add the following native features to your branded mobile app:

- Persistent authentication.
- Biometric unlock.
- Integrated barcode reader.
- Geolocation.
- Contacts stored on a mobile device.
- Integration with Apple Wallet on iOS.
- Bottom tab bar navigation.
- And many more features. Refer to the Mobile Publisher documentation.

Salesforce then publishes the app to the Google Play and Apple App stores. After the app is published, any update to your Experience Cloud site is automatically reflected in the app without the need to republish.

Learn more about Mobile Publisher, the assets you need for your branded app, and how to distribute your mobile app to your users.

Lightning Bolt for Salesforce: Build Once, Then Distribute and Reuse

Lightning Bolt for Salesforce lets you quickly build and distribute industry-specific Lightning Bolt Solutions to jump-start new org capabilities. Save time by building once and then reusing. Whether it’s for your own org or you’re a consulting partner or ISV, you can reduce the time required to implement solutions and cut development costs.

Lightning Bolt Solutions are portable packages that are packed with power. It can combine custom Lightning apps, business process flows, and Experience Builder templates and pages in an easy-to-build and distributable form. Use a Lightning Bolt Solution to share or sell a solution on AppExchange, implement an Experience Builder site with a turnkey solution or new look, or configure automation. You can publish apps or flows without an Experience Builder template or include one when you want to apply your brand.

A Lightning Bolt Solution combines one or more of the following:

- Customized Experience Builder templates—A template includes a theme layout and CSS, along with pages, content layouts, and Lightning components. Alternatively, instead of a full template, you can also export a single Experience Builder page with its content layout and components.
- Flow categories—A flow category contains one or more flows, making it easy to group flows for related business processes.
- Custom apps—Adding customized apps lets you create solutions tailored to your industry.
Lightning Bolt Solutions are flexible, so you can take advantage of them in many ways. Here are just a few examples.

Example: You’ve customized the Partner Central template to create an Experience Builder site with features that meet your particular business needs. You want to create several similar partner sites, but you don’t want to build each one from scratch. By exporting your customized template, you can reuse it and build as many branded sites as you need.

Example: You’re a consulting partner who specializes in creating solutions for the real estate industry. Your solutions feature a unique look, custom apps for finding mortgages, and automation that alerts sales people of properties with active prospects. With a Lightning Bolt Solution, you can create and export your solution in a way that’s easy to use. After you install your Lightning Bolt Solution in the customer’s org, you can further customize it to suit their needs. By building the bulk of the solution in your org and then distributing it to your customers, you can rapidly launch new solutions.

Example: You’re an ISV who builds a custom insurance agent app. The app includes automation to create coverage estimates and automatically notify customers of the results. Using a Lightning Bolt Solution, you can easily bundle your app and business process flows into a single package. Distribute the package to your customers to install in their Salesforce orgs, or market the solution on AppExchange.

Package and Distribute Your Solution

You can package and distribute solutions to use in other orgs and sites. After you create and upload a package, share the link privately with your clients, customers, or partners. Alternatively, publish your custom Lightning Bolt Solution as a managed package in AppExchange. Market your solution with an AppExchange listing in the same way that you list any other app, component, or consulting service. Describe your solution, pricing, support, and other details so that customers can determine whether your offering is right for them.

Reuse Your Own Solution

When you create a solution, it appears in the list of Lightning Bolt Solutions in your org. You can use it to build new Experience Builder sites or enhance an existing one.
Create a Lightning Bolt Solution
Have at least one Experience Builder template, custom app, or flow category that you want to distribute? Then you’re ready to create a Lightning Bolt Solution. With Lightning Bolt Solutions, you can combine custom Lightning apps, business process flows, and Experience Builder templates and pages in easy-to-build, distributable packages.

Export a Customized Experience Builder Template for a Lightning Bolt Solution
You can customize and export an Experience Builder template to use as a base for creating Experience Builder sites. Create custom pages, layouts, and components. Export and package the template on its own or distribute it for others to use as a part of a Lightning Bolt Solution.

Export a Customized Experience Builder Theme for a Lightning Bolt Solution
Export themes that you’ve customized and use them in your own Experience Builder sites, or package and distribute them for others to use.

Export a Customized Experience Builder Page for a Lightning Bolt Solution
Export pages that you’ve customized in an Experience Builder site. Use them as a base for new pages, or package and distribute them for others to use in their sites.

Add Flows to a Lightning Bolt Solution
When you want to add flows to a Lightning Bolt Solution, group them into a flow category. Then add one or more flow categories to your solution.

Export and Packaging Considerations for Lightning Bolt Solutions
Before you export and package a Lightning Bolt Solution, keep the following considerations and limitations in mind.

Requirements for Distributing Lightning Bolt Solutions
Before Salesforce can recognize a Lightning Bolt Solution that’s ready for distribution on AppExchange, your solution must meet certain requirements.

Package and Distribute a Lightning Bolt Solution
After you create a Lightning Bolt Solution, package the solution to distribute it to other users or orgs. You can upload the package to AppExchange to share or sell your solution.

SEE ALSO:
- Salesforce Partner Community: Lightning Bolt for Partners
- Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide
- Experience Cloud Developer Guide
- Security Developer Center
- Second-Generation Managed Packaging Developer Guide: Second-Generation Managed Packages
Create a Lightning Bolt Solution

Have at least one Experience Builder template, custom app, or flow category that you want to distribute? Then you’re ready to create a Lightning Bolt Solution. With Lightning Bolt Solutions, you can combine custom Lightning apps, business process flows, and Experience Builder templates and pages in easy-to-build, distributable packages.

Including an Experience Builder template in your Lightning Bolt Solution is optional. Use any template as a base to build your custom site with standard pages and components, or create custom pages, layouts, and components of your own. After you finish customizing the template, export it or one of its pages from Settings > Developer in Experience Builder.

To include flows, first create a flow category, and add the active flows that you want to export.

1. From Setup, enter Lightning Bolt Solutions in the Quick Find box, and select Lightning Bolt Solutions.
2. On the Details and Branding page, enter information about your solution. For example, enter your company and solution names, and list the solution’s key features. Click Next.
3. On the Solution Highlights page, add any combination of Experience Builder templates, flow categories, and custom apps. Click Next.
4. Review the Summary page, and click Finish.

The new Lightning Bolt Solutions is now ready for distribution.

SEE ALSO:
- Add Flows to a Lightning Bolt Solution
- Export a Customized Experience Builder Template for a Lightning Bolt Solution
- Export a Customized Experience Builder Page for a Lightning Bolt Solution
- Package and Distribute a Lightning Bolt Solution

Export a Customized Experience Builder Template for a Lightning Bolt Solution

### USER PERMISSIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>To create an Experience Cloud site:</th>
<th>Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To customize an Experience Cloud site:</td>
<td>Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To publish an Experience Cloud site:</td>
<td>Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To create a Lightning Experience Builder template, theme, or page:
- Customize Application AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- AND View Setup and Configuration

To create a Lightning Bolt Solution:
- Customize Application AND View Setup and Configuration

You can customize and export an Experience Builder template to use as a base for creating Experience Builder sites. Create custom pages, layouts, and components. Export and package the template on its own or distribute it for others to use as a part of a Lightning Bolt Solution.

If your customized template isn’t based on the latest version, you can’t export it until you update the template.

1. In Experience Builder, select Settings > Developer, and click Export a Template. The information that you add on this page appears in the Experience Creation wizard and helps others understand your template’s purpose and benefits.

2. Add a unique template name, a publisher name, and select a category.

3. Add at least one image as the thumbnail image. The recommended image dimensions are 1260 x 820 pixels. You can add two more images that appear in the detailed description of the template.

4. Enter a summary that describes the purpose of the template.

5. Enter at least one key feature. The feature titles appear under the thumbnail in the Experience Creation wizard. The feature descriptions appear in the solution’s detailed description.

6. Click Export. After you export the template, it appears in the Experience Creation wizard in your org. You can then use it as a base for building new Experience Builder sites. If you package the template in a Lightning Bolt Solution and install it in another org, it appears in that org’s Experience Creation wizard.
7. To distribute the template, create a managed package. Or, add the template to a Lightning Bolt Solution, and include it in the package. To delete an exported or imported template, from Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Digital Experiences, and then click Templates.

**Note:**

- If you create an Experience Builder site in your org that’s based on an imported or exported template, you can’t delete the template.
- If you include object pages in a custom template, you can’t delete the object from your org unless you remove the template’s object pages.
- If you add subpages to an Experience Builder site in your org and export the template, the new site doesn’t have the same page hierarchy as the original. All pages in the exported site are found at the top level.

SEE ALSO:

- Export and Packaging Considerations for Lightning Bolt Solutions
- Second-Generation Managed Packaging Developer Guide: Second-Generation Managed Packages
- First-Generation Managed Packaging Developer Guide: Create and Upload a Managed Package

**Export a Customized Experience Builder Theme for a Lightning Bolt Solution**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>USER PERMISSIONS</th>
<th>EDITIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To create an Experience Cloud site: Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration</td>
<td>Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience</td>
</tr>
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<td>Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences OR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

To create a Lightning Experience Builder template, theme, or page:

- Customize Application AND Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To create a Lightning Bolt Solution:

- Customize Application AND View Setup and Configuration

Export themes that you’ve customized and use them in your own Experience Builder sites, or package and distribute them for others to use.

![Image of Theme](image)

- **Note:** If your customized theme isn’t based on the latest template version, you can’t export it until you update the template.

1. In Experience Builder, change to the theme you want to export if that isn’t your active theme.

2. Select **Settings > Developer**, and click **Export a Theme**.

![Image of Settings](image)
3. Fill in the form with the needed elements for the Change Theme detail page. Clear information and images help you and others understand what is in the theme and how it works.

4. Click Export.
   After you export a theme, it appears in the Change Theme dialog box in all the Experience Builder sites in your org. If you package the theme and install it in another org, it appears in that org’s Change Theme dialog box. Themes are ordered by how new they are, so a newly imported theme appears at the beginning of the list.

5. To distribute your theme, create a managed package. Or add the theme to a Lightning Bolt Solution, and include it in the package. To delete an imported or exported theme, from Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, and click Themes.
   
   **Note:** If an Experience Builder site in your org is using the theme, you can’t delete the theme until you switch to a different one.
Export a Customized Experience Builder Page for a Lightning Bolt Solution

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To create an Experience Cloud site: Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
- OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site

To create a Lightning Experience Builder template, theme, or page: Customize Application AND Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To create a Lightning Bolt Solution: Customize Application AND View Setup and Configuration

**EDITIONS**

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Export pages that you've customized in an Experience Builder site. Use them as a base for new pages, or package and distribute them for others to use in their sites.

1. In Experience Builder, select Settings > Developer, and click Export a Page.

2. Select the page to export.
3. Click Export. After you export a page, it appears in the New Page dialog box in all the Experience Builder sites in your org. If you package the page and install it in another org, it appears in that org’s New Page dialog box. A newly installed page is highlighted as New for 30 days.

4. To distribute your page, create a managed package that includes the page. Or add the page to a Lightning Bolt Solution, and include it in the package.

   **Note:** You can quickly get to the Package page of Salesforce Setup by selecting Package the Experience Builder page in the export page success message.

To delete an exported or imported page, from Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Digital Experiences, and click Pages. Existing pages in Experience Builder that are based on the deleted page are unaffected. However, deleted pages no longer appear in the New Page dialog.

SEE ALSO:
- Export and Packaging Considerations for Lightning Bolt Solutions
- First-Generation Managed Packaging Developer Guide: Create and Upload a Managed Package
Add Flows to a Lightning Bolt Solution

When you want to add flows to a Lightning Bolt Solution, group them into a flow category. Then add one or more flow categories to your solution.

You can use a Lightning Bolt Solution to publish a turnkey solution on AppExchange, implement a site with a complete solution or new look, or reuse automated processes that use flows.

You can only add active flows to a flow category.

1. From Setup, enter Flow Category in the Quick Find box, and select Flow Category.
2. Click New Flow Category.
3. Enter your developer name and a description. For the name, only alphanumeric characters and underscores are valid.
4. Choose flows from the list of active flows.
5. Save the flow category.
6. Add the flow category and any custom Lightning apps, Experience Builder templates, or other flow categories that you want to export to a Lightning Bolt Solution.
7. Package the solution to distribute in your orgs or in AppExchange.

SEE ALSO:
Flow Builder Tour

Export and Packaging Considerations for Lightning Bolt Solutions

Before you export and package a Lightning Bolt Solution, keep the following considerations and limitations in mind.

Tip: We recommend using managed packages to avoid naming conflicts with other packages in your customer’s org or your own.

Add Custom Apps

- When you include apps in a Lightning Bolt Solution, follow general guidelines in the Components in Managed Packages for developing and distributing Lightning apps.
- When you package the solution, app components are automatically added to the package. For example, the package includes customized fields, page layouts, and relationships with standard objects.
Add Flows

- To reuse a single flow or a group of flows, add them to a flow category. Then include the flow category in your Lightning Bolt Solution.
- You can add only active flows to a flow category.

Export and Package an Experience Builder Template

- An exported template name must be unique.
- You can export a customized template from Experience Builder and include it in a Lightning Bolt Solution, but including a template isn’t required.
- When you export a template from Experience Builder, the system removes non-alphanumeric characters from template and page names. For example, My Template #2 becomes My_Template_2.
- For navigation menu items that link to objects, list views are reset to the default list view. Also, custom list views for standard objects aren’t included as dependencies, although custom list views for custom objects are included.
- Only the following Administration settings in Experience Workspaces are included.
  - Change password page
  - Forgot password page
  - Home page
  - Login page
  - **Allow employees to log in directly to an Experience Cloud site** option
- The following items aren’t included when you export an Experience Builder template. After you import the template and use it to create an Experience Builder site in the destination org, you must manually reconfigure these items.
  - Most Administration settings (except for the settings already listed).
  - Experience Builder settings, including head markup and the Google Tracking ID.
  - Custom theme layout components that aren’t listed in **Settings > Theme > Configure** aren’t included. For theme layout components to be included, you don’t have to assign them to a page.
  - Custom styles in the CSS editor.
  - Localized content for multilingual sites.
  - Non-default page variations; only default page variations are included. If a page doesn’t have a default variation, the page is excluded. For example, if a page has two variations that are both set to audience-based visibility, then the page is excluded entirely.
- If you upgrade a managed template package, existing sites that are based on the upgraded template aren’t updated.
- Some pages in a template are available only when a feature is enabled in your org—for example, the Article Detail page requires Salesforce Knowledge. An exported template includes just the pages that exist in your site at the time of export. Any site that’s built using the exported template includes only those same pages. For further assistance, contact Salesforce Customer Support.

**Note:** Some components show errors when you deploy or export a site as a template and require you to manually configure the component’s properties in Builder. For example, to set filters for the Object Home and Record List components in your exported site, navigate to the component properties. Then reconfigure the filter that you want to use from the dropdown menu.

Export and Package a Theme

- You can export a custom Experience Builder theme from Experience Builder but a standalone theme can’t be included in a Lightning Bolt Solution.
- An exported theme name must be unique.
• Custom theme layout components that aren’t listed in Settings > Theme > Configure aren’t included. For theme layout components to be included, you don’t have to assign them to a page.

• If you upgrade a managed theme package, existing sites that are based on the upgraded theme aren’t updated.

• When you export a theme from Experience Builder, the system removes non-alphanumeric characters from your theme name. For example, My Theme #2 becomes My_Theme_2.

Export and Package a Single Experience Builder Page

• The exported Experience Builder page name must be unique.

• When you export a page, the system generates a developer name (devName) by prepending the site name and removing non-alphanumeric characters. For example, My #awesome page in the Acme site becomes Acme_My_awesome_page. Developer names longer than 80 characters are truncated.

• When you export an Experience Builder page, its page variations aren’t included in the package. Export the page variations separately.

• Exported page variations use the naming convention [Site Name]_[Page Name]_[Variation Name].

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Original Page Name</th>
<th>Exported Page Name</th>
<th>Exported Page Developer Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coffee Fans</td>
<td>Coffee Fans</td>
<td>Acme_Coffee_Fans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Coast (page variation)</td>
<td>Coffee Fans - West Coast</td>
<td>Acme_Coffee_Fans_West_Coast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Coast (page variation)</td>
<td>Coffee Fans - East Coast</td>
<td>Acme_Coffee_Fans_East_Coast</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• For images in the Rich Content Editor, we export the version used in the editor, which isn’t necessarily the latest version of the asset file.

• Audience-based visibility criteria aren’t included in the export process. Manually reenter this information after importing the page to the site in the destination org.

• You can’t export individual login pages.

SEE ALSO:
Salesforce App Considerations
Export a Customized Experience Builder Template for a Lightning Bolt Solution
Export a Customized Experience Builder Page for a Lightning Bolt Solution
First-Generation Managed Packaging Developer Guide: Create and Upload a Managed Package

Requirements for Distributing Lightning Bolt Solutions

Before Salesforce can recognize a Lightning Bolt Solution that’s ready for distribution on AppExchange, your solution must meet certain requirements.

Before you distribute your solution, use these checklists.

Requirements for Lightning Bolt Solutions

For all Lightning Bolt Solutions that are ready for distribution, make sure that you have:

☐ Included at least one of the following:
• A custom Lightning app
• A flow category that contains one or more flows
• An Experience Builder template

☐ Tested all site functionality and appearance across desktop, tablet, and mobile devices
☐ Confirmed that your customizations have no regressions (each release)
☐ Verified that Salesforce approves of all third-party technology that you use
☐ Ensured proper code coverage, and executed basic performance testing
☐ Adhered to all Salesforce Lightning developer guidelines (such as attribute enforcements)
☐ Included written installation and configuration documentation
☐ Developed appropriate customer support for custom functionality

Requirements When Including an Experience Builder Template

If your solution includes a template, make sure that you have:

☐ Developed a custom Experience Builder template
☐ Included at least one custom Lightning component (API version 40.0 or later)
☐ Included at least one custom Theme Layout component with a unique visual design
☐ Tested the template with the Strict CSP enabled in your site settings

Best Practices

• To improve automation and code coverage, use a Salesforce testing framework, such as the Lightning Testing Service (LTS).
• Include only essential Visualforce components and pages.

SEE ALSO:

  Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Create Custom Theme Layout Components for Experience Builder
  Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide: Salesforce Lightning CLI
  ISVforce Guide: Publish Your Solution on the AppExchange
  Security Developer Center
Package and Distribute a Lightning Bolt Solution

After you create a Lightning Bolt Solution, package the solution to distribute it to other users or orgs. You can upload the package to AppExchange to share or sell your solution.

A package is a container for something as small as an individual component or as large as a set of related apps. Packages come in two forms—managed and unmanaged. We recommend using only managed packages to avoid naming conflicts with other packages in your customer’s org or your own. To create a managed package, use a Developer Edition org.

1. From Setup, enter Package in the Quick Find box, and then click Package Manager.
2. To package a Lightning Bolt Solution, select Lightning Bolt Solution as the component type, and select your solution. To package a standalone Experience Builder template, theme, or page, select Lightning Community Template, Lightning Community Theme, or Lightning Page, respectively, as the component type to add. All supported dependencies are included.
3. Upload the package. Then distribute it on AppExchange, or share the link privately with your clients, customers, or partners.

SEE ALSO:
Create a Lightning Bolt Solution
First-Generation Managed Packaging Developer Guide: First-Generation Managed Packages
First-Generation Managed Packaging Developer Guide: Create and Upload a Managed Package
ISVforce Guide: Publish Your Solution on the AppExchange
Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites

Update basic site settings like your site URL, site name, members, login options, and general preferences in the Administration tile of Experience Workspaces.

You can customize your site at any time, but if you plan to make major changes, we recommend deactivating the site first.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.

2. Click Administration, then select what you want to customize.
   - Add Members to Your Experience Cloud Site
   - Add Tabs to Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site
   - Brand Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site
   - Customize Login, Self-Registration, and Password Management for Your Experience Cloud Site
   - Customize Email Sent from Experience Cloud Sites for Email Verification
   - Override Default Pages in Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site
   - Configure Settings in Your Administration Workspace
   - Update Your Experience Cloud Site’s Name, Status, and Description

3. To share the site with stakeholders while it’s still in Preview, copy the URL displayed on the Administration > Administration page.

By sharing your site in Preview, you can get useful feedback to incorporate before going live. Also, by having early members post, comment, and share records, your site appears active when members log in to the site for the first time.

Note: You must add users as members of the site before you can share the site URL.

After you finish customizing your site, activate the site to make it available to members. If you enable welcome emails when you activate, a welcome email is sent to all members. If users are new portal users, their welcome email includes their username and password.

Brand Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site

If you’re using the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template, you can customize the look and feel of your site in Experience Workspaces. You can add your own logo, colors, and copyright so that your site matches your company’s branding and is instantly recognizable to your site members.

Enable the Global Header for Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites

In Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site and Salesforce Classic, the global header lets you switch between your sites and your Salesforce org.

Choose a Landing Tab

If you are using the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template, you can select a landing tab for your site.
Add Tabs to Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site

If you're using the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template, you can add tabs to your site.

⚠️ Tip: If you want to use all custom pages in your site, you can choose to hide tabs.

Before you begin, keep these things in mind:

- Enable the tabs that are required for the type of activity you’re performing in this site. For example, sharing accounts and opportunities with your partners or sharing cases and solutions with customers who need support. Don’t clutter your site with tabs that users don’t need.
- Profiles control access to tabs. If a profile doesn’t have access to a tab, the tab is hidden for that profile in the site. In that case, you must manually expose the tabs in the profiles for your site members so that they can see the tabs in the site.
- Lightning Component tabs aren’t supported in Experience Cloud sites.
- Chatter Free users in your site don’t see any tabs except the Chatter tab.

After you identify the features you want your site members to see, you can expose those features by choosing the corresponding tabs during setup. The tabs that you select also determine site navigation in the Salesforce mobile app.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Tabs.
   ⚠️ Tip: If you're using one of the preconfigured templates instead of Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce, the Tabs page is hidden by default. To display the page, click Administration > Preferences, then select Show all settings in Site Management or Show all settings in Experience Workspaces.
3. Select the tabs to include in your site from the Available Tabs list. To select multiple tabs, press CTRL.
4. To add a tab, click Add. To remove a tab, select it in the Selected Tabs list and click Remove.
5. To change the order that the tabs display, click Up or Down.
   - The tab at the top of the list is the landing tab for the site. When members access the site, it’s the first tab they see.
   - If members don’t have access to the site landing tab, they see the first tab that they have access to from the selected site tabs. If they don’t have access to any of the tabs, they see the Home tab.
6. Click Save.

⚠️ Important: Changing from the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template to an Experience Builder–based template removes all tabs from your site.

SEE ALSO:
- Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
- Rename the Chatter Tab
**Rename the Chatter Tab**

Most likely, many of your Experience Cloud site members use the Chatter tab as their home base. You can customize it to meet your company’s branding.

The Chatter tab is the fastest way for your Experience Cloud site members to see what’s most important to them: activity feeds, groups, bookmarks, files, and more. Many of your site members use the Chatter tab as their home base. Customize the name of the Chatter tab in your site to match your company branding—. For example, you can use your company’s name or any other name that’s recognizable to your members.

1. From Setup, enter *Rename Tabs and Labels* in the Quick Find box, then select *Rename Tabs and Labels*.
2. Select your default language from the *Select Language* dropdown list at the top of the page.
3. Under Chatter Tabs in Experience Cloud sites, click *Edit* next to the site you want to edit.
4. Type the singular and plural versions of your preferred tab name, for example, Partner and Partners. Select *Starts with a vowel sound* if appropriate.
5. Click *Save*.

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**EDITIONS**

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise**, **Performance**, **Unlimited**, and **Developer** Editions

**USER PERMISSIONS**

To rename the Chatter tab:
- Customize Application
  - OR
  - View Setup and Configuration
- Be designated as a translator
Brand Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site

If you’re using the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template, you can customize the look and feel of your site in Experience Workspaces. You can add your own logo, colors, and copyright so that your site matches your company’s branding and is instantly recognizable to your site members.

**Important:** Follow these steps to design your site’s branding. If you’re using the Experience Builder to create your custom pages, you can use the Experience Builder instead.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click **Administration > Branding**.
3. Use the lookups to choose a header and footer for the site.
   - First upload the files for your header and footer to the Documents tab. The header can be a GIF, JPG, or PNG file with a maximum file size of 20 KB. The footer must be an HTML file. The maximum file size for all HTML files is 100 KB. So if you have a footer HTML file that is 70 KB and you want to use an HTML file for the header, it must be 30 KB or smaller.
   - The header you choose replaces the Salesforce logo below the global header. The footer you choose replaces the Salesforce copyright and privacy footer.
4. To choose a predefined color scheme, click **Select Color Scheme**. To select a color from the color picker, click the text box next to the page section fields.
   - Here’s how selected colors show up in your site and in the Salesforce mobile app.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Color Choice</th>
<th>Where It Appears</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Header</td>
<td>Top of the page, under the black global header. If you select an HTML file in the Header field, it overrides this color choice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Background</td>
<td>Top of the login page. Login page in the Salesforce mobile app.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Page Background</td>
<td>Background color for all pages in your site, excluding the login page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary</td>
<td>Tab when it’s selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary</td>
<td>Top borders of lists and tables. Button on the login page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tertiary</td>
<td>Background color for section headers on edit and detail pages.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5. Click **Save**.

SEE ALSO:
- Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
- Brand Your Pages from the Administration Workspace
- Set Up Dynamic URLs with Experience Workspaces
Enable the Global Header for Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites

In Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site and Salesforce Classic, the global header lets you switch between your sites and your Salesforce org.

Available in: Salesforce Classic
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Digital Experiences must be enabled in your Salesforce org to use the global header.

Important: The global header is visible only in Salesforce orgs using Salesforce Classic. Salesforce orgs using Lightning Experience can use the App Launcher to switch between the org and various experiences.

The View Global Header permission is disabled by default for all standard profiles. To view the global header, assign the View Global Header permission either by selecting it on standard profiles, creating custom profiles, or by creating a permission set. Create permission sets to easily assign this permission to specific people.

1. From Setup, enter Permission Sets in the Quick Find box, then select Permission Sets.
2. Click New and create a permission set that includes the System Permission View Global Header.
3. Assign the permission set to the appropriate users.

Users with this permission set see the global header at the top of all pages. They can use the menu on the left to switch between their Salesforce Classic internal org and any experience they have access to.

The Your Name menu on the right side contains links to edit contact information and log out. Internal users can also access Salesforce Help and links to Setup and other tools depending on user permissions and enabled features.

In a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site, users with either the Manage Experiences or the Create and Set Up Experiences permission see a gear icon (⚙️) they can use to switch to Experience Workspaces or Experience Management.

Note: Within Experience Workspaces or Experience Management, users see the global header and the Community Management menu, even if they don’t have the View Global Header permission. However, we recommend that you still assign the View Global Header permission so users can switch between your Salesforce Classic internal org and experiences.
Choose a Landing Tab

If you are using the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template, you can select a landing tab for your site.

In Experience Workspaces, go to Administration > Tabs. The first tab in the Selected Tabs list is the landing page.

There are multiple options for the landing tab in your site. Select the one that best meets members’ needs.

- **Chatter tab**—If you select this tab, the feed is the first thing members see when they log in. This option is good for sites where people spend most of their time in Chatter and don’t need a customized home page with additional components. You can also rename the Chatter tab.

- **Home tab**—If you select this tab, the Salesforce Home tab for your org is the first thing members see when they log in. The components that display on the tab were added to the Home Page by your admin. This option is good if you don’t use Chatter or don’t want a feed-based home page view.

- **Custom Visualforce tab**—Selecting this option lets you build a completely custom landing page.

SEE ALSO:

- Switch Between Your Salesforce Org and Your Experience Cloud Sites
- Enable the App Launcher in Experience Builder Sites
Override Default Pages in Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site

For Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites, you can use company-branded Home and Service Not Available pages by overriding the standard pages in your site.

Note: These settings don’t apply to Experience Builder sites.

- Use a Custom Home Page in Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site
- Use a Custom Service Unavailable Page in Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site

You can override other default pages in the Site Details settings for your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site. To do this, open Experience Workspaces. Under Administration, click Pages and then click Go to Force.com. For Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites, page selections in Administration automatically override any previously specified page selections in the Site Details settings.

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To create an Experience Cloud site:
- Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

To customize an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:
- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences
  OR
- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
Use a Custom Service Unavailable Page in Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site

On rare occasions, if your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site isn’t available because of a service outage, Salesforce displays a generic Service Not Available page with Lightning Platform branding. You can replace this page with a custom company-branded static resource page for a personalized user experience for your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site members.

The Service Not Available static resource:

- Must be a public .zip file 5 MB or smaller.
- Must contain a page named maintenance.html at the root level of the .zip file. Other resources in the .zip file, such as images or CSS files, can follow any directory structure.
- Must contain only files that have file extensions.

For more information, refer to Assigning Salesforce Site Error Pages in Salesforce Help.

Note: This setting doesn’t apply to Experience Builder sites created with Experience Cloud.

You can upload an Experience Builder Service Not Available page to your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site as a static resource, after it has been saved.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Navigate to Administration > Pages.
3. To search for and select your custom page, click next to Service Not Available.
4. Click Save.

If there’s a service outage at any time, your community displays your selected page. A couple things to keep in mind:

- This page selection doesn’t affect sites that use Site.com Studio pages.
- The Service Not Available page, after it’s customized, is available for all Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites in the same domain. To avoid using the same page for all the sites in your domain, create and assign separate Service Not Available pages for each site.

For example, consider a scenario where you have two Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites in your domain: a customer community (universaltelco.my.site.com/customer) and a partner portal (universaltelco.my.site.com/partner). If you use a custom Service Not Available page for the customer community, then the partner portal displays the same page during a service outage. You can create and assign a separate Service Not Available page to the partner portal.

Domains with a custom URL that contains a root path prefix use the site’s Service Not Available page for paths that aren’t custom URLs of other sites and have their own Service Not Available pages.

For example, sites https://www.example.com/ and https://www.example.com/site1 have assigned Service Not Available pages. Site https://www.example.com/site2 doesn’t have an assigned Service Not Available page.

Requests to https://www.example.com/, https://www.example.com/Page1, and https://www.example.com/site2 display the Service Not Available page assigned to https://www.example.com/.

Requests to https://www.example.com/site1 and https://www.example.com/site1/Page1 display the Service Not Available page assigned to https://www.example.com/site1.

If a site doesn’t have an assigned Service Not Available page, and the sites of parent custom URLs in the same domain also don’t have assigned Service Not Available pages, the Maintenance page is displayed.

- In certain circumstances, when you configure your site to display a custom error page, your site displays the standard Service Not Available page instead. This change happens by design when you switch to using the Salesforce content delivery network (CDN).
This change also happens for sites that switch to using enhanced domains, because the Salesforce CDN is enabled by default for enhanced domains. For more information, see Assigning Salesforce Site Error Pages.

SEE ALSO:

Use a Custom Service Not Available Page for Your Experience Builder Site

Use a Custom Home Page in Your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Site

Personalize the standard Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site home page with company branding by using a custom Visualforce or Site.com Studio page.

The Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce home page is shown to unauthenticated users in a public site and it allows you to specify a landing page for guest users without setting up redirects. This page is also known as your Active Site Home page.

Note: This setting doesn’t apply to Experience Builder sites.

1. From Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, then select All Sites. Click Workspaces for the site you’d like to access.
2. Click Administration > Pages.
3. For the Home page:
   a. Select the page type: Visualforce or Experience Builder (to select a published Site.com Studio page).
      
      Note: If you select Experience Builder, only published Site.com Studio pages are included in the search results. You can’t select pages from Experience Builder.
   b. Enter the name of the page or leave the field blank to get a list of available options.
   c. Click , then click the name of the page in the search results to select it.
4. Click Save.

For Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites, page selections in Administration automatically override any previously specified page selections in the Site Details properties.
Configure the Default Login Page to Use a Custom Home Page

If you’re using external authentication providers and a custom home page, ensure that users are accessing the correct home page.

Edit the CommunitiesLandingController so that it has the correct startURL for your Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site. The CommunitiesLandingPage is the Active Site Home Page for your site, meaning that it is shown when someone enters a direct URL to your site. For instance, if your domain is universaltelco.my.site.com and your site URL is customers, the CommunitiesLandingPage is shown when someone enters https://universaltelco.my.site.com/customers.

There are two methods for using a custom home page.

- Update the CommunitiesLandingController code to redirect to the new page:
  1. From Setup, enter Apex Classes in the Quick Find box, then select Apex Classes.
  2. Click Edit next to CommunitiesLandingController.
  3. Replace the code so that it reads:

```java
public with sharing class CommunitiesLandingController {
    public PageReference forwardToStartPage() {
    }
}
```
  4. Replace https://universaltelco.my.site.com with the URL for your site.
  5. Click Save.

- Alternatively, you can replace the Active Site Home Page with a custom Visualforce page.
  1. From Setup, enter Digital Experiences in the Quick Find box, then select All Sites.
  2. Click Workspaces next to the site name.
  3. Click Administration > Pages > Go to Force.com.
  4. In the Site Detail section, click Edit.
  5. In the Active Site Home Page field, select your custom Visualforce page.
  6. Click Save.
When a user enters the URL, they see the new Active Site Home Page.

Add Custom Pages That Don’t Require Login

Within a site, portal, or community created with Experience Cloud, you can have publicly available pages that are accessible without requiring login, making them ideal for landing or marketing pages.

⚠️ Important: This topic applies only to sites created with Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce.

Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites use Salesforce Sites technology to set a custom domain for your org and a URL prefix for each site created. If you want to further customize your sites beyond what’s available in setup, you can use Salesforce Sites or Site.com to create customized pages.

💡 Tip: Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites can have a combination of Visualforce and Site.com pages. By default, the pages you create don’t require login, but you can add authenticated pages if needed.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Pages and then in the Advanced Customizations area, click either:
   - To create pages that don’t require login or edit out-of-the-box error pages, Go to Lightning Platform.
   - To open Site.com Studio, where you can create public, branded pages, Go to Site.com Studio. You can also create authenticated pages that require login.
3. After you create a public page in Site.com Studio, you must publish the Site.com site to allow users to access the page.

For more information about creating pages, refer to these resources:

- Creating Site.com Pages
- Managing Salesforce Site Visualforce Pages
- Manage Salesforce Sites Standard Pages

Create Use-Case Driven Sites

Whether you’re creating a site for self-service or one for partner vendors, Experience Cloud has the solution to fit your needs.

Experience Cloud and Marketing Cloud Integration with Journey Builder

With the Marketing Cloud Journey Builder, create personalized journeys for your site based on triggering events or geared for specific audiences. Greet new users with rich content emails, send reminders to users who need profile pics, or schedule follow-up emails for users who log a case. To use this feature, you must have both Experience Cloud and Marketing Cloud licenses.
Give Customers Access to Your Knowledge Base Through Help Center

A help center is a public-access, self-service site that makes it easy for people to find answers for themselves. Instead of filing cases through customer support, visitors find the information they need from the articles that you make available from your knowledge base. You reduce the load on your customer support team, and folks get the satisfaction of finding their own solutions.

Use the new Help Center template to create a help center in minutes. When your help center is in place, use a guided setup to step through help center configuration. The guided setup offers links that take you to relevant locations in the help center’s user interface.

Tip: If your needs change, you can move from a help center template to another kind of customer portal. A process is available on page 618 in the Administration Workspace for making the switch.

Before You Begin

Here are some facts to help in your decision to select the Help Center template.

- Help Center offers limited support for standard components. For a list of supported components, see Which Components Can I Use with Each Template? on page 176
- Help Center is a public-only template, which doesn’t include the site login page.
- Only specific object pages are fully supported, but the template lets you create other standard and custom object pages. For a list of supported pages, see Help Center Template Pages on page 617.

Before you create your help center, there are a few actions you can take to prepare the way.

Enable Salesforce Knowledge in Your Org

Before you can create a help center, Knowledge must be enabled for your org, and you must enable the Knowledge org preference. It’s also useful to have a robust collection of Knowledge articles with a focus on solutions to common problems. Ideally, you already have Knowledge enabled along with a large collection of helpful articles. The main purpose of your help center is to give the public easy access to this useful information.

Plan your knowledge base and set up visibility for your data categories

The simpler your data is structured, the easier your help center is to navigate. Make the right content available to the public. You can choose the types of articles to make public so nothing sensitive or proprietary is at risk.

List the topics you intend to cover in your help center

Topics are the foundation of your help center. They make it easy for customers to discover all the information that you provide about a given subject. Talk to your customer support team about the things people ask about most. Base your Featured Topics selection on the most frequently asked questions. If you like, your topics can have a hierarchical structure—for example, you can set up topics with subtopics.

Set up an article layout specifically for your help center

The way an article is laid out can affect how easy it is to access the article’s data. Don’t hide the lead. Consider offering a summary section at the top so customers can get to basic information quickly.

Note: In Summer ’18, we increased the limits on articles and translation languages for some editions. It’s useful to know for your help center planning.

- Essentials: 500 Articles, 1 Language
- Enterprise: 50 K Articles, 5 Languages
- Unlimited 150 K Articles, 10 Languages
Gather your resources

Upload the text and image files you plan to use in your help center to your org.

- For the Featured Topics component, upload 250-by-250-pixel images—one for each featured topic. You can have up to 25 featured topics, but consider using fewer to keep your help center easy to navigate.
- Upload images for your help center’s logo, login page background, and page header. Your help center images are a branding opportunity, so make them attractive and representative of your brand. The header can be a GIF, JPG, or PNG file with a maximum file size of 20 KB.
- Upload an HTML file for your page footer.

Note: Your default view of the help center includes the footer: Powered by Salesforce. You can easily delete it or replace it with your own footer content.

SEE ALSO:
- Knowledge Settings
- Create a Help Center
- Organize Experience Cloud Sites with Topics
- Set Up Featured Topics
- Automatically Assign Topics to Articles
- Contact Support Form
- Configure Digital Experiences Settings
- Salesforce Knowledge Help and Resources
- Plan Your Knowledge Base in Salesforce Classic
- Configure the Guest User Profile
- Knowledge Article Types

Help Center Set Up Tasks

Help Center is designed with self-service in mind. The Help Center template comes with components and pages that you can use as-is or customize to suit your needs.

Get started with your own publicly accessible Help Center! We’ve put together a set of tasks and useful references for setting up a Help Center.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plan Your Help Center</th>
<th>Give Customers Access to Your Knowledge Base Through Help Center</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable Knowledge in Your Org and Enable the Knowledge Org Preference</td>
<td>Enable Salesforce Knowledge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Create and Configure Your Help Center</td>
<td>Create a Help Center on page 615</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Organize Experience Cloud Sites with Topics on page 732</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Up Featured Topics on page 739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Data Categories Best Practices</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Create a Help Center

Set up a help center to give guest users access to the knowledge articles that you choose. Help users find solutions, and give them a way to contact you when the answer isn’t available. This topic is for you if your org uses Classic Knowledge.

Before you begin, review the topic, “Introducing Help Center” on page 613, and take the advance steps it discusses.

This topic steps you through help center creation when your org uses Classic Knowledge. Generally, you create your help center site using the Help Center template, and then configure it using a guided setup.

1. In your org, go to Setup > All Sites and click New.
2. Click the Help Center tile, and then click Get Started.
3. Enter a name for your help center, and then complete the help center URL.
4. Click Create.
5. Go to your help center’s Experience Workspaces, and click the Guided Setup tile. Then click the Help Center guided setup tile.
6. On the Help Center guided setup tile, click the Guided Setup link.

This step launches the guided setup. The setup steps you through configuring your help center. Each step includes a link to the location in the help center user interface where you can do the configuration described in the step. Guided setup steps include:

- Creating topics and assigning featured topics
- Mapping topics to data categories
- Setting up a Customer Support page
- Setting up your Home page
- Configuring search
- Configuring any other pages you want to include in your help center
- Doing some final configuration in the help center’s Workspaces
- Previewing and publishing your help center
7. Create topics and assign featured topics.
   Topics are the fundamental unit of organization in your help center. Ask your customer support team about the situations they get called about most. Use their ideas to create topics that are of great interest to customers seeking solutions. Have 250 x 250 pixel images on hand for each featured topic. These images add to the look and feel of your help center. Create an FAQ topic that you can use as a default topic. Create an FAQ article for your help center with useful, general information.
   a. Go to Experience Workspaces, and click the Content Management tile.
   b. Click the Topics tab, and then click Topic Management
   c. Add topics to your help center.
      Topics can be hierarchical, so you can add both topics and subtopics.
   d. Still in the Topics area of Content Management, click Featured Topics and Set Up Featured Topics on page 739.

8. Map topics to data categories using Automatic Topic Assignment on page 737.
   To make your articles visible in the help center, use data categories to automatically assign multiple topics to articles. This step is crucial. Salesforce Knowledge uses data categories to classify articles and make them discoverable. When you map topics to a data category, any article that uses the category also uses the topics that are mapped to it. Check the box for Assign this Topic to all existing articles. This step adds help center topics to existing articles and automates publishing to the help center.

9. In Experience Builder, open the Contact Support page, and set up the Contact Support and Case Deflection components.
   Your help center offers a Contact Support page that you set up in Experience Builder. The page comes with Contact Support and Case Deflection components. Case Deflection brings up articles and other resources that are related to the information a guest enters in the contact support form. For the Case Deflection component, set the default topic for “No Content” to your new FAQ topic. When guests come across a topic with no articles, they see your FAQ topic. Assign the FAQ topic to at least one article that contains lots of useful general information.

10. In Experience Builder, configure your home page.
    Get your image and HTML files ready to upload. The images are for your help center’s logo, login page background, and page header. The header can be a GIF, JPG, or PNG file with a maximum file size of 20 KB. The HTML file is for your page footer.
    Note: Your default view of the help center includes the footer: Powered by Salesforce. You can easily delete it or replace it with your own footer content.
    a. Go to Settings > General, and give your guest user profile read access to your Help Center data categories.
    b. Click the Theme icon, and configure your theme. Add a logo and login background image, select colors and fonts, and tweak Theme Settings.
    c. Configure page components to apply your company’s brand to your help center. For example, in the default theme, add images to the Hero Header and Hero Background components.

11. In Experience Builder, open the Home page, click the Global Search for Peer-to-Peer Sites component, and configure its properties on page 259.
    Under Autocomplete Search, select Limit autocomplete search results to Discussions and Articles.

12. Set up the other pages in your help center to look the way you want.
    Check out these useful help center pages: Topic Detail, Contact Us, and Article Detail. For the Knowledge Article component, clear the Allow Voting property. The votes of public users aren’t counted.

13. In the Administration Workspace, click Preferences, and select Give access to public API requests on Chatter.

14. Preview, publish, and activate your help center.
15. Publicize your new help center. For example, share your help center URL with visitors to your company website.

SEE ALSO:
   - Help Center Set Up Tasks
   - Change from Help Center to a New Template

Help Center Template Pages

The Help Center template offers a public-facing, self-service portal where guest users can search your knowledge base for answers to their questions. It reduces the load on your customer support staff and gives customers the satisfaction of finding their own solutions.

Included Features

- Ready-made template
- Guided setup configuration
- Publicly accessible
- Self-service
- Curated—you decide which of your Knowledge articles is shared

Included Pages

Template Pages

- Home
- Contact Support
- Error
- Search
- Topic Catalog
- Topic Detail

Object Pages

- File Detail
- File List
- Related Record List

Content Pages

- News Detail

SEE ALSO:
   - Manage Your Site's Pages and Their Properties in Experience Builder
   - Page Properties and Types in Experience Builder
Change from Help Center to a New Template

Changing from a help center template to another template type is a simple process in itself. But the complexity increases with the things you must consider and actions you must take before you make the change. The complexity of a template change varies according to how much original help center content and configuration you want to preserve in the new template. Keep in mind that Salesforce partners have considerable experience with making template changes and can assist you with this process.

⚠️ Important: Before you change templates in a production environment, try it out in your sandbox first. If you don’t try it out in your sandbox, you run a strong risk of losing data, wasting time, and creating unnecessary cost.

In a template change, some objects and configurations are preserved and some aren’t.

Preserved after a Template Change

- Featured and navigational topics
- Topic-to-article mapping
- Data category-to-topic mapping
- Data about trending articles and topics
- Topic statistics
- Your help center URL (but keeping the same URL is optional)

Not Preserved after a Template Change

- Your custom pages—There’s a workaround. You can export your custom pages before you change templates. After you change templates, you can import them into the new template.
- Specific component configuration—Some configuration is preserved, like featured topics, navigational topics, and topic-to-article mapping. Some configuration isn’t preserved, like search and type-ahead search configuration. A template change offers an opportunity to revisit component configuration. For example, in your help center, you let customers search articles and cases. In your new template environment, you can widen your list of searchable objects to make many more object types easy to discover.
- Branding—Before you change templates, consider whether you want to change or preserve brands in the new template. If you decide to keep the same brand, all the image assets used in the original template are available in your org’s asset library. You have access to this library in Experience Builder under Theme > Images.
- Theme—When you change templates, the theme defaults to the new template’s theme. You can reuse theme elements from the original template by grabbing them from your org’s asset library.
- CSS styles—You can copy your CSS styles under Theme > Edit CSS, and paste them into a text file. After you switch templates, you can copy-and-paste your CSS from the text file into the new site.

After you preserve the things you want to retain from your original help center, you’re ready to change templates.

1. Ensure that you have the latest version of the help center template.
   a. In Create and Set Up Experiences, open Settings, and click Updates.
   b. Confirm that you understand the update changes, and click Update.
   c. In the confirmation dialog, click Update. In the success dialog, click Close.

2. In the Administration Workspace, click Settings > Change Template. A message warns you that changing your site’s template permanently deletes all existing customizations and pages.

3. Click the tile for the template you’re changing to.

4. Click Get Started.
5. In the **Name** field, enter a name for your site.

6. In the **URL** field, enter the value you used for your help center or enter a new value.

7. Click **Create**.

After your new template is in place, bring in the elements from the original help center template that you want to preserve. For example:

- Import the custom pages you exported from your help center.
- Configure page components.
- Apply branding.
- Adjust your theme, including pasting the custom CSS styles you preserved.
- If you had featured topics in the help center, you can drag the Featured Topics component onto your Home page. Your original configuration of the Featured Topics component is preserved in the new template.

SEE ALSO:
- [Update Your Experience Builder Site’s Template](#)
- [Export a Customized Experience Builder Page for a Lightning Bolt Solution](#)
- [Considerations for Changing Your Template](#)
- [Change Your Experience Cloud Site Template](#)

### Manage Partner Relationships with Experience Cloud Sites

Experience Cloud sites are a powerful tool for partner relationship management. Invite partners to a site and share CRM data with them to drive channel sales and marketing. Create a shared pool of leads and pass them to partner users in the site. Configure deal registration to allow partners to submit qualified deals, minimize channel conflict, and get early pipeline visibility. Use the power of Lightning and Salesforce and drive your bottom line together.

**Note:** If you have an existing partner portal, you can continue to use the portal to collaborate with partners. However, we strongly recommend you migrate your partners to an Experience Cloud site. Partner portal licenses can be reused in a partner site.

Salesforce offers a powerful Lightning solution to help you build a partner site with button clicks, and no code: **Partner Central**. A site allows your partner users to log in to Salesforce through a separate website and access data you’ve made available only to them. In a partner site, you can:

- Extend Salesforce to securely expose CRM data with partners.
- Recruit, onboard, and educate partners (training and certifications).
- Manage your channel sales with programs, tiers, business plans, and partner scorecards.
- Manage lead distribution, deal registration, and quoting for channel sales.
- Streamline channel marketing with marketing development funds (MDF), marketing campaigns, and co-branded email communications.
- Provide a rich, personalized and mobile-ready experience to drive partner productivity
- Manage, track, and forecast partner sales alongside your direct sales in your Salesforce org.

With Experience Cloud sites, you can publicly share information that you want all partners to see in a single location. You can also share data privately with specific partner users in the same site and restrict access with the security built into Salesforce.
Example: Here are a few industry examples of how a company can use a site to drive partner sales:

- A technology company can work with resellers to pass leads, register deals, and market products together.
- A manufacturer can work with its distributors, wholesalers, and retailers in sites.
- An insurance company can work with independent brokers to track leads and sell insurance products.

**Partner Central—Build Lightning Partner Sites**

Quickly set up a custom, branded space where you can invite your partners and work on driving channel sales and marketing together. The Lightning Partner Central solution is optimized for channel managers and partners to collaborate on and track sales data. A simplified setup combined with rich branding and a responsive UI lets you quickly build an exclusive online experience for your partners.

Partner Central comes predesigned with partner sales workflows in mind so you can build and grow your partner network and bring CRM to your partners in a shared space:

- Use the Lead Inbox component to configure lead distribution.
- Configure deal registration and allow partners to submit qualified leads to beat competition.
- Share training materials, sales collateral, and other resources.
- Provide market development funds to drive deals and incentivize partners.
- Map reports and dashboards of your choice to track deal closure, lead activity.
- Organize channel partners into programs and levels to provide them with different experiences and resources based on their rank and region.
- Evaluate and promote partner users based on their performance with scorecards that track them against KPIs.
- Share marketing campaigns and brand assets to provide the structure and guidance necessary for partners to successfully execute campaigns.
- Configure Google Analytics to monitor site activity.
Get started with this handy recipe of setup tasks to create your own site with Partner Central.

**Create a Partner Site with Partner Central—Setup Tasks**

Partner Central is designed with partner sales workflows in mind and comes with components and pages that you can use directly or customize easily.

Get started with your own Lightning partner Experience Cloud site! We’ve put together a high-level roadmap—or a recipe, if you will—of the decisions and tasks involved with setting up a site with Partner Central.

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For partner productivity:

- Set Up Lead Distribution
- Set Up Deal Registration
- Set Up Einstein Scoring
- Set Up Enhanced List Views (Contact Intelligence View, Lead Intelligence View, Pipeline Inspection View)
### Design Your Partner Site
- Customize Your Experience Builder Site
- Customize Experience Builder Site Pages and Components
- Customize Experience Cloud Site Navigation
- Which Components Can I Use with Partner Central?
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- Custom Theme Layouts
- Create Pages and Groups Targeted at Specific Audiences

### Enable Reporting for Partners
- Experience Cloud Site Reports
- Custom Reports
- Report Management for Partners
- AppExchange Reporting Packages for Experience Cloud Sites

### Enable Partner Functionality in Your Org
Buy partner licenses to enable partner functionality in your org. Partner licenses are required to use the Lightning Partner Central community template, set up partner accounts, and create partner users in your org.

When you buy partner licenses, the following functionality is enabled in your org:
- The Partner Central Experience Cloud Site template.
- The default Partner User profile. You can clone it to create custom partner profiles or extend data access via permission sets.
- Three standard partner roles: Partner User, Partner Manager, Partner Executive. When you create partner accounts, you can associate one of these roles with the partner users.
- A sharing rule group and category targeted at partner users.
- The Manage External Account and Enable as Partner buttons on accounts.
- A Manage External User and Enable Partner User button on contacts.

**Note:** If you have previously purchased partner portal licenses, you already have these features in your org.

### What’s Your Partner Experience Cloud Site Strategy?
The type of partner site you create depends on your business, your channel sales program, and the tiers within it. For example, the strategy for a hardware manufacturer with a few partners is different from that of an insurance company with a large agent network.

Try to get early answers to these questions to plan your site strategy:
- How many Partner Community licenses do I need?
  - **Note:** If you don’t need access to all sales objects, such as opportunities, leads, and campaigns, you can also use Customer Community Plus licenses for partners.
- Can I invite all my partners to the same Experience Cloud site or do I need multiple sites?
What objects do I need to grant permissions for in my partner profiles? Do I need to three roles per account?

What level of data visibility and privacy do I need for my site?

Do I want to allow my partners to self-register?

For more ideas on planning your site strategy, check out this Trailhead module for Communities.

SEE ALSO:
Experience Cloud User Licenses

Migrate from a Partner Portal to an Experience Cloud Site

Salesforce recommends that you migrate from partner portals to Experience Cloud sites. Portal licenses are supported in Experience Cloud sites so you don’t need to switch licenses.

Note: Starting from Summer ’13, portals are no longer available for new Salesforce orgs. Existing organizations using portals can continue to use their partner portals or migrate to an Experience Cloud site. If you don’t have a partner portal, but want to share records and information with your partners, give an Experience Cloud site a try. Contact Salesforce for more information.

Why Migrate from Portals to Experience Cloud sites?

Experience Cloud sites offer all the functionality available in portals and customer portals, plus more features including:

• A rich, responsive, mobile-ready Lightning solution designed with channel sales and marketing workflows in mind: Partner Central
• Build personalized, rich experiences with your company’s branding
• Collaborate with your partner users in groups and feeds
• Share files
• Access to reports and dashboards plus the ability to create custom reports for your site
• Single sign-on and login support for multiple authentication providers
• Content moderation, direct messages, and much more
• Single location where you can design, moderate, and manage your site

Plus, we’re working round the clock to bring you more features in every release.

If You Continue to Use Partner Portals

All the information about setting up partner accounts, users, portals, and tracking partner sales is available in the Salesforce Partner Portal Guide.
**Prep Your Org for a Partner Site**

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You’ve bought your partner licenses and have partner functionality enabled in your org. You’re ready to collaborate with your partners and start closing deals together. Before you actually create a partner site, work with your channel manager to create partner accounts and users, assign partner roles, and manage permissions.

At the very outset, set up the channel manager role and assign it to the internal users in your org who manage channel sales and work with partner organizations.

Channel managers with the necessary permissions can perform the next steps.

1. Each partner account is automatically assigned three partner roles.

   **Tip:** We strongly recommend that you reduce the number of roles to one role: Partner User. To avoid role proliferation, it’s better to use one role and grant super user access to users who need access to other users’ data.

2. In Setup, type **Sharing Settings** in the Quick Find/Search box and edit the organization-wide defaults. Set the Default External Access setting to **Private** for all the objects you want to share with your partners.

3. Clone and customize the **Partner User profile** per your site’s needs and, if necessary, grant extra permissions with a permission set.

4. Create a partner account for each partner organization you work with. Partner accounts store details about partner users and their sales data.

5. Also, plan how you want to use sharing rules to share data with partners.

6. Add users from each partner company as contacts on the respective partner account.

7. Convert the contacts on the partner account to **partner users** and assign a partner license, profile, and role.

8. Optionally, enable and grant super user access to partner users if you want them to view data owned by other users in their role hierarchy.

9. If you work with many partner users or don’t want to deal with user management for a partner organization, consider delegating user administration.
With that, you’re ready to set up a site and assign partner users to it.

SEE ALSO:
- Default Organization-Wide Access Levels
- Control Which Users Experience Cloud Site Users Can See

Set Up the Channel Manager Role

Channel managers are internal users who manage your partner accounts and partner users. Before setting up a partner site, identify an internal user to play the channel manager role.

Channel Manager Role

Ideally, channel managers should create all the partner accounts for the partner organizations they manage. All partner users associated with a partner account automatically fall below the channel manager in the partner role hierarchy. So all the data owned by those partner users rolls up and is visible to the channel manager.

Channel Manager Profile

Profiles determine the permissions users have, page layouts they see, the tabs and record types available to them, and other settings. Create a custom profile for channel managers or use a permission set to grant permissions to a standard profile. A few tips on what you might want to include:

Grant the “PermissionsManagePartners” permission
When this permission is enabled, channel managers can create partner accounts and partner users.

Make the following objects available to channel managers
Leads, Accounts, Contacts, Opportunities, Documents, Campaigns, Products, and any other object you plan to share with partner users in your site.

Assign record types
Assign record types to channel manager profiles. For example, the Lightning Partner Management solution includes two lead record types: one to track sales leads and the other to register deals. Make sure that your channel manager has access to both.

Make the Partner Account field visible to channel managers on leads, accounts, and opportunities
Channel managers can create list views or reports for tracking partner user activity.

Assign page layouts
Assign the appropriate page layouts to your channel manager profiles.

Make the Last Transfer Date field visible to channel managers on leads
Channel managers can create lists views or reports for tracking partner user activity.

More Tips

- Create a public sharing group for channel managers. You can use this group for filtering and controlling access to documents.
- Create a lead queue for channel managers. You can use this queue for lead assignment rules.
Create Partner Accounts

Add each company with which you partner to Salesforce as a business account. We recommend that channel managers create partner accounts so they can view all partner data.

Partner accounts are Salesforce accounts that a channel manager uses to manage partner organizations, partner users, and activities when using a partner site or partner portal. A channel manager who owns a partner account can access all the data associated with the partner account and the associated partner users.

Note: The partner user role is a subordinate of the account owner’s role. All data for the partner user role rolls up to the partner account owner’s role. Keep in mind that if you disable a partner user, their partner user role becomes obsolete and their data no longer rolls up to the partner account role.

1. Create a business account.

2. Click Manage External Account, and then click Enable as Partner.

   The Enable as Partner and Disable Partner Account actions aren’t available in the Salesforce mobile app.

3. In the confirmation dialog, select Yes, I want to enable this account as a Partner Account.

4. Click Confirm.

   Note:
   - If your organization has person accounts, they cannot be used as partner accounts. Only business accounts can be used as partner accounts.
   - Partner accounts can’t be deleted, but they can be disabled.
   - To enable a partner in Lightning Experience, add the Enable Partner User button to the Salesforce Mobile and Lightning Experience Actions section on the Account and Contact page layouts.

After you create a partner account, you can add users to the account as contact records and then convert them to partner users. Partner users are Salesforce users with access to CRM objects, such as opportunities, leads, and campaigns. Partner users can access and modify the Salesforce data you share with them by logging in to a site. They can be added to account or opportunity teams.

SEE ALSO:

Add Teams to Your Accounts
Disable Partner Accounts

You can’t delete partner accounts, but you can disable them. Disabling a partner account disables partner users associated with the account. We recommend disabling a partner account only if the account was accidentally enabled for site access.

If you choose to disable a partner account:

- Up to 15 active and inactive external users associated with the account are permanently disabled. You also remove them from all sites, groups, teams, permission sets, and sharing rules they’re associated with.
- If there are more than 15 active or inactive external users associated with an account, you can’t disable it. Disable the users before disabling the account.
- Roles and groups associated with the account are permanently deleted and not moved to the Recycle Bin.

1. Go to the account detail page for the account you want to disable.
2. Click Manage External Account, then click Disable Partner Account.
3. Click OK to confirm.

If you decide to re-enable the account in the future, you can re-enable individual contacts as partner site users. Re-enabling a contact for a partner site creates a partner user record that is not associated with the previous partner user and role. You can’t restore deleted roles and groups.

Warning:

Manage Channel Partnerships with Channel Programs and Levels

Use channel programs and levels to organize and manage channel partners. Within each program, you can group partners into levels, such as bronze, silver, and gold, and promote them based on performance. Use sharing groups, audience targeting, and sharing settings to manage access to resources based on program or level.

Organize Partner Users

- Group partners by type or geography
- Create levels within each program that organize partners by position or rank
- Add or remove members from channel programs or levels using groups
- Promote or demote users by changing group membership

Manage Access to Resources

- Use audience targeting to create different versions of a page with criteria fields specific to each program level
- Use the criteria fields for audience targeting to assign visibility to certain components or branding sets
- Set organization-wide defaults and sharing settings to control access to Channel Program Level and Channel Program Member objects
- Offer incentives to different levels, such as market development funds, to motivate partner users to meet Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)
Track Individual Performances

- Measure partner users’ performances, and establish benchmarks for their channel programs
- Customize partner scorecards so that you get the report summary results that channel account managers or executive teams wants to see
- Add multiple scorecards for tracking different categories

SEE ALSO:
- Considerations for Audience Targeting in Aura Sites
- Market Development Funds
- Track Performance with Partner Scorecard
- Manage Channel Program Members with Sharing Groups

Create a Channel Program

Channel programs help channel managers organize multiple-channel sales organizations. Managers can create programs for different types of partner users, like Resellers, Value Added Resellers (VARs), Distributors, and Managed Service Providers (MSPs). They can also organize partner users based on geography or level of expertise.

Channel Programs are available to users with Partner Community licenses.

Create a channel program to provide partner users access to leads within their region, relevant marketing events, and relevant resources. If a partner user joins a team, you can add them to a channel program by making them a channel program member. You can add or remove channel program members from a channel program at any time.

Tip: Enable feed tracking on the Channel Program Member object to easily track partner activity, such as when a member changes to a different level. Be sure to add the Name column to the Channel Program Member related list. You can use the name to navigate to a member’s feed.

1. From the App Launcher, find and open Channel Program.

2. Click New and enter a name, category, and description.

3. Activate the Program.

4. Save the channel program.
Create Channel Program Levels

Motivate partner users to meet Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) using program levels. Create multiple levels within a program, and assign each partner user to a level that is based on their performance. Different levels can offer different incentives. For example, the Gold level can provide access to market development funds, which can be used to help the partner make more sales. Channel program members assigned to the Silver level can work toward the Gold level to gain access to market development funds.

Channel Programs are available to users with Partner Community licenses.

Note: The My Channel Program list view shows levels of channel programs owned by and shared with a user.

Channel program levels help you organize members of a program into groups that are based on their performance and share different resources with different groups.

1. From the App Launcher, find and open Channel Program Levels.
2. Click New and enter the name, channel program, rank, and a description.
3. Save the channel program level.
Manage Channel Program Members with Sharing Groups

Use sharing groups to manage Channel Program members. When new partner users join a team, you can add them to a Channel Program Member group. You can also move partner users to another group when they are promoted, demoted, or transitioned to a different area of expertise.

You can also use Channel Program Member sharing groups to manage access to resources within levels, such as public queues, list views, sharing rules, and folders.

**Note:** Deleting a partner account that was added as a channel program member, deletes the associated channel program member. Undeleting the partner account brings back the account and the channel program member, but the account is no longer enabled as a partner account.

**Tip:** Org-wide defaults and field-level security control data access for partner users in channel groups. Set organization-wide default to Private on Channel Program Level and Channel Program Member objects. Grant each partner user access to their level and member records to ensure that they have visibility into their accounts and opportunities.

Channel Program Member Limits

Add up to 50,000 channel program members per organization.

Contact Salesforce Customer Support to increase the number of channel program members in your organization beyond the current limit.

Lead Distribution and Deal Registration

Experience Cloud sites provide an incredibly robust and flexible set of tools to manage both inbound and outbound leads. Use Partner Central to implement lead distribution, lead monitoring, and deal registration with a few clicks of a button.

Lead distribution is the practice of managing and maturing both inbound and outbound sales leads with channel partners who are selling on your behalf. Many companies sell their products through partners. With the lead distribution process, companies source leads and pass them to their partners for follow-up and sales. Lead distribution is also known as lead pass.

Other companies rely on their partners to source leads and register them with the company. This process is known as deal registration. The channel manager checks in the Salesforce org to make sure that the submitted lead does not create channel conflict with other partners.

Assign Leads to Partners

You can assign leads to partners or allow partners to drive their own lead queue.

Configure Lead Distribution in Partner Central

Automatically pass on leads acquired from your web site, marketing campaigns, or referral programs using lead distribution. Partner Central lets you share a common pool of leads with your channel partners on a partner site using the lead inbox.
Configure Deal Registration in Partner Central

Deal registration programs involve resellers registering deals with their vendor. Vendors in turn provide extra margins to the reseller for providing early pipeline visibility for these deals and keeping out competitors. Once a deal is registered, other resellers or your direct sales team can’t compete for the registered deal.

Assign Leads to Partners

You can assign leads to partners or allow partners to drive their own lead queue.

You can:

- **Directly assign leads**: Assign each lead to an individual partner user.
- **Configure lead distribution**: Assign leads to a lead queue and allow partner users to claim leads from the queue. The native Partner Central Experience Cloud site template provides the lead inbox component that you can use to pass leads to partners. Use lead assignment rules to automatically assign leads to partner users or queues based on certain properties of those leads.

  **Note**: User actions in a site don’t trigger assignment rules.

- **Configure deal registration**: Allow partners to submit qualified or mature leads to get ahead of competitors.

Assigning a lead to a partner user or partner lead queue is just like assigning a lead to any other user or queue. Leads assigned directly to a user or a queue that is not part of the lead pool are shown on the site’s Leads page or tab. The partner user can see leads by selecting the appropriate list view. Until a partner user has reviewed a lead, it displays in bold, and is in the My Unread Leads list view.

Configure Lead Distribution in Partner Central

Automatically pass on leads acquired from your web site, marketing campaigns, or referral programs using lead distribution. Partner Central lets you share a common pool of leads with your channel partners on a partner site using the lead inbox.

While companies can choose to configure lead distribution in multiple ways, one approach is to create a shared queue and list view of leads, and use assignment rules to automatically pass leads to partners in the lead inbox. Use Salesforce CRM capabilities such as lead page layouts, lead record types, and assignment rules to automate the process. Partner users can accept the leads they’re assigned from the lead inbox in the partner site.

Configure lead distribution for your partner site for:

- Automated routing of company-sourced leads to channel partners
- Criteria-based lead assignment
- Increased likelihood of lead conversion
- Automated handling of dead or dormant leads

Configuring lead distribution for your Partner Central site involves the following steps.

Create a Lead Process for Lead Distribution

A lead process allows you to define or customize status values or stages for leads.
Create a Queue for Lead Distribution
Create a shared queue of leads and add partners to the queue. A queue is a special type of list view that you can quickly share with multiple users, groups, and roles. In fact, creating a queue automatically creates a list view in your org. Queues and their corresponding list views both have visibility settings that allow you to share contents with partner users in your Experience Cloud site.

Create Page Layouts for Lead Distribution
Use page layouts to control field visibility and behavior for different types of users and sales processes. There are likely fields on the deal registration that the company may not wish to expose to partners.

Create Lead Record Types for Lead Distribution
Create a lead record to track sales leads that you pass to partner users. Record types help you differentiate between sales leads and registered deals, assign specific page layouts for different processes, and simplify reporting for each type of record.

Create Assignment Rules for Lead Distribution
Assignment rules allow you to automatically apply criteria to sort, queue, or act on leads. For example, use assignment rules to automatically assign leads to the lead inbox queue for Partner Central.

Customize Partner Central for Lead Distribution
Partner Central comes predesigned to support lead distribution. Verify that the Lead Inbox component works with your lead queue and list view and test the lead distribution process.

Create a Lead Process for Lead Distribution
A lead process allows you to define or customize status values or stages for leads.

Create a process called Lead Distribution and define the statuses that the lead can be in. When you select status values for a process, think of all the stages a lead goes through in the process.

Tip: To use more values than the primary process record provides, customize the Lead Status picklist values for leads before you create the lead process.

1. From Setup, enter Processes in the Quick Find box.
2. To create a lead process, such as for lead distribution, select Lead Processes.
3. Select the stages best suited to the lead and your business needs.
4. Save the process.
Create a Queue for Lead Distribution

Create a shared queue of leads and add partners to the queue. A queue is a special type of list view that you can quickly share with multiple users, groups, and roles. In fact, creating a queue automatically creates a list view in your org. Queues and their corresponding list views both have visibility settings that allow you to share contents with partner users in your Experience Cloud site.

1. From Setup, enter Queues in the Quick Find box, then select Queues.
2. Create a queue to queue leads for the lead inbox. Let’s call this Lead Inbox Queue or an intuitive name of your choice.
3. On the queue detail page, under Queue Members, add the partner users you want to pass leads to. You can set the visibility settings by profiles, roles, or users.
4. Save the queue, which also creates a list view by the same name.
5. Next, go to the Leads object home in your org. From the Views drop-down list, select the list view with the same name as the queue and edit the list view.

Note: You can’t edit list views in Lightning Experience.

6. In the Step 4: Restrict Visibility section, set visibility preferences. For example, to share the queue with all partners, search by and share the list view with the All Partner Users group and save.

In Partner Central sites, you can select this list view to display in the lead inbox in your site. You can create and share multiple queues and the corresponding list views with partner users. Partner users with permissions to access leads, queues, and the corresponding list views can see all lead list views and switch between them.

SEE ALSO:
Create Queues

Create Page Layouts for Lead Distribution

Use page layouts to control field visibility and behavior for different types of users and sales processes. There are likely fields on the deal registration that the company may not wish to expose to partners.

Create two page layouts: one for the channel manager and partner profiles in your partner site.

1. From Setup, enter Leads in the Quick Find box, then select Page Layouts under Leads.
2. Create a lead page layout for partner users by cloning the primary lead layout. Let’s call this Lead Distribution - <User Profile>.
3. Modify the page layout to add, remove, or modify the behavior of fields, action buttons, related lists, and layouts based on who the layout is for. Typically, channel managers see more data than partner users.
4. Save the page layout.
5. Repeat for channel manager profiles.
Create Lead Record Types for Lead Distribution

Create a lead record to track sales leads that you pass to partner users. Record types help you differentiate between sales leads and registered deals, assign specific page layouts for different processes, and simplify reporting for each type of record.

Note: Creating a lead record type requires a lead process and a lead page layout.

Lead distribution is used for managing outbound leads that your company passes to your partners. Deal registration, on the other hand, allows partners to submit leads early on so they can get ahead of their competition. Both channel managers and partner users see both lead record types, but channel managers typically require more visibility and control over the data. Define lead page layouts with both channel managers and partner users needs in mind. You can assign page layouts to profiles for each lead record type you create.

1. From Setup, enter Leads in the Quick Find box, then select Record Types under Leads.
2. Create a record type to track leads you pass to partners for lead distribution. Let’s call this Sales Lead.
   For deal registration, create a separate record type called Deal Registration.
3. Activate the record type and assign it to the appropriate partner and channel manager profiles for your site.
4. Assign page layouts for the partner and channel manager profiles.
5. Edit the picklist values for the Lead Source record type. Include values that let you track inbound leads from deal registration (from partners) separately from outbound sales leads (passed to partners).

Create Assignment Rules for Lead Distribution

Assignment rules allow you to automatically apply criteria to sort, queue, or act on leads. For example, use assignment rules to automatically assign leads to the lead inbox queue for Partner Central.

For lead distribution, use assignment rules to define the criteria by which you want to distribute your leads, such as partner tier, geography, or specialization.

1. From Setup, enter Leads in the Quick Find box, then select Lead Assignment Rules.
2. Create a lead assignment rule, let’s call this All Channel Sales Leads.
3. Create rules to filter leads by record field values or user criteria and assign them to the lead inbox queue.
   You can also create rules to directly assign leads to partner users.
4. To send an email notification when a lead is assigned to the queue, select an email template.
   You can also create custom templates for partner email notifications.

Note: Assignment rules that run after, rather than during, lead creation can’t include the Campaign field in their criteria.
Customize Partner Central for Lead Distribution

Partner Central comes predesigned to support lead distribution. Verify that the Lead Inbox component works with your lead queue and list view and test the lead distribution process.

1. In your Partner Central site, go to the Home page in Experience Builder.
2. Click the Lead Inbox component and select the lead list view you want to display and link to. Configure other properties in the Property Editor.
3. To save your changes, publish the site.
4. Log in as a partner to test the lead distribution process.
   • Create a few test leads that match the assignment rules for the lead queue.
   • Make sure that the leads show up in the lead inbox queue and list view.
   • Accept a lead. Accepting a lead makes the partner the owner of the lead.
   • Verify that the lead shows up in the partners list view.

Configure Deal Registration in Partner Central

Deal registration programs involve resellers registering deals with their vendor. Vendors in turn provide extra margins to the reseller for providing early pipeline visibility for these deals and keeping out competitors. Once a deal is registered, other resellers or your direct sales team can’t compete for the registered deal.

Configure deal registration to:
• Automate the submission & approval process
• Increase partner competitiveness and participation
• Provide incentives to partners for leads they convert quickly
• Get early visibility into your pipeline
• Manage channel conflict
• Monitor channel revenues both within your Experience Cloud site and in Salesforce

Here’s a summary of how to configure deal registration in your Partner Central site.

Create Processes for Deal Registration
A process allows you to define or customize the stages in the sales process for leads or opportunities.

Create Page Layouts for Deal Registration
Use page layouts to control field visibility and behavior for different types of users and sales processes. There are likely fields on leads that you might not want to expose only to channel managers and not partners.

Create Lead Record Types for Deal Registration
Create a lead record type to track deals submitted by partners in Experience Cloud sites. Record types help you differentiate between sales leads and registered deals, assign page layouts for each profile for deal registration, and simplify reporting by lead record type.

Create a Global Action to Let Partners Register Deals
Create a global action to allow partners to register deals from Experience Cloud sites. Partner Central comes with a Quick Create button that you can add the global action to so partners can register deals.

Customize Opportunities for Deal Registration
Create an opportunity process, page layout, and record type, similar to leads.
Create Approval Workflows for Deal Registration
Approval workflows are unique to each organization’s sales needs and business processes.

Customize Partner Central for Deal Registration
Partner Central comes predesigned to support deal registration. Use the Quick Create button to share a global action to submit registered deals. The template contains lead and deal list views for partner users.

Create Processes for Deal Registration
A process allows you to define or customize the stages in the sales process for leads or opportunities. When you select status values for a process, think of all the stages a lead or an opportunity goes through. For example, for deal registration, the Lead Status values could be New, Submitted, Approved, Rejected.

Create a process for leads. Create a separate process for opportunities.

Tip: To use more values than the primary process record provides, customize the Lead Status picklist values for leads before you create the lead process. Also, add the Deal Registration to the Lead Source picklist values.

1. From Setup, enter Processes in the Quick Find box.
2. To create a process for leads, select Lead Processes. To create a process for opportunities, select Sales Process under Opportunities.
3. Select the stages best suited to the lead or opportunity and your business needs.
4. Save the process.

Create Page Layouts for Deal Registration
Use page layouts to control field visibility and behavior for different types of users and sales processes. There are likely fields on leads that you might not want to expose only to channel managers and not partners.

Create two page layouts: one for the channel manager and partner profiles in your partner site.

1. From Setup, enter Leads in the Quick Find box, then select Page Layouts under Leads.
2. Create a lead page layout for partner users by cloning the primary lead layout. Let’s call this Deal Registration - <User Profile>, or specifically, Deal Registration - Partner Users.
3. Modify the page layout to add, remove, or modify the behavior of fields, action buttons, related lists, and layouts based on who the layout is for.

Tip:
- Extend the Lead Source picklist values to indicate which leads are submitted by partners as deals.
- Add a custom, auto-numbering field called Deal ID to both partner and channel manager page layouts. You can use this field value as a separate identifier for deals, in both leads and opportunities.
4. Save the page layout.
5. Repeat for channel manager profiles.
Create Lead Record Types for Deal Registration

Create a lead record type to track deals submitted by partners in Experience Cloud sites. Record types help you differentiate between sales leads and registered deals, assign page layouts for each profile for deal registration, and simplify reporting by lead record type.

Note: Creating a lead record type requires you to associate it with a lead process and allow you to specify page layouts to be used with different profiles. Similarly, creating an opportunity record type requires you to provide a sales process and opportunity page layouts.

1. From Setup, enter Record Types in the Quick Find box, then select Record Types under Leads. To create an opportunity record, select Record Types under Opportunities.
2. Create a lead record type to track registered deals called Registered Deal. If you're creating an opportunity record type, create one for registered deals as well.
3. Activate the record type and assign it to the appropriate partner and channel manager profiles for your site.
4. Assign page layouts for the partner and channel manager profiles.
5. If you haven't already, edit the picklist values for the Lead Source field to include a value for registered deals.

If this is the first time you're setting up a deal registration process for your company, consider converting existing leads to the generic sales lead record type. Using separate record types for standard leads versus registered deals simplifies the reporting process.

Create a Global Action to Let Partners Register Deals

Create a global action to allow partners to register deals from Experience Cloud sites. Partner Central comes with a Quick Create button that you can add the global action to so partners can register deals.

1. From Setup, enter Global Actions in the Quick Find box, then select Global Actions.
2. Create a global action, select Lead as the target object, and the record type for the deal registration process.
3. Select or specify an appropriate label for the global action. This label displays in the Create button menu in your site.
4. Fill out the other details and save the global action.
5. Customize the fields in the global action layout, based on the information you want your partners to submit for each deal.

Tip: Use a Lead Source value to indicate that the lead has been captured from the Deal Registration process.

Customize Opportunities for Deal Registration

Create an opportunity process, page layout, and record type, similar to leads.

Many companies create separate sales processes for their direct and indirect sales opportunities. Some companies prefer to expose a shorter list of opportunity stage values that are less granular compared to stages used by their direct sales team.

1. Create an opportunity process.
2. Create two opportunity page layouts, one for partner users and one for channel managers.
3. Create an opportunity record type to track registered deals, different from the opportunity record type you use to track direct sales opportunities.
Tip:

- Many companies struggle with how to report on channel versus internal sales. Using separate record types to categorize opportunities by who is working on them—internal sales teams or partners—allows you to report on direct and channel sales separately.
- Make this opportunity record type the default for partner users. This ensures they see the same record type when the opportunity is converted, regardless of who does the conversion.
- Add the Deal Registration value to the Lead Source picklist values for the opportunity record type.

4. Map any custom fields on the lead record type to the opportunity record type for deal registration.

Create Approval Workflows for Deal Registration

Approval workflows are unique to each organization’s sales needs and business processes. Approval workflows should account for how you want to route submitted deals, how you want to filter and evaluate them, and what notifications you want to send out. A few guidelines for planning your approval workflows:

- Email Templates: Create email templates for each stage of the approval process that you will send notifications for.
- Routing: Screen leads by record type and submit all registered deals for approval.
- On Submission: Identify what field values change on the lead record on submission, for example the lead status. Decide if the lead record must be locked until it is approved or rejected.
- Evaluation: Decide what qualifies a submitted lead to be considered for deal registration. Determine any thresholds, filter criteria, and stages you want to filter by.
- Approval: Decide who to route the submitted deal to. Typically, this is the channel manager. Decide what happens on approval.
  - Change the Lead Status to approved.
  - Convert the lead to an opportunity.
  - Send an email notification to the partner user.
  - Set a deal expiration date and save the deal approval date for reporting.
  - Extend any margins or discounts that you might offer to the partner on successful closure.
- Rejection: Decide what criteria disqualify a lead. Set the Lead Status to rejected. Send an email notification to inform them of the rejection. Unlock the lead record so partners can modify and resubmit if necessary.

For detailed instructions, see the approval workflow documentation in the Salesforce Help.
Customize Partner Central for Deal Registration

Partner Central comes predesigned to support deal registration. Use the Quick Create button to share a global action to submit registered deals. The template contains lead and deal list views for partner users.

1. In your Partner Central site, go to the Home page in Experience Builder.
2. Click the Quick Create component and add another global action. By default, a New Account action is added. Click it and select the global action you created for partners to register deals.
3. To save your changes, publish the site.
4. Log in as a partner to test the deal registration process.
   a. Submit a couple registered deals from the Quick Create button.
   b. In a different browser, log in to see if the approval workflows are working. Approve or reject a deal.
   c. Back in the site, check the lead and deal list views as partner.

Market Development Funds

Drive demand for your products and provide incentives to partner users by offering market development funds as part of your channel marketing program. Create marketing budgets, allocate marketing funds or co-op (accrued) funds to channel partners, streamline fund requests, and process fund claims using Market Development Fund (MDF) features. Channel account managers can get a full audit of MDF activity, including fund requests and claims approval.

Available in: Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

With Market Development Fund features, you can:

- Create marketing budgets
- Allocate marketing funds or co-op (accrued) funds to channel partners
- Streamline fund requests
- Process fund claims

Note: Setting up Market Development Funds is easy, using Guided Setup. Click Experience Workspaces > Guided Setup > Market Development Fund.

The Market Development Fund reports, available in the guided setup, make it easy to understand partner adoption, funds usage, and marketing ROI. Market Development Funds is available out-of-the-box for partner sites. We created a Budget custom report type for you. If you want to view information about allocations, requests, or claims, create report types for those objects and give partners read access to them.

Create a Market Development Budget

Channel account managers can create budgets for specific vendor groups based on location, type of funds (Market Development or co-op), or by channel programs. Using custom lookup fields, they can also associate budgets with marketing campaigns.
Configure Market Development Budgets
Configure Partner Marketing Budgets so that channel account managers can access them. Set up workflows to streamline the approval process.

Create a Partner Fund Allocation
Allocate Market Development Funds (MDF) or co-op funds to channel partners from an existing budget. Allocations are associated with budgets and channel partners to track budget usage.

Configure Partner Fund Allocations
Configure partner fund allocation for your partner site to make funds available to your partner users. Channel account managers can create and update funds and track fund activity.

Create a Partner Fund Request
Partner users can request funds before marketing a vendor’s product or service. Channel account managers can approve the fund request. Fund requests are associated with channel partners, allocations, and campaigns to track how allocated funds are used.

Configure Partner Fund Requests
Configure Partner Fund Requests so that partner users can request funds for marketing campaigns and channel account managers can approve or reject the requests.

Create a Partner Fund Claim
Let partner users claim money for expenses incurred on marketing activities. Claims are associated with fund requests.

Configure Partner Fund Claims
Configure Partner Fund Claims so that partner users can claim funds for reimbursement after running a marketing campaign. Channel account managers can approve or reject the claim.

Create a Market Development Budget
Channel account managers can create budgets for specific vendor groups based on location, type of funds (Market Development or co-op), or by channel programs. Using custom lookup fields, they can also associate budgets with marketing campaigns.

If you have a Partner License and have enabled Experience Cloud sites, the Market Development Fund objects are available in your org.

1. From the App Launcher, find and open Partner Marketing Budget.
2. Note: Field-level security can’t be used to edit standard fields on partner marketing budgets.
   Click New and enter the name, type, amount, and start and end dates.
3. Save the budget.

Select Ignore Validation to bypass validation criteria and allow more flexibility to how budgets are allocated, claimed, and requested. Ignore Validation can’t be reversed after it’s selected for a budget.

You can update allocations, claims, and requests for this budget. The updated values must be associated with a budget that has the same validation status as this one.
Configure Market Development Budgets

Configure Partner Marketing Budgets so that channel account managers can access them. Set up workflows to streamline the approval process.

Configuring partner marketing budgets for your Partner Central Experience Cloud site involves the following steps.

1. **Customize Page Layouts for Partner Marketing Budgets**
   Page layouts control field visibility and behavior for different types of users. Channel account managers must create and update budgets. The company may not want partner users to have access to budgets.

   Create a partner marketing budget page layout for the channel account manager (CAM).

   1. From Setup, enter Budget in the Quick Find box, then select Page Layouts under Partner Marketing Budget.
   2. Create a Partner Marketing Budget page layout for channel account managers by cloning the primary partner marketing budget layout. Let’s call this **Marketing Budget - CAM**.
   3. Modify the page layout to add, remove, or modify the behavior of fields, action buttons, related lists, and layouts based on who the layout is for. Typically, channel managers create and update budgets.
   4. Save the page layout.

2. **Grant Channel Account Managers Access to Partner Marketing Budgets**
   Create a permission set that gives the channel account managers Create, Read, and Update permissions on Partner Marketing Budgets.

3. **Share Partner Marketing Budgets with the Channel Account Manager**
   Create a sharing rule that gives channel account managers access to budgets.

4. **Create Approval Workflows for Partner Marketing Budgets**
   Approval workflows are unique to each organization’s marketing needs and business processes.
Grant Channel Account Managers Access to Partner Marketing Budgets

Create a permission set that gives the channel account managers Create, Read, and Update permissions on Partner Marketing Budgets.

If you have a Partner License and have enabled Experience Cloud sites, Market Development Fund objects are available in your org.

1. From Setup, enter Permission in the Quick Find box, then select Permission Sets.
2. Click New.
3. Enter your permission set information.
4. Select the channel account manager profile for the type of user that this permission set is assigned to.

Share Partner Marketing Budgets with the Channel Account Manager

Create a sharing rule that gives channel account managers access to budgets.

If you have a Partner License and have enabled Experience Cloud sites, Market Development Fund objects are available in your org.

Create a sharing rule that grants budget access to internal users.

1. From Setup, enter Sharing in the Quick Find box, then select Sharing Settings.
2. Click New under Partner Marketing Budget > Sharing Settings.
3. Enter your rule information for your channel manager.
4. Save your sharing rule.
Create Approval Workflows for Partner Marketing Budgets

Approval workflows are unique to each organization’s marketing needs and business processes. Approval workflows should account for how you want to route submitted budgets, how you want to filter and evaluate them, and what notifications you want to send out. A few guidelines for planning your approval workflows:

- Email Templates: Create email templates for each stage of the approval process that you wish to send notifications for.
- Routing: Screen budgets by record type and submit all budgets for approval.
- On Submission: Identify what field values change on the budget on submission, for example the budget status. Decide if the budget record must be locked until it is approved or rejected.
- Evaluation: Decide what qualifies a submitted budget to be considered for approval. Determine any thresholds, filter criteria, and stages you want to filter by.
- Approval: Decide who to route the submitted budget to. Typically, this is an internal user. Decide what happens on approval.
  - Send an email notification to the channel account manager.
  - Set a budget expiration date and save the budget approval date for reporting.
- Rejection: Decide what criteria disqualify a budget. Send an email notification to inform them of the rejection. Unlock the budget record so channel account managers can modify and resubmit if necessary.

For detailed instructions, see the approval workflow documentation in the Salesforce Help.

Create a Partner Fund Allocation

Allocate Market Development Funds (MDF) or co-op funds to channel partners from an existing budget. Allocations are associated with budgets and channel partners to track budget usage.

If you have a Partner License and have enabled Experience Cloud sites, Market Development Fund objects are available in your org.

1. From the App Launcher, find and open Fund Allocation.
2. Click New and enter the name, budget, channel partner, and amount.
3. Save the allocation.

Allocations can be updated. The budget associated with the updated allocation must have the same validation status as the original.

Note: We’ve created the Total Approved Allocations field for you. This formula field is automatically updated.
Configure Partner Fund Allocations

Configure partner fund allocation for your partner site to make funds available to your partner users. Channel account managers can create and update funds and track fund activity.

Configuring partner fund allocations for your Partner Central Experience Cloud site involves the following steps.

Customize Page Layouts for Partner Fund Allocations

Page layouts control field visibility and behavior for different types of users. Channel account managers need to create and update allocations, but the company may not wish to expose some information about allocations to partner users.

Grant Channel Account Managers Access to Partner Fund Allocations

Create a permission set to grant channel account manager permissions on Partner Fund Allocations.

Share Partner Fund Allocations with the CAM

Create two sharing rules: one for the channel account manager (CAM) and one for the partner user.

Customize Page Layouts for Partner Fund Allocations

Page layouts control field visibility and behavior for different types of users. Channel account managers need to create and update allocations, but the company may not wish to expose some information about allocations to partner users.

1. From Setup, enter Allocation in the Quick Find box, then select Page Layouts under Partner Fund Allocation.
2. Create a Partner Fund Allocation page layout for channel account managers by cloning the primary partner fund allocation layout. Let’s call this Marketing Fund Allocation - CAM.
3. Modify the page layout to add, remove, or modify the behavior of fields, action buttons, related lists, and layouts based on who the layout is for. Typically, channel managers create and update fund allocations.
4. Save the page layout.
Grant Channel Account Managers Access to Partner Fund Allocations

Create a permission set to grant channel account manager permissions on Partner Fund Allocations. If you have a Partner License and have enabled Experience Cloud sites, Market Development Fund objects are available in your org.

Create a permission set that gives the channel account managers Create, Read, and Update permissions on Partner Fund Allocations.

1. From Setup, enter Permission in the Quick Find box, then select Permission Sets.
2. Click New.
3. Enter your permission set information.
4. Select the channel account manager profile for the type of user that this permission set is assigned to.

Share Partner Fund Allocations with the CAM

Create two sharing rules: one for the channel account manager (CAM) and one for the partner user. If you have a Partner License and have enabled Experience Cloud sites, Market Development Fund objects are available in your org.

Create two sharing rules to grant the appropriate access to partner fund allocations for channel account managers and partner users.

1. From Setup, enter Sharing in the Quick Find box, then select Sharing Settings.
2. Click New under Partner Fund Allocations > Sharing Settings.
3. Enter your rule information for your channel manager.
4. Save your sharing rule.
5. Create a sharing rule for your partner users as well.
Create a Partner Fund Request

Partner users can request funds before marketing a vendor’s product or service. Channel account managers can approve the fund request. Fund requests are associated with channel partners, allocations, and campaigns to track how allocated funds are used.

If you have a Partner License and have enabled Experience Cloud sites, the Market Development Fund objects are available in your org.

1. From the App Launcher, find and open Fund Requests.
2. Click New and enter the name, channel partner, requested amount, and status.
3. Save the fund request.

Requests can be updated. The budget associated with the updated request must have the same validation status as the original.

You can create an approval workflow for partners to submit fund requests to the channel account manager. To prevent users from manually changing the status value on records they own, make sure the “Status” field on the Request object is set to Read-only.

Note: We’ve created the Total Approved Fund Requests field for you. This formula field is automatically updated.

Configure Partner Fund Requests

Configure Partner Fund Requests so that partner users can request funds for marketing campaigns and channel account managers can approve or reject the requests.

Configuring market fund requests for your Partner Central Experience Cloud site involves the following steps.

  Grant Channel Account Managers and Partner Users Access to Partner Fund Requests
Create a permission set for your channel account manager (CAM) or financial department so they can manage and approve fund requests. Create another permission set for your partner users so they can submit fund requests.

  Create Approval Workflows for Partner Fund Requests
Approval workflows are unique to each organization’s marketing needs and business processes.

  Customize Page Layouts for Partner Fund Requests
Page layouts control field visibility and behavior for different types of users. Partner users submit fund requests and channel account managers approve them.
Grant Channel Account Managers and Partner Users Access to Partner Fund Requests

Create a permission set for your channel account manager (CAM) or financial department so they can manage and approve fund requests. Create another permission set for your partner users so they can submit fund requests.

Create two permission sets. Grant Create, Read, Update, and Delete permissions on Fund Requests to the channel manager. Grant channel partner users Create, Update, and Read on Fund Requests.

1. From Setup, enter Permission in the Quick Find box, then select Permission Sets.
2. Click New.
3. Create a permission set for the channel account manager.
4. Select the channel account manager profile for the type of user that this permission set is assigned to for one of your permission sets.
5. Create a permission set for the partner user, giving them only Create, Read, and Update access to Fund Requests.

Create Approval Workflows for Partner Fund Requests

Approval workflows are unique to each organization’s marketing needs and business processes. Approval workflows should account for how you want to route submitted fund requests, how you want to filter and evaluate them, and what notifications you want to send out. A few guidelines for planning your approval workflows:

- Email Templates: Create email templates for each stage of the approval process that you want to send notifications for.
- Routing: Screen fund request by record type and submit all fund requests for approval.
- On Submission: Identify what field values change on the fund request on submission, for example the fund request status. Decide if the fund request record must be locked until it is approved or rejected.
- Evaluation: Decide what qualifies a submitted request to be considered for approval. Determine any thresholds, filter criteria, and stages you want to filter by.
- Approval: Decide who to route the submitted fund request to. Typically, this is the channel account manager or the financial department. Decide what happens on approval.
  - Change the Fund Request Status to approved.
  - Send an email notification to the partner user.
- Rejection: Decide what criteria disqualify a fund request. Set the Fund Request Status to rejected. Send an email notification to inform them of the rejection. Unlock the fund request record so partner user can modify and resubmit if necessary.

For detailed instructions, see the approval workflow documentation in the Salesforce Help.
Customize Page Layouts for Partner Fund Requests

Page layouts control field visibility and behavior for different types of users. Partner users submit fund requests and channel account managers approve them.

Create two partner fund request page layouts: one for the channel account manager (CAM) and one for the partner user.

1. From Setup, enter Request in the Quick Find box, then select Page Layouts under Partner Fund Request.
2. Create a Partner Fund Request page layout for channel account managers by cloning the primary partner fund request layout. Let’s call this Marketing Fund Request- CAM.
3. Modify the page layout to add, remove, or modify the behavior of fields, action buttons, related lists, and layouts based on who the layout is for. Typically, channel managers approve and update requests.
4. Save the page layout.
5. Create another page layout for the partner users, keeping in mind that they submit fund requests.

Create a Partner Fund Claim

Let partner users claim money for expenses incurred on marketing activities. Claims are associated with fund requests.

If you have a Partner License and have enabled Experience Cloud sites, Market Development Fund objects are available in your org.

Tip: Create a separate permission set for the channel account manager (CAM) or financial department to manage and approve fund claims. Partner users only need Create, Update, and Read permissions to submit a fund claim.

1. From the App Launcher, find and open Fund Claim.
2. Click New and enter the name, request, amount, and status of the claim.
3. Save the claim.

Claims can be updated. The budget associated with the updated claim must have the same validation status as the original.

Tip: You can create an approval workflow for partners to submit fund claims for reimbursement by the channel account manager or financial department. To prevent users from manually changing the status value on records they own, make sure the “Status” field on the Claim object is set to Read-only.

Note: We’ve created the Total Approved Fund Claims and Total Reimbursed Fund Claims fields for you. These formula fields are automatically updated.
Configure Partner Fund Claims

Configure Partner Fund Claims so that partner users can claim funds for reimbursement after running a marketing campaign. Channel account managers can approve or reject the claim.

Configuring market fund claims for your Partner Central Experience Cloud site involves the following steps.

Grant Channel Account Managers and Partner Users Access to Partner Fund Claims
Create a permission set for your channel account manager (CAM) or financial department so they can manage and approve and reimburse fund claims. Create another permission set for your partner users so they can submit fund claims.

Create Approval Workflows for Partner Fund Claims
Approval workflows are unique to each organization’s marketing needs and business processes.

Customize Page Layouts for Partner Fund Claims
Page layouts control field visibility and behavior for different types of users. Partner users submit fund claims and channel account managers approve and reimburse them.

Grant Channel Account Managers and Partner Users Access to Partner Fund Claims
Create a permission set for your channel account manager (CAM) or financial department so they can manage and approve and reimburse fund claims. Create another permission set for your partner users so they can submit fund claims.

Create two permission sets. Grant Create, Read, Update, and Delete permissions on Fund Claims to the channel manager. Grant channel partner users Create, Update, and Read on Fund Claims.

1. From Setup, enter Permission in the Quick Find box, then select Permission Sets.
2. Click New.
3. Create a permission set for the channel account manager.
4. Select the channel account manager profile for the type of user that this permission set is assigned to for one of your permission sets.
5. Create a permission set for the partner user, giving them only Create, Read, and Update access to Fund Claims.
Create Approval Workflows for Partner Fund Claims

Approval workflows are unique to each organization’s marketing needs and business processes. Approval workflows should account for how you want to route submitted fund claims, how you want to filter and evaluate them, and what notifications you want to send out. A few guidelines for planning your approval workflows:

- Email Templates: Create email templates for each stage of the approval process that you want to send notifications for.
- Routing: Screen fund claims by record type and submit all fund claims for approval.
- On Submission: Identify what field values change on the field claim on submission, for example the fund claim status. Decide if the fund claim record must be locked until it is approved or rejected.
- Evaluation: Decide what qualifies a submitted claim to be considered for approval. Determine any thresholds, filter criteria, and stages you want to filter by.
- Approval: Decide who to route the submitted claim to. Typically, this is the channel account manager or the financial department. Decide what happens on approval.
  - Change the Fund Claim Status to approved.
  - Send an email notification to the partner user.
- Rejection: Decide what criteria disqualify a fund claim. Set the Fund Claim Status to rejected. Send an email notification to inform them of the rejection. Unlock the claim record so partner user can modify and resubmit if necessary.

For detailed instructions, see the approval workflow documentation in the Salesforce Help

Customize Page Layouts for Partner Fund Claims

Page layouts control field visibility and behavior for different types of users. Partner users submit fund claims and channel account managers approve and reimburse them. Create two partner fund claim page layouts: one for the channel account manager (CAM) and one for the partner user.

1. From Setup, enter Claim in the Quick Find box, then select Page Layouts under Partner Fund Claim.
2. Create a partner fund claim page layout for channel account managers by cloning the primary partner fund claim layout. Let’s call this Marketing Fund Claim- CAM.
3. Modify the page layout to add, remove, or modify the behavior of fields, action buttons, related lists, and layouts based on who the layout is for. Typically, channel managers approve and update requests.
4. Save the page layout.
5. Create another page layout for the partner users, keeping in mind that they submit fund claims, but don’t approve them.
Reach More Customers with Channel Marketing

Create seamless marketing campaigns for partner user with channel marketing tools for partner sites.

SEE ALSO:
Set Up Campaign Marketplace

Set Up Campaign Marketplace

With Campaign Marketplace, you can provide the structure and guidance necessary for partners to successfully execute campaigns. Channel marketers can create and share marketing campaigns, guidelines, and assets with partners. They can also customize the look and feel of the marketplace and highlight information that is important to partners. Partners can then choose which campaigns work best for them. This feature is available in Experience Builder sites and Lightning Bolt Solutions.

Enable your channel marketers to promote pre-approved campaigns. Let partners browse, signup for, and run campaigns in just a couple of easy steps. When a partner clicks Sign Up on a campaign they want to run, a child campaign record is created from the original campaign. Partners can access all assets associated with the campaign and customize it to fit their brand. You must have a Partner Community license or use Distributed Marketing to use Campaign Marketplace.

Note: We recommend that you define your campaign hierarchy before completing these steps. Think about how you can organize your campaign hierarchy to optimize reporting on campaigns. You can organize them by channel programs and levels or you can organize them by region.

1. Go to Customize > Campaigns > Page Layouts.
2. Create 2 channel marketing page layouts: one for the channel marketer and one for the partner profiles in your partner site.
3. Go to Customize > Campaigns > Record Types and create a record type called Channel Marketing.
4. Go to Campaigns > Create New View and create a campaign list view called Campaign Marketplace.
5. Create campaigns for your partner users using the Channel Marketing record type.
6. Configure your campaign marketplace in Experience Builder.
Add filters to your list view to create different categories, such as Recommended and High ROI. Create multiple categories, and display them as tabs to make it easier for partners to search for the campaigns they need. You can also add a custom image to your campaign with the new campaign image field.

SEE ALSO:
Best Practices for Campaign Marketplace
Campaign Marketplace

Best Practices for Campaign Marketplace

Looking for best practices and use cases to help you get the most out of Campaign Marketplace? You’ve come to the right place.

Highlighting a Custom Field

Channel managers can use Highlights to call out certain types of campaigns. Create a custom formula field for greater flexibility when choosing types of fields to highlight.

For example, you can create a custom formula text field called “Recently Added”. Enter the following formula in the “Simple Formula” box:

\[
\text{IF}((\text{TODAY}()) - 7) < \text{DATEVALUE}(\text{CreatedDate}), \text{"RECENTLY ADDED"}, \text{""})
\]

Add the “Recently Added” field to the columns in the list view you are using in your marketplace.
Under **Highlights**, select the “Recently Added” field and choose the color you want to highlight recently added campaigns.

### Managing Visibility of Campaigns Using List Views

Channel managers can configure components to manage how campaigns are displayed to partners.

- Use filters to control visibility for campaigns. By default, we only show campaigns that are active and within the start and end of their date range. You can use activation or the start and end date to control visibility. Optionally add an approval process and a custom "approved" field on campaigns to control the visibility in the list view.

- Provide different types of marketplaces to partners. Add multiple marketplaces, with different list views, to different regions on a page or using the tab component.

- Hide partner-owned campaigns from the marketplace without using a trigger. You can filter the campaign list view using Owner User Type. You can also add a custom checkbox field to the campaign and set the default to "false". Make sure the field is read-only for the profiles that sign up for campaigns. You can then filter the list view by campaigns with the custom checkbox marked “true”.

### Copying Fields That Are Not on a Partner’s Page Layout

When a partner signs up for a campaign, fields that are not on the partner’s page layout are not copied. Use a trigger to copy fields you want to include on the child campaign when a partner signs up. These fields don’t show up in the layout, but are included in the child campaign record. We recommend using this trigger:

```plaintext
trigger onSignUpCopyFields on Campaign (before insert) {   for (Campaign childCamp : System.Trigger.new) {     // check if the campaign is being signed-up if (childCamp.parentId != null) {       // may need to add more conditions here, depending on campaign hierarchy and usage.       // read all the campaign data that might not be on the child // sign-up/clone doesn’t copy the fields not on the user's page layout       Campaign parentCamp = [SELECT Id, Name, Type, YourCustomFieldName__C FROM Campaign WHERE Id =: childCamp.ParentId];       YourCustomFieldName__C = parentCamp.YourCustomFieldName__C;       // You can update the record directly only before insert.
     }     }
```

**Note:** Only fields that partners have read access to are displayed.

### Signing Up for a Campaign

Partner users should default their “Actual Cost in Campaign” field to null and their “Num Sent in Campaign” field to 0 before signing up for a new campaign.

**SEE ALSO:**

- Set Up Campaign Marketplace
- Campaign Marketplace
Track Performance with Partner Scorecard

Channel account managers can measure partner users’ performances and establish benchmarks for their channel programs using partner scorecards. You can customize partner scorecards to display any report summary results that your channel account manager or executive team wants to see. Add multiple scorecards to track more than one category. Partner scorecards are available in Lightning Bolt Solutions.

Partner scorecards are only available with Partner Community licenses. If you don’t have access to scorecards, contact Salesforce Customer Support to enable Manage Scorecards in your org.

Add the “View scorecard” action to the account layout to display the scorecard directly on the account. Each scorecard displays admin-defined metrics that monitor partner performance. You can organize metrics into different categories, such as sales, marketing, and support. When you select the category you want each metric to belong to, the metrics sort into different tabs on your scorecard. Scorecards are built on top of Salesforce reports.

1. Go to Scorecards, and click New.
2. From Setup, enter Scorecard Metric and select Fields, to enter categories that you need and are not already included.
3. Go back to your scorecard and add metrics to it. Assign metrics to categories if you want to group them by KPIs.
4. Associate your scorecard with a program, level, or partner account. Once you’ve associated your scorecard with a program, level, or partner account, you can view the scorecard from that account. If you’ve organize different scorecards into tabs, you can click the tab to see the scorecard metrics associated with that category.

Example: Partner Scorecard for Sales

Note: Metrics are pulled from summary reports. You must have access to the reports you want to associate with scorecards. Scorecard associations are permanently deleted when an account is disabled.
See Configure Reports for Partner Scorecard for more information about setting up metrics for scorecards.

SEE ALSO:
Configure Reports for Partner Scorecard
Design the Field Layout for Reports Created from Your Custom Report Type
Build a Report

Configure Reports for Partner Scorecard
Assigning metrics to a Partner Scorecard is easy, but it’s important to correctly configure the reports. Follow these tips to display accurate information in your scorecard.

Here are a few things to keep in mind regarding the reports that you associate with your partner scorecard:

- Scorecards do not support report types on Account. To display data about objects that are related to Accounts, use a report type associated with a supported object or create a custom report type that includes both Account and a supported object.
- Each Metric is pulled from a summary field of a report. For a report to work with scorecards, it can have a maximum of one summary field in addition to the row count. The summary value is what is displayed on your scorecard. Your metric must be associated with a summary report or the data does not display correctly.
- You must have read access on all reports that you want to associate and view with scorecards.
- If an account is disabled, scorecards associated that account are permanently deleted.
- Account ID fields must be available on the report. The Scorecard component dynamically filters reports to the current Partner Account.

The following table displays information about which objects Scorecards support and how to set up reports for them.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Report Type</th>
<th>Actions to Take</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Opportunity</td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>Set Field Level Security of Partner Account to Visible for all profiles of users viewing scorecards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opportunity</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>Set Field Level Security of Partner Account to Visible for all profiles of the users viewing scorecards. Add the Partner Account ID field to the report type layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead</td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>Set Field Level Security of Partner Account to Visible for all profiles of the users viewing scorecards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td>Report Type</td>
<td>Actions to Take</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>Set Field Level Security of &quot;Partner Account&quot; to Visible for all profiles of the users viewing scorecards. Add the Partner Account ID field to the report type layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case</td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>No Action Necessary. Case Contact Account Id assumed to be Partner Account ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Case</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>Add the Case Contact's Account Id field to the report type layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partner Fund Allocation</td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>No standard report types exist for this object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partner Fund Allocation</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>Add the Channel Partner Account ID field to the report type layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partner Fund Request</td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>No standard report types exist for this object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partner Fund Request</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>Add the Channel Partner Account ID field to the report type layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom Object</td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>Add custom lookup field on Accounts. API name must be Scorecard_Account. Must use &quot;(Custom Object) with Account&quot; as report type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom Object</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>Add custom lookup field on Accounts. API name must be Scorecard_Account. Add the Account ID field to the custom object layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Standard Object with an Account field and no Partner Account field</td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>Scorecards do not support this type of report with default fields. Add a custom Lookup Relationship field on Accounts. The API name must be Scorecard_Account. Use &quot;(Custom Object) with Account&quot; as the report type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Standard Object with an Account field and no Partner Account field</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>Scorecards do not support this type of report with default fields, unless a supported object is included in the report type. Otherwise, add a custom Lookup Relationship field on Accounts. The API name must be Scorecard_Account. Add Account Id to the report type layout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any other standard object</td>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>Scorecards do not support this type of report with default fields, unless a supported object is included in the report type. Otherwise, add a custom Lookup Relationship field on Accounts. The API</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Actions to Take**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Report Type</th>
<th>Actions to Take</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scorecard_Account</td>
<td>Custom</td>
<td>name must be <code>Scorecard_Account</code>. Use &quot;(Custom Object) with Account&quot; as the report type. Add a supported object to the report type, or add a custom lookup relationship field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEE ALSO:
- Design the Field Layout for Reports Created from Your Custom Report Type

**Enabling More Features for Partner Relationship Management**

Enable more features for channel managers and sales partners. Channel managers can monitor channel business from the Channel Management Console, and access predesigned reports and dashboards for following partner activity. Channel managers can also train partners with the resources and content that drives growth for your business using Partner Enablement and In-App Guidance. Partners benefit from a slew of sales features that help them sell more efficiently. Considering enabling Einstein Lead Scoring, Einstein Opportunity Scoring, Contact Intelligence View, Lead Intelligence View, and Pipeline Inspection for partners. Plus, everyone can stay in touch easily using the PRM for Slack app.

Available for channel managers in Lightning Experience in **Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, Developer** Editions with Sales Cloud or Service Cloud. You must have at least one **PRM add-on license**.

Available for partners in supported Experience Cloud sites, accessed through Lightning Experience in **Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, Developer** Editions with Sales Cloud or Service Cloud. A **PRM add-on license** is required for each partner user.

SEE ALSO:
- Managing Channels
- Partner Relationship Management Analytics
- Enabling and Guiding Your Partners
- Staying Productive as a Partner
- Collaborating With Partners Using PRM for Slack

**Configure Features with Guided Setup**

Guided setup walks you through setting up visibility, processes, workflows, record types, layouts, and assignment rules for Salesforce features. From start to finish, guided setup leads you through each step with easy-to-follow directions and navigable links to settings pages.

As long as you have a Partner license, you can access Guided Setup from Experience Workspaces. Click the Guided Setup tile, and select which feature you want to set up.
Click **Overview** to get a description of the feature and the setup tasks.

---

**What Is Lead Distribution?**

Lead distribution lets you automatically assign leads to your channel partners. Give them leads acquired from your website, marketing campaigns, or referral programs. Partners accept leads directly from the lead inbox in their Partner Central portal.

**Help and Training**

**Your Setup Tasks**

Our guided setup walks you through setting up:

- Security and Visibility Settings
- Lead Processors
- Lead Queues
- Lead Record Types
- Assignment Rules
- Page Layouts
- Community Experience

---

Click **Guided Setup** to begin setting up the feature.
• (1) Each setup task has been organized into a separate step. Navigable links take you to the right setup pages for completing tasks. After you complete the step, you can mark that task as complete and move on to the next.
• Not able to finish one of the setups? Or do you want to hit pause on a setup and move on to the next one? Not a problem. You can easily switch between setups from the upper left corner of the Guided Setup page (2). Any completed steps remain marked until you come back to them, so it’s easy to find your place again.
• Need a bit more information about a process or step? Want to learn more? Salesforce Help, a link to the Trailblazer community, and related Trails are easily accessible on the right side of the screen (3).

Configure Guided Setup Reports

Additional configuration is required once you’ve installed your Guided Setup reports. Once you’ve installed reports from the Guided Setup, filter values must be added to some reports. Check the filters on your reports to ensure that they are set correctly.
1. From the App Launcher, find and open Reports.
2. Click All Folders and select the report folder.
3. Select the report you want to customize and click Edit.
4. Make any necessary changes and save.
If you want to remove any of the reports or folders from your organization, you must manually delete them.

Tip: Don’t forget to also delete the custom report type for any reports that you decide to remove from your org.

Lead Distribution Reports

These reports are provided in the Lead Distribution Reports folder.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Additional Customization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned Leads</td>
<td>Number of unassigned partner leads.</td>
<td>Replace lead owner ID filter with the queue record ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned Leads by Age</td>
<td>Displays unassigned leads by age.</td>
<td>Replace the lead owner ID filter with</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Lead Reports

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Additional Customization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lead Creation Trend</td>
<td>Number of partner leads created.</td>
<td>Replace the lead owner ID filter with the queue record ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leads by Partner</td>
<td>Number of leads owned by partner.</td>
<td>Tip: Add an age filter to Leads</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leads by Stage</td>
<td>Displays partner leads by stage.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leads by Source</td>
<td>Displays partner leads by channel.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leads by Region</td>
<td>Displays partner leads by region.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leads with No Activity</td>
<td>Displays partner leads with no activity by timeframe.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Deal Registration Reports

These reports are provided in the Deal Registration Reports folder.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Additional Customization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Approved Deals by Month</td>
<td>Number of approved deals for current fiscal year by month.</td>
<td>Update the lead source and lead status filters with the correct filter values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Deals by Value</td>
<td>Total value of approved deals.</td>
<td>Update lead source and lead status filters with the correct filter values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved to Converted Ratio</td>
<td>Ratio of deals approved to deals converted for the current fiscal year by partner.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closed Deals by Partner</td>
<td>Displays the value closed deal registered by partners.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deals Registered by Age</td>
<td>Displays registered deals by age.</td>
<td>Add Age custom field</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deal Registration Trend</td>
<td>Displays deal registration over time.</td>
<td>Update lead source and lead status filters with the correct filter values</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deals Expiring Soon</td>
<td>Displays registered deals that expire in the next 30 days.</td>
<td>Update lead source filter with the correct filter value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Add Expiration date field and a filter (f.i.: Next 7 days)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Market Development Fund Reports

These reports are provided in the Market Development Fund Reports folder.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Additional Customization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Budget</td>
<td>Amount of total marketing budget.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Budget Allocated</td>
<td>Total budget allocated to partners.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund Requests Approved/Rejected</td>
<td>Total approved and rejected fund requests.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund Claims Approved/Rejected</td>
<td>Total approved and rejected claims.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Funds Paid</td>
<td>Total paid claims.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Budget Remaining</td>
<td>Amount of budget available.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Remaining</td>
<td>Amount of allocated funds available.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund Requests in Draft</td>
<td>Number of fund requests in draft status.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund Requests Approved/Rejected</td>
<td>Displays fund requests by approved or rejected status.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund Request Submit Trend</td>
<td>Number of fund requests submitted.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund Requests By Activity Type</td>
<td>Number of approved fund requests by activity.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund Requests By Activity Type (value)</td>
<td>Number of approved fund requests by activity type (value).</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fund Claims in Draft</td>
<td>Number of fund claims in draft status.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Funds Claimed</td>
<td>Displays fund claims that have been approved.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Used vs. Allocated By Fund Type</td>
<td>Displays funds used vs. funds allocated by type.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Used vs. Allocated By Budget</td>
<td>Displays funds used vs. funds allocated by budget.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funds Used By Partners</td>
<td>Displays requested funds vs. allocated funds by partner.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Manage Customer Relationships with Experience Cloud

Give your customers a private and secure place to access and update their account information with the Customer Account Portal solution from Experience Cloud. Improve customer relationships and decrease service costs by allowing customers to see and pay invoices. They can also update their account information and search your knowledge base for answers to their most frequently asked questions.

Customer Account Portal is designed with account management in mind, so you can:

- Give access to customers to create and update vital information in any Salesforce record, including custom objects. As a result, reduce call center calls for easily resolved issues, like updating a phone number or address.
- Integrate and expose data and processes from third-party systems, like ERP and ecommerce, via Salesforce Connect.
- Show customers information that matters the most in their member profile, and let them update their accounts on the fly.
- Use Salesforce Knowledge to give customers answers to their most pressing questions about your product and brand.

Customer Account Portal has the same flexibility and extensibility that you’re accustomed to with other Lightning sites, so you can:

- Build custom pages and use custom branding.
- Expose more CRM objects and data that suit your business needs.
- Use audience targeting by geolocation, and create personalized content for customers by their geographical location.

Example: Here are a few industry examples of how a company can use Customer Account Portal to enhance customer relationships.

- A utilities company allows customers to check their bills and pay them online.
- An insurance company lets clients file claims online.
- A university makes it easy for students to sign up for classes online.

Build a Portal with the Customer Account Portal Solution

Set up a custom space where your customers can take care of their needs on their own, and reduce support calls to your company. Admins can set up Customer Account Portal with a few clicks.

Editions

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

User Permissions

To create, customize, or publish an experience:

- Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration
The Customer Account Portal comes with a variety of components out-of-the-box to make your company’s portal a personalized point of access to information, processes, and experts:

- Use the Tile Menu on page 314 for an intuitive and visually stunning navigation experience.
- Configure the Member Profile on page 276 component to give customers all their account information and settings in one convenient place.
- Give access to your company’s knowledge base to answer your customers’ most frequently asked questions

Get started with this handy list of setup tasks to create your own customer account portal.

### Create a Customer Account Portal—Setup Tasks

Review this high-level list of tasks and considerations for prepping and setting up your portal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Planning</th>
<th>Prep Your Salesforce Org for a Customer Portal</th>
<th>Preparing Experience Cloud Site Users</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>What’s Your Customer Account Portal Strategy?</td>
<td>Create Experience Cloud Site Users</td>
<td>Super User Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extend Salesforce to Customers with the Correct Licenses</td>
<td></td>
<td>Delegated Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Experience Builder Site Limitations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communities and Community Users in Your Salesforce Org</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Available in:** both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: **Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer** Editions
What's Your Customer Account Portal Strategy?

The type of customer account portal you create depends on your business needs and what you want to accomplish. For example, an insurance company has a different strategy from a clothing retailer.

To get the most out of your Customer Account Portal implementation, ask yourself some questions.

- How many Customer Community licenses do I need? Do I invest in Customer Community licenses or Customer Community Plus licenses?
- What level of data visibility and privacy do I need for each object that I’m exposing to my customers?
- Which objects do I grant permissions to in my customer profiles?
- Do I want to allow my customers to self-register?

SEE ALSO:
Experience Cloud User Licenses

Extend Salesforce to Customers with the Correct Licenses

Buy customer licenses to enable customer-specific functionality in your org. Customer licenses are required to give access to the Customer Account Portal and set up customer users.

When you buy customer licenses, the following functionality is enabled in your org.

- The default Customer Community profile. You can clone it to create custom customer profiles or extend data access via permissions sets.
- The Enable as Customer User button on contacts.
- Access to delegated admin, reports and dashboards, and advanced sharing for customer users.
Check out Experience Cloud Sites and Users in Your Salesforce Org, a quick video about how Salesforce Experiences live in an org, the differences between licenses, and how Salesforce accounts and site users are associated with one another.

Experience Cloud and Marketing Cloud Integration with Journey Builder

With the Marketing Cloud Journey Builder, create personalized journeys for your site based on triggering events or geared for specific audiences. Greet new users with rich content emails, send reminders to users who need profile pics, or schedule follow-up emails for users who log a case. To use this feature, you must have both Experience Cloud and Marketing Cloud licenses.

Available in: Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

Note: This feature passes member information, including email addresses, from the Experience Cloud to the Marketing Cloud.

Trigger a personalized journey with events, or choose a specific audience.

Examples of events include:
- User joins a site
- Case creation
- User buys a product (depending on configuration)
- New Chatter group membership
- New Chatter post creation
- Chatter question and answer activity
- Create or update any custom object and most standard objects

Examples of audiences include:
- All users of the site
- Users who own a certain product (depending on configuration)
- Users with the highest number of reputation points
- Users who belong to the same Chatter group
- Users who haven’t contributed in the last number of days

The two clouds integrate through Marketing Cloud Connect (available on AppExchange). When it’s set up, you’re ready to go. The process and email creation is all handled in Journey Builder. The See Also links guide you to those steps.

A few things to do and consider before you get started:
- Make sure that you have both Marketing Cloud and at least one site set up.
- Install the Marketing Cloud Connect package.
- Decide whether to use contact or user data.

Note: Adding users to a community is slower when triggering journeys. If you’re adding lots of new users, like more than 1,000, at once, we suggest letting Journey Builder run overnight.

Experience Cloud Journey Data Model

When you create an Experience Cloud journey, you choose whether to add user or contact data. To avoid unintentionally sending emails to people who have opted out, you must stay consistent. There are also some event trigger and tracking limitations.
Email Preferences
The Unsubscribe link at the bottom of a Marketing Cloud email opts the person out of all further emails from that instance of Marketing Cloud. If you want users to be able to unsubscribe from site emails without unsubscribing from other brand or company emails, some setup is required.

Triggering Journeys Based on Events
You can trigger journeys based on an event that happens in the site, like when members join.

Triggering Journeys Based on Audiences
You can select a set of users—an audience—and put them into a journey. Your audience can be specific and include, say, a user who purchased a certain product and posted within the last 30 days.

Determine If an Object Can Trigger Journeys
Before you create an event-based journey, check that the object you want to use works. This test helps you identify available objects.

Sync an Object to the Marketing Cloud
To create an audience-based Journey, sync object data to the Marketing Cloud.

Experience Cloud Objects for Creating Member Journeys
Most, but not all, Experience Cloud objects can be used for creating journeys. This list includes the available objects along with a description, their eligibility status, API object, and use cases (as appropriate).

SEE ALSO:
Connect the Clouds
Journey Builder
Get Started With Journey Builder

Experience Cloud Journey Data Model
When you create an Experience Cloud journey, you choose whether to add user or contact data. To avoid unintentionally sending emails to people who have opted out, you must stay consistent. There are also some event trigger and tracking limitations.

Available in: Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

Every external site member has both an associated user object and a contact object. Internal site users, including employee site users, typically have only the user object. The email preferences for the user and contact records aren’t linked. A person who opts out of a contact record journey still gets email from user record journeys. A best practice is to choose one data type and stick to it.

A couple of other points to consider when picking the data model:

• Some events can trigger only user-based journeys. When you create a journey for a given event, the application shows you whether you can add user, contact, or either record to the journey. For many common community objects, only the user record is available. If you plan to standardize on contacts, use audience-based journeys instead as they can use either the user or contact records.

• Emails sent by journeys that are based on contact records are logged on the contact objects in Salesforce. Logging isn’t always the case for journeys based on user records. If tracking is important, go with contacts.

SEE ALSO:
Triggering Journeys Based on Audiences
Triggering Journeys Based on Events
Email Preferences

The Unsubscribe link at the bottom of a Marketing Cloud email opts the person out of all further emails from that instance of Marketing Cloud. If you want users to be able to unsubscribe from site emails without unsubscribing from other brand or company emails, some setup is required.

Available in: **Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer** editions.

**Note:** Email preferences aren’t automatically synced between Experience Cloud and Marketing Cloud without customization. Consider discussing implementing a custom subscription center with your integrator or Salesforce services.

The controls for system-generated emails from a site, like comment notifications, are managed within the site by users, not within Marketing Cloud.

Triggering Journeys Based on Events

You can trigger journeys based on an event that happens in the site, like when members join.

Available in: **Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer** editions.

For an event to trigger a journey, the object that the event happens to must be workflow-enabled. Most standard objects in Salesforce (such accounts, leads, case, and opportunity), all custom objects, and many community-specific objects are workflow enabled. Some site-specific objects, however, aren’t.

**Note:** As a best practice, create sample journeys to make sure that the objects you want to use can trigger a journey and the data is accessible.

SEE ALSO:
- Experience Cloud Objects for Creating Member Journeys
- Determine If an Object Can Trigger Journeys
- The Salesforce Data Event
- Salesforce Experience Cloud

Triggering Journeys Based on Audiences

You can select a set of users—an audience—and put them into a journey. Your audience can be specific and include, say, a user who purchased a certain product and posted within the last 30 days.

Available in: **Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer** editions.

To define the audience, you select the users using either SQL in Automation Studio or Audience Builder. Make sure that Marketing Cloud can access the data tables. In core Salesforce, the tables must be replicated and synced to Marketing Cloud as a Synchronized Data Source within Contact Builder. This process assisted by the Marketing Cloud Connect package, but it’s not automatic. You must choose which tables you want to sync and the object must be replicable.
Note: After object data is synced into Marketing Cloud, you can use the data to make decisions at junction points in a journey. Such junctions are known as decision splits.

SEE ALSO:
- Sync an Object to the Marketing Cloud
- Automation Studio
- Audience Builder
- Configure a Decision Split
- Interact with Synchronized Data Sources

Determine If an Object Can Trigger Journeys

Before you create an event-based journey, check that the object you want to use works. This test helps you identify available objects.


1. In Marketing Cloud, create a journey.
2. Drag the Salesforce Data Event tile onto the canvas.
3. To configure the event, click the icon.
4. Select Salesforce Data.
5. In Select an Object, look for the object you’re interested in. If you don’t see an object, it can’t be used to trigger a journey.

Sync an Object to the Marketing Cloud

To create an audience-based Journey, sync object data to the Marketing Cloud.


1. In Marketing Cloud, go to **Audience Builder > Contact Builder**.
2. Click **Data Sources**.
3. Click the Synchronized tab.
4. Select the data source.
5. Click **Set Up Object**.
6. Look in the Synchronize Entity dialog box with the list of objects that can sync. If you don’t see the object, it can’t be synced.
7. Click Synchronize for the entity that contains the data you want to bring into Contact Builder.
8. Select the checkboxes next to the fields you want to synchronize and click Next.
9. Using the Record Collection buttons, choose whether to bring in all records or begin at a certain date.
10. From the Poll Schedule dropdown, choose how often you wish to synchronize data.
11. Click **Save & Synchronize**.
## Experience Cloud Objects for Creating Member Journeys

Most, but not all, Experience Cloud objects can be used for creating journeys. This list includes the available objects along with a description, their eligibility status, API object, and use cases (as appropriate).

### Available in: **Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer editions.**

A quick note about object status:

- If you want to create an event-based journey, the object must be workflow-enabled.
- To create an audience-based journey, the object must be replicable.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Object</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>API</th>
<th>Example Use Case</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sites and Membership</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network</td>
<td>A site and its settings</td>
<td>Not Workflow-enabled</td>
<td>Network</td>
<td>Triggers when a new member joins the community</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NetworkMember</td>
<td>Individual user memberships</td>
<td>Workflow-enabled</td>
<td>NetworkMember</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NetworkMemberGroup</td>
<td>List of profiles and permission sets added to a site (not related to Chatter groups)</td>
<td>Not Workflow-enabled</td>
<td>NetworkMemberGroup</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chatter Groups</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollaborationGroup</td>
<td>A Chatter group</td>
<td>Workflow-enabled</td>
<td>CollaborationGroup</td>
<td>Triggers when a user joins a Chatter Group in the Community</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollaborationGroupMember</td>
<td>Member of a Chatter group</td>
<td>Workflow-enabled</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>CollaborationGroupFeed</td>
<td>A single item on a Chatter group feed</td>
<td>Not Workflow-enabled</td>
<td>CollaborationGroupFeed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Feeds</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>FeedItem</td>
<td>Entry in the feed</td>
<td>Workflow-enabled</td>
<td>FeedItem</td>
<td>Triggers when user asks a question or makes another type of feed post</td>
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<tr>
<td>FeedComment</td>
<td>Comment added to a feed by a user</td>
<td>Not Workflow-enabled</td>
<td>FeedComment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Secure Your Experience Cloud Site

You can help keep your Experience Cloud site more secure by enabling clickjack protection, authenticating users, encrypting data, and protecting against malicious resources and vulnerabilities in components using CSP and Lightning Locker. These options allow you to maintain the security of your site while still using the external sources you need. In addition, you can use various settings and permissions to protect your data and your customers’ data, and publicly share the site with guest users.

Sharing CRM Data in an Experience Cloud Site
Sharing CRM data in an Experience Cloud site can seem like a daunting task. You need to consider the various layers of sharing data in an internal Salesforce org, and then add the extra security layers included in a portal or community implementation. Here’s a cheat sheet of all the resources you need when setting up data sharing for your Experience Cloud site.

Enable Clickjack Protection in Experience Cloud Sites
Clickjacking is a type of attack that tricks users into clicking something, such as a button or link, because they perceive it to be safe. By creating hidden iframes pointing to your Experience Cloud site pages, hackers can entice users to click an element that appears to be on a different web page. But instead of the visible element handling the click, the click is hijacked and some element of the invisible site iframe on top receives it. Clickjacking can potentially lead to data intrusion, unauthorized emails, changed credentials, or other malicious site-specific results. With clickjack protection, however, you can secure your site by controlling whether browsers allow frames pointing to your pages.
Authenticate Experience Cloud Site Users
You have several options for authenticating customers and employees in your Experience Cloud site. Customers are users with Community, Customer Portal, External Identity, or partner portal licenses. By default, they can log in with the username and password that Salesforce assigns them for the Experience Cloud site. Your Salesforce org’s employees are users with full Salesforce licensing capabilities. These users follow the employee login flow using their Salesforce username and password. Beyond these default settings, you can configure SAML, third-party authentication providers, or OAuth to authenticate and authorize all users accessing your site. You can also configure self-registration to use Login Discovery, which makes it easier for users to authenticate.

Encrypt Experience Cloud Site Data
You can add a measure of security to your Experience Cloud sites by encrypting files, attachments, and supported fields.

CSP and Lightning Locker in Experience Builder Sites
Experience Builder sites use Content Security Policy (CSP) and Lightning Locker to secure your site from malicious attacks and custom code vulnerabilities. CSP is a W3C standard that controls the source of content that can be loaded on your site’s pages and helps protect against cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Lightning Locker is a Salesforce architectural layer that allows third-party Lightning components and custom code to run safely on the same page in the browser. With different levels of security, you can optimize your site security choices and tolerance for risk.

Experience Cloud Cookies
Experience Cloud uses cookies to improve functionality and accelerate processing times. By saving a user’s settings, cookies can enhance the user’s experience and the performance of the Experience Cloud site.

Sharing CRM Data in an Experience Cloud Site
Sharing CRM data in an Experience Cloud site can seem like a daunting task. You need to consider the various layers of sharing data in an internal Salesforce org, and then add the extra security layers included in a portal or community implementation. Here’s a cheat sheet of all the resources you need when setting up data sharing for your Experience Cloud site.

Before implementing your site, familiarize yourself with how Experience Cloud sites coexist in a Salesforce org. Check out this video information:

- Experience Cloud Sites and Users in Your Salesforce Org

⚠️ Warning: In Salesforce orgs created before February 8, 2024, enabling digital experiences automatically extends access to external members. Records previously accessible to Roles and Subordinates are available to Roles, Internal and Portal Subordinates. Opening up access to the site and portal subordinates could expose your org’s data to external users. To secure your sites, use the Convert External User Access Wizard to help ensure that no records or folders are shared with external users. For more information, see Use the Convert External User Access Wizard.

In orgs created on February 8, 2024 or later, access is secure by default. Records shared with the Roles and Internal Subordinates group through sharing rules or other mechanisms remain accessible only to internal users.

Another important concept is that the type of license your users have affects the types of sharing available to them. Based on the licenses used to access an Experience Cloud site, users have standard or simple sharing capabilities.

Standard sharing refers to all the sharing mechanisms available to internal Salesforce org users, plus various sharing mechanisms that come with Experience Cloud licenses (sharing sets, share groups, super user access). Standard sharing is available to Customer Community Plus and Partner Community licenses.

Simple sharing means that users don’t have access to roles and sharing using the role hierarchy, and is normally employed in sites with a high volume of users. Simple sharing is available to Customer Community license holders. For more information about what’s included in the various licenses, check out Experience Cloud User Licenses.
## Resources for Sharing and Security

### Org-Wide Defaults

**Salesforce Org Resources**
- **Video**
  - Who Sees What: Organization Wide Defaults
- **Salesforce Help**
  - Organization-Wide Sharing Defaults
- **Trailhead**
  - Module: Data Security

**Experience Cloud Resources**
- **Video**
  - Who Sees What in Communities: External Org-Wide Defaults
- **Salesforce Help**
  - External Organization-Wide Defaults Overview
- **Trailhead**
  - Share CRM Data with Your Partners

### Account Roles and Role Hierarchies

**Salesforce Org Resources**
- **Video**
  - Who Sees What: Record Access via Roles
- **Salesforce Help**
  - User Role Hierarchy
- **Trailhead**
  - Module: Data Security

**Experience Cloud Resources**
- **Video**
  - Who Sees What in Communities: Accounts and Role Hierarchies
- **Salesforce Help**
  - Create Community Users
  - Set the Default Number of Community Roles
  - Sharing Data with Partner Users
- **Trailhead**
  - Share CRM Data with Your Partners
Enable Clickjack Protection in Experience Cloud Sites

Clickjacking is a type of attack that tricks users into clicking something, such as a button or link, because they perceive it to be safe. By creating hidden iframes pointing to your Experience Cloud site pages, hackers can entice users to click an element that appears to be on a different web page. But instead of the visible element handling the click, the click is hijacked and some element of the invisible site iframe on top receives it. Clickjacking can potentially lead to data intrusion, unauthorized emails, changed credentials, or other malicious site-specific results. With clickjack protection, however, you can secure your site by controlling whether browsers allow frames pointing to your pages.

Note: To configure clickjack protection for Site.com sites, see Enable Clickjack Protection in Site.com.
You can set clickjack protection for your Experience Cloud site pages to one of these levels.

- **Allow framing by any page (no protection)**: The least secure level. All external domains can frame your site pages.
- **Allow framing of site or community pages on external domains (good protection)**: Only trusted external domains can frame your site pages. You specify the domains that you trust in the Trusted Domains for Inline Frames list. The trusted domains list isn’t available for enhanced LWR sites.
- **Allow framing by the same origin only (recommended)**: The default level for Experience Cloud sites. Allows framing of site pages by pages with the same domain name and protocol security.
- **Don’t allow framing by any page (most protection)**: The most secure level. However, for Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites and for Experience Builder sites, this option prevents pages in the Administration section of Experience Workspaces from opening. To avoid this issue, use the default setting instead.

▶ **Tip**: The location for enabling clickjack protection differs depending on whether your site is an Experience Builder site or a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site. If your site has a mixture of both Experience Builder and Visualforce pages, enable clickjack protection in both locations.

### Enable Clickjack Protection for Experience Builder Sites

1. In Experience Builder, select **Settings > Security & Privacy**.
2. Under **Clickjack Protection Level**, select a clickjack protection level.
3. If you chose to allow framing of your site pages on your external domains, specify the domains that you trust to frame your page. For each domain, click **Add Trusted Domain** in the Trusted Domains for Inline Framing section. Then enter the domain that can frame your site pages. You can add up to 100 external domains.

▶ **Note**: Added domains take effect only when **Allow framing of site or community pages on external domains (good protection)** is selected. The trusted domains list isn’t available for enhanced LWR sites.

### Enable Clickjack Protection for Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites

1. To access the Site Details page, use one of these methods.
   a. In Experience Workspaces, select **Administration > Pages > Go to Force.com**.
   b. From Salesforce Setup, enter **Sites and Domains** in the Quick Find box, select **Sites**, and select the site from the Sites list.
2. Click **Edit** on the Site Details page.
3. Select your preferred level of clickjack protection and save your changes.
4. If you chose to allow framing of your site pages on your external domains, specify the domains that you trust to frame your page. For each domain, click **Add Trusted Domain** in the Trusted Domains for Inline Frames section. Then enter the domain that you want to allow iframes on. You can add up to 512 external domains.

▶ **Tip**: Added domains take effect only when **Allow framing of site pages on external domains (good protection)** is selected.

▶ **Note**: Internet Explorer supports clickjack protection through the legacy X-Frame-Options HTTP Header only. This header supports `sameorigin`, `deny` (none), `allowall`, and `allow-from uri`. In particular, `allow-from uri` supports only one URI.

To support a list for IE users, the framing site must identify itself to the community domain by passing in a query parameter in the `iframe` tag. For example, if you add `https://example.com` as a trusted external domain, then the page on `https://example.com` must make its `iframe` as follows:

```
<iframe src="https://MyDomainName.my.site.com?_iframeDomain=https://example.com"></iframe>
```
You can also set the trusted external domain in the iframeDomain cookie. This method allows iframes if the iframeDomain URL variable isn’t saved when navigating between pages in IE.

```java
Cookie iframeDomainCookie = ApexPages.currentPage().getCookies().get('iframeDomain');
if (iframeDomainCookie == null) {
    iframeDomainCookie = new Cookie('iframeDomain','www.example.com');

    // Set the new cookie for the page
    ApexPages.currentPage().setCookies(new Cookie[]{iframeDomainCookie});
}
```

Authenticate Experience Cloud Site Users

You have several options for authenticating customers and employees in your Experience Cloud site. Customers are users with Community, Customer Portal, External Identity, or partner portal licenses. By default, they can log in with the username and password that Salesforce assigns them for the Experience Cloud site. Your Salesforce org’s employees are users with full Salesforce licensing capabilities. These users follow the employee login flow using their Salesforce username and password. Beyond these default settings, you can configure SAML, third-party authentication providers, or OAuth to authenticate and authorize all users accessing your site. You can also configure self-registration to use Login Discovery, which makes it easier for users to authenticate.

Note:

- Session cookies are set at the domain level. When you log in as a different user during the same browser session, the new session cookies replace existing session cookies for that domain. As a result, the original user is logged out of the session.
- The following authentication options also work with custom HTTPS web addresses.

SAML for Experience Cloud Sites

If your Salesforce org already uses SAML single sign-on (SSO) to simplify and standardize your user authentication, you can extend this capability to your Experience Cloud sites.

Configure SAML SSO Between Salesforce Orgs or Experience Cloud Sites

If your company deploys more than one Salesforce org or Experience Cloud site, set up SAML single sign-on (SSO) so users can easily move between them. In this SSO configuration, a single org or site acting as the identity provider authenticates users for one or more orgs or sites in the service provider role. Users can log in to all orgs or sites with a single set of credentials.

Authentication Provider SSO with Salesforce as the Relying Party

With authentication providers, your users can log in to your Salesforce org or Experience Cloud site with single sign-on (SSO) using credentials from a third party. Authentication providers also give your users access to protected third-party data. Salesforce offers several ways to configure authentication providers, such as with OpenID Connect or with a custom OAuth 2.0 configuration. Which protocol you can use depends on the third party.

SEE ALSO:

Customize Login, Self-Registration, and Password Management for Your Experience Cloud Site
SAML for Experience Cloud Sites

If your Salesforce org already uses SAML single sign-on (SSO) to simplify and standardize your user authentication, you can extend this capability to your Experience Cloud sites.

When implementing SAML SSO for Experience Cloud sites, the key is to use the site URL associated with login for the SSO flow. Also, make sure that the site URL in the SAML assertion POST includes /login. For more information, see SAML Single Sign-On with Salesforce as the Service Provider.

SEE ALSO:
- Example SAML Assertions
- FAQs for Single Sign-On

Configure SAML SSO Between Salesforce Orgs or Experience Cloud Sites

If your company deploys more than one Salesforce org or Experience Cloud site, set up SAML single sign-on (SSO) so users can easily move between them. In this SSO configuration, a single org or site acting as the identity provider authenticates users for one or more orgs or sites in the service provider role. Users can log in to all orgs or sites with a single set of credentials.

Configuring SSO between an org and a site is largely the same as configuring SSO across orgs, with a few small differences in endpoint URLs that point to sites.

SSO across multiple service providers uses hub-and-spoke architecture. The identity provider is the authentication hub at the center. The identity provider validates credentials and asserts the user’s identity to the spokes—the orgs or sites that are the service providers.

Salesforce supports identity provider-initiated and service provider-initiated logins. For more information, see SAML Login Flows.

To configure SSO between multiple Salesforce service providers:
- Set up a Salesforce identity provider.
- Set up one or more Salesforce service providers.
- In the identity provider, integrate your service providers as connected apps.
- Test the SSO connection.
Set Up Your Salesforce Identity Provider

Configure an org or site as an identity provider to act as your authentication hub. To enable a site as an identity provider, complete these steps in the org where the site is set up.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter *Identity Provider*, and select *Identity Provider*. Click *Enable Identity Provider*.
2. Select a certificate that the identity provider and service provider can use to trust each other. Salesforce automatically creates a self-signed certificate when you enable your org as an identity provider. To create your own certificate, select *Create a new certificate*.
3. Save your certificate. If you changed your certificate, click *OK* to accept the warning message.
4. On the Identity Provider page, click *Download Certificate*. Use it when you set up your service provider.
5. Get SAML metadata to share with the service provider. Use this metadata when you configure SAML settings in the service provider. This step is different for orgs and sites.
   - If your identity provider is an org, click *Download Metadata* to get the metadata in an XML file. To get a URL that references an XML metadata file, copy the Salesforce Identity URL listed under SAML Metadata Discovery Endpoints.
   - If your identity provider is a site, copy the Experience Cloud Site Identity URL under SAML Metadata Discovery Endpoints.

Set Up Your Salesforce Service Providers

Configure your service provider orgs or sites—the spokes that rely on your authentication hub. Complete these steps in the service provider org or the org where your service provider site is enabled.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter *Single Sign-On Settings*, then select *Single Sign-On Settings*.
2. Click *Edit*. To see SAML SSO settings, select *SAML Enabled*. Save the change.
3. Under SAML Single Sign-On Settings, click the appropriate button to create a configuration.
   a. If you downloaded an XML metadata file from the identity provider, click *New from Metadata File*. Upload the metadata file that you saved and click *Create*. This option uses the metadata from the XML file to complete SSO settings.
   b. If you copied the Salesforce Identity URL or the Experience Cloud Site Identity URL from the identity provider, click *New from Metadata URL*. Paste the URL and click *Create*. This option reads the XML file at the Salesforce Identity URL and uses it to complete SSO settings.

   The metadata options fill in the required SAML settings, including the Issuer, Entity ID, and Identity Provider Login URL fields.
4. For Identity Provider Certificate, upload the certificate you downloaded earlier from the identity provider.
5. For SAML Identity Type, select *Assertion contains the Federation ID from the User object*.
6. Save your settings. Then, from the Single Sign-On Settings pages, copy and save the Entity ID. You share this value with the identity provider when you create a connected app.
7. From the same page, get the SAML login endpoint to share with the identity provider. This step is different for orgs and sites.
   a. To configure your org as a service provider, copy the Login URL under Your Organization.
   b. To configure your site as a service provider, click the dropdown arrow next to For Communities. Your site’s SAML endpoints appear. Copy the Login URL for your site.
8. In the service provider, add the identity provider as an authentication service.
   a. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter *My Domain*, then select *My Domain*.
   b. Under Authentication Configuration, click *Edit*.
   c. Select the authentication service for your identity provider.
To prevent users from logging in directly to the service provider, deselect Login Form. When users go to the service provider Login URL, they're redirected to the identity provider to log in.

To give users the option to log in directly to the service provider, select Login Form and your identity provider. With both of these options selected, your identity provider appears as a login option on the service provider’s login page. Users can decide whether to log in to the service provider directly or log in with SSO.

9. To define your other orgs as service providers, repeat these steps. Use the SAML metadata from your identity provider to complete SSO settings for your service providers.

Integrate Service Providers as Connected Apps

To define the service provider to the identity provider, create a connected app in the identity provider.

1. In the identity provider, from Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter App, then select App Manager. Click New Connected App.

2. Complete the connected app’s basic information.

3. Under Web App settings, select Enable SAML. Remember the Entity ID and Login URL values that you saved when you configured your service provider? You need them now to complete the connected app settings.
   a. For Entity ID, paste the Entity ID from the service provider.
   b. For the ACS URL, paste the Login URL for the org or site.
   c. For Subject Type, select Federation ID.

4. Save the settings.
5. To give your users access to this service provider, click Manage on the connected apps page. Select Manage Profiles or Manage Permission Sets and add the profiles or permission sets you want to access the service provider. For more information on profiles and permission sets, see Manage Data Access and Manage Other Access Settings for a Connected App.

6. Each service provider needs its own connected app in the identity provider. To define your other service providers, repeat these steps.

Test the SSO Connection

Map a test user from the identity provider to the service provider and confirm that the test user can log in with SSO.

1. In the identity provider, create a test user.
   a. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Users, then select Users.
   b. Click New User.
   c. Complete the test user’s basic information and assign the user a profile that can access the service provider.
   d. Under Single Sign On Information, enter a unique Federation ID. The Federation ID can be any value. For more information on identifying and mapping users, see Map Salesforce Users to the SAML Service Provider.
   e. Save the settings.

2. In the service provider, create the same test user. To bind the users together, use the same Federation ID that you entered for the test user in the identity provider.

3. In an incognito browser, enter the My Domain URL for the identity provider.

4. Log in to the identity provider as the test user.

5. In a new incognito browser tab, enter the My Domain URL for the service provider.

If SSO is successful, you’re redirected to the identity provider. Because you’re already authenticated, you’re then redirected back to the service provider and logged in.
**Authentication Provider SSO with Salesforce as the Relying Party**

With authentication providers, your users can log in to your Salesforce org or Experience Cloud site with single sign-on (SSO) using credentials from a third party. Authentication providers also give your users access to protected third-party data. Salesforce offers several ways to configure authentication providers, such as with OpenID Connect or with a custom OAuth 2.0 configuration. Which protocol you can use depends on the third party.

You have several ways to configure an authentication provider.

- Predefined authentication providers
- Salesforce-managed authentication providers
- OpenID Connect authentication providers
- Custom authentication providers

After you configure an authentication provider in Salesforce, you can add it to your Salesforce login page or your Experience Cloud login page.

**Single Sign-On Authentication and Authorization Flow**

Most authentication providers serve a dual purpose. In addition to authenticating users for SSO, they provide access to user data. With access to this third-party data, you can enrich your users’ Salesforce profiles with additional information after they log in with SSO.

For example, when a user logs in to Salesforce using their Facebook credentials, they can authorize access to their Facebook data. Facebook then sends Salesforce an access token, which you can use to access Facebook profile data in order to populate the user’s Salesforce user profile.

**Encrypt Experience Cloud Site Data**

You can add a measure of security to your Experience Cloud sites by encrypting files, attachments, and supported fields.

**Note:** Beginning with Spring ’17, Shield Platform Encryption no longer masks encrypted data in the presentation layer. This change can affect some users’ ability to work with encrypted data. If you have data you don’t want specific users to see, revisit their field-level security settings, organization-wide sharing defaults, and object permissions.

Keep the following things in mind:

- You can encrypt data in Experience Cloud sites, but not in legacy portals.
- If you’re using Classic Encryption, data in encrypted custom fields is still masked.
- Your site’s specific settings for personally identifiable information (PII) apply regardless of whether data is encrypted.
- Data encryption doesn't change anything about the site user experience. However, encrypting the Account Name field affects how users’ roles are displayed to admins. Normally, a site user’s role name is displayed as a combination of their account name and the name of their user profile. When you encrypt the Account Name field, the account ID is displayed instead of the account name.

For example, when the Account Name field isn’t encrypted, a user belonging to the Acme account with the Customer User profile would have a role called Acme Customer User. When Account Name is encrypted, the role is displayed as something like 001D000000IRt53 Customer User.

**SEE ALSO:**
- Which Standard Fields Can I Encrypt?
- Strengthen Your Data’s Security with Shield Platform Encryption
CSP and Lightning Locker in Experience Builder Sites

Experience Builder sites use Content Security Policy (CSP) and Lightning Locker to secure your site from malicious attacks and custom code vulnerabilities. CSP is a W3C standard that controls the source of content that can be loaded on your site’s pages and helps protect against cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. Lightning Locker is a Salesforce architectural layer that allows third-party Lightning components and custom code to run safely on the same page in the browser. With different levels of security, you can optimize your site security choices and tolerance for risk.

Note: By default, sites created before the Spring ’19 (February 2019) release use the Allow Inline Scripts and Script Access to Any Third-party Host setting. In Spring ’22 (February 2022), that option is being removed for those sites. We strongly recommend updating your script security level and testing your site before that option expires.

For new sites created after the Spring ’19 release, Strict CSP is the default CSP setting.

What Is CSP?
CSP is a list of rules that define the Content-Security-Policy HTTP header that’s sent to the browser when someone visits your site. Web browsers use these rules to block requests to unknown servers for different kinds of resources such as scripts, images, and other data. Strict CSP makes your site the most secure against these kinds of attacks by preventing requests to other servers, unless explicitly allowed. CSP determines what is part of your site and what isn’t. One of the most important aspects of CSP is how it defines the boundaries of your site. Anything not loaded through your site’s domain name, such as a logo hosted on a separate company site, is considered a third-party host. This approach to CSP follows the same-origin policy that browsers already enforce. You can access third-party hosted materials, but you must choose a security level for your site first. Then, allow the hosts as appropriate.

What Is Lightning Locker?
Lightning Locker is a Salesforce architectural layer that enhances the security of the third-party Lightning components in your site and custom code in your head markup. These third-party components and custom code can contain security vulnerabilities that enable the exfiltration of data and potentially malicious actions using that data.

Lightning Locker controls whether third-party components and custom code from different namespaces can share data or interfere with each other. If third-party components or custom code deals with sensitive data, communication between these resources is a special concern. For example, without Lightning Locker, a third-party component could include JavaScript that captures secure data that a customer enters in another component, and then send that data to their own servers. Lightning Locker ensures that third-party components and custom code that interacts with resources in other namespace can run safely even when together on the same page in the browser.

Lightning Locker:
- Uses containers to isolate all third-party components that belong to one namespace from third-party components in a different namespace.
- Enforces coding best practices by only allowing access to supported APIs and eliminating access to non-published frameworks.
- Turns on native security features in the browser.

By default, Lightning Locker is turned on for your site. Depending on your security level, you can choose to turn off Lightning Locker for all third-party components and custom code.

Security Levels
You can choose from these security levels.
## Security Level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security Level</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Strict CSP: Block Access to Inline Scripts and All Hosts                       | Default setting for sites created in Spring ’19 (February 2019) and later. Provides maximum security.  
  • Blocks the execution of all inline scripts and all requests for remote JavaScript files.  
  • Allows the display of non-script resources, such as images, from third-party hosts that are explicitly allowed.  
  • Lightning Locker is turned on.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Relaxed CSP: Permit Access to Inline Scripts and Allowed Hosts                 | Provides moderate security.  
  • Allows inline scripts to run in your site.  
  • Allows the loading of remote JavaScript files and the display of non-script resources, such as images, from third-party hosts that are explicitly allowed.  
  • Allows you to turn off Lightning Locker.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Allow Inline Scripts and Script Access to Any Third-party Host                | Provides no added security, but enables your site to work as currently designed.  
  • Blocks nothing.  
  • Allows access to all third-party hosts without the need to explicitly allow those hosts.  
  • Lightning Locker is turned on and can't be disabled.  
  
  **Note:** This option is only visible for sites created before Spring ‘19. In Spring ‘22 (February 2022), this option is being removed.                                                                                      |

## CSP and Lightning Locker Design Considerations

Whether you’re an administrator, content manager, or developer, be aware of the impact of the different security levels on your Experience Builder site. This impact can be far-ranging and unexpected.

### Where to Allowlist Third-Party Hosts for Experience Builder Sites

Regardless of your security level, you must allowlist all non-script resources such as images, style sheets, and fonts that are hosted outside your Experience Builder site. And if you use the Relaxed CSP security level and reference external JavaScript files in your site, you must allowlist these remote hosts.
Select a Security Level in Experience Builder Sites
Choose a security level to control whether scripts can be executed from your Experience Builder site and whether third-party components and custom code can share data.

SEE ALSO:
- Experience Cloud Developer Guide: Enable Third-Party Components to Run When Lightning Locker Is Off
- Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide: Developing Secure Code
- Static Resources

CSP and Lightning Locker Design Considerations

Whether you’re an administrator, content manager, or developer, be aware of the impact of the different security levels on your Experience Builder site. This impact can be far-ranging and unexpected.

⚠️ Tip: For extra error guidance when developing your Experience Builder site, we recommend using Google Chrome. After you set the CSP security level for your site, test it in other browsers to make sure that your customers have a good experience.

In addition to error messages and feedback, you can use the Developer Console to help identify any directive issues or CSP violations.

What Does the Strict CSP Level Affect?
Strict CSP is the default, maximum security level for Experience Builder sites. This level of security can impact many aspects of your site, especially resources that make calls to external sources, such as:
- Rich Content Editor
- HTML Editor
- Third-party components
- Custom components
- head markup
- CMS Connect content

In addition, Strict CSP mitigates the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) and other content injection attacks by disallowing inline scripts.

⚠️ Note: We recommend that you update your third-party libraries to modern versions that don’t depend on the unsafe-inline keyword.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impact</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Recommendation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blocks inline</td>
<td>All inline scripts, including inline &lt;script&gt; elements and inline event</td>
<td>You include an inline script in the head markup to write messages to the console log for testing purposes, for example, <code>&lt;script&gt;console.log('blocked');&lt;/script&gt;</code></td>
<td>Replace inline scripts in your site and instead use a static resource that’s uploaded as a relative URL, or avoid inline scripts entirely.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scripts</td>
<td>handlers, are blocked from running on your site. Common services such as</td>
<td>Because all inline scripts are blocked, messages aren’t written to the log.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Google Tag Manager can’t work properly when these scripts are blocked.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EDITIONS
Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

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## What Does the Relaxed CSP Level Affect?

To use resources from third parties such as Google, you can choose the Relaxed CSP level. But make sure that you understand the ramifications of a less secure, relaxed CSP environment on your site.

In this state, you can optionally disable Lightning Locker when custom functionality doesn’t work properly. But we strongly advise against turning off Lightning Locker. For information on Lightning Locker workarounds, see Resolve Lightning Locker Conflicts in Experience Builder in the Experience Cloud Developer Guide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impact</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Recommendation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blocks remote JavaScript resources</td>
<td>All requests for remote JavaScript files are blocked from executing.</td>
<td>You want to use the popular D3.js library to create a scatterplot. But because all remote JavaScript files are blocked, nothing is drawn.</td>
<td>Upload all JavaScript libraries to your org as static resources, and then add the static resource to your component. After the library is loaded from the static resource, you can use it as normal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blocks non-script remote resources unless allowlisted</td>
<td>All requests for non-script resources to external servers are prevented, unless you explicitly allow those servers.</td>
<td>You decide to host your company logo on an external server and reference it in a component. However, the image isn’t shown.</td>
<td>Host your resources through Salesforce using component functionality, such as the Rich Content Editor. Or you can host the asset as a static resource and refer to it with a relative URL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isolates third-party components and custom code because Lightning Locker is always on</td>
<td>Prevents third-party components and custom code from different namespaces from interacting and accessing each other’s DOM. These resources can only access supported APIs.</td>
<td>You have a third-party component that uses a login form to read a password and send it to a service for validation. Other third-party components on the same page are prevented from reading the password and potentially doing something malicious with it.</td>
<td>Follow best practices for using third-party components in your site and custom code in your head markup. If you have trouble getting third-party components or custom code to work with Lightning Locker, see Resolve Lightning Locker Conflicts in Experience Builder in the Experience Cloud Developer Guide.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Example Description Impact

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impact</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Recommendation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allows inline scripts</td>
<td>All inline scripts are allowed to run in your site, including scripts that use <code>eval()</code>. These scripts are allowed because many common services such as Google Tag Manager require them to work properly. However, inline scripts are a common source of XSS attacks.</td>
<td>You include in your head markup an inline script to log every user action on a page for marketing-related analysis. Because inline scripts are allowed, analytics are logged successfully.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allows remote JavaScript and non-script resources when allowlisted</td>
<td>All requests to external servers for JavaScript files and non-script resources are allowed when you identify the servers. Client-side code can also make requests to your site.</td>
<td>You use a script that pulls in your company’s blog posts. For the content to show, allow the script for the site using the Trusted Sites for Scripts area in Experience Builder, and allow the non-script content host in Trusted URLs in Setup.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Example
By mistake, you use a malicious component on the same page that you’re exposing internal Salesforce records through a Salesforce out-of-the-box component. Because the components are isolated, the malicious component is unable to access those records.

Description
Third-party components and custom code from different namespaces are prevented from interacting and accessing each other’s DOM. These resources can only access supported APIs.
If you inadvertently allow a malicious domain, isolated resources are unable to send data to that domain.

Example
You want to use third-party components that automatically inject additional third-party JavaScript into the page, including the site’s head markup.

Description
Third-party components and custom code from different namespaces can interact and access each other’s DOM. These resources can also use unpublished frameworks. And resources in an open browser tab are exposed, permitting third-party components and custom code to access and edit them.
Partners and developers of managed packages on AppExchange must choose whether they want their components to be available when Lightning Locker is turned off in the relaxed CSP environment.

Where to Allowlist Third-Party Hosts for Experience Builder Sites

Regardless of your security level, you must allowlist all non-script resources such as images, style sheets, and fonts that are hosted outside your Experience Builder site. And if you use the Relaxed CSP security level and reference external JavaScript files in your site, you must allowlist these remote hosts.

You allowlist hosts differently depending on the resource type. Non-script resources from external hosts, such as a logo or style sheet stored on a corporate site, can be shared with Lightning Experience across your org and are allowlisted in Setup. Script resources from external hosts such as JavaScript are instead specific to each site and are allowlisted in Experience Builder. Allow only external sites that you trust.

These sites are allowed automatically.

- All Salesforce-hosted data and files when referenced in your site.
- Google Analytics required sites when you add your tracking ID to the Google Analytics setting in Experience Builder. These addresses include https://www.google-analytics.com, https://stats.g.doubleclick.net, and https://www.googletagmanager.com/gtag/js. Some configurations of the Google Analytics integration require more domains to be allowlisted manually. See the Google Analytics directives from Google.
Addresses that can be referenced by image tags in Chatter feed comments with video and the Rich Content Editor’s video insertion functionality. These addresses include https://img.youtube.com, https://i.ytimg.com, and https://i.vimeocdn.com, and addresses that can be referenced by frame tags, such as https://img.youtube.com, https://player.vimeo.com, and https://play.vidyard.com.

Tip: Allowlist scripts or images used by external hosts that you already allowed so that those resources are displayed.

Where to Allow Hosts of Non-Script Resources

Non-script resources hosted outside your site use a src attribute defined by https://any.otherdomain.com or wss://any.otherdomain.com. Common non-script resources include:

- Images
- Style sheets
- Fonts
- Media (audio and video)
- URLs using script interfaces
- Resources contained in frame elements
- Third-party APIs
- WebSocket connection

For these non-script resources, you allow hosts via Content Security Policy (CSP) directives in Trusted URLs in Setup. The resources are then available for all your Experience Builder sites. See Manage Trusted URLs.

Where to Allow Hosts of Script Resources

For remote script resources such as JavaScript, you allowlist hosts in Experience Builder from Settings and then Security & Privacy. After you select the Relaxed CSP security level, you can add hosts in the Trusted Sites for Scripts area that appears. To use remote resources in your other Experience Builder sites, you must allowlist each resource separately per site.
From the Trusted Sites for Scripts section, you can edit or delete a site in the allowlist. You can also activate or deactivate trusted sites, which makes it easy to test or maintain your site without deleting sites from the site configuration. And if you change to Strict CSP, these allowed sites remain, which permits you to switch security levels easily.

SEE ALSO:
Track Site Users with Your Google Analytics Tracking ID
Select a Security Level in Experience Builder Sites

Choose a security level to control whether scripts can be executed from your Experience Builder site and whether third-party components and custom code can share data.

Selecting a security level depends on your needs and tolerance for risk. We recommend running Strict CSP for optimum security. You can easily switch between levels to test how different security levels affect your customers’ experience.

1. In Experience Builder, open Settings > Security & Privacy.

2. Select a security level.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security Level</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Strict CSP: Block Access to Inline Scripts and All Hosts | Default setting for sites created in Spring ‘19 (February 2019) and later. Provides maximum security.  
- Blocks the execution of all inline scripts and all requests for remote JavaScript files.  
- Allows the display of non-script resources, such as images, from third-party hosts that are explicitly allowed.  
- Lightning Locker is turned on. |
| Relaxed CSP: Permit Access to Inline Scripts and Allowed Hosts | Provides moderate security.  
- Allows inline scripts to run in your site.  
- Allows the loading of remote JavaScript files and the display of non-script resources, such as images, from third-party hosts that are explicitly allowed.  
- Allows you to turn off Lightning Locker. |

CSP and Lightning Locker in Experience Builder Sites

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To customize an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences

OR

- Be a member of the site AND View Setup and Configuration AND an experience admin, publisher, or builder in that site

To publish an Experience Cloud site:

- Be a member of the site AND Create and Set Up Experiences

OR

- Be a member of the site AND an experience admin or publisher in that site
### Security Level

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Security Level</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Allow Inline Scripts and Script Access to Any Third-party Host | Provides no added security, but enables your site to work as currently designed.  
- Blocks nothing.  
- Allows access to all third-party hosts without the need to explicitly allow those hosts.  
- Lightning Locker is turned on and can’t be disabled. |

**Note:** This option is only visible for sites created before Spring ‘19. In Spring ’22 (February 2022), this option is being removed.

3. If you use non-script resources hosted outside Salesforce, such as images or style sheets, add the hosts to Trusted URLs in Setup. See [Manage Trusted URLs](#).

Hosts allowed in Trusted URLs are available to Lightning Experience, Experience Builder sites, or both, depending on the context you apply. If available to Experience Builder sites, that host is allowed for all sites in your Salesforce org.

4. If you use script resources hosted outside Salesforce, select **Relaxed CSP: Permit Access to Inline Scripts and Allowed Hosts**, and allow the third-party hosts in the Trusted Sites for Scripts area that appears.

#### Content Security Policy (CSP)

**Security Level**

Adjust your site’s security by selecting the appropriate level of control over scripts and the communication between components. [More Details]

- [Relaxed CSP: Permit Access to Inline Scripts and Allowed Hosts](#)

**Lightning Web Security**

To enhance security, Lightning Web Security isolates the Lightning components that belong to one namespace from components that belong to other namespaces.

**Trusted Sites for Scripts**

Third-party hosts listed here can be accessed by scripts in your site. Third-party hosts required for non-script resources such as images, videos, and style sheets must be added to your Trusted URLs in Salesforce Setup. [More Details]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trusted Site Name</th>
<th>Trusted Site URL</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Google Analytics</td>
<td><a href="https://www.google.analytics.com">https://www.google.analytics.com</a></td>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a. Click **Add Trusted Site**.

b. Enter a friendly name and the resource URL.
For added security, include the entire URL path to the resource folder—for example, https://www.example.com/logos/. Use the syntax https://site_url/resource_folder/, and ensure that the URL ends in / . If you add the URL for the whole domain rather than a specific resource folder, you extend trust to all resources on that domain, which can introduce a security vulnerability.

c. Click **Add Site**.

**Note:**
- Allowed external sites are specific to each Experience Builder site.
- You can activate or deactivate a trusted site for easy testing and maintenance, without having to remove it from your site configuration.

5. Optionally, if you selected **Relaxed CSP**, you can turn off Lightning Locker.

For example, sometimes it’s necessary to turn off Lightning Locker to use custom components that automatically inject additional third-party JavaScript into the page, including the site’s head markup.

**Warning:** Turning off Lightning Locker can potentially cause security flaws in your site and prevent third-party Aura components from being available at design time and rendering at runtime. Disable Lightning Locker only as a last resort. See Enable Third-Party Components to Run When Lightning Locker Is Off and Resolve Lightning Locker Conflicts in Experience Builder in the Experience Cloud Developer Guide.

6. Publish your site.

**Experience Cloud Cookies**

Experience Cloud uses cookies to improve functionality and accelerate processing times. By saving a user’s settings, cookies can enhance the user’s experience and the performance of the Experience Cloud site.

Salesforce doesn’t currently provide functionality for end-user cookie consent management. The platform is compatible with many existing third-party solutions. We recommend that you work with your internal IT teams or consult your implementation partners to identify the right solution for your organization’s needs.

Cookies are divided into required, functional, and marketing. Functional cookies include preferences and statistics.

- **Required:** Strictly necessary to browse the website and to use its features.
- **Functional: Preferences:** Used by the website to remember choices made previously. Language settings are an example of a preference type cookie.
- **Functional: Statistics:** Used to collect information about how a website is used, including links clicked and which pages users visited.
- **Marketing:** Used to track online activity for a more personalized experience, including relevant advertisement.

**Note:**
- Experience Cloud can run without the use of functional cookies; however, site functionality can be reduced. The impact on functionality depends on the purpose of the blocked cookie.
- Experience Cloud cookies are limited to LWR and Aura sites.
- Experience Cloud doesn’t use any marketing cookies.
- Any cookie with an `LSKEY-` prefix is the same as the original cookie, but it is set if the site has Locker Service enabled. It must be a separate cookie since Locker Service restricts how cookies are read on the client side.
This table describes the Experience Cloud cookies collected by Salesforce.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cookie Name</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Cookie Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>__Secure-has-sid</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Detects a user’s login state in LWR Experience on the client side. Set during login to LWR Experience. Never set this cookie to HttpOnly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>_ga</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>A third-party cookie that’s used if the site admin chooses to track site users with a Google Analytics tracking ID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KMPage</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to read the last user selection for 'Find in View', 'Article Language', (DataCategory), and 'Validation Status' in Article Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageDispatcher</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the user selection to determine whether to show 'Articles' or 'My Drafts' view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageDataCategory</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for the data category filter in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageArticleArticleType</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for the article type filter for 'Articles' view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageArticlePublishStatus</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for the publish status filter for 'Articles' view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageArticleValidationStatus</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for the validation status filter for 'Articles' view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageFilterLanguage</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for the language filter in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageFilterMyDraftArticleType</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for the article type filter for 'My Drafts' view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cookie Name</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Cookie Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageFilterMyDraftPublishStatus</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for publish status filter for ‘My Drafts’ view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageFilterMyDraftValidationStatus</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for the validation status filter for ‘My Drafts’ view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageSortFieldArticle</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for ‘Sort by’ for the ‘Articles’ view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_KnowledgePageSortFieldMyDraft</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for ‘Sort by’ for ‘My Drafts’ view in Knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_spring_KmMlAnyoneDraftArticlesList</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to configure layout properties for the Draft Articles view in Article Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_spring_KmMlArchivedArticlesList</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to configure layout properties for ‘Archived Articles’ in Article Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_spring_KmMlMyDraftArticlesList</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to configure layout properties for ‘Draft Articles’ assigned to ‘Me’ in Article Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_spring_KmMlMyDraftTranslationsList</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to configure layout properties for ‘Draft Translations’ in Article Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_spring_KmMlPublishedArticlesList</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to configure layout properties for ‘Published Articles’ in Article Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{UserId}_spring_KmMlPublishedTranslationsList</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to configure layout properties for ‘Published Translations’ in Article Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;namespace&gt;_sid</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Identifies a Live Agent session. Stores a unique pseudonymous ID for a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cookie Name</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Cookie Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;userId&gt;expid_[site prefix]</td>
<td>30 Days</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Used to render pages based on specified brand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52609e00b7ee307e</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Browser Fingerprint cookie. Used to detect session security problems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79eb100099b9a8bf</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Browser Fingerprint trigger cookie. Used to detect session security problems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>activeView</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the last user selection for 'Articles' or 'Translations' tab in Article Management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AgentConsoleFE</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the page style of the Agent Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AgentConsoleS</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the page style of the Agent Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AgentConsoleY</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the page style of the Agent Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AgentConsoleX</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>In Salesforce Classic, used to remember the page style of the Agent Console.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>apex__EmailAddress</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Caches contact IDs associated with email addresses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auraBrokenDefGraph</td>
<td>1 Week</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Used to track when a Lightning page has malformed HTML.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>autocomplete</td>
<td>60 Days</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Determines if the login page remembers the user’s username.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAYEAX_BROWSER</td>
<td>Expired on Creation</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Identify a unique browser subscribed to CometD streaming channels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BrowserId</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used for security protections. Rendered on a subset of Salesforce domains, including .salesforce.com,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cookie Name</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Cookie Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>calViewState</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Sets the inline calendar date state in Salesforce Classic (current week selected).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>caPanelState</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Saves the open, closed, and height percent states of the calendar panel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>clientSrc</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used for security protections.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>communityId</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Cookie set to tie the ideas to a specific Experience Cloud site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CookieConsent</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to apply end-user cookie consent preferences. Stores a Boolean for whether user has consented to the cookie policy options offered by the site. Without this cookie, customers would not be able collect consent from their end users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CookieConsentPolicy</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to apply end-user cookie consent preferences set by our client-side utility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cookieSettingVerified</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to create a popup message telling users that cookies are required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cordovaVersion</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used for internal diagnostics with mobile applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cqcid</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Used to track a guest shopper’s browsing activity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>csssid</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to establish a request context in the correct tenant org.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>csssid_Client</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Enables user switching.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>devOverrideCsrfToken</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>CSRF Token.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dialpadShown</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used in essential Open CTI functionality to determine the dial pad focus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>disco</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Tracks the last user login and active session for bypassing login (For example, OAuth immediate flow).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cookie Name</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Cookie Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FedAuth</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>For the SharePoint connector, used to authenticate to the top-level site in SharePoint.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>force-proxy-stream</td>
<td>3 Hours</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Ensures that client requests hit the same proxy hosts and are more likely to retrieve content from cache.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>force-stream</td>
<td>180 Minutes</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to redirect server requests for sticky sessions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gTalkCollapsed</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Controls whether the sidebar in Salesforce Classic is open or not for a user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>guest_uuid_essential_&lt;15-char SiteID&gt;</code></td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Provides a unique ID for guest users in Experience Cloud sites. Expires one year after the user’s last visit to the site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hideDevelopmentTools</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Used to determine whether to show the developer tools.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hideFilesWarningModal</td>
<td>50 Years</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Stores the user acknowledgment that a public link to a Salesforce file is on email send. The warning window isn't continually shown after the user acknowledges this action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hideIdentityDialog</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Hides the dialog box that informs that the current user is logged out when switching to another user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>idccsrf</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Tracks CrossSiteRequestForgery validation for certain SSO flows.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ideaToggle</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Show the 'Ideas' list view or the 'Feed' list view.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inst</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to redirect requests to an instance when bookmarks and hardcoded URLs send requests to a different instance. This type of redirect can happen after an org migration, a split, or after any URL update.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iotcontextsplashdisable</td>
<td>10 Years</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>For the IoT product, stores user preference of whether to show Context Splash popup.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Experience Cloud Cookies
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Cookie Name</strong></th>
<th><strong>Duration</strong></th>
<th><strong>Cookie Type</strong></th>
<th><strong>Description</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>language</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Identifies the language for custom components, surveys, and flows, which support multiple languages. Without this cookie, translations for custom features can appear incorrectly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastActivePage</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used in essential Open CTI functionality, such as determining if CTI should screen pop the current call object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastCallObjectId</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used in essential Open CTI functionality, such as determining if CTI should screen pop the current call object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lastlist</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to store the cookie name for the last list URL.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>liveagent_invite_rejected_</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Instructs Live Agent not to reissue an invitation on the same domain. Deletion of this cookie degrades customer experience as they can get repeated invitations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>liveagent_sid</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Identifies a Live Agent session. Stores a unique pseudonymous ID for a specific browser session over chat service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lloopch_loid</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Determines whether to send the user to a specific portal login or an app login.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>login</td>
<td>60 Days</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>If the user’s session has expired, used to fetch the username and populate it on the main login page when using the process builder app.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logouturl</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Stores the last logged in org for redirecting requests. Used for logging whether the cookie is present in site and community guest-user requests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oid</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Stores the last logged in org for redirecting requests. Used for logging whether the cookie is present in site and community guest-user requests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oinfo</td>
<td>3 Months</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Tracks the last logged in org.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cookie Name</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Cookie Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pctrk</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to track unique page visitors in Experiences.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pc-unit</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Sets a preference for displaying platform cache units to either MB or KB.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PicassoLanguage</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to store a user’s language selection for this Experience Builder site. The site doesn’t load without this cookie if the user changes the site’s language.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PicassoViewMode</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Stores a user’s view mode selection for this Experience Builder site.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PreferredLanguage&lt;18-char SiteID&gt;</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Used to store the user language preference for language detection and localized user experience in LWR sites. Used to store the user language preference for language detection and localized user experience in LWR sites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>promptTestMod</td>
<td>30 Days</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Stores whether test mode is in effect. This cookie is read-only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>redirectionWarning</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Enables the customer to store URLs that are exempt from setting a redirect warning interstitial page on an allowlist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>renderCtx</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to store site parameters in the session for reuse across requests by a single client for functionality and performance reasons. Metadata required for fetching site pages and components based on <code>pageId</code>, <code>schema</code>, <code>viewType</code>, <code>brandingSet</code>, <code>formFactor</code>, and audience targeting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RRetURL</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used with 'Log in As' to restore the original state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RRetURL2</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>The return URL to redirect to when logging out of a session.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RSID</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Session ID and login-as session ID. In this case the cookies are copied to the response and cause the target</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cookie Name</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Cookie Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>schgtclose</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Deprecated feature, not used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sfdc_lv2</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Stores identity confirmation details for Experience Cloud users. If the cookie isn't set or it expires, users must repeat the identity confirmation process the next time that they log in. Identity confirmation requires a verification method such as SMS, an authenticator app, or a security key.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sfdc-stream</td>
<td>3 hours</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to maintain a sticky (persistent) session on the salesforce.com domain. Makes sure that subsequent streaming requests are forwarded to the same server instance where the streaming subscription request was originally handled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>showNewBuilderWarningMessage</td>
<td>100 years</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Used to show or hide a warning message for the new dashboard builder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sid</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>SessionID.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sid_Client</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used to detect and prevent session tampering.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sidebarPinned</td>
<td>10 Years</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Controls the state of the Salesforce Classic sidebar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sitePreview</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Stores the authentication code for previewing the site. Preview mode doesn't load without this cookie.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ssostartpage</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Identifies the Identity Provider (IdP) location for SSO; certain service provider initiated SSO requests can fail without this cookie.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUCSP</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used when the user identity that an administrator is assuming (via Log in to Experience as User) is a Customer Success Portal (CSP) user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPRM</td>
<td>Session</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Used when the user identity that an administrator is assuming (via Log in to Experience as) is a Partner.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Deploy an Experience Cloud Site from Sandbox to Production

We recommend creating, customizing, and testing your Experience Cloud site in a test environment, such as a sandbox, before deploying it to your production org. When testing is complete, you can use change sets or Metadata API to migrate your site from one org to another. Deciding whether to use change sets or MD API depends on several factors. Some things to consider are the complexity of the changes that you’re migrating, your level of comfort with developer tools, and the application lifecycle management (ALM) model that you’re using.

To learn more about the ALM models and development options available to you, check out Determine Which Application Lifecycle Management Model Is Right for You on Trailhead.

Lightning Bolt Solutions aren’t suitable for deploying Experience Cloud sites between your orgs. Use a Lightning Bolt Solution to share or sell a solution on AppExchange or implement a site with a turnkey solution or new look.

Change Sets

If you’re more comfortable working with point-and-click tools, change sets are your deployment friend. A change set represents a set of customizations in your org (or metadata components) that you can deploy to a connected org.

You can manage your application using declarative tools. You don’t have to use a command-line interface or a version control system to meet your customization needs. You use the Setup menu to create changes in a development environment. You then migrate the changes between environments as you work through the ALM steps.

Your release artifact is a set of metadata changes relative to what’s in the production org. What gets released is only metadata that has been added or changed—if it doesn’t change, it’s not in the release.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cookie Name</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Cookie Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Relationship Management (PRM) portal user.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t</td>
<td>Expired on Creation</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Used to avoid duplicate access checks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>useStandbyUrl</td>
<td>Not Set</td>
<td>Required</td>
<td>Controls how quickly to set the standby URL when loading the softphone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waveUserPrefFinderLeftNav</td>
<td>100 Years</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Preference for left navigation UI in CRM Analytics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waveUserPrefFinderListView</td>
<td>100 Years</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Preference for displaying list views in CRM Analytics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>webact</td>
<td>1 Year</td>
<td>Functional: Statistics</td>
<td>Used to collect metrics per page view for personalization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WelcomePanel</td>
<td>1 Day</td>
<td>Functional: Preferences</td>
<td>Stores Experience Cloud preferences.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Metadata API

If you’re up to speed on Metadata API and more comfortable in the world of code, use Metadata API to deploy changes programmatically. You can retrieve, deploy, create, update, and delete customization information for your org, such as Experience Cloud sites, custom object definitions, and page layouts.

Using Metadata API is ideal when your changes are complex or when you need a more rigorous change management process and an audit process (or version control system) to manage multiple work streams.

As with the change set process, the release artifact that you create is a set of metadata changes relative to your production org.

Tip: Some Experience Cloud site settings and features aren’t yet supported in Metadata API, so you have to migrate them manually between environments. Remember to track these changes so that you don’t forget to migrate them.

Deploy Your Experience Cloud Site with Change Sets

Use change sets to move all or part of your Experience Cloud site between related orgs that have a deployment connection. You can use the Network component type to move any full Experience Cloud site. Or, you can use the Digital Experience component type to move partial site content for enhanced LWR sites.

Deploy Your Experience Cloud Site with the Metadata API

Use Metadata API to move your Experience Cloud site from one Salesforce org to another. Set up and test your site in your test environment, and then retrieve the site’s data and deploy it to your production org.

Deploy Your Experience Cloud Site with Change Sets

Use change sets to move all or part of your Experience Cloud site between related orgs that have a deployment connection. You can use the Network component type to move any full Experience Cloud site. Or, you can use the Digital Experience component type to move partial site content for enhanced LWR sites.

Deploy A Full Experience Cloud Site with Change Sets

Use change sets to move your Experience Cloud site between related orgs that have a deployment connection, such as your sandbox and production orgs. Create, customize, and test your site in your test environment and then migrate the site to production when testing is complete.

Deploy Partial Experience Cloud Site Content with Change Sets

Use change sets to move individual Experience Cloud components and content between related orgs that have a deployment connection, such as your sandbox and production orgs. Create and test changes in your test environment, and then migrate only those changes to production when they’re ready.

Considerations for Deploying Experience Cloud Sites with Change Sets

Keep the following considerations and limitations in mind when migrating your Experience Builder or Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site with change sets.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited Editions
## Deploy A Full Experience Cloud Site with Change Sets

### USER PERMISSIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>To customize or publish an Experience Cloud site:</th>
<th>Create and Set Up Experiences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To edit deployment connections and use inbound change sets:</td>
<td>Deploy Change Sets AND Modify All Data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note:* If a user requires access only to metadata for deployments, you can enable the Modify Metadata Through Metadata API Functions permission. This permission gives such users the access they need for deployments without providing access to org data. For details, see “Modify Metadata Through Metadata API Functions Permission” in Salesforce Help.

| To use outbound change sets: | Create and Upload Change Sets, Create AppExchange Packages, AND Upload AppExchange Packages |

### EDITIONS

**Available in:** Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

**Available in:** Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited Editions

---

Use change sets to move your Experience Cloud site between related orgs that have a deployment connection, such as your sandbox and production orgs. Create, customize, and test your site in your test environment and then migrate the site to production when testing is complete.

You can use change sets to move full Experience Builder and Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites using the Network component type.

1. Create and test your site in your preferred test org, such as sandbox.
2. From Setup in your test org, enter **Outbound Change Sets** in the Quick Find box, and then select **Outbound Change Sets**.
3. Create a change set, and click **Add** in the Change Set Components section.
4. Select the **Network** component type, choose your site, and then click **Add to Change Set**.
5. To add dependent items, click **View/Add Dependencies**. We recommend selecting all the dependencies listed.

**Tip:**
- For navigation menus that link to standard objects, custom list views aren’t included as dependencies. Manually add the custom list view to your change list.
- Manually add new or modified profiles or permission sets referenced in **Administration > Members**.
- The list of dependencies has two Site.com items—**MySiteName** and **MySiteName1**. **MySiteName** holds the various Visualforce pages that you can set in Administration in Experience Workspaces. **MySiteName1** includes the pages from Experience Builder.

6. Click **Upload** and select your target org, such as production.
   - Make sure that the target org allows inbound connections. The inbound and outbound orgs must have a deployment connection.
7. From Setup, select **Inbound Change Sets** and find the change set that you uploaded from your source org.
8. Validate and deploy the change set to make it available in the target org.
Warning: When you deploy an inbound change set, it overwrites the site in the target org.

9. Manually reconfigure any unsupported items in the target org site.
10. Add data for your site, and test it to make sure that everything works as expected. Then publish your changes to go live.

SEE ALSO:
- Considerations for Deploying Experience Cloud Sites with Change Sets
- Change Sets Best Practices
- Upload Outbound Change Sets
- Deploy Inbound Change Sets

Deploy Partial Experience Cloud Site Content with Change Sets

**USER PERMISSIONS**
- To customize or publish an Experience Cloud site:
  - Create and Set Up Experiences
- To edit deployment connections and use inbound change sets:
  - Deploy Change Sets AND Modify All Data
  - If a user requires access only to metadata for deployments, you can enable the Modify Metadata Through Metadata API Functions permission. This permission gives such users the access they need for deployments without providing access to org data. For details, see "Modify Metadata Through Metadata API Functions Permission" in Salesforce Help.
- To use outbound change sets:
  - Create and Upload Change Sets, Create AppExchange Packages, AND Upload AppExchange Packages

**EDITIONS**
- Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
- Available in: Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited Editions

Use change sets to move individual Experience Cloud components and content between related orgs that have a deployment connection, such as your sandbox and production orgs. Create and test changes in your test environment, and then migrate only those changes to production when they’re ready.

Partial deployment with change sets is available for enhanced LWR sites created in Winter ’23 and later.

You can use change sets to move partial content for Experience Builder sites using the Digital Experiences component type.

1. Create and test your site in your preferred test org, such as a sandbox.
2. From Setup in your test org, in the Quick Find box, enter Outbound Change Sets, and then select Outbound Change Sets.
3. Create a change set, and click Add in the Change Set Components section.
4. Select the Digital Experience component type.
5. Select the content that you want to deploy from the list of components, and then click Add To Change Set.
Tip:

- To identify which enhanced LWR site each listed component belongs to, use the Type column. The Type column uses the naming convention site/MySiteName.

- To identify what content each listed component represents, use the Name column. The Name column uses the naming convention sfdc_cms__<contentType>/<contentName>. For example, the name sfdc_cms__brandingSet/Build_Your_Own_LWR represents a branding set named Build Your Own LWR.

6. Click Upload, and select your target org, such as production. Make sure that the target org allows inbound connections. The inbound and outbound orgs must have a deployment connection.

7. From Setup, select Inbound Change Sets, and find the change set that you uploaded from your source org.

8. Validate and deploy the change set to make it available in the target org.

   Warning: When you deploy an inbound change set, it overrides the corresponding site content in the target org.

9. Manually reconfigure any unsupported items in the target org site.

10. To make sure that everything works as expected, test your site. Then publish your changes to go live.

Considerations for Deploying Experience Cloud Sites with Change Sets

Keep the following considerations and limitations in mind when migrating your Experience Builder or Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site with change sets.

General

- When you deploy an inbound change set, it overwrites the Experience Cloud site in the target org. So although you can’t use a change set to delete a component, you can delete the pages within an Experience Builder site. For example, let’s say you delete pages from an Experience Builder site in sandbox and then create an updated outbound change set. When you redeploy the change set in a target org, such as production, the pages are also deleted there.

- If you update the Experience Cloud site template in the source org, ensure that you also update the template in the target org before deploying the change set.

- You can’t deploy to a target org that’s using an earlier release version. For example, if your source org is on Summer ’19 (API version 46.0), you can’t deploy to a target org on Spring ’19 (API version 45.0).

Administration

Administration settings are in Experience Workspaces.

- Remember to add any new or modified profiles or permission sets referenced in Administration > Members to your outbound change set. They’re not automatically included as dependencies.

- For Experience Cloud sites created in a sandbox org before the Summer ’17 release, you must resave administration settings before migration to transfer them successfully.

- Until you publish your site in the target org, settings for the change password, forgot password, home, self-registration, and login pages appear to return to their default values.

- To update settings in the Members area and the Login & Registration area, you must deploy the changes in separate change sets. First update and deploy the Members area setting, and then update and deploy the Login & Registration settings.
Navigation Menu

The Navigation Menu component is available in Experience Builder sites.

- For menu items that link to objects, list views are reset to the default list view. Also, custom list views for standard objects aren’t included as dependencies.
- Deploying the navigation menu with additional menu items deletes any translations applied to existing menu items in the target environment.

Recommendations

- Updates to recommendation names aren’t supported. If you change the name of a recommendation in the source org having previously migrated it, the target org treats it as a new recommendation.
- Recommendation images aren’t supported.
- When you deploy an inbound change set, it overwrites the target org’s scheduled recommendations with recommendations from the source org.

Partial Deployment for Enhanced LWR Sites

- Partial site content deployment is available for enhanced LWR Experience Cloud sites created in Winter ’23 or later.
- To deploy partial site content, make sure that the target org contains an existing site with the same name as the source site.
- Adding a Digital Experience component to your outbound change set also adds that component’s variations to the change set. For example, adding the Home view component automatically adds all translations for the Home view.

Unsupported Settings and Features

The following items aren’t supported. Manually add them after you deploy the inbound change set.

- Navigational and featured topics
- Audience targeting
- Dashboards and engagement
- Recommendation images
- Branding panel images in Experience Builder
- The following Administration settings in Experience Workspaces:
  - The Account field in the Registration section of the Login and Registration area
  - The Select which login options to display option in the Login section of the Login and Registration area
  - The Settings area
  - The Rich Publisher Apps area

SEE ALSO:
- Change Sets Best Practices
- Change Sets Implementation Tips
- Deploy A Full Experience Cloud Site with Change Sets
Deploy Your Experience Cloud Site with the Metadata API

Use Metadata API to move your Experience Cloud site from one Salesforce org to another. Set up and test your site in your test environment, and then retrieve the site’s data and deploy it to your production org.

Depending on the site framework, the following metadata types combine to define the site. To successfully migrate a site, use the Metadata API `retrieve` call to retrieve XML file representations of your org’s components.

**Network**
- Represents an Experience Cloud site. Contains administration settings, such as page override, email, and membership configurations.

**CustomSite**
- Contains the domain and page setting information, including `indexPage`, `siteAdmin`, and URL definitions.

**DigitalExperienceBundle and DigitalExperienceConfig or ExperienceBundle or SiteDotCom**
- The metadata type you require varies depending on the site type. Represents the different settings and components, such as pages, branding sets, and themes, that make up a site.

For enhanced LWR sites, introduced in Winter ’23 (API version 56.0), DigitalExperienceBundle and DigitalExperienceConfig combine to provide text-based representations of your site elements and settings, but reimagined in a more content-focused structure. You can retrieve editable site metadata, and quickly create, update, publish, and deploy sites programmatically. You can also partially deploy enhanced LWR sites.

For non-enhanced LWR sites, ExperienceBundle provides text-based representations of the site’s settings, pages, and components. You can retrieve editable site metadata, and quickly create, update, publish, and partially deploy sites programmatically.

For Aura sites, you can choose to use either ExperienceBundle or SiteDotCom but we recommend using ExperienceBundle. Before Summer ’19 (API version 45.0 and earlier), the Network, CustomSite, and SiteDotCom metadata types combined to define an Aura site. However, retrieving the SiteDotCom type produces a binary `.site` file that isn’t human readable. See ExperienceBundle for Experience Builder Sites.

For Visualforce sites, Network represents the site.

For additional information on these metadata types and instructions on migrating data, see the Metadata API Developer Guide and the Salesforce CLI Command Reference.

### Required Metadata Types at a Glance

The metadata types that you use to deploy a site vary depending on the site type.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required Metadata Type</th>
<th>Enhanced LWR Site</th>
<th>LWR Site</th>
<th>Aura Site</th>
<th>Visualforce Site</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Network</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CustomSite</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DigitalExperienceBundle</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DigitalExperienceConfig</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SiteDotCom</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EDITIONS

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
### Tips and Considerations

- Before migrating data to another org, enable digital experiences in the destination org and enter the same domain name that you used in your sandbox org to avoid getting an error.
- For each Experience Cloud site, the network component has a unique name and URL path prefix. When you retrieve the network component, the generated XML file name is based on the name of the network. When migrating, the API looks at the file name and, if it exists, updates the site. If it doesn’t exist, the API creates a site. If someone changes the site name in the sandbox and then tries to migrate, they see an error. The API is trying to create a site with the existing path prefix.
- Examine the XML file for CustomSite to make sure that all dependencies are brought over. If any are missing, explicitly state them in the XML file.
- In addition to the required components described previously, include all the other components required by your site. Components can include such items as custom objects, custom fields, custom Lightning components, and Apex classes.
- To deploy the Network and Profile components using unlocked packages, create a separate unlocked package for each component and deploy them individually.
- When deploying an Aura site with ExperienceBundle, ensure that the SiteDotCom type isn’t included in the manifest file.
- If you rename a site in Administration > Settings, make sure that the source and target sites have matching values for the `picassoSite` and `site` attributes in the Network component.
- If there are any changes to the guest user profile, include the profile as part of the site migration.
- When you migrate user profiles, users are added to the site in the production org. Emails are then sent to members in the same way as for any new site.
- During deployment, make sure that the NavigationMenu developer name in the target org is the same as the developer name in the source org.
- If the containerType is CommunityTemplateDefinition, you can’t update an existing NavigationMenu via Metadata API.
- To deploy an Aura site with a custom template, first retrieve and deploy the CommunityTemplateDefinition and the relevant metadata types, such as CommunityThemeDefinition. Then retrieve and deploy ExperienceBundle or SiteDotCom and the relevant metadata types.
- Deploying the navigation menu with additional menu items deletes any translations applied to existing menu items in the target environment.
- To include navigation menus when you move your site, use the NavigationMenu metadata type.
- You can’t deploy to a target org that’s using an earlier release version. For example, if your source org is on Summer ’19 (API version 46.0), you can’t deploy to a target org on Spring ’19 (API version 45.0).
- `NavigationLinkSet` was deprecated in Winter ’20 (API version 47.0) and replaced by `NavigationMenu`.
- ExperienceBundle doesn’t support retrieving and deploying across different API versions. If you’re trying to upgrade ExperienceBundle metadata from an earlier API version to a later one—for example, from API version 48.0 to 49.0—take the following steps:
  1. Set the API version in the package.xml manifest file to 48.0 and deploy the package.
  2. Then, set the API version in package.xml to 49.0.
3. To get the latest ExperienceBundle updates, retrieve the package.

- When deploying a site, you sometimes receive a warning message about invalid ID values. For example: The `topicId` property of component 9b8a4e98-e724-4292-bd3c-0813ad9dcd2 references an object with the ID value 0TO4R000000EGPEWA4. Occasionally, when deployed to a destination org, ID values can become invalid—for example, if the referenced ID doesn’t exist in the destination org. If you encounter component issues in your destination org, verify that the ID values are correct.

In these situations, you can deploy the site successfully despite the warning. However, we recommend verifying in the target org that the object ID referenced in the component is still valid. If the ID is incorrect, manually update the ID to resolve any component issues in the target org. Alternatively, if it’s a custom component that you created, consider replacing the object ID with the object’s API name instead to avoid the issue in future.

Sample Template

The following sample contains all the fields that you can migrate through the Metadata API.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Network xmlns="http://soap.sforce.com/2006/04/metadata">
    <allowInternalUserLogin>true</allowInternalUserLogin>
    <allowMembersToFlag>true</allowMembersToFlag>
    <allowedExtensions>txt,png,jpg,jpeg,pdf,doc,csv</allowedExtensions>
    <caseCommentEmailTemplate>unfiled$public/ContactFollowUpSAMPLE</caseCommentEmailTemplate>
    <changePasswordTemplate>unfiled$public/CommunityChangePasswordEmailTemplate</changePasswordTemplate>
    <communityRoles>
        <disableReputationRecordConversations>true</disableReputationRecordConversations>
        <emailSenderAddress>admin@myorg.com</emailSenderAddress>
        <emailSenderName>MyCommunity</emailSenderName>
        <enableCustomVFErrorPageOverrides>true</enableCustomVFErrorPageOverides>
        <enableDirectMessages>true</enableDirectMessages>
        <enableGuestChatter>true</enableGuestChatter>
        <enableGuestFileAccess>false</enableGuestFileAccess>
        <enableInvitation>false</enableInvitation>
        <enableKnowledgeable>true</enableKnowledgeable>
        <enableNicknameDisplay>true</enableNicknameDisplay>
        <enablePrivateMessages>false</enablePrivateMessages>
        <enableReputation>true</enableReputation>
        <enableShowAllNetworkSettings>true</enableShowAllNetworkSettings>
        <enableSiteAsContainer>true</enableSiteAsContainer>
        <enableTalkingAboutStats>true</enableTalkingAboutStats>
        <enableTopicAssignmentRules>true</enableTopicAssignmentRules>
        <enableTopicSuggestions>true</enableTopicSuggestions>
        <enableUpDownVote>true</enableUpDownVote>
    </communityRoles>
    <forgotPasswordTemplate>unfiled$public/CommunityForgotPasswordEmailTemplate</forgotPasswordTemplate>
    <gatherCustomerSentimentData>false</gatherCustomerSentimentData>
    <lockoutTemplate>unfiled$public/CommunityLockoutEmailTemplate</lockoutTemplate>
    <maxFileSizeKb>51200</maxFileSizeKb>
    <networkMemberGroups>
```
Sample package.xml Manifest File

A manifest file defines the components that you’re trying to retrieve. The following sample shows a package.xml manifest file for retrieving all the components of an Experience Builder site.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Package xmlns="http://soap.sforce.com/2006/04/metadata">
  <types>
    <members>*</members>
    <name>Network</name>
  </types>
  <types>
    <members>*</members>
    <name>CustomSite</name>
  </types>
  <types>
    <members>*</members>
    <name>ExperienceBundle</name>
  </types>
  <types>
    <members>*</members>
    <name>CustomTab</name>
  </types>
  <types>
    <members>*</members>
    <name>CustomObject</name>
  </types>
  <types>
    <members>*</members>
    <name>ApexClass</name>
  </types>
</Package>
```
SEE ALSO:
Deploy A Full Experience Cloud Site with Change Sets

Manage Your Experience Cloud Site

Administer, manage, and moderate your Experience Cloud site from Experience Workspaces.

Managers, Moderators, and Admins Working Together
Experience Cloud sites can thrive when their managers, moderators, and admins understand their unique roles and work together effectively.

Experience Cloud Site Moderation Strategies and Tools
Moderation allows you to empower members of your Experience Cloud site to monitor content and ensure that it’s appropriate and relevant. Set up rules to automate moderation and do the heavy lifting for you.

Organize Experience Cloud Sites with Topics
Navigational, featured, and content topics are a fantastic way to organize information and content in an Experience Cloud site and boost SEO for your articles. Use topics to structure your site’s content or highlight key discussions. You can create topics or use the topics that organically emerge from site member posts.

Customize Recommendations in Experience Cloud Sites
Create recommendations to drive engagement for your Experience Cloud site, encouraging users to watch videos, take trainings, and more. Target specific audiences and use channels to specify locations for the recommendations.

Gamification
Use gamification tools, like Recognition Badges and Reputation, to keep your members engaged in your site.
Share a Link to Your Experience Cloud Site
You can allow members to preview your Experience Cloud site before making it active.

Switch Between Your Salesforce Org and Your Experience Cloud Sites
If you use Experience Builder sites and Lightning Experience, use the App Launcher to switch back and forth between your Salesforce org and your Experience Cloud sites associated with it. If you use Tabs + Visualforce sites and Salesforce Classic, use the global header. You can embed a site URL directly into buttons or links. You can also redirect a user to another site or to a specific page within another site.

Managers, Moderators, and Admins Working Together
Experience Cloud sites can thrive when their managers, moderators, and admins understand their unique roles and work together effectively.

An Experience Cloud site manager and moderator work hand-in-hand. They’re partners and support one another in fostering engagement and harmony. Sometimes, they perform some of the same tasks, but each has unique contributions. The site manager monitors adoption and engagement and the moderator ensures that the site is a healthy environment and that members feel encouraged to be active and helpful to each other.

Experience Cloud site managers, moderators, and admins all work together to protect, engage, and measure a site’s success.

Protect
- Prevent spammers, bots, and trolls from attacking the site.
- Protect the site from trademark infringement and legal issues.
- Ensure site members use appropriate language and adhere to the terms of use.

Engage
- Welcome new members, add contributors, and connect members with resources.
- Help ensure that members questions are answered quickly.
- Acknowledge helpful members and thank them.
- Identify, encourage, groom, and retain MVPs.

Measure
- Review analytics on community health.
- Measure return on investment (ROI) and key performance indicators (KPI), such as money saved and cases deflected.
- Identify and track community trends.

EDITIONS
Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions
What’s an Experience Cloud Site Manager?
Experience Cloud site managers help ensure that a site thrives by encouraging member participation.

What’s an Experience Cloud Site Moderator?
Experience Cloud site moderators help ensure the success of a site by monitoring user activity and flagged items.

What’s an Experience Cloud Site Manager?
Experience Cloud site managers help ensure that a site thrives by encouraging member participation.

Experience Cloud site managers must be internal site users. Site managers must also be members of the site that they’re managing.

A site manager monitors engagement. They need access to reports and dashboards that show activity and membership trends, such as how frequently members log in. By monitoring site membership and activity, managers can better engage site members and encourage participation.

Member recognition and friendly competition can also lead to more active members. Experience Cloud site managers can set up a points system and reputation levels that reward members when they perform certain actions. When members reach the level’s point threshold, they move up a level.

Assign an Experience Cloud Site Manager
To assign a user as an Experience Cloud site manager, give them the Manage Experiences permission.

Assign an Experience Cloud Site Manager
To assign a user as an Experience Cloud site manager, give them the Manage Experiences permission. Experience Cloud site managers must be internal site users. Site managers require the Manage Experiences permission so that they can access Experience Workspaces.

Note: To enable Experience Workspaces, go to Digital Experiences > Settings.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Permission Sets, select Permission Sets, and then click New.
2. Create a permission set for the Manage Experiences permission.
3. Go to System > System Permissions, and click Edit.
4. Select Manage Experiences, and save your changes.
5. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter Users, and then select Users.
6. Add the new permission set to the managing user’s Permission Set Assignments related list.

The user can now manage the site through Experience Management or Experience Workspaces.

What’s an Experience Cloud Site Moderator?
Experience Cloud site moderators help ensure the success of a site by monitoring user activity and flagged items.

In a successful site, members are actively engaged and communicate with one another. Moderators facilitate knowledge sharing to help members benefit and derive value from their participation. Moderators also ensure that all communications and content are appropriate.

A moderator can control the quality of the site's content by:
A moderator can help drive the success of a site by:

- Sharing relevant and useful information in posts
- Encouraging members to post and comment on each other’s posts
- Setting an example by their activity
- Keeping discussions focused, spam-free, and non-controversial
- Redirecting email conversations to sites when it can benefit other members
- Establishing the site as a reliable source of information and a forum for transparent discussions

You can choose to designate more than one moderator, especially if the site has a large number of members.

**Note:** Although they share some similar capabilities, a moderator in an Experience Cloud site is different from a Chatter moderator.

### Which Users Can Moderate a Site?

Multiple types of users can moderate an Experience Cloud site. Moderators can continue to flag items even if flagging is disabled for members. Group owners and group managers can only moderate when flagging is enabled.

- **Internal Users**—Moderators can be internal users who are also members of your site.
- **External Users**—Moderators who are external users require Access Experience Management and moderation permissions to moderate a site from the Moderation tile in Experience Workspaces. External user moderators without management and moderation permissions can moderate within the context of their Experience Cloud site, such as directly from the site feed.
- **Group Manager or Owner**—The Allow members to flag content option must be enabled for group managers and owners to moderate. Group managers or owners can only moderate items in groups that they manage or own.

This table shows who can moderate and what actions they can take in the user interface.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>User with Moderate Experiences Feeds</th>
<th>User with Moderate Experiences Files</th>
<th>Group Owner or Manager (on items in groups they own or manage)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Remove flags on a post or comment</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete a post or comment</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remove flags on a file</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete a file¹</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Deleted files can remain cached for up to 90 days.
Assign a Moderator

Make one or more people moderators in your Experience Cloud site so they can keep an eye on its content.

SEE ALSO:

Move Feed Items from One Public Group Feed to Another

Assign a Moderator

Make one or more people moderators in your Experience Cloud site so they can keep an eye on its content.

Moderators can be users from your internal org or external users with Access Experience Management and moderation permissions. External users who are moderators but don’t have management and moderation permissions can moderate within context of the Experience Cloud site, such as directly in the site feed.

You can assign moderators by assigning a permission set that includes one or more of these moderation permissions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Permission</th>
<th>Lets Users</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Moderate Experiences Feeds</td>
<td>Review flagged posts and comments and take action, such as removing flags or deleting the post or comment. Moderator options for feed content are available in the site feed and in Experience Management and Experience Workspaces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate Experiences Files</td>
<td>Review flagged files they have access to and take action, such as removing flags or deleting the file. Moderator options for files are available on a file’s detail page and in Experience Management or Experience Workspaces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate Experiences Chatter Messages</td>
<td>Review flagged messages and take action, such as removing a flag or deleting a message. This permission allows users access to flagged messages only in Experience Cloud sites they’re a member of.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can Approve Feed Post and Comment</td>
<td>Approve, delete, or edit posts and comments that are pending review.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate Experience Users</td>
<td>Freeze external users who are members. Moderators can freeze members on their user profile page or from an Insights report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manage Experiences</td>
<td>Moderate content in Experience Management or Experience Workspaces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access Experience Management</td>
<td>Access site pages from Experience Management and Experience Workspaces.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You can also add these permissions to a profile. These permissions are valid for all Experience Cloud sites the user is a member of, but don’t apply in your internal org.

1. From Setup, enter **Permission Sets** in the Quick Find box, then select **Permission Sets**, then click **New**.
2. Create a permission set that includes the appropriate permissions.

3. From Setup, enter Users in the Quick Find box, then select Users.

4. Find the user you want to be a moderator and add the permission set to their Permission Set Assignments related list.

After you grant moderator permissions to a user, keep these things in mind:

- The user can now moderate any items they have access to in all Experience Cloud sites they’re a member of.
- The user can flag items even if Allow members to flag content is disabled in a site.
- Moderators can receive an email notification when a post, comment, or file is flagged by selecting the Flag an item as inappropriate email notification.

Experience Cloud Site Moderation Strategies and Tools

Moderation allows you to empower members of your Experience Cloud site to monitor content and ensure that it’s appropriate and relevant. Set up rules to automate moderation and do the heavy lifting for you.

Moderation is crucial for an Experience Cloud site to thrive. You need active moderators who are willing to spend time ensuring that the members and content in your site are appropriate and helpful. It’s also critical to empower members to speak up when they view something as inappropriate or offensive.

With moderation, you can:

- Designate specific users as moderators so that they can closely monitor the site
- Allow members to flag posts, comments, files, and messages that are inappropriate or spam
- Allow moderators to review and act on flagged items, such as deleting a post, comment, or file
- Allow group owners and managers to moderate within their groups
- Create rules and criteria to automatically block, flag, replace keywords in member-generated content, such as posts or comments
- Create rules to review and approve content from specific members
- Track flagging and moderation activity within your site

To limit the size and types of files allowed in your site, in Experience Workspaces, go to Administration > Preferences.

To report on moderation activity in your sites, you can use the preconfigured reports from AppExchange. For more information about the AppExchange package, see Report on Experience Cloud Sites with AppExchange Packages. You can also query flagged content or activity using the API, or create a custom report type using Networks as the primary object.

If you want to create custom advanced moderation logic for your Experience Cloud site, you can create triggers that flag content. Custom triggers run behind the scenes and don’t require you to allow your members to flag content.

If your org is using Transaction Security, moderation offers some of the same functionality. Transaction Security and moderation can be used at the same time.

Track Experience Cloud Site Activity with the Moderation Overview Page

Moderation Insights are arranged in clickable tiles on the Moderation Overview page in Experience Workspaces. View the entire picture of your site’s moderation activity at a glance and take action on day-to-day moderation tasks.

Enable Members to Flag Items in Your Experience Cloud Site

Turn on flagging for your Experience Cloud site to let members flag posts, comments, files, and messages that they deem inappropriate.
Create Criteria to Moderate Your Experience Cloud Site
Create criteria that define keywords or groups of members. Criteria are used in rules to moderate member-generated content, such as posts and comments.

Create Rules to Moderate Your Experience Cloud Site
Moderation rules help protect your site from spammers, bots, and offensive or inappropriate content. Create and modify rules for your Experience Cloud site to moderate member-generated content. Each rule specifies the member-generated content the rule applies to, the criteria to enforce the rule on, and the moderation action to take.

Review and Approve Posts and Comments in Your Experience Cloud Site
Moderation rules to review and approve content ensure that non-compliant and inappropriate content isn’t immediately visible to everyone in your Experience Cloud site. Posts and comments pending review aren’t displayed in the feed; only the author and moderators can see pending posts and comments in the feed. An author can see a pending comment on a pending post only if the author posted both. After you set up the rules, moderators can approve content directly in the feed and in Experience Workspaces.

Moderate Flagged Items in Your Experience Cloud Site
Moderators can review and act on flagged items in their Experience Cloud sites.

Set Up Apex Triggers for Flagging Items
Use triggers to create custom advanced moderation logic that automatically flags items in your Experience Cloud site.

Experience Pulse
Experience Pulse displays metrics at the top of Workspaces. Click a metric to open the corresponding report or dashboard for more information or to take action. Customize the displayed metrics or create ones to meet your needs.

Experience Cloud Site Moderation Limits and Limitations
Moderation limits ensure that your Experience Cloud site performs optimally.

SEE ALSO:
Assign a Moderator
Assign an Experience Cloud Site Manager
Limit Files in Your Experience Cloud Site

Track Experience Cloud Site Activity with the Moderation Overview Page
Moderation Insights are arranged in clickable tiles on the Moderation Overview page in Experience Workspaces. View the entire picture of your site’s moderation activity at a glance and take action on day-to-day moderation tasks.
Example: To view all flagged posts and comments, click **Flagged Discussions** and go directly to the Flagged Discussions queue. You can approve or delete flagged posts and comments in bulk, directly from the queue.

Tip: Let us do the setup work for you! Install the *Salesforce Communities Management (for Communities with Chatter)* package from the AppExchange.

Insight reports provided in the package are 100% customizable. You can change the default Insights page names, report folder mappings, and even the Insights report columns and filters at any time. So don’t be afraid to customize or change what you get in the package. You won’t hurt our feelings.
Enable Members to Flag Items in Your Experience Cloud Site

Turn on flagging for your Experience Cloud site to let members flag posts, comments, files, and messages that they deem inappropriate.

If you haven’t already, install the Salesforce Communities Management (for Communities with Chatter) package from AppExchange.

The **Allow members to flag content** preference enables:

- Members to flag posts, comments, and files using the **Flag as inappropriate** option.
- Members to flag messages from within the Experience Cloud site on their My Messages page in Chatter. If a member has turned on email notification for messages, they can also flag the message directly from their email. Members can only flag messages that are sent from sites they’re members of.

![Note:](Note) Messages can’t be flagged in partner or customer portals, your internal org, or from the Salesforce mobile app.

- Group owners and managers to moderate the groups they own or manage.

This setting isn’t required to flag or moderate items using the API.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click **Administration > Preferences**, then select **Allow members to flag content**.
3. Click **Save**.

If you want to create custom advanced moderation logic for your Experience Cloud site, you can create triggers that flag content. Custom triggers run behind the scenes and don’t require you to allow your members to flag content.

**SEE ALSO:**

Assign a Moderator
Create Criteria to Moderate Your Experience Cloud Site

Create criteria that define keywords or groups of members. Criteria are used in rules to moderate member-generated content, such as posts and comments.

Plan Your Use Cases

Before creating your member criteria, think about what you want to do.

- Do you want to protect your site from bots and spammers? Most spammers attack shortly after they’ve joined. Set up member criteria based on a user’s creation date.
- Do you want to review members’ first posts? Set up member criteria that target users without contributions.
- Do you want to moderate your internal users’ activity? Set up member criteria to include only your internal users.
- Do you want to be notified when a partner contributes for the first time? Set up member criteria to include only your partner users that don’t have contributions.

Before creating content criteria, think about what you want to moderate.

- Do you want to moderate profanities and slang? Set up separate keyword lists for each group of related words.
- Do you want to replace competitor product names with asterisks? Create a keyword list just for your competitor products.
- Do you want to monitor content for HIPAA compliance? Create a keyword list that alerts of possible HIPAA violations.

You can also use the Metadata API or Tooling API to set up keyword lists.

Create Content Criteria

Create and modify content criteria that define offensive language or inappropriate content that you don’t want in your Experience Cloud site. Content criteria are used in rules to moderate member-generated content, such as posts and comments.

Some things to keep in mind:

- Your org can have up to 30 keyword list criteria. This limit is per org, not per Experience Cloud site.
- A keyword list can have up to 2,000 keywords.
- Capitalization and trailing punctuation are ignored when matching your keywords to user-generated content. For example, if your criteria include `BadWord`, it’s matched when a user types `BADWORD` or `badword`.

Set up content criteria to use in your moderation rules.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click **Moderation > Content Criteria > New**.
3. Enter a name, unique name, and description for your criteria.
4. Click **Save**.
5. Update the keywords in your criteria.
   - To add keywords, click **Add**.
     - Keywords can only be up to 100 characters and can include letters, numbers, spaces, and special characters.
     - Wildcard characters aren’t supported.
Create Member Criteria

Create and modify member criteria to use in moderation rules. Target specific groups of members based on their user profile, user type, user creation date, or whether they’ve posted or previously commented in the Experience Cloud site. Use member criteria in your rules to help pin-point specific use cases, like reviewing posts only from your customer users who were created in the last seven days.

Some things to keep in mind:

- Your org can have up to 100 member criteria. This limit is per org, not per Experience Cloud site.
- Each member criteria can include up to 100 user conditions.

You can create criteria that include only user types and user profiles, or just filters. Or if you want it all, your criteria can include user types, user profiles, and filters. Let’s get started.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click **Moderation > Member Criteria**, then click **New**.
3. Enter a name, unique name, and description for your criteria.
4. Select the types of user types or user profiles to include in your criteria.
   - You can select any combination of types and profiles. Members are included when they belong to any one of your selections.
   - If you delete a profile in your internal org, the profile is also removed from your member criteria.
5. Select to filter your members by:
   - **None**—Select this option if you don’t want to filter the criteria using the other options. None is the default selection.
   - **User creation date**—Select this option to include only users that were created within a specific time frame. Enter the number of days since the user was created.
     - **Note**: A user’s creation date might not be the same date they became a member of the Experience Cloud site. For example, you can have an internal user that was created 120 days ago who became a member of the site five days ago. For users that self-register, their creation date is the date they become a member of the site.
   - **Members without site contributions**—Select this option to include only members that haven’t posted or commented in the Experience Cloud site. Posts that are pending review don’t count as contributions until they’re approved.
     - If you selected user types or user profiles, and you also select filter conditions, members are included only if they belong to one of the selected user types or profiles and the filter condition.
6. Click **Save** to apply your changes.

**Example:** Let’s look at the following conditions:

**User Types:** Partner  
**User Profiles:** Customer Community Plus Login User, Customer Community Plus User, and Customer Community User  
**Filter By:** User creation date is set to seven days since the user was created

This member criterion applies to:

- Partner users created in the last seven days  
- Customer Community Plus Login User created in the last seven days  
- Customer Community Plus User created in the last seven days  
- Customer Community User created in the last seven days

You can use this member criteria in a rule to:

- Review and approve their posts  
- Be notified of their contributions  
- Flag all their contributions

To delete criteria, click **Del** from the Member Criteria page. If criteria are being used by a rule, you can’t delete them.

### Create Rules to Moderate Your Experience Cloud Site

Moderation rules help protect your site from spammers, bots, and offensive or inappropriate content. Create and modify rules for your Experience Cloud site to moderate member-generated content. Each rule specifies the member-generated content the rule applies to, the criteria to enforce the rule on, and the moderation action to take.

Your Experience Cloud site comes populated with content and rate limiting moderation rules that block, flag, freeze, replace, or review banned keywords. Simply activate the rules and they’re ready to go. You can customize both the rules and the list of banned keywords in the Rules section of the Moderation workspace.

Alternatively, you can create your own custom moderation rules as needed. You can also use the Metadata API or Tooling API to set up content rules.

If your Experience Cloud site uses the Customer Service template, moderation rules apply to questions and group posts created by your members. If your Experience Cloud site uses Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce, moderation rules can also run on publisher actions.

Some things to keep in mind:

- Your org can have up to 30 rules. This limit is per org, not per Experience Cloud site. This limit includes both content rules and rate rules.  
- Each content rule can have up to 3 keyword criteria and 10 member criteria. And each rate rule can have up to 10 member criteria.  
- Preconfigured moderation rules apply only to feed posts, comments, and polls.

**Tip:** Before creating a rule, we recommend that you create criteria to use in the rule.
When Do Moderation Rules Run?

Rules that block content run first, followed by rules to review and approve content, then rules that replace content, and last by rules that flag content.

If two or more rules perform the same action, the oldest rule runs first, based on the date the rule was created. Rules to replace content don’t run when the content also applies to a review rule—we want moderators to review the original content. On the server, Salesforce executes Experience Cloud site rules within the standard order of execution.

SEE ALSO:
- Translate Metadata Labels
- Create Content Criteria
- Create Member Criteria

Create or Modify Content Rules

To block, replace, flag, or allow you to review and approve member-generated content, create content rules.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Moderation > Rules.
3. Click Edit next to an existing rule. To create a rule, click New > Content Rule.
4. Add or update the rule details, including a unique name that’s used by the API, and select Activate Rule to enable the rule.
5. In Rule Conditions:
   - Specify which types of member-generated content this rule applies to. Posts and comments only apply to content created in groups and user profiles. All feed types, such as polls and links, are supported.
   - Choose whether to block content from being published, allow reviewers to approve the content before it’s published, replace keywords with asterisks, or flag inappropriate content.
   - Specify the message that your member sees when their content is blocked. If you don’t specify a message, the member sees the standard message: “You can’t use %BLOCKED_KEYWORD% or other inappropriate words in this site. Review your content and try again.” The %BLOCKED_KEYWORD% variable displays up to 5 blocked words. You can also use this variable in your own custom message.
      For international sites, you can translate this message. From Setup, enter Translate in the Quick Find box, then select Translate. To provide a translation for the message, select the Moderation Rule setup component and expand the site the rule belongs to.
6. In Criteria, specify member criteria and content criteria to enforce this rule. Think about who the rule applies to and the specific keywords involved.
7. Save your changes.

Keep the following things in mind:
   - If you activate a content rule without specifying member criteria, the rule applies to all members.
   - If you activate a content rule without specifying content criteria, the rule either:
     - Stops members from creating posts and comments entirely
     - Sends all posts for review
     - Flags all posts and comments
   - If you select member criteria and content criteria, the rule applies only when both criteria are met.
Specifying criteria is optional. However, we recommend that you include criteria in your rules to target specific members and content.

Create Rate Limit Rules

To monitor and limit how frequently member-generated content is created, create or modify rate rules. Rate rules protect your Experience Cloud site against spammers and bots that attack your site by posting the same message multiple times in a row. You can create rate rules to notify your moderators of suspicious spammer-like behavior or freeze a member on the spot.

Each rate rule controls two actions: notification and freeze. You can set up your rate rule for both actions or just one. You can apply the rule to: posts, comments, files, and private messages. In Experience Cloud sites that use the Customer Service template, you can apply rules to questions and answers.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click **Moderation > Rules** then click **New** and select **Rate Rule**.
3. In Rule Conditions:
   - Specify which types of member-generated content this rule applies to. Posts and comments only apply to content created in groups and user profiles.
   - Specify the member criteria that trigger this rule. If you activate a rate rule without specifying member criteria, the rule applies to all external users. If you activate a rate rule without specifying member criteria, the rule applies to all external users.
     Spammers are typically new members. We recommend creating member criteria that only include customer users that were created in the last seven days.
   - Specify the time frame that the rule applies to. Determine how much content can be created within that time frame before the moderator is notified. Determine how much content can be created before the member is frozen.
     When members are frozen, they’re frozen in all sites that they’re a member of.
     Emails are sent to users with the Moderate Experience Users permission. Make sure that you assign your moderators this permission. Emails are sent even if a user has turned off Chatter emails.
4. Activate the rule.
5. Save your changes.

Example: Let’s use the following rate rule as an example.

Applies To: Posts and private messages
Member Criteria: Customer users created in the past 7 days
Content Creation Time Frame: 3 minutes
Notify Moderators: 6
Freeze Members: 10

With this rate rule, here’s what happens when a member reaches your limits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In the span of 3 minutes, a member creates...</th>
<th>Is the moderator notified?</th>
<th>Is the member frozen?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4 posts and 2 private messages</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 posts</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 comments</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✗</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 posts and 2 private messages</td>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>✔️</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### A rate rule with these values protects the site from spammers and bots but also allows you to help your new members. Maybe a non-threatening member posted a question over and over hoping to get it answered faster. Rate rules do more than protect—they let you help members in need.

Here’s a rule set up just for private messages.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applies To: Private messages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Member Criteria: Customer users created in the past 3 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Content Creation Time Frame: 15 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notify Moderators: 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freeze Members: 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This rate rule protects the site from spammers that attack via private messages.

If your rate rule doesn’t take immediate effect, give it time. If you set up a rate rule to freeze members when they create content 10 times in 3 minutes. It’s possible for a member to create 9 items towards the end of the first 3-minute time frame. In this case, the member isn’t frozen until they post another 10 items in the second 3-minute time frame.

Check the member criteria you’re using. For example, let’s say you have a rate rule that uses member criteria to filter for members without contributions. After a member’s first post or comment, the rule doesn’t apply to the member anymore, so the member doesn’t reach the freeze limit you set.

---

**In the span of 3 minutes, a member creates...** | **Is the moderator notified?** | **Is the member frozen?**
---|---|---
10 posts | ✔ | ✔
10 comments | ✗ | ✗
Review and Approve Posts and Comments in Your Experience Cloud Site

Moderation rules to review and approve content ensure that non-compliant and inappropriate content isn’t immediately visible to everyone in your Experience Cloud site. Posts and comments pending review aren’t displayed in the feed; only the author and moderators can see pending posts and comments in the feed. An author can see a pending comment on a pending post only if the author posted both. After you set up the rules, moderators can approve content directly in the feed and in Experience Workspaces.

Note: The Can Approve Feed Post and Comment permission applies not only to moderation but also to any Chatter feed a user can access. In other words, an assigned user can edit or delete any post or comment. They can take these actions whether in an Experience Cloud site or their internal Salesforce org, in any feed they have access to.

To set up a moderation rule to review and approve posts and comments, in Experience Workspaces, go to Moderation > Rules and create a content rule that uses the Review action. Here are some ways that you can use rules to review content.

Self-Service

Does your site allow members to self-register? You can set up a rule to review and approve questions from all your self-registering users. Use member criteria that includes only your guest user profile and filters for members who were created in the past seven days.

Have spammers ever attacked your site? Use member criteria that includes only your guest user profile and filters for members that have never contributed.

Partners

Want to ensure that your partners aren’t discussing a recent acquisition or other sensitive transactions? You can set up a rule to review posts and comments that include keywords such as “acquisition” or “merger.”

Employees

Does your site require HIPAA compliance? Set up your rules to review posts and comments from all your employees.

Note: Users must have Manage Experiences or Create and Set Up Experiences permissions to create moderation rules.

Pending Review is displayed in the header of the post or comment until it’s approved. Remember that while a post or comment is pending approval, the author can still edit or delete it, however they can’t comment on it. An author can see a pending comment on a pending post only if the author posted both. To prevent the author from editing the post or comment, you can disable feed post editing for certain users.

There are two ways to review and approve posts and comments.

- Use the preconfigured Pending Discussions Insights report on the Moderation Overview page in Experience Workspaces. To get this report, install the Salesforce Communities Management (for Communities with Chatter) package from the AppExchange. Use the Pending Discussions report to see all the posts and comments that are pending review. The report displays the contents of posts and comments so you can quickly assess whether that content is spam or harmless. You can then approve or delete the item directly from the report. You can also perform mass-action and approve multiple items at once.

- Approve posts and comments directly in the feed. In the feed, users with the Can Approve Feed Post and Comment permission see an extra action in the post or comment dropdown menu. If the item is inappropriate, they can delete it. If it has a typo, they can edit it.
After the item is approved, the author receives an email letting them know the item is approved and providing a link to it. Email notifications, such as @mentions notifications, are sent only after the item is approved.

SEE ALSO:
- Create or Modify Content Rules
- Feed Post and Comments Editing Overview

Moderate Flagged Items in Your Experience Cloud Site

Moderators can review and act on flagged items in their Experience Cloud sites.

If you haven’t already, install the Salesforce Communities Management (for Communities with Chatter) package from AppExchange. This package automatically installs multiple insight reports that you can use to moderate your site, such as the Flagged Private Messages and Flagged Files reports. It also automatically installs the Flagged Discussions and Flagged Direct Messages tiles to the Moderation tile in Experience Workspaces.

A small orange flag appears next to flagged items. The number next to the flag indicates how many people have flagged the item.

A few things to keep in mind.
- Moderators can only moderate items that they have access to.
- Group owners or managers can moderate items in their groups.
- Members can only flag messages sent from sites that they’re a member and that allow members to flag content.
- You can’t flag items from your internal org, the Salesforce mobile app, or in partner and customer portals.
- Site members can only flag items if the Allow members to flag content preference is enabled.
- If Allow members to flag content is disabled, only moderators can flag items and view flagged items.
- To receive an email each time an item is flagged, select Flags an item as inappropriate on your Email Settings page.

Flagged Posts and Comments

Moderators can review, delete, and remove flags from posts and comments that members flag as inappropriate. Group owners or group managers can review and moderate flagged posts and comments in their groups.

You can moderate flagged posts and comments from:
- The Flagged Discussions tile on the Moderation tile in Experience Workspaces.
- The Flagged feed in Chatter.

If you’re using a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Experience Cloud site, you can see a list of flagged posts and comments on the Chatter menu. To see the Flagged feed, enable the Allow members to flag content preference.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>USER PERMISSIONS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To moderate posts and comments:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Moderate Experience Cloud Site Feeds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Manage Experiences OR Create and Set Up Experiences</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Can Approve Feed Post and Comment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Is a member of the Experience Cloud site</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A custom list. You can expose a list of flagged posts and comments using Connect REST API or ConnectApi in Apex.

The link to the post or comment from the notification email.

The Experience Cloud site. Moderators can remove flags or delete content in the feed.

Flagged Private Messages

Moderators can review, delete, and remove flags from private messages that members flag as inappropriate or as spam.

Important: Ensure that your moderators are assigned the Moderate Experiences Chatter Messages permission, not the Manage Chatter Messages permission. The Manage Chatter Messages permission allows users to see all the messages in your entire Salesforce org.

You can monitor and manage flagged messages from:

- The Flagged Private Messages Insights report from the Moderation Overview page in Experience Workspaces. You can track trends and monitor spam. You can view flagged messages, who sent them, the date they were sent, and who flagged them. You can also remove flags from messages and delete messages.

- A custom report.

  First, create a custom report type using Networks as the primary object and Network Audits as the secondary object. Create the report using your new custom report type and add a field filter for Audited Object Type set to equal Chatter Message. Use the API to delete flagged messages.

- An API query of flagged messages.

USER PERMISSIONS

To moderate messages:

- Moderate Experiences Chatter Messages
  AND
  Access Experience Management OR Manage Experiences OR Create and Set Up Experiences
  AND
  Is a member of the Experience Cloud site

To view the contents of a flagged message in reports:

- Moderate Experiences Chatter Messages

To remove flags or delete messages in the SOAP API:

- Modify All Data
Flagged Direct Messages

Members can flag messages in Experience Cloud sites built using the Customer Service template. Moderators can review, delete, and remove flags from direct messages that members flag as inappropriate or spam.

Note: Private messages and direct messages are separate features. Direct messages offer a richer set of features for private communication. Direct messages are based on Chatter and offer a rich text editor that supports inline images and attachments. With direct messages, you can start a message from a feed post.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Select Moderation and either click the Flagged Direct Messages tile or click Moderate > Flagged Messages to see the flagged items.
3. Review and act on the flagged messages.

USER PERMISSIONS

To view and moderate flagged direct messages:
- Moderate Experiences Chatter Messages
  AND
- Moderate Chatter Messages and Direct Messages
  AND
- Moderate Experiences Feeds
  AND
- Access Experience Management OR Manage Experiences OR Create and Set Up Experiences
  AND
- Is a member of the Experience Cloud site

To make all posts available to moderation, including direct messages, in Digital Experiences Settings under Moderation Rule Settings:
- Moderation applies to all feed posts regardless of where they’re visible
Flagged Files

Moderators can review, delete, and remove flags from files that members flag as inappropriate or spam. Group owners or group managers can moderate files in their groups.

Members can flag files that they deem inappropriate because they contain sensitive information or offensive content.

You can moderate flagged files from:

- The Flagged Files Insights report on the Moderation Overview page in Experience Workspaces. With this report, you can see flagged files, who created them, who flagged them, and how many flags each file has. You can click a link to open a file and review its content. You can remove the flag or delete the file. You can also select multiple items at once.

  **Note:** After you delete a file, it remains cached for up to 90 days.

- A custom list. You can expose a list of flagged files using Connect REST API or ConnectApi in Apex.
- From the Experience Cloud site. You can remove flags or delete content on the file detail page.

To limit the size and types of files allowed in your site, go to Administration > Preferences.

Flagged Discussions

Moderators can review, delete, and remove flags from posts and comments on discussions, and freeze or communicate with the author of those posts, all from one place.

Moderators can view an entire discussion in context, including all comments related to a post, and sort by the newest discussions or the oldest. To access a list of flagged discussions, go to Experience Workspaces > Moderation > Flagged Discussions. To open a discussion thread, click View Discussion.
To see how a post or comment was flagged and who flagged it, click a post or comment or select View Flag Details. You can remove the flag or delete the post or comment.

You can see which authors have a history of flagged posts and how many times a moderator deleted their posts. You can also freeze the author and send them a message.
Set Up Apex Triggers for Flagging Items

Use triggers to create custom advanced moderation logic that automatically flags items in your Experience Cloud site.

Tip: Did you know you can do this in the UI? Most sites don’t need custom moderation triggers. You can create moderation rules and criteria directly in Experience Workspaces. For more information, see Create Rules to Moderate Your Experience Cloud Site.

Using triggers to automatically flag items allows you to moderate your Experience Cloud site behind the scenes. These flags are only visible to moderators. You can view flags in Experience Workspaces, query for them in the API, or use custom report types to create reports on flagged items, people whose items are flagged most, and more.

Consider the following when creating triggers:

- Create Apex after insert triggers on FeedItem, FeedComment, ChatterMessage, or ContentDocument.
- Define criteria that when met creates a NetworkModeration (flag) record, with the FeedComment, FeedItem, ChatterMessage, or ContentDocument as the parent.

Example: This trigger automatically flags posts in your site that contain BadWord.

```java
trigger autoflagBadWordOnPost on FeedItem (after insert) {
    List<NetworkModeration> flags = new List<NetworkModeration>();
    for (FeedItem rec : trigger.new) {
        if (!<NetworkId>.equals(rec.networkScope)){
            continue;
        }
    }
}
```
if (rec.body.indexOf('BadWord') >= 0) {
    NetworkModeration nm = new NetworkModeration(EntityId = rec.id, Visibility = 'ModeratorsOnly');
    flags.add(nm);
}

if (!flags.isEmpty()) {
    insert(flags);
}

A similar trigger on comments would look like this.

trigger autoflagBadWordOnComment on FeedComment (after insert) {
    List<NetworkModeration> flags = new List<NetworkModeration>();

    for (FeedComment rec : trigger.new) {
        if (!<NetworkId>.equals(rec.networkScope)) {
            continue;
        }

        if (rec.commentBody.indexOf('BadWord') >= 0) {
            NetworkModeration nm = new NetworkModeration(EntityId = rec.id, Visibility = 'ModeratorsOnly');
            flags.add(nm);
        }
    }

    if (!flags.isEmpty()) {
        insert(flags);
    }
}

SEE ALSO:

SOAP API Developer Guide

Experience Pulse

Experience Pulse displays metrics at the top of Workspaces. Click a metric to open the corresponding report or dashboard for more information or to take action. Customize the displayed metrics or create ones to meet your needs.

To get started, map reports and dashboards to your Experience Workspaces. You can either map manually or install the Winter ‘18 or later version of the AppExchange package. After installation, Experience Pulse displays automatically. If you have an Experience Cloud site with Chatter, four tiles display after you install the package: Members, New Members, Unanswered Questions, and Flagged Discussions.

To customize a metric tile, click Edit Metrics. From here, create a metric or edit an existing one. You can have up to six metrics at a time.
By design, clicking a metric opens the corresponding report. However, selecting Open in dashboard lets you open a dashboard instead.

SEE ALSO:
   Enable and Map Dashboards

Experience Cloud Site Moderation Limits and Limitations
Moderation limits ensure that your Experience Cloud site performs optimally.

Criteria Limits
- Your org can have up to 30 keyword list criteria. This limit is per org, not per Experience Cloud site.
- Your org can have up to 100 member criteria. This limit is per org, not per Experience Cloud site.

Rule Limits and Limitations
- Each content rule can have up to 3 keyword criteria and 10 member criteria. And each rate rule can have up to 10 member criteria.
- Moderation rules apply only to feed posts, comments, and polls. Moderation rules don’t apply to topics that are created.

Audit Limitations
Changes to a feed item’s status aren’t included in the Insights report.

Organize Experience Cloud Sites with Topics
Navigational, featured, and content topics are a fantastic way to organize information and content in an Experience Cloud site and boost SEO for your articles. Use topics to structure your site’s content or highlight key discussions. You can create topics or use the topics that organically emerge from site member posts.

Choose navigational topics and subtopics to provide a consistent map of your site. Use featured topics to highlight current, popular conversations. Use content topics to organize your original content. In the site itself, member-created topics let users organize information for one another, creating a personalized experience that boosts site engagement. Any article with an assigned navigational, featured, or content topic is included in search results.

Site members can keep up to date on topics by following them and, optionally, receiving email notifications for topics they follow.
When members choose Every Post, they get notifications when a post or question is added to the topic. They don’t get notifications when the hashtag topic is added to a comment, answer, or record feed.

Navigational Topics

On every page of a site, navigational topics are available from the Topics menu at the upper left. Site members can also see all the site’s navigational topics and subtopics in one place in the topic catalog.

When visitors choose a navigational topic, the banner image you selected for it appears at the top of the page.

Note: Properties on the Ask and Contact Support & Ask components let you block the selection of a new topic when a user asks a question. For more information, see Ask Button and Contact Support & Ask Buttons.
Featured Topics

Featured topics are accessible from the body of your site home page. Thumbnail images you select for featured topics uniquely identify them. (These unique thumbnails appear only on the home page; at the top of all featured topic pages, the default banner image specified in Experience Builder appears.)

Content Topics

Content topics allow you to organize your original content around common themes. Enable topics that you’re already using for content, or create topics and enable them for content. After topics are enabled for content, assign them to your native content.

Member-Created Topics

When posting questions, site members create topics by using hashtags in body text, or typing in the topic suggestions box. (In Setup, the “Assign Topics” and “Create Topics” permissions must be enabled for site users.)
If any suggested topics are poor matches for the post, members can simply click to delete them.

Tip: Member-created topics can be accessed via search or highlighted as featured topics.

**Topic Metrics**

Site members can check how often a topic has been used in the past 60 days and how many followers it has. Find metrics on a topic's detail page. With this information at their fingertips, site members know how current and popular a topic is. Admins can also use these metrics to highlight certain topics in their sites or consolidate similar topics based on usage.

**Manage Topics in Experience Cloud Sites**

As the number of topics in an Experience Cloud site grows, curate them to improve usability. You can create, merge, rename, enable for content, and delete topics in one convenient location.

**Automatically Assign Topics to Articles**

Transport all your hard work of organizing Salesforce Knowledge in your Experience Cloud site, and boost SEO for your Knowledge articles, by mapping topics to data categories. All articles published with a specific data category are tagged with the topics you specify. Articles added to the data category in the future are also tagged. All articles with assigned topics are included in search results.

**Set Up Featured Topics**

Featured topics highlight current, popular conversations in your Experience Cloud site. Change them regularly to keep members up-to-date and engaged.

**Set Up Navigational Topics**

Structure your Experience Cloud site’s content and help your users find what they need with navigational topics. If your org uses data categories, community managers can link current Salesforce Knowledge articles associated with those categories to each navigational topic. If data categories aren’t enabled, administrators can add articles to each topic using Connect REST API.

**Set Up Content Topics**

Content topics organize your original content around common themes for your Experience Cloud site.

**See Your Site’s Topics and Subtopics in One Place**

You’ve gone through the exhaustive task of adding topics and various levels of subtopics to your Experience Cloud site's content. Now you want your site members to see all the organized topics in one place, so they can navigate to any subject their hearts desire. Fear not! They can see everything in your site's topic catalog.

**Add Topics to Articles or Remove Them**

Easily add multiple topics of any type to specific articles, or quickly remove them as your Experience Cloud site’s needs change.
Translate Topics Names and Descriptions for Experience Cloud Sites with International Audiences

Use the Translation Workbench to translate topic names and descriptions in international Experience Cloud sites.

Manage Topics in Experience Cloud Sites

**USER PERMISSIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>To access Experience Workspaces or Experience Management page:</th>
<th>Manage Experiences OR Create and Set Up Experiences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To create topics:</td>
<td>Create Topics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To merge topics:</td>
<td>Merge Topics AND Delete Topics AND Edit Topics AND Assign Topics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To delete topics:</td>
<td>Delete Topics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To edit topics:</td>
<td>Edit Topics</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EDITIONS**

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

As the number of topics in an Experience Cloud site grows, curate them to improve usability. You can create, merge, rename, enable for content, and delete topics in one convenient location.

1. In Experience Workspaces, access topics by clicking **Content Management > Topics**.

2. Do one of the following.

   - To create a topic (often with a plan to merge existing ones into it), click **New**. To boost SEO, add a name and a topic description. If you want to be able to associate the topic with native content, select **Enable for content**.
   - To combine topics, click **Merge**.
     Merging a topic automatically redirects existing hashtags in posts. If you merge a navigational or featured topic, the topic type, image, and any subtopic relationships are discarded. If you merge a topic with a content topic, the content associations are preserved. If you merge a topic with an inactive endorsee, the endorsement is discarded.
   - To enable up to 10 topics for content at the same time, select the topics and click **Enable for Content**.
     After enabling topics for content, you can associate the topics with your native content.
   - To edit a topic, click **Edit**.
     If you deselect **Enable for content** when editing a topic that is associated with content, saving your changes removes the associations.
   - To see a topic detail page in your site, click the topic name.
   - To delete a topic, click **Delete**.

If you don’t see a topic you’re looking for, you can search for it.
Tip: For sites with a global audience, you can translate names and descriptions of topics.

SEE ALSO:
  - Set Up Navigational Topics
  - Set Up Featured Topics
  - Set Up Content Topics

Automatically Assign Topics to Articles

Transport all your hard work of organizing Salesforce Knowledge in your Experience Cloud site, and boost SEO for your Knowledge articles, by mapping topics to data categories. All articles published with a specific data category are tagged with the topics you specify. Articles added to the data category in the future are also tagged. All articles with assigned topics are included in search results.

To use automatic topic assignments, enable Experience Workspaces in Digital Experience Settings.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Access automatic topic assignments by clicking Content Management > Topics > Automatic Topic Assignment.
3. Enable Automate Topic Assignment.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Essentials, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS

To access Experience Workspaces:
  • Manage Experiences
  OR
  Create and Set Up Experiences
  AND
  Is a member of the site

To set up automatic topic assignments:
  • Edit Topics
  AND
  View Data Categories
4. Select a data category group and a data category.

5. Add the topics that you want to assign to the articles under that data category.
6. Select the option to add the topics to existing articles in the data category. The topics are then assigned to all articles in all data categories under the data category group. If you don't select this option, the topics are added only to new articles added to the data category, and the existing articles remain unchanged.

7. Click Save.

Consider the following as you set up your topic assignment rules.

- Topic assignments are site-specific. If you use the same article in two different sites, set up automatic assignments in both sites.
- If a translation of a topic is available in Salesforce, the translated article is tagged with the corresponding translated topic. If there's no translated topic in the system, localized articles are tagged with the base language topic.
- You can't automatically remove topics from articles. Instead, you must manually remove topics.
- If you merge two topics, you must set up new rules.
- If you automatically add a topic to a data category, the topic is added to all articles in the data categories above it in the hierarchy. Topics aren't automatically added down a hierarchy to child data categories.

Set Up Featured Topics

Featured topics highlight current, popular conversations in your Experience Cloud site. Change them regularly to keep members up-to-date and engaged.

1. In Experience Workspaces, access featured topics by clicking Content Management > Topics > Featured Topics.

2. Enter the first few letters of the topic name in the search box. Select a suggested topic and click Add. Use navigational or member-created topics.

   Tip: Using Connect REST API, you can create unique featured topics that are separate from navigational or member-created ones.

3. Hover over a topic name, and click 📝. Then click Upload thumbnail image, and select an image that represents the featured topic on the site home page.

   Thumbnail images are scaled to 385 x 385 pixels. To prevent distortion, create image files with those dimensions.

   To ensure guest users can see featured topic images in your site, select Let guest users view asset files and CMS content available to the site in Administration > Preferences in Experience Workspaces. This selection also allows guest users to see images associated with recognition badges, site branding, and account branding.

4. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to create several featured topics for your site, up to a maximum of 25. Then click Save.

To edit featured topics, hover over a topic name.

- To move topics up or down, click the arrows at left.
- To delete topics or change their thumbnail images, click 📝.
Set Up Navigational Topics

Structure your Experience Cloud site’s content and help your users find what they need with navigational topics. If your org uses data categories, community managers can link current Salesforce Knowledge articles associated with those categories to each navigational topic. If data categories aren’t enabled, administrators can add articles to each topic using Connect REST API.

1. From Setup, enter Topics for Objects in the Quick Find box, then select Topics for Objects.
   a. In Classic Knowledge, enable topics for all the article types you want to include.
   b. In Lightning Knowledge, enable topics for Knowledge.

   Note: Enabling topics disables public tags on articles. Personal tags aren’t affected.

2. Open Experience Workspaces.

3. In Experience Workspaces, access navigational topics by clicking Content Management > Topics > Navigational Topics.

4. In the text box at right, enter a topic name, and click Add. Want to add subtopics? After you add a topic, choose your topic from the dropdown menu (under Show subtopics of). To add a subtopic, add another topic and click Add. You can add up to two levels of subtopics for each parent topic.

5. If your org uses data categories, hover over the navigational topic name, and click . Select a Data Category Group, then select the categories you want to add to the topic, and click Add Articles & Close Window.

   Important: This process adds only current articles to a topic. To add new articles, return to Experience Workspaces and repeat the previous step.

6. Hover over a topic name, and click . Then click Upload banner image and select an image that appears across the top of the topic page.

   Banner images are scaled to 1400 x 180 pixels. To prevent distortion, create image files with those dimensions.

   To ensure guest users can see navigational topic images in your site, select Let guest users view asset files and CMS content available to the site in Administration > Preferences in Experience Workspaces. This selection also allows guest users to see images associated with recognition badges, site branding, and account branding.

7. Repeat steps 4–6 to create several navigational topics for your site. Then click Save.

8. Use subtopics to further categorize your content. Associate articles for each set of subtopics for a more granular organization.

This table shows the maximum number of navigational topics and subtopics you can create in the UI of a Customer Service site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Maximum Number of Entries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One (parent)</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two (subtopic)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three (subtopic)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
With Connect REST API or Connect in Apex, you can create an additional five levels, each with 10 subtopics, for a total of 2,775 navigational topics.

**Tip:** To edit navigational topics, hover over a topic name.

- To move a topic up or down, click the arrows at left.
- To rename or remove a topic, change its banner image, or remove assigned articles, click 🖋.

SEE ALSO:

See Your Site’s Topics and Subtopics in One Place

## Set Up Content Topics

Content topics organize your original content around common themes for your Experience Cloud site.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
   You can view and edit content topics in Experience Management, but you can’t create content topics or enable topics for content in Experience Management.

2. Access topics by clicking **Content Management > Topics**.

3. Select **All Topics > All Content Topics**.

4. To create a content topic, click **New**.

5. Enter a name and description. Select **Enable for content**.

6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 to create several content topics for your Experience Cloud site, up to a maximum of 5,000.
   Alternatively, use the All Topics list and select up to 10 topics at a time and click **Enable for Content**.

After a topic is enabled for content, you can associate the topic with your native content.

To edit or delete a content topic, click 🖋 in the topic row and select **Edit** or **Delete**.

## See Your Site’s Topics and Subtopics in One Place

You’ve gone through the exhaustive task of adding topics and various levels of subtopics to your Experience Cloud site’s content. Now you want your site members to see all the organized topics in one place, so they can navigate to any subject their hearts desire. Fear not! They can see everything in your site’s topic catalog.

The topic catalog shows the hierarchy of navigational topics you’ve created for the Experience Cloud site. It’s only visible after you set up navigational topics, and it’s accessed from the navigation menu.

How is the topic catalog useful to your site members?

- New and returning users look at all the organized topics in one place, getting a lay of the land before diving deeper into a specific topic.
- Any site user can use the topic catalog as a jumping point to go from topic to topic.

To set up the topic catalog, select **Add the “More Topics…” link** when editing the navigation menu on the home page. The link appears when you have at least one subtopic.
You can also see an article or discussion’s placement in the topic hierarchy using breadcrumbs. To show breadcrumbs on your site’s pages, drag the Breadcrumb component to the page in Experience Builder.

**Example:**

![Breadcrumb Example](image)

**SEE ALSO:**
- [Set Up Navigational Topics](#)
Add Topics to Articles or Remove Them

Easily add multiple topics of any type to specific articles, or quickly remove them as your Experience Cloud site’s needs change.

1. In Experience Workspaces, access topics by clicking Content Management > Topics > Article Management.
2. Use the search bar to look for articles. Filter your search by selecting a data category group, followed by a specific category.
3. Click an article, and then type to assign topics. Choose a suggested topic or type a new one. Type a comma (,) after your new topic to add it to the article. You can click existing topics to remove them.

Note: To automatically add the translated version of a topic to translated articles, the translated topics and articles must already be uploaded in the system. Otherwise, the translated article is tagged with the English topic.

Translate Topics Names and Descriptions for Experience Cloud Sites with International Audiences

Use the Translation Workbench to translate topic names and descriptions in international Experience Cloud sites.

1. From Setup, enter Translate in the Quick Find box, then select Translate.
2. Select the language you’re translating into.
4. For Aspect, select Field Label for the topic name, and Description for the topic description.
5. In the Experience Name column, expand a site to see its primary topic names.
6. To enter language-specific names for topics, double-click in the Topic Name Translation column. For descriptions, double-click in the Topic Description Translation column.

Consider the following when you’re using the Translation Workbench:

- There’s no Metadata API support for translated topic names or descriptions.
- While topic name uniqueness is guaranteed in English, the translator must ensure the uniqueness of topic names in the translated language.
- Modifying topic names from Experience Workspaces or Experience Management only changes the English site. All translated topic name and description changes must be made using the Translation Workbench.
Customize Recommendations in Experience Cloud Sites

Create recommendations to drive engagement for your Experience Cloud site, encouraging users to watch videos, take trainings, and more. Target specific audiences and use channels to specify locations for the recommendations.

**Note:** Recommendation audiences and personalization audiences are different features. For a more updated content targeting experience, we suggest using CMS collections and personalization audiences.

1. In Experience Workspaces, select **Content Management > Recommendations**.
2. Select **Default Channel** or one of the custom channels.
   
   A channel is a way to group recommendations together so you can determine where they show up in the site.

   - **Default Channel**
     
     Recommendations in the default channel appear in predefined locations, such as the Home and Question Detail pages in Customer Service and Partner Central templates.

   - **Custom Channel**
     
     You choose the pages where you want these recommendations to appear. In Experience Builder, add the Recommendations Carousel component to the page where you want the recommendation to appear. Use the property editor to specify the custom channel with the recommendation.

     Using a custom channel, you could surface a recommendation to review specific knowledge articles on a product description page to guide customers to more information.

     If you want to change the channel of a recommendation, delete the recommendation and recreate it in a different channel.

3. Click **New**.
4. Complete the following fields:
   - **Name**—Enter a name for the recommendation. This name doesn’t appear in the site.
   - **Image**—Click **Upload Image** to include an image with your recommendation.
   - **Title**—Optionally, enter header text that appears above the image.
   - **Description**—Enter detailed text that suggests what users can do.
   - **Button text**—Enter a label for the button in the recommendation.
   - **https://**—Enter the URL that the button opens.

   The URL can contain context variables to pass information about the user who clicked the recommendation and the context in which it was clicked. For example, include a `{!userId}` context variable in your URL,

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**Note:** To automatically add the translated version of a topic to translated articles, the translated topics and articles must already be uploaded in the system. Otherwise, the translated article is tagged with the English topic.

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• If a translated topic name is entered when the site is in English mode, the translated name can appear twice in the translated site.

• When topics names are translated with the Translation Workbench, hashtags in the translated sites also change. For example, #help shows as #aiuto in Italian. If the site member then reverts to English from Italian, clicking the #aiuto hashtag gives an error message rather than showing the topic detail page of #help.

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To automatically add the translated version of a topic to translated articles, the translated topics and articles must already be uploaded in the system. Otherwise, the translated article is tagged with the English topic.
https://www.example.com/doSurvey?userId={!userId}. When a user clicks the button in the recommendation, Salesforce sends the ID of that user to your server in the HTTP request.

Recommendations support these context variables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Context Variable</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>{!actionLinkId}</td>
<td>The ID of the recommendation link that the user clicked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!actionLinkGroupId}</td>
<td>The ID of the recommendation link group containing the recommendation that the user clicked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!communityId}</td>
<td>The ID of the site in which the user clicked the recommendation. The value for your internal Salesforce org is the empty key, &quot;000000000000000000&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!orgId}</td>
<td>The ID of the org in which the user clicked the recommendation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{!userId}</td>
<td>The ID of the user that clicked the recommendation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Audience**—Select an audience for the recommendation. If you don’t select an audience, all members of the site see the recommendation.

  Tip: To create an audience that appears in this dropdown list, in Experience Workspaces, select **Content Management > Recommendations > Audiences**. Click **New**.

- **Enabled**—If checked, this recommendation is active and appears in sites.

  The Recommendations Carousel displays your custom recommendations and also displays system-generated topic recommendations for your site.

  After a site member clicks or dismisses a recommendation, it no longer appears for that member.

5. **Click Save.**

So that users don’t see the same recommendations all the time, Salesforce periodically removes and brings back custom recommendations that haven’t been accepted or dismissed.

Tip: To remove a recommendation, click the recommendation name. At the bottom of the recommendation details, click **Delete**.

**Create Audiences for Your Recommendations**

Create audiences of new members or use the API to manage customized lists of audience members for your custom recommendations.

SEE ALSO:

**Update Your Experience Builder Site’s Template**
Create Audiences for Your Recommendations

Create audiences of new members or use the API to manage customized lists of audience members for your custom recommendations.

Note: Recommendation audiences and personalization audiences are different features. For a more updated content targeting experience, we suggest using CMS collections and personalization audiences.

1. In Experience Workspaces, select Content Management > Recommendations > Audiences.
2. Click New.
3. Complete the following fields.
   - Name—Enter a name for the audience.
   - Audience Type
     - Select New Members to create an audience based on how long users have been site members. Enter the number of days since registration for audience members.
     - Select Custom List to create an audience based on any criteria you want.
   Note: You can't manage audience membership for custom lists through the UI. Add and remove members through the API.

4. Click Save.

Audiences you create appear in the Audience drop-down list when you create a recommendation.

Tip: To remove an audience, click the audience name. At the bottom of the audience details, click Delete. If you remove an audience that is associated with a recommendation, the recommendation is disabled and the audience is set to the default (All site members).

SEE ALSO:
   - Connect REST API Developer Guide: Custom Recommendation Audience Resources
   - Apex Reference Guide: Recommendations Class

Gamification

Use gamification tools, like Recognition Badges and Reputation, to keep your members engaged in your site.

Recognition Badges
Acknowledge your members’ accomplishments or celebrate with them using Recognition Badges.

Reputation Overview
Your reputation in the Experience Cloud site directly corresponds to how active you are. The more you post, comment, and share, the higher your reputation level will be.
Recognition Badges

Acknowledge your members’ accomplishments or celebrate with them using Recognition Badges.

Available in: Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

Note: Badges can only be assigned to users and by users who have Chatter enabled.

We provided some default badges but you can create your own. You can also choose who else can create badges and who can give badges in your site.

Recognition Badges Limitations

While Recognition Badges are a great way to keep your members involved in your site, keep a few things in mind when you use them.

Recognition Badges Setup

With just a few steps, you can set up Recognition Badges for your site and restrict who can create and give badges.

Missions

Game mechanics, such as using badges, are a great way to get your users involved in your Experience Cloud site. However, assigning badges manually can be time consuming. Instead, use the Missions feature to assign members badges automatically. Community managers have their say in what action earns a badge and when it can be awarded, and then Missions takes care of the rest. And members can see which badges they haven’t yet earned, inspiring action.

Assign Recognition Badges to Experience Cloud Site Members

Assigning badges to members helps reward them for staying engaged in the Experience Cloud site.

Delete Assigned Badges

Sometimes badges are assigned to a member by mistake. If you gave the badge, you can delete it from the member’s profile page.

Use the API to Give Recognition Badges Sample Code

You can use the API to programmatically give recognition badges to Experience Cloud site members.

SEE ALSO:

Experience Cloud Recognition Badges Implementation Guide

Recognition Badges Limitations

While Recognition Badges are a great way to keep your members involved in your site, keep a few things in mind when you use them.

- Chatter must be enabled for your site.
- It’s currently not possible for users with a Customer Community or Customer Community Login license to assign a private badge. Only internal users or users with the following licenses, and with the Assign Recognition Badges in Experience Builder Sites permission, can assign a private badge:
  - Customer Community Plus
  - Customer Community Plus Login
  - Partner Community

EDITIONS

Available in: Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer editions.
Partner Community Login

- Users with the following licenses can see the badges that they’ve received, but **not** assign badges:
  - Customer Portal User
  - High Volume Customer Portal
  - Internal Portal User
  - Standard Partner
- Badges aren’t translated. The badge name and description are the same regardless of which language the member is using.
- “Review” moderation rules aren’t enforced for badges comments. To help prevent unwanted keywords from appearing in your site, add your list of words to “block” or “replace” rules.
- Past activity, such as comments or likes, isn’t counted when you create a mission.

**Recognition Badges Setup**

With just a few steps, you can set up Recognition Badges for your site and restrict who can create and give badges.

**Enable WDC Thanks**
Recognition Badges are based on the WDC Thanks feature. Enable this feature plus the ability to restrict who can create badges before continuing in your setup.

**Turn On Recognition Badges in Experience Workspaces**
Turn on Recognition Badges via the Gamification Tile to finish setting up and start giving badges.

**Configure Who Can Create Recognition Badges**
Use permission sets, our recommended method, to choose which members can create recognition badges. Restricting who can do so helps control the number of badges in your site and maintains the value of a badge.

**Configure Who Can Assign Recognition Badges**
Use permission sets, our recommended method, to choose which members can assign recognition badges. Restricting who can do so helps control the number of badges in your site and maintains the value of a badge.

**Use Components to Display Assigned Recognition Badges on Member Profiles**
Use the User Profile component or the Recognition Badge component to display assigned Recognition Badges on a member’s profile.

**Create, Edit, and Delete Recognition Badges**
In addition to the four default badges, you can create your own to fit the needs of your site. You can edit both the default badges and your custom badges.

**Manage Who Can Assign a Specific Recognition Badge**
Controlling who can assign a recognition badge helps make sure the right badges are awarded to the right members. For example, you can set it up so that only community managers can assign MVP and VIP badges.

**Display the Full List of Assigned Recognition Badges on a Member’s Profile Page**
Edit the user profile layout to display the full list of assigned recognition badges on a members’ profile page.
Enable WDC Thanks

Recognition Badges are based on the WDC Thanks feature. Enable this feature plus the ability to restrict who can create badges before continuing in your setup.

Note: You don’t need an extra WDC license to set up the Thanks feature.

1. In Classic, from Setup, enter WDC Settings in the Quick Find box.
2. Select WDC Settings.
3. Under Thanks Setting, select Enable and save. The Restrict Custom Badge Creators option is now available.
4. Under Restrict Custom Badge Creators, select Enable, and save.

Turn On Recognition Badges in Experience Workspaces

Turn on Recognition Badges via the Gamification Tile to finish setting up and start giving badges. Before completing this task, enable WDC’s Thanks feature, configure permission sets for who can create and give badges, and add recognition to user profile layouts.

1. In Experience Workspaces, click the Gamification tile.
2. In Settings, turn on Recognition Badges. A Recognition Badges section appears above Settings.
3. To see the available badges and create and manage badges, click Recognition Badges.
Configure Who Can Create Recognition Badges

Use permission sets, our recommended method, to choose which members can create recognition badges. Restricting who can do so helps control the number of badges in your site and maintains the value of a badge.

Say that you create a recognition badge to be given to MVPs. Restricting who can create badges helps eliminate the risk of having multiple MVP badges. Restricting who can give the badge to, say, community managers helps make sure only those members who are truly MVPs receive recognition for it.

1. First, set up the permission set for creating badges. From Setup, enter Permission Sets in the Quick Find box, then select Permission Sets.
2. Click New.
3. Enter your permission set information. Name the permission set “Create Custom Badge Definitions.”
4. Click System Permissions and then click Edit.
5. To add the permissions for creating a badge, select Create custom Badge Definitions permission.
6. Select Manage Assignments and add those users you want to let create badges.

Configure Who Can Assign Recognition Badges

Use permission sets, our recommended method, to choose which members can assign recognition badges. Restricting who can do so helps control the number of badges in your site and maintains the value of a badge.

Note: It’s currently not possible for users with a Customer Community or Customer Community Login license to assign a private badge. Only internal users or users with the following licenses, and with the Assign Recognition Badges in Experience Builder Sites permission, can assign a private badge:

- Customer Community Plus
- Customer Community Plus Login
- Partner Community
- Partner Community Login

Note: Buttons for assigning badges appear in two places on the member’s profile. If after following the steps below, your approved users don’t see the Give button at the top of a member’s profile, under Settings, go to Users. Edit the User Page Layout and add the Give Badge action in the Salesforce Mobile and Lightning Experience Actions section.

1. First, set up the permission set for creating badges. From Setup, enter Permission Sets in the Quick Find box, then select Permission Sets.
2. Click New.
3. Enter your permission set information. Name the permission set “Assign Recognition Badges in Experience Builder Sites.”
4. Click System Permissions and then click Edit.
5. To add the permissions for assigning a badge, select Assign Recognition Badges in Experience Builder Sites permission.
6. Select Manage Assignments and add those users you want to let assign badges.
Use Components to Display Assigned Recognition Badges on Member Profiles

Use the User Profile component or the Recognition Badge component to display assigned Recognition Badges on a member’s profile.

You can either use the User Profile component or the Recognition Badges component to allow assigned badges to display on a member’s profile page.

1. In the User Profile component, select **Show Recognition Badges**.

![](image1)

2. Alternatively, drag the Recognition Badges component onto the profile page.

![](image2)
Create, Edit, and Delete Recognition Badges

In addition to the four default badges, you can create your own to fit the needs of your site. You can edit both the default badges and your custom badges.

1. To create a badge, in Experience Workspaces, click the Gamification tile and go to the Recognition Badges section.
2. Click New.
3. Give your badge a name and a description and upload an image. Click Save. The Public and Active checkboxes are selected by default. When you save, your badge is immediately available to everyone with permissions to give a badge. If you want to limit who can give a badge, deselect Public. If you aren’t ready for it to be live, deselect Active. If you want the badge to be available for a mission, select Mission Badge.

In addition to the four default badges, you can create your own to fit the needs of your site. You can edit both the default badges and your custom badges.

1. To create a badge, in Experience Workspaces, click the Gamification tile and go to the Recognition Badges section.
2. Click New.
3. Give your badge a name and a description and upload an image. Click Save. The Public and Active checkboxes are selected by default. When you save, your badge is immediately available to everyone with permissions to give a badge. If you want to limit who can give a badge, deselect Public. If you aren’t ready for it to be live, deselect Active. If you want the badge to be available for a mission, select Mission Badge.

In addition to the four default badges, you can create your own to fit the needs of your site. You can edit both the default badges and your custom badges.

1. To create a badge, in Experience Workspaces, click the Gamification tile and go to the Recognition Badges section.
2. Click New.
3. Give your badge a name and a description and upload an image. Click Save. The Public and Active checkboxes are selected by default. When you save, your badge is immediately available to everyone with permissions to give a badge. If you want to limit who can give a badge, deselect Public. If you aren’t ready for it to be live, deselect Active. If you want the badge to be available for a mission, select Mission Badge.
4. To edit the fields, go to the badge related list, click the dropdown at the end of the badge’s row, and click **Edit**.

5. To delete a badge, go to the badge related list, click the dropdown at the end of the badge’s row, and click **Delete**.
Manage Who Can Assign a Specific Recognition Badge

Controlling who can assign a recognition badge helps make sure the right badges are awarded to the right members. For example, you can set it up so that only community managers can assign MVP and VIP badges.

By default, recognition badges are available to everyone with permission to assign badges. To be able to select specific givers, make sure to deselect Public when you create or edit the badge.

1. In Experience Workspaces, click the Gamification tile.
2. Click the dropdown and the end of the badge’s row, and click Manage Badge Givers.
3. In the window, search to add the users or public groups you want to have permission to assign badges.

   ![Edit Badge Givers List](image)

   Note: Only those users with the Assign Recognition Badges in Experience Builder Sites permission are available. You can remove members from the list by clicking the X by their name.

4. Click Save.

EDITIONS

Available in: Enterprise, Professional, Unlimited, and Developer editions.

USER PERMISSIONS

To create recognition badges:
- Create Custom Badge Definitions

To manage your recognition badges:
- Create And Set Up Experiences
  AND
  Moderate Chatter
- OR
- Manage Experiences
  AND
  Moderate Chatter

To manage badges created by someone else:
- Modify All Data
  AND
  Moderate Chatter
Display the Full List of Assigned Recognition Badges on a Member’s Profile Page

Edit the user profile layout to display the full list of assigned recognition badges on a members’ profile page.

1. From Setup, go to Users under Customize. Select Page Layouts.
2. Click Edit next to User Profile Layout.
3. Click Related Lists and drag Recognition to the Related Lists section of the page layout.
4. Click Save.
5. Each site’s guest users have a discrete user profile. To find out which user profile layout to update, go to Experience Builder in the site you’re working on.
6. Click Settings and select the link to the guest user profile.
7. Repeat steps 1—4 for that user profile layout.

Missions

Game mechanics, such as using badges, are a great way to get your users involved in your Experience Cloud site. However, assigning badges manually can be time consuming. Instead, use the Missions feature to assign members badges automatically. Community managers have their say in what action earns a badge and when it can be awarded, and then Missions takes care of the rest. And members can see which badges they haven’t yet earned, inspiring action.

Community managers create missions and choose the badge, the action, and the threshold. For example, a mission could assign the Nice Work badge when a member answers 10 questions. Actions you can choose from include writing a post or comment, receiving a like, and more. Members can earn each mission badge once.

Note: Badges can only be assigned to users and by users who have Chatter enabled.

Create a Mission

Create a mission, choosing an action, threshold, and badge, to automatically give badges to your members.

Display Unearned Mission Badges

Inspire members to participate more in your Experience Cloud site by showing them the badges they can earn. You can display the unearned badges in the member’s recognition badges list.
Create a Mission

Create a mission, choosing an action, threshold, and badge, to automatically give badges to your members.

Note:

- To use Missions, set up Recognition Badges.
- Members only receive a mission badge once. If a member received the badge before a mission was set up, they won’t receive it again.
- Missions count activities that occurred before the missions were set up. When you set up missions for the first time, click Reset Activity Count to restart the count for all activities. Be careful about resetting the counts after you have missions established, though, as the reset will erase all of your members’ progress toward earning badges.

1. In Experience Workspaces, click the Gamification tile and go to the Missions section.
2. Click New.
3. Give the mission a name and a description.

![New Mission](image)

4. Select the action that the member performs.
5. Enter the threshold, which sets the total number of actions a member must repeat to earn the badge. The threshold doesn’t repeat and badges are earned once. For example, if you set the threshold to 10, the member will receive the badge after completing the 10th action, but not the 20th.
6. Choose your preferred badge and save your changes.

Tip: To make a badge available for missions, in the Recognition Badges section, create or edit a badge and select Mission Badge.

As a best practice, use the badge’s name and description to explain how the user can earn it.
Display Unearned Mission Badges

Inspire members to participate more in your Experience Cloud site by showing them the badges they can earn. You can display the unearned badges in the member’s recognition badges list.

**User Permissions Needed**

To edit page components: Create and Set Up Experiences AND View Setup and Configuration

---

**Note:**

- To use Missions, set up Recognition Badges.
- Missions count activities that occurred before the missions were set up. You can reset the count when you create your mission, but be aware that this resets all the activity counters.

1. In Experience Builder, open the Badge Received Related List page.
2. Click the User Recognition List component.
3. Select **Show unearned badges**.

---

Assign Recognition Badges to Experience Cloud Site Members

Assigning badges to members helps reward them for staying engaged in the Experience Cloud site.

1. Open the member’s profile page.
2. Click either the **Give Badge** button at the top of the profile or the **Give** button on the Recognition Badges card.
3. Choose which badge you want to assign by clicking **Change badge**.
4. Add a message letting the member know why they’re getting the badge, and click **Give**.
Delete Assigned Badges

Sometimes badges are assigned to a member by mistake. If you gave the badge, you can delete it from the member’s profile page.

1. Open the profile page for the member who got the badge by mistake.
2. To open the Recognition Badge list view, click View All under Recognition.
3. Locate the badge in the list and click the dropdown at the end of the row.
4. Click Delete.
Use the API to Give Recognition Badges Sample Code

You can use the API to programmatically give recognition badges to Experience Cloud site members.

Assign a Recognition Badge and Notify a Member Using Apex

```apex
ID networkID = '0DBB0000000CdBaOAk';
ID badgeDefinitionID = '0W1B0000000ekuJKAQ';
ID giverID = '005B0000003InDeIAK';
ID recipientID = '005B000000483dDIAQ';
String message = 'Welcome to the site';

WorkThanks thanks = new WorkThanks(
    NetworkID=networkID,
    GiverID=giverID,
    Message=message
);
insert thanks;

WorkBadge badge = new WorkBadge(
    DefinitionId=badgeDefinitionID,
    NetworkID=networkID,
    RecipientId=recipientID,
    SourceId=thanks.id
);
insert badge;

// optional: create a Chatter post on the user profile
// showing the badge. The user will be notified through
// the standard Chatter notification mechanisms.
FeedItem feedItem = new FeedItem(
    NetworkScope=networkID,
    ParentId=recipientID,
    RelatedRecordId=thanks.id,
    Body=message,
    Type='RypplePost',
    Visibility='AllUsers'
);
insert feedItem;

// Unfortunately, there is a limitation in the WDC API that
// prevents these 2 lines from working:
// thanks.FeedItemID = :feedItem.id;
// update thanks;
```
Assign a Recognition Badge When a Member Reaches a Number of Reputation Points

To avoid assigning the same badge twice, we've added a custom "hasBadge_c" field on the user object.

```java
trigger NetworkMemberTrigger on NetworkMember (after update) {
    for (NetworkMember nm :Trigger.New) {
        User user = [select ID, hasBadge_c from User where ID = :nm. MemberID];
        If (nm.ReputationPoints >= 40 && !user.hasBadge_c) {
            WorkThanks thanks = new WorkThanks(
                GiverId='005B00000036ukY',
                Message='inserted by trigger',
                NetworkId=nm.NetworkId);
            insert thanks;

            WorkBadge badge = new WorkBadge(
                DefinitionId='0W1B0000000T1QBKA0',
                NetworkId=nm.NetworkId,
                RecipientId=nm.MemberId,
                SourceId=thanks.id);
            insert badge;

            user.hasBadge_c = true;
            update user;
        }
    }
}
```

Automatically Add Reputation Points When Badge Is Assigned to a Member

To avoid hardcoding the number of reputation points that are assigned with the badge, this example assumes that the WorkBadgeDefinition entity has been customized with an additional "ReputationPoints__c" field.

```java
trigger WorkBadgeTrigger on WorkBadge (after insert) {
    for (WorkBadge badge : Trigger.New) {
        if (badge.DefinitionId == '0W1B0000000T1QBKA0') {
            WorkBadgeDefinition badgeDefinition = [select Id,
                ReputationPoints_c from WorkBadgeDefinition where Id = :badge.DefinitionId];
            NetworkMember member = [select Id, ReputationPoints from
                NetworkMember where MemberID = :badge.RecipientId];
            member.ReputationPoints = member.ReputationPoints +
                badgeDefinition.ReputationPoints_c;
            update member;
        }
    }
}
```

Assign Recognition Badge When Member Creates Number of Posts or Comments

The ChatterActivity object contains the following useful fields:

- CommentCount
- CommentRecievedCount
LikeReceivedCount
PostCount

These counters can be used to programmatically assign badges based on various thresholds. For example, members could get a badge whenever they create 100 posts or whenever they received 100 likes.

```java
trigger ChatterActivityTrigger on ChatterActivity (after update) {
    for (ChatterActivity ca : Trigger.New) {
        if (ca.PostCount >= 10) {
            // TODO: assign badge to user if he hasn't received one already
        }
    }
}
```

Reputation Overview

Your reputation in the Experience Cloud site directly corresponds to how active you are. The more you post, comment, and share, the higher your reputation level will be.

Your reputation level appears on your profile page and when any user hovers over your name. It’s visible to other members so that they know how influential you are. When you start out, you are at the lowest level. As you become more active, you gain points and your reputation level increases. Increases in reputation levels are posted to your feed. In other words, as people see you participating and sharing your knowledge, your credibility and influence grows.

These are the default actions that increase your reputation level.

- Posting
- Commenting
- Liking a post or comment
- Sharing a post
- People sharing your posts
- People commenting on your posts
- People liking your posts or comments
- Mentioning someone
- Being mentioned
- Asking a question
- Answering a question
- Receiving an answer
- Marking an answer as best
- People marking your answer as best
- Endorsing someone for knowledge on a topic
- Being endorsed for knowledge on a topic

Your administrator defines the activities that help you gain points. They also set the number of points for each action.

Enable Reputation in Your Experience Cloud Site

Enable reputation so that site members are recognized and rewarded for participating.
Set Up Reputation Levels
Update the default reputation levels to meet your Experience Cloud site’s needs and help motivate your members.

Set Up Reputation Points
Set up a point system to reward users for participating in the Experience Cloud site.

How is my Experience Cloud site reputation calculated?
The reputation level on your profile is calculated based on your total points.

Enable Reputation in Your Experience Cloud Site
Enable reputation so that site members are recognized and rewarded for participating.

A powerful tool for a community manager is the ability to recognize individual members for their participation. Community managers know that recognition and a little friendly competition usually lead to more active members. Enabling reputation turns on a default point system and a set of reputation levels in the Experience Cloud site. A community manager can personalize labels and point values.

Members start to accrue points by performing the actions that have assigned point values. When the member exceeds the top of the level’s point threshold, they move up a level. They, and other members, see their reputation level on their profile and when hovering over their name. Total points also show on member’s profiles.

**Note:** When you enable Reputation, Chatter influence is removed from the Contribution section on the profile page.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Preferences.
3. Select Enable setup and display of reputation levels, then click Save.

After you enable reputation, a default point system and set of reputation levels is available. The default reputation points are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engagement</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Write a post</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Write a comment</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receive a comment</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Like something</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receive a like</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share a post</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Someone shares your post</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mention someone</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If your post contains more than one @mention, you get a point for each @mention.
**Questions and Answers**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Receive a mention</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ask a question</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Answer a question</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receive an answer</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mark an answer as best</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Your answer is marked as best</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Knowledge**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Endorsing someone for knowledge on a topic</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Being endorsed for knowledge on a topic</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If your selected Experience Cloud site doesn’t have Chatter enabled, the Reputation section doesn’t appear. To show the Reputation section, go to **Administration > Preferences** and select **Show all settings in Workspaces**.

SEE ALSO:

- Set Up Reputation Levels
- Set Up Reputation Points
- How is my Experience Cloud site reputation calculated?

**Set Up Reputation Levels**

Update the default reputation levels to meet your Experience Cloud site’s needs and help motivate your members.

When reputation is enabled, 10 default levels are added. You can add or remove levels, give each level a name, and update the point range and image for each level.

**Note:** An Experience Cloud site must have at least three reputation levels and can have up to 50.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click **Administration > Reputation Levels**.

From here you can:

- Upload your own image for each reputation level. To upload a new image, click the default image and browse to an image file.

  **Note:** You can’t revert to the default reputation level images from the Salesforce user interface. Instead, use Connect REST API.

- Give each level a name, such as “Beginner,” “Intermediate,” and “Expert.” If you don’t assign a name, the default is used. For example, “Level 1,” “Level 2,” “Level 3.”

- Edit the point range for a level.
When you update the higher value of a level’s point range, the lower value for the next level is automatically adjusted when you save.

- Add more levels by clicking Add a level, located underneath the list of levels.
- Remove a level by clicking next to the level.

3. Click Save.

You can now update the point system for the site. The point system determines how many points a user gets when they perform certain actions or when others recognize their contributions through comments, likes, and shares. Reputation level increases are posted to member feeds.

You can translate reputation level names so that international members can view their reputation levels in the appropriate language. In Translation Workbench, select the Reputation Level setup component and then expand the node next to your site.

SEE ALSO:
Set Up Reputation Points

Set Up Reputation Points

Set up a point system to reward users for participating in the Experience Cloud site.

When reputation is enabled, there is a default point system setup. When users perform the actions with assigned point values, their total points increase and they start to move towards the next reputation level.

Note: Only active users accrue points. For example, if an active user likes the post of an inactive user, the active user gets 1 point, but the inactive user gets no points.

The table shows the default events and points.

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If your post contains more than one @mention, you get a point for each @mention.

Receive a mention 5

Questions and Answers

EDITIONS
Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience
Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

USER PERMISSIONS
To update reputation points:
- Manage Experiences AND
  Is a member of the Experience Cloud site
<table>
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</table>

**Knowledge**

| Endorsing someone for knowledge on a topic | 5      |
| Being endorsed for knowledge on a topic    | 20     |

Questions and answers in the feed are not to be confused with the Chatter Answers functionality.

 IMDb **Note:** In orgs with reputation enabled before the Winter ’15 release, actions associated with questions and answers are available at the time of the release. Their default point values are set to 0. The release doesn’t affect existing user reputation points, and users don’t accrue points from these actions until you configure point values for them.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click **Administration > Reputation Points**.
3. Update the points for each action. If you don’t want users to accrue points for a certain action, set the Points to 0.
4. Click **Save**.

Point totals show up on profile pages beneath the photo. Point totals are visible to anyone in the Experience Cloud site.

 IMDb **Tip:** You can directly update reputation points for a member via the Salesforce API. You can also use Apex triggers to send custom notifications based on changes to reputation points.

SEE ALSO:
- Set Up Reputation Levels

**How is my Experience Cloud site reputation calculated?**

The reputation level on your profile is calculated based on your total points.

Points are accrued when you perform activities that your community manager has assigned point values. You could also potentially gain points if your posts or comments draw reaction from other members. For example, your community manager may have decided that writing a post earns you 5 points. If someone else shares your post, your community manager may decide that you should earn 10 points because your post is influencing others to contribute.

 IMDb **Note:** Only active users accrue points. For example, if an active user likes the post of an inactive user, the active user gets 1 point, but the inactive user gets no points.

Default point values are as follows. Keep in mind that your community manager may have customized these values. For more information, contact your community manager.

**EDITIONS**

Available in: both Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

765
### Points for Actions

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If your post contains more than one @mention, you get a point for each @mention.

**SEE ALSO:**

[Enable Reputation in Your Experience Cloud Site](#)
Share a Link to Your Experience Cloud Site

You can allow members to preview your Experience Cloud site before making it active.

You can share the link for a preview site only with users who were added as members of the site. Sharing a link to an Experience Cloud site in Preview status allows you to easily gather stakeholder feedback. The site functions just as it will when you make it active, so stakeholders can try out all functionality and review your branding and customizations. Additionally, you can take advantage of having early members who can post, comment, and share records so that members enter an active site from their first login.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Administration > Settings.
3. Copy the URL displayed on the page and share it with your stakeholders.

SEE ALSO:
- Customize Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
- Experience Cloud Site Statuses

Switch Between Your Salesforce Org and Your Experience Cloud Sites

If you use Experience Builder sites and Lightning Experience, use the App Launcher to switch back and forth between your Salesforce org and your Experience Cloud sites associated with it. If you use Tabs + Visualforce sites and Salesforce Classic, use the global header. You can embed a site URL directly into buttons or links. You can also redirect a user to another site or to a specific page within another site.

Switching between your Salesforce org and your sites doesn’t disrupt your workflow. You’re returned to the page you were working on, either in the current browser tab (standard apps) or in a new browser tab (connected apps and communities). If you’re using the App Launcher or the global header, whichever sites you’re a member of are displayed as a dropdown or tile.

App Launcher for Experience Builder Sites and Lightning Experience

The App Launcher is available to some on Experience Builder templates.

In Lightning Experience, the full view of the App Launcher displays a tile for every published site along with your apps. In Experience Builder sites, the App Launcher displays a tile for every published site and app, but the All Items area and AppExchange link aren’t available. Members see only the sites and apps that they’re authorized to see according to their profile or permission sets.

Note: The App Launcher isn’t available in Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites. Members of these sites can use the global header to switch between their Salesforce org and their sites.
Global Header for Tabs + Visualforce Sites and Salesforce Classic

The menu on the left side lets you switch between sites and your Salesforce org.

- The dropdown shows all the active sites associated with your org that you’re a member of.
- If you have the “Create and Set Up Experiences” permission, you also see previews of sites that you’re a member of.
- Internal users who aren’t members of any sites only see the company name.
- External users see the dropdown menu only if they belong to more than one active site.
- External users who are members of only one active site don’t see the dropdown menu in the site.

⚠️ Important: Functionality can be affected if you’re setting up a My Domain that hasn’t finished deployment. For example, if you switch from a site to an internal org, you’re directed to the Salesforce login page instead. After your domain is deployed, selecting your organization in the dropdown directs you to the internal organization as expected.

The Your Name menu on the right side contains links to edit contact information and log out. Internal users can also access Salesforce Help and links to Setup and other tools depending on user permissions and enabled features.

Embedded Site URLs

If you want to allow users to switch between their site and their Salesforce org, you can also embed site URLs into buttons or links.

- Enable the global header to make site URLs visible.
- Copy the URL of the site you want to link to.
- Embed the URL wherever you want it to appear on your site.
- Disable the global header if you want. Users are still able to switch from one site to the next without another login.

You can also direct users to a specific page in a site, such as a checkout cart—rather than a homepage. To redirect your customers to a specific page, add the following parameter to your company URL:

`/servlet/networks/switch?networkId=<your 15 digit salesforce site ID, which can be found at the end of the site URL>&startURL=<subpath URL of specific page you want to direct customers to>`

A few things to keep in mind:

- If you don’t provide a networkId parameter in the servlet url, users are directed out of sites and back into their Salesforce org.
- The startURL is the specific subpath to the page starting with "/s/".

⚠️ Important: The site switcher doesn’t work when a user is logged in as another user. To log in as another user, go to the contact detail page and click Login to site as user and select the site you want to log in to. Switching to another site as another user only works if the specified URL is a root path.

SEE ALSO:

- Enable the App Launcher in Experience Builder Sites
- Enable the Global Header for Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce Sites
- Experience Cloud
Use Reporting in Experience Cloud Sites

Use reporting to see short-term and long-term trends in various areas of your Experience Cloud site. The preconfigured AppExchange package makes reporting a snap for community managers. You can also give the power of reporting to your members.

Track User Engagement with Google Analytics 4
For insights into page visits and user engagement, add Google Analytics 4 to your enhanced LWR site from Experience Builder.

Report on Experience Cloud Sites with AppExchange Packages
The Salesforce Communities Management packages give community managers an essential starter set of dashboards and reports to keep tabs on activity and engagement directly in Experience Workspaces.

Enable Analytics in Your Experience Cloud Site
Enable Analytics for Experience Cloud sites to allow your partner and customer users to view and explore Analytics dashboards.

Web Analytics and Reporting in Experience Cloud Sites
When you invest in creating a site, community, or portal, you want to measure your investment’s performance and gain insights on how you can improve your site’s engagement. Having site web analytics and data with reports and dashboards at your fingertips can help you iterate your site’s direction. Use Salesforce and third-party analytics tools to stay up to date on your site’s engagement numbers. Some reporting capabilities require add-on licenses.

Reports and Dashboards for Site End Users
Creating reports for your site’s end users and giving them the ability to access the reports is a powerful tool. For example, your partners can see reports on leads and opportunities to sell faster. Some reporting capabilities require add-on licenses.

Report and Dashboard Considerations for Sites
If the Reports and Dashboards tabs are exposed in the Experience Cloud site, external users can access reports and dashboards.
Track User Engagement with Google Analytics 4

For insights into page visits and user engagement, add Google Analytics 4 to your enhanced LWR site from Experience Builder.

If you don’t have a Google Analytics account, refer to the GA4 documentation from Google to set one up. You must create a GA4 property with a Web data stream.

Google Analytics 4 allows users to track specific user interactions with page content. These interactions are called events. The out-of-the-box integration tracks certain events, including:

- Page views
- Scrolling
- File downloads
- Outbound clicks, which occur when a visitor selects a link that takes them to a separate domain.

If you want to track other events, you can develop your own using custom events. For more information about events, see [GA4] Enhanced Measurement Events.

1. In Experience Builder, go to Settings and select Integrations.
2. For Google Analytics 4, click Add to Site.
3. Enter your Google Analytics Measurement ID, and save the change.
4. Publish the site. Google Analytics begins tracking user engagement after you publish.

To stop Google Analytics from tracking user engagement, you can remove it from the site. Existing data for the site is still available in your Google Analytics account.

You can also change the Google Analytics Measurement ID. On the Integrations page, click Edit for Google Analytics 4, and enter a different Measurement ID. Then publish the site.

Note: For testing purposes, you can publish the site from a sandbox or Developer Edition org. However, we recommend that you wait until you can deploy your site to production before you make it available to the public.
Report on Experience Cloud Sites with AppExchange Packages

The Salesforce Communities Management packages give community managers an essential starter set of dashboards and reports to keep tabs on activity and engagement directly in Experience Workspaces.

Use the Salesforce Communities Management package to:

- Take advantage of the newest features using preconfigured reports (use the latest package version)
- View the latest metrics and rapidly spot trends
- Determine how fast your Experience Cloud site is growing
- Find out who your most engaged members are
- Discover which discussions people and groups are most excited about
- Identify areas that need attention
- Take immediate action on recent activity with Insights reports
- Understand the health of your community with the Service Community Scorecard

Note: To use the preconfigured Insights reports, your Experience Cloud site must use Chatter.

During installation, dashboard and report folders are automatically installed in your internal org. You also have the option to give your community managers access to the package contents so you don’t have to share the dashboard and report folders with them later. If you have no previous Insights or dashboards mapped in Experience Workspaces, they’re automatically mapped for you during installation.

Search AppExchange for Salesforce Communities Management (for Communities with Chatter) or Salesforce Communities Management (for Communities without Chatter).

Each package has related documentation, attached as a PDF, to help guide you with your installation and customizations.

After the package is installed, you can access your new dashboards and reports alongside all your other Salesforce dashboards and reports. When you view the dashboards in Experience Workspaces, site-specific data is displayed.

Note: The mappings for the Moderation report folders are included in the Salesforce Communities Management for Experience Cloud Sites managed package and you can’t delete them. To remove the mappings, uninstall the package. The uninstall procedure deletes all report folders and dashboards included in the package.

SEE ALSO:

Enable and Map Dashboards
Enable Analytics in Your Experience Cloud Site

Enable Analytics for Experience Cloud sites to allow your partner and customer users to view and explore Analytics dashboards.

Note: Only users with a Customer Community Plus, Partner Community, or Lightning External Apps Plus license can use this feature. This feature is supported in Experience Cloud sites but not in portals.

To share Analytics dashboards in your Experience Cloud site, complete the following steps.

1. Set up Analytics in your Salesforce org, as described in the Set Up the CRM Analytics Platform section.

2. Enable Analytics for Experience Cloud and set up site members. See Enable CRM Analytics for Experience Cloud Sites.

3. In Analytics, create dashboards and save them in an Analytics app. Designate that app for sharing with the community. For more information about working with Analytics, refer to the Analytics Library.

4. Embed your Analytics dashboards using either Experience Builder or Visualforce.

5. From the Analytics app containing your dashboards, give access to site members by selecting Share. In the Share dialog, select Enable sharing with Communities. Invite site partners and customers to share the app.

For more information, see Share CRM Analytics in Experience Cloud.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

Experience Cloud is available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Analytics is available for an extra cost in: Enterprise, Performance, and Unlimited Editions. Also available in: Developer Edition

USER PERMISSIONS

To create, customize, or activate an Experience Cloud site:

- Create and Set Up Experiences
  
  AND is a member of the site they’re trying to update

To modify Analytics settings:

- Analytics Growth permission set license with Manage Analytics permission

To view, explore, and share embedded Analytics dashboards:

- Analytics for Communities permission set license with View Analytics on Experience Cloud Site Pages permission
Web Analytics and Reporting in Experience Cloud Sites

When you invest in creating a site, community, or portal, you want to measure your investment’s performance and gain insights on how you can improve your site’s engagement. Having site web analytics and data with reports and dashboards at your fingertips can help you iterate your site’s direction. Use Salesforce and third-party analytics tools to stay up to date on your site’s engagement numbers. Some reporting capabilities require add-on licenses.

Track Site Activity with Custom Reports
Create custom reports to track usage, moderation, and other activity in your Experience Cloud site.

Enable and Map Dashboards
Use dashboards in Experience Cloud sites to measure their success. You can even map a dashboard to the Experience Workspaces Home page. Map custom dashboards or use the ones provided in our AppExchange package.

Insights for Engagement
Insights are reports that help community managers monitor activity and take action on that activity. Insights make it easier to manage day-to-day moderation tasks, encourage engagement, and drive member adoption. You can set up Insights to monitor new members, unanswered questions, newly created groups, trending topics, and even recent Chatter contributions. The main difference between Engagement Insights and dashboards are that Insights let you take immediate action on recent activity in your Experience Cloud site, and the reports in dashboards let you see trends.
Track Site Activity with Custom Reports

Create custom reports to track usage, moderation, and other activity in your Experience Cloud site. To monitor the health of your Experience Cloud site, create custom report types and then create a report using that custom report type. If you want your community managers to see your report, create or edit a dashboard to include your report and then map the updated dashboard.

**Note:** Only reports that are based on the Networks object show Experience Cloud site-specific information. By using reports based on the Networks object, you can create one custom report and use it across all your sites.

Use the following table to get started with reporting for Experience Cloud sites.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High-level usage</th>
<th>Primary Object &gt; B (Child Object) &gt; C (Child Object, If Applicable)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chatter Usage</td>
<td>Networks &gt; Chatter Messages</td>
<td>Create reports on the private message activity.¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chatter Usage</td>
<td>Networks &gt; Feed Revisions</td>
<td>Create reports on posts and comments that your members have edited.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chatter Usage</td>
<td>Networks &gt; Groups</td>
<td>Create reports on groups.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderation</td>
<td>Networks &gt; Network Audits</td>
<td>Create reports on all moderation activity and history. To report on moderation activity in private Chatter messages, filter the report by Audited Object Type (on the Network Audits object) to equal Chatter Message.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderation</td>
<td>Networks &gt; Network Members &gt; Network Activity Audit — Moderators</td>
<td>Create reports on members who either flagged items or moderated a flagged item.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderation</td>
<td>Networks &gt; Network Members &gt; Network Activity Audit — User</td>
<td>Create reports on the members whose items were flagged, blocked, or replaced.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderation</td>
<td>Networks &gt; Network Members &gt; User Login</td>
<td>Create reports on frozen members.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderation</td>
<td>Networks &gt; Network Moderations &gt; Content Documents</td>
<td>Create reports on content that is currently flagged. These reports allow you to see the actual contents of the flagged item. For example, you can see the contents of a flagged private message to easily determine if the message is spam.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Note: Reports based on the Networks object show Experience Cloud site-specific information.
Create a Report for a Site

Create a custom report to gauge the success and engagement levels on your Experience Cloud site.

1. **Create custom report types based on the Networks object.** Only reports that are based on the Networks object show Experience Cloud site-specific information in Experience Workspaces. You can create reports based on other objects and expose them in Experience Workspaces. Keep in mind that they show data from across your org, not just for the site in which you’re viewing them.

2. **Select Networks as the primary object, and the appropriate child object in your custom report type depending on what type of analysis you want to do.**

3. **Use the custom report type to create a report.**
Be sure not to filter the report by Network ID. Filtering by Network ID ensures that the report dynamically displays data for the Experience Cloud site that you view it from. When you add a Network ID filter, it causes the report to show data only for the site with that Network ID. The report shows this limited data, regardless of which site you view it in.

SEE ALSO:
- Report on Experience Cloud Sites with AppExchange Packages
- Salesforce Help: Create a Custom Report Type

Enable and Map Dashboards

Use dashboards in Experience Cloud sites to measure their success. You can even map a dashboard to the Experience Workspaces Home page. Map custom dashboards or use the ones provided in our AppExchange package.

You can choose to map any dashboard you have access to, but ensure that your community managers have access as well.

All dashboards display as Lightning dashboards, regardless of what types of dashboard you're using or what interface your org is using. For example, a Salesforce Classic dashboard gets displayed as a Lightning dashboard. Not all browsers support this Lightning view, so make sure you're using a supported browser.

Tip: Keep in mind that you can get preconfigured dashboards in the Salesforce Communities Management package available for download on the AppExchange.

If the Salesforce Communities Management package is installed in your org, each of the pages has a default mapping to a dashboard from the package. You can overwrite these values as needed.

To map or update your dashboards:

1. Open Experience Workspaces for your site.
2. Click Dashboards > Settings.
3. For each of the pages, select the dashboard you want to show to community managers. To change the name of the dashboard page, click inside the dashboard label.
   The dashboard you map to Home displays on your Experience Workspaces Home page.
4. Click Save.
   Dashboards are visible to community managers when they expand the Dashboards section or visit the Home page in Experience Workspaces.

Verify the dashboard mappings by clicking Dashboards and then clicking each page name. If you mapped a dashboard to the Home page, check that out too.

Create a Dashboard

While you can show any dashboard in your Experience Cloud site, we recommend creating them based on the custom report types available for sites.

All dashboards show as Lightning dashboards, regardless of the type of dashboard that you use or the interface that your org uses. For example, a Salesforce Classic dashboard is displayed as a Lightning dashboard. Not all browsers support this Lightning view, so make sure to use a supported browser.
1. Create a dashboard with components. Select the report as your source type. Add a component for each report you want to include in your dashboard. Find your report on the Data Sources tab and add it to the component.

2. Share the folder that you save your dashboard in with your community managers.

3. From Experience Workspaces, click **Dashboards > Settings** to map your dashboard.

When a community manager accesses Experience Workspaces, the dashboard appears under Dashboards. If you mapped a dashboard to the Home page, the dashboard appears there.

Dashboards in Experience Workspaces are automatically refreshed every 24 hours. To see the latest data, click **Refresh**. If you access the dashboard after it has been recently refreshed, the dashboard displays the globally cached data from the last refresh. If the dashboard hasn’t been refreshed in 24 hours, it’s refreshed automatically when you access it. All role-based external users in your Experience Cloud site can refresh dashboards set up with “Run as specified user” and “Run as logged-in user” up to 1,000 times daily per org. Scheduled and automatic refreshes don’t count against the limit. There is no refresh limit for internal users.

**Note:** Experience Cloud sites don’t fully support dashboard subscriptions. If you subscribe to dashboards, you receive email notifications with updated dashboard information, but you can’t click through to the dashboard from the email notification.

Remember that you can customize your dashboards at any time. To edit your dashboard, go to the **Dashboards > Settings** page in Experience Workspaces. Click into the **Label** field to edit the page name and select the down arrow to the right of the **Dashboard** field to map to a different dashboard. Click **Edit dashboard** to open the dashboard in your internal Salesforce org. If you’re using a dashboard that was created in Lightning Experience, the edit link doesn’t work.

For a Salesforce Classic dashboard to render optimally in the Lightning view used in Experience Workspaces, make sure that your dashboard meets these requirements.

**Note:** Metrics are supported in the Lightning view, but they display as large tiles. We recommended that you don’t include metrics in your dashboards.

- Includes only up to 20 reports arranged within three columns
- Doesn’t include unsupported charts, such as funnel, scatter, table, multi-metric, pie, and gauge

For a list of dashboard features not supported in the Lightning view, see **Reports and Dashboards: Lightning Experience Limitations**.

### View a Site’s Dashboards

Use dashboards to monitor the health of your Experience Cloud site.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.

2. Click **Dashboards**.

   Pages that have dashboards mapped to them appear in the Dashboards section or on the Home page.

3. Click the dashboard page that you want to view.

   For an immediate refresh of dashboard data, click **Refresh**

   If you access the dashboard after it was recently refreshed, the dashboard shows the globally cached data from the last refresh. If the dashboard hasn’t been refreshed in 24 hours, it’s refreshed automatically when you access it. All role-based external users in your site can refresh dashboards set up with Run as specified user and Run as logged-in user up to 1,000 times daily per org. Scheduled and automatic refreshes don’t count against the limit. There’s no refresh limit for internal users.

   **Note:** Experience Cloud sites don’t fully support dashboard subscriptions. If you subscribe to dashboards, you receive email notifications with updated dashboard information, but you can’t click through to the dashboard from the email notification.

4. To view a related report, click **View Report** on the dashboard.

   Remember that the dashboards are configured to show site-specific data.
Be sure not to filter the report by Network ID. Filtering by Network ID ensures that the report dynamically displays data for the Experience Cloud site that you view it from. When you add a Network ID filter, it causes the report to show data only for the site with that Network ID. The report shows this limited data, regardless of which site you view it in.

**Customize a Site’s Dashboards**

Customize your dashboards to manage and prioritize the metrics that you want to view for your Experience Cloud site.

1. Click **Dashboards > Settings** in Experience Workspaces.
2. To edit the dashboard name, click the Label field and enter your changes.
3. To map to a different dashboard, click the down arrow right of the Dashboard field, and then click the desired dashboard.
4. To edit the dashboard in your internal Salesforce org, click **Edit Dashboard**.
   
   **Note:** If you're using a dashboard that was created in Lightning Experience, the edit link doesn’t work.

**SEE ALSO:**

- *Salesforce Help: Create a Custom Report Type*
- *Share a Report or Dashboard Folder in Salesforce Classic*

**Insights for Engagement**

Insights are reports that help community managers monitor activity and take action on that activity. Insights make it easier to manage day-to-day moderation tasks, encourage engagement, and drive member adoption. You can set up Insights to monitor new members, unanswered questions, newly created groups, trending topics, and even recent Chatter contributions. The main difference between Engagement Insights and dashboards are that Insights let you take immediate action on recent activity in your Experience Cloud site, and the reports in dashboards let you see trends.

**Tip:** Let us do the setup work for you! Keep in mind that you can get preconfigured dashboards in the [Salesforce Communities Management package](https://www.salesforce.com/products/cloud-apps/salesforce-communities-management/) available for download on the AppExchange.

Insight reports provided in the package are 100% customizable. You can change the default page names, report folder mappings (except moderation report folder mappings), and even the report columns and filters at any time. So don’t be afraid to customize or change what you get in the package.

To map Engagement Insights dashboards, in a site’s Workspaces, click **Dashboards > Engagement**

**EDITIONS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Applies to: LWR, Aura, and Visualforce sites |
Example: With an Insights report set up to track new members, community managers can quickly navigate to a new member’s profile to send them a welcome message.

They can also access other reports about members directly from the Insights page using the drop-down menu.

View and Customize Engagement Insights

Use Engagement Insights to monitor recent activity and immediately take action. Engagement Insights help you manage day-to-day moderation tasks and keep up on adoption and engagement in your Experience Cloud site.

Each Engagement Insights page includes multiple reports. You can access these reports using the dropdown menu on the page. On the Engagement Insights page, links are automatically created for report fields such as Created By or Group Name. For posts, comments, and messages, you can even see the contents directly on the page.

Engagement Insights are powerful tools that you can use to perform mass-actions. For example, if a spammer attacks your site, you can select all the offending posts and click Delete Post.

Important: Some Engagement Insights actions require special permissions. If you can’t perform an action, let your admin know.

1. Open Experience Workspaces.
2. Click Dashboards or Moderation.

USER PERMISSIONS

To view Engagement Insights in Experience Workspaces:
- Access Experience Management OR Manage Experiences OR Create and Set Up Experiences
- AND
- Is a member of the Experience Cloud site

To customize Engagement Insights reports:
- Create and Customize Reports
Note: Your admin maps Engagement Insights pages. If the Dashboards or Moderation section doesn’t include any Engagement Insights pages, your admin hasn’t mapped them yet.

Pages with mapped report folders appear when you expand the sections.

3. Click the Engagement Insights page you want to view.
   - To access other Engagement Insights reports, use the dropdown menu.
   - Take action! Only the first two actions are displayed on the page. To see more actions, click next to the displayed actions. You can select up to 100 rows at a time.
   - To filter the report by relative and custom date ranges, use the dropdown date filter. Select one of the following relative date ranges: All Time, This Week, This Month, Last Month, Today, Yesterday, Last 7 Days, and Last 30 Days. You can also enter your own custom date range.
   - To sort the report by a specific column, click the column heading. An arrow on the column indicates whether the report is sorted by ascending or descending order.
   - To edit or customize the report, click to open the report in your internal org. From there you can customize the report to fit your needs, such as adding or removing columns and updating the report filters.
   - To edit the actions assigned to a page, click to open the Edit Engagement Insights Actions page.

Actions that appear on the Engagement Insights report are displayed based on the data returned in the report. For example, if the report returns data about a user, the Freeze Member and Unfreeze Member actions are displayed. If the report stops returning data, actions aren’t removed. However, when you go to update the actions, we let you know that some are no longer appropriate. Each Engagement Insights report can have its own actions. You can edit these actions at any time, but keep in mind that an Engagement Insights report must have at least one action. Actions displayed in the picklist on the Edit Engagement Insights Actions page are all the available and appropriate actions for your report, including custom actions.

Engagement Insights reports are automatically refreshed when you access them. You can also force an update.

Create Custom Actions for Insights

Do more with Insights reports with custom actions. Say a spammer attacks your Experience Cloud site. You can create and use a custom action to remove all the spammer’s posts and comments with just one click. Custom Insights actions work with standard objects and custom objects.

When you click an Insights action in the report, behind the scenes a Visualforce page drives the action. The Visualforce page links to standard or custom objects using standard controllers or standard list controllers.

Here are the high-level steps of how to create a custom Insights action.

1. Create a Visualforce page.
   - There are a few options you can use:
     - Use a standard controller
       Choose this option to create a Visualforce page that contains the same functionality and logic used in standard Salesforce pages. For example, if you use the standard Accounts controller, clicking a Save button in a Visualforce page results in the same behavior as clicking Save on a standard Account edit page.
     - Use a standard list controller
       Choose this option to create a Visualforce page that can display or act on a set of records. Examples of existing Salesforce pages that work with a set of records include: list pages, related lists, and mass action pages.
     - Use a controller extension that uses Apex

USER PERMISSIONS

To create, edit, and set version settings for Visualforce pages:
- Customize Application
To edit custom Visualforce controllers:
- Author Apex
Choose this option if you want to expose new functionality, customize the navigation through an application, use callouts or web services, or if you need finer control for how information is accessed for your page.

All options work with standard objects and custom objects.
For detailed information about these options, see the Visualforce Developer Guide.

2. Add your custom action to the Insights report.

Actions are displayed based on the data returned in the report. Make sure that you have a report that is currently returning the data your action needs.

a. Open Experience Workspaces.

b. Navigate to the Insights report that you want to apply your new custom action to.

c. On the report, click 📊 and then add your custom action from the picklist.

3. Ensure that your users have the correct permissions to complete your custom action.

Depending on how you set up your custom action, after the action is executed, the user either stays on the Insights page or is redirected to a page in your internal org. Unlike our standard Insights actions, users don’t receive the standard success or failure message for custom actions.

**Example:** Here’s an example of a custom action to delete all activity from an Experience Cloud site member. This custom action is great for cleaning up the site after a spam attack.

Create a custom controller extension using an Apex class and use it in your Visualforce page. The following `DeleteAllActivityControllerExtension` class is an example of a custom controller extension.

```java
public with sharing class DeleteAllActivityControllerExtension {

    private List<Id> ids;
    private String retURL;
    private Database.DeleteResult[] deleteResult = null;
    private Map<String, String> resultMap;
    private String success = 'success';
    private String failure = 'failure';

    public DeleteAllActivityControllerExtension(ApexPages.StandardController controller) {
        resultMap = new Map<String, String>();
        /* The IDs you select on the Insights page are stored in a comma separated string of IDs.
        This string is passed in a parameter called "idsList" */
        String idsList = ApexPages.currentPage().getParameters().get('idsList');
        //The return URL to the Insights page is passed in a parameter called "retURL"
        String retURL = ApexPages.currentPage().getParameters().get('retURL');
        ids = idsList.split(',');
    }

    public PageReference deleteAllActivity() {
        deleteFeedPosts();
        deleteFeedComments();
        //Include these two lines of code to be redirected to the Insights page after you click the action.
        PageReference retPage = new PageReference(retURL);
    }
}
```
retPage.setRedirect(true);
Integer failureCount = calculateFailureCount();
Integer successCount = ids.size() - failureCount;
retPage.getParameters().put(success, String.valueOf(successCount));
retPage.getParameters().put(failure, String.valueOf(failureCount));
return retPage;
}

private void deleteFeedPosts() {
    List<FeedItem> feedItems = [Select Id, CreatedById FROM FeedItem WHERE CreatedById IN :ids];
    deleteResult = Database.delete(feedItems, false);
    //Update the resultMap with failures to calculate the failureCount
    if(deleteResult != null) {
        for(Integer i=0;i < deleteResult.size();i++) {
            if (!deleteResult.get(i).isSuccess()) {
                for(Database.Error error : deleteResult.get(i).getErrors()) {
                    resultMap.put(string.valueOf(feedItems.get(i).CreatedById), failure);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

private void deleteFeedComments() {
    List<FeedComment> feedComments = [Select Id, CreatedById FROM FeedComment WHERE CreatedById IN :ids];
    deleteResult = Database.delete(feedComments, false);
    //Update the resultMap with failures to calculate the failureCount
    if(deleteResult != null) {
        for(Integer i=0;i < deleteResult.size();i++) {
            if (!deleteResult.get(i).isSuccess()) {
                for(Database.Error error : deleteResult.get(i).getErrors()) {
                    resultMap.put(string.valueOf(feedComments.get(i).CreatedById), failure);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

private Integer calculateFailureCount() {
    Integer failureCount = 0;
    for (String result : resultMap.values()) {
        if (failure == result) {
            failureCount++;
        }
    }
    return failureCount;
}
This code creates a **Delete All Activity** button in your Insights report. This button deletes all posts and comments for any selected members. If you wanted to delete all private messages and files too, you could expand the code.

**Note:**
- This code example doesn’t include any permission checks. This custom action only works for admins.
- The IDs for the items you selected on the Insights report are passed to the Visualforce page using the `idsList` parameter.

The following Visualforce markup shows how the custom controller extension can be used in a page:

```xml
<apex:page standardController="User" extensions="DeleteAllActivityControllerExtension" action="{!deleteAllActivity}"/>
```

**SEE ALSO:**
- *Salesforce Help: Visualforce Pages as Global Custom Actions*
- *Visualforce Developer Guide: Standard Controllers*
- *Visualforce Developer Guide: Standard List Controllers*
- *Visualforce Developer Guide: Building a Controller Extension*

### Reports and Dashboards for Site End Users

Creating reports for your site’s end users and giving them the ability to access the reports is a powerful tool. For example, your partners can see reports on leads and opportunities to sell faster. Some reporting capabilities require add-on licenses.

**Allow External Users to Create and Edit Reports**
Partner and customer users can create, delete, and edit reports in their own personal folder or, with sufficient permission, in a privately shared folder. Grant partner and customer users permissions to create and edit reports through their profiles or permission sets. After you grant the required permissions, partners and customers can use the drag-and-drop Report Builder tool.

**Allow External Users to Access and Report on Tasks and Events**
Take the following steps to give access to your portal and Experience Cloud site users to report on tasks and events.
Allow External Users to Create and Edit Reports

Partner and customer users can create, delete, and edit reports in their own personal folder or, with sufficient permission, in a privately shared folder. Grant partner and customer users permissions to create and edit reports through their profiles or permission sets. After you grant the required permissions, partners and customers can use the drag-and-drop Report Builder tool.

Important:
- If your org was created before the Summer ’13 release, then before granting external users permissions you must first turn on enhanced sharing for reports and dashboards.
- To create, customize, and delete reports, external users must use the Report Builder tool.

Data visibility is based on two things: the user role the partner or customer belongs to and your organization’s sharing rules. Your organization’s field-level security is respected. So, if a field isn’t visible for external users, a partner or customer user doesn’t see it in Report Builder.

1. To let external users create and edit reports, assign Create and Customize Reports, Report Builder, and Edit My Reports permissions through custom profiles or permission sets. If you want external users to export report data, also assign them Export Reports permission.

In Setup, enter Permission Sets in the Quick Find box, then select Permission Sets or Profiles. Assign the following permissions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>External User Permissions Needed to Create and Edit Reports</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To create, customize, and delete reports in a personal folder: Create and Customize Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To create, customize and delete their own reports in a privately shared folder with Viewer access: Edit My Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To export report data: Export Reports</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

You can give permission to create and edit reports to all role-based external users with licenses. For example, you can give permission to Customer Community Plus and Partner Community. You can also give permission to all legacy role-based portal licenses, such as Customer Portal and Gold Partner.

Note:
- These permissions aren’t available to high-volume user licenses, such as Customer Community, High Volume Customer Portal, Service Cloud Portal, and Authenticated Website.
- External users with legacy portal licenses can create and edit reports in Experience Cloud sites, but not in portals.
- Users with Customer Account Portal, Partner Central, and Customer Service templates can create, edit, and delete reports in Experience Cloud sites. If you don’t see the New Report button, enable reports and add the Report List page to your site. If the button doesn’t appear after you enable Reports, republish your site.
- Objects that don’t have a sharing rule for external users can’t be accessed by external users with the licenses listed. If an object is set to Public Read and no sharing rule is present, it shows an error on the report when accessed by the external user.
- Objects that don’t support standard sharing (using Sharing settings) aren’t visible in reports intended for external users.

2. If you want your external users to create or edit reports in a privately shared folder, grant them Viewer access on the folder.
On the **Reports** tab in the Folders view, click 🔄 next to the folder you want to share, then select **Share**.

**Note:** Partner and customer users can’t create, edit, or view reports in the Unfiled Public Reports folder.

Depending on the objects, fields, and categories that your external users can access, they sometimes see custom report types in the UI when they create a report. If a user has read access on any fields or objects included in the custom report type, custom report types are visible.

Create a Report from Your Site with Report Builder

With the new Report Builder page, external users can create, edit, and delete reports directly from their Experience Cloud site.

### Create a Report from Your Site with Report Builder

With the new Report Builder page, external users can create, edit, and delete reports directly from their Experience Cloud site.

To access Report Builder and the Report run page, enable reports for your sites. You can grant partner and customer users permissions to create and edit reports through their profiles or permission sets.

**User Permissions Needed**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>To create permission sets or enable custom permissions in profiles:</th>
<th>Manage Profiles and Permission Sets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To assign a permission set to a user:</td>
<td>Assign Permission Sets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To let external users create and edit reports, turn on Create and Customize Reports, Report Builder, and Edit My Reports permissions through custom profiles or permission sets. If you want external users to export report data, assign them Export Reports permission.

**External User Permissions Needed to Create and Edit Reports**

To create, customize, and delete reports in a personal folder: Create and Customize Reports

AND
External User Permissions Needed to Create and Edit Reports

| To create, customize and delete their own reports in a privately shared folder with Viewer access: | Report Builder |
| To export report data: | Export Reports |

The Report Builder page and Report Run are available in the following site templates:

- Customer Account Portal
- Partner Central
- Customer Service

External users can create, edit, and delete reports directly in their site from Report Builder.

2. In Report Builder, create and customize your report.

After you enable reports for your community the New Report button, and the option to view reports using the Report run page are available. To view the New Report button, add the Report List page to your community. If the button doesn’t appear after you enable Reports, republish your community.

With all Salesforce reports, to view, edit, or delete a report you must have access to it.

SEE ALSO:

- Share a Report or Dashboard Folder in Salesforce Classic
- Compare Access Levels for Report and Dashboard Folders

Allow External Users to Access and Report on Tasks and Events

Take the following steps to give access to your portal and Experience Cloud site users to report on tasks and events.

1. From Salesforce Setup, access the Object Manager.
2. Access Tasks or Events, depending on which objects you must give access to.
3. Click Fields & Relationships > Public > Set Field-Level Security. Check all the profiles you’d like to have access to this field and click Save.
4. Click Page Layout and add the Public field to your Task or Event object’s page layout.
5. Click Save.

Note:

- These steps allow you to make the Public field visible to external users. However, for tasks and events to show up in reports, the Public field must be checked when the task or event is created. You can set up a flow to automatically check all new and edited tasks and events and being public. To include previously created tasks and events in reports, you must manually select the Public field.

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: LWR, Aura, and Visualforce sites
• However, if you use the Tasks and Events standard report type, all activities are displayed regardless of whether the "Public" box is checked.

Report and Dashboard Considerations for Sites

If the Reports and Dashboards tabs are exposed in the Experience Cloud site, external users can access reports and dashboards.

⚠️ Important: To allow external users to create and edit reports, your org must use the enhanced sharing model.

You can give permission to create and edit reports to Experience Cloud site users with the following licenses:

Experience Cloud site licenses:
• Customer Community Plus
• Customer Community Plus Login
• Partner Community
• Partner Community Login
• Lightning External Apps Plus

Portal licenses:
• Customer Portal Manager
• Customer Portal Manager Custom (for Enterprise Administration users)
• Customer Portal Manager Standard
• Customer Portal Manager User
• Gold Partner
• Ideas Only Portal
• Overage Customer Portal Manager Custom
• Overage Customer Portal Manager Standard
• Partner
• Silver Partner ("Export Reports" permission isn’t available to this license)

>Note:
• These permissions aren’t available to high-volume user licenses, such as Customer Community, High Volume Customer Portal, Service Cloud Portal, and Authenticated Website.
• External users with legacy portal licenses can create and edit reports in Experience Cloud sites, but not in portals.
• Users with Customer Account Portal, Partner Central, and Customer Service templates can create, edit, and delete reports in Experience Cloud sites. If you don’t see the New Report button, enable reports and add the Report List page to your site. If the button doesn’t appear after you enable Reports, republish your site.
• Objects that don’t have a sharing rule for external users can’t be accessed by external users with the licenses listed. If an object is set to Public Read and no sharing rule is present, it shows an error on the report when accessed by the external user.
• Objects that don’t support standard sharing (using Sharing settings) aren’t visible in reports intended for external users.

After you grant permission to your external users, they still can’t:
• Schedule reports or dashboards for email and refresh at a specific date and time

EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Applies to: Aura and Visualforce sites
Note: The refresh button isn’t available in Experience Builder sites accessed through mobile devices.

- Create, edit, or view reports in the Unfiled Public Reports folder

All role-based external users in your Experience Cloud site can refresh dashboards set up with “Run as specified user” and “Run as logged-in user” up to 1,000 times daily per org. Scheduled and automatic refreshes don’t count against the limit. There is no refresh limit for internal users.

All role-based external users can be selected for the “Run as specified user” option.

SEE ALSO:
Create a Report from Your Site with Report Builder

Experience Cloud Considerations

Keep the following considerations in mind when creating sites with Experience Cloud.

How Experience Cloud Uses Lightning
There’s lots of Lightning striking Salesforce these days and it can be tricky to know how it all works together. Here’s the rundown.

Experience Builder Site Limitations
Be aware of the limitations that apply to Experience Builder sites such as Customer Service and Partner Central.

Experience Cloud Sites Usage Allocation
Experience Cloud site usage is governed by daily, monthly, and yearly allocations. Understanding these allocations is important to the success of your sites. Salesforce provides tools to help you monitor site usage so that you can avoid exceeding these allocations, or purchasing overages when needed.

Hide Unneeded Visualforce Pages on Your Experience Cloud Site
To avoid exposing pages that don’t reflect your brand or that allow for alternative ways to log in to your site, be aware of these guidelines when configuring Visualforce pages that are part of your Experience Cloud site. Understand the relationship between Experience Cloud sites and Salesforce Sites, their public Visualforce pages, and steps to take for a proper configuration.

Additional Experience Cloud Site Limitations
Here are a few limitations when using features in Experience Cloud sites.
How Experience Cloud Uses Lightning

There's lots of Lightning striking Salesforce these days and it can be tricky to know how it all works together. Here's the rundown.

What is Salesforce Lightning?

Lightning includes a new experience, framework, and environment. Lightning makes it easier to build responsive applications for any device.

Lightning includes these technologies:

- Lightning Component Framework, which gives you a UI development framework that accelerates development and app performance.
- Lightning App Builder lets you build Lightning pages visually, without code, using standard and custom Lightning components. You can make your Lightning components available in the Lightning App Builder, so admins can build custom user interfaces without code.
- Experience Builder is like the Lightning App Builder, except that it's used to design and build Experience Builder sites using Lightning components. Just like Lightning App Builder, you can use standard or custom components so admins can create Experience Builder pages with point-and-click customization.

Some Salesforce products built with the Lightning framework include Lightning Experience, the Salesforce mobile app, and the various Experience Builder site templates (like Customer Service, Partner Central, and Help Center) and Lightning Bolt Solutions.

What is Lightning Experience?

Lightning Experience is the name of for the desktop user experience, intended for internal Salesforce users only. For more information, see the Lightning Experience section in Salesforce Help.

When people talk about “Lightning sites”, what do they mean?

Lightning in the context of Experience Cloud means the use of Lightning components to build communities, sites, and portals. Build using templates, such as Customer Service, Partner Central, or Lightning Bolt Solutions.

How is the Lightning framework used in Experience Cloud sites?

Experience Cloud sites and Lightning Experience use the same underlying Lightning framework technology—but it isn’t necessary to enable Lightning Experience to use Experience Cloud sites.

Think of it this way: You have a dishwasher and a washing machine in your house. Can you turn one on without the other? Yes. Sure, they have a few things in common: They both need electricity to work, they both live in your house, and have the word “wash” in their names. But they run independently of one another.

Do I first turn on Lightning Experience in my internal org to use Experience Builder sites?

No. It’s not required that you enable Lightning Experience to use Experience Builder sites, such as Customer Service, Partner Central, and Lightning Bolt Solutions. Experience Cloud sites use the same underlying technology as Lightning Experience, but are independent of one another.
If I turn on Lightning Experience in my internal org, can I still use the Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce template for a site?

Yes! Turning on Lightning Experience for your internal users has no impact on what templates you use in our external-facing sites. You can build your site with the Lightning framework or with Visualforce. The UI enabled in your internal Salesforce org makes no difference to what UI technology you use for your external-facing site.

If I build a custom Lightning component for the Lightning App Builder, can I use it in Experience Builder?

Yes! See the Experience Cloud Developer Guide for more information.

Can I enable Lightning Experience for my Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce sites?

No. By definition, a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site uses Visualforce technology under the hood. There’s no button in a Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce site that allows you to switch to Lightning technology. Also, remember that Lightning Experience is a user experience that’s for internal Salesforce users only.

If you want a site with the Lightning look and feel, create one with a template that uses Lightning technology.

If I turn on Lightning Experience in my internal Salesforce org, are there Experience Cloud features that I can’t use?

Switch to Salesforce Classic for the following functionality.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature or Setting</th>
<th>Available with Differences</th>
<th>Not Available</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Global header</td>
<td><img src="https://example.com" alt="Available with Differences" /></td>
<td><img src="https://example.com" alt="Not Available" /></td>
<td>To switch between your org and Experience Cloud sites in Lightning Experience orgs, use the App Launcher.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cloning or creating email templates as a Partner Community or Customer Community Plus user</td>
<td><img src="https://example.com" alt="Available with Differences" /></td>
<td><img src="https://example.com" alt="Not Available" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enabling WDC Thanks to use Mission Badges in Experience Builder sites</td>
<td><img src="https://example.com" alt="Available with Differences" /></td>
<td><img src="https://example.com" alt="Not Available" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Most of the Experience Cloud functionality that isn’t supported in Lightning Experience affects only Salesforce admins. But being limited to admins doesn’t prevent you from enabling Lightning Experience in your org. You can always enable Lightning Experience for most profiles in your Salesforce org, and give the System Admin profile the option to switch to Salesforce Classic.

Experience Builder Site Limitations

Be aware of the limitations that apply to Experience Builder sites such as Customer Service and Partner Central.
General Limitations

- Lookup fields aren’t supported for custom objects or in Experience Builder sites created before Spring ’16.
- When Experience Builder site users save an opportunity, they’re not prompted to add products, even when the **Prompt users to add products to opportunities** setting is enabled. Only users in sites built with Salesforce Tabs + Visualforce are prompted to add products.
- In multilingual sites, the login page for the site appears in the default language. To create login pages in other languages, use custom Visualforce pages.
- Google reCAPTCHA only works when access to Google web traffic is allowed. Causes for these disruptions vary, and can include network outages or government-mandated blocks. If a large percentage of your site is blocked from Google web traffic, consider requiring users to log in to post to the site.
- The Create New option for lookups isn’t supported in Customer Service sites. Also, only authenticated external users (not guest users) can access asset lookup fields.
- For guest users, case validation doesn’t run when cases are submitted through the Contact Support component. Validation runs after the submission is processed in the queue. Salesforce recommends writing custom client-side validation or writing custom Apex before inserting triggers to sanitize the case content.
- Customer users can’t be added to account teams.

Partner Sites

- Partner Central doesn’t support the language selector.
- To protect your sales data, we disable guest user access for the navigation menu in Partner Central by default.
- Partner Central doesn’t provide default self-service customer support features, such as navigational topics, articles, and the search publisher. To extend support to your partners, consider exposing cases in your community and creating a quick action button for creating cases.
- You can’t export sites built on Partner Central as Lightning Bolt solutions. You can export individual pages, but not the entire site.

Browser Limitations

**Note:** Customers accessing your Experience Builder sites from unsupported browsers receive a warning that site features may not work as intended and are directed to use a different or updated browser for the best experience. They can still choose, after the warning, to use the site with their current browser and reduced effectiveness, if they want. For the list of Salesforce supported browsers, see **Supported Browsers for Experience Cloud Sites** on page 9.

- Mobile devices using the BlackBerry or Microsoft Windows operating systems aren’t supported.
- Mobile users who perform the pinch-zoom gesture on Experience Cloud site preview images zoom into the center of the image, and not a specific area of the preview image.
- Internet Explorer versions before 11 aren’t supported. We’ve created a page that automatically lets your users know that they must either upgrade or use a newer browser.

You can also redirect to your own page that informs users that those browsers aren’t supported. Create a file such as `ieRedirect.js`, and include this code in the file.

```javascript
if (window.attachEvent && !window.addEventListener) {
    window.location = '<your redirect page>';
}
```
Then link to the redirect file in the head markup of the site. In Experience Builder, click Advanced, click Edit Head Markup, and add this code.

```html
<script src="path/to/ieRedirect.js"></script>
```

- Only the latest versions of Chrome, Firefox, and Safari (on Mac operating systems) are supported.

### LWR Site Limitations

An LWR site supports up to 500 routes, or unique URLs. For best performance, keep the number of routes below 250. Dynamic content can help keep your number of routes lower. For example, don’t create an individual page with a unique route for each content item. Instead, use record details to represent your content, and then create a single page that shows record details and requires only one route.

### Experience Cloud Sites Usage Allocation

Experience Cloud site usage is governed by daily, monthly, and yearly allocations. Understanding these allocations is important to the success of your sites. Salesforce provides tools to help you monitor site usage so that you can avoid exceeding these allocations, or purchasing overages when needed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Edition</th>
<th>Bandwidth Allocation (per rolling 24-hour period per community)</th>
<th>Service Request Time (per rolling 24-hour period per site)</th>
<th>Maximum Page Views</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Developer Edition</td>
<td>500 MB</td>
<td>10 minutes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enterprise Edition</td>
<td>1 GB for sandbox</td>
<td>30 minutes for sandbox</td>
<td>500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>40 GB for production</td>
<td>60 hours for production</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlimited Edition</td>
<td>1 GB for sandbox</td>
<td>30 minutes for sandbox</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance Edition</td>
<td>40 GB for production</td>
<td>60 hours for production</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Bandwidth

The number of megabytes served and received from both the community’s origin server and the cache server. The origin server refers to the Web server that hosts your community site. The cache server refers to the CDN server that serves your cache community site pages. This allocation is only calculated for non-authenticated community users. “Rolling 24-hour period” refers to the 24 hours immediately preceding the current time.

#### Service Request Time

The total server time in minutes required to generate pages for the community. This allocation is only calculated for non-authenticated community users. “Rolling 24-hour period” refers to the 24 hours immediately preceding the current time.

#### Page View

A request from a non-authenticated community user to load a page associated with your community. Requests from authenticated community users are not counted as page views. Cached page views are also counted.
## Requests that Count as Page Views

Requests for the following are counted as page views.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requests for...</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Your Experience Cloud site domain</td>
<td><a href="http://MyDomainName.my.site.com">http://MyDomainName.my.site.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Your custom Experience Cloud site web address</td>
<td><a href="http://site.mycompany.com">http://site.mycompany.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Any page associated with your Experience Cloud site | http://MyDomainName.my.site.com/mypage  
http://MyDomainName.my.site.com/s/mypage  
http://site.mycompany.com/mypage  
http://site.mycompany.com/s/mypage |
| Custom login pages | |

## Requests that Do Not Count as Page Views

Requests for the following are not counted as page views.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requests for...</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authorization Required error page</td>
<td><a href="http://MyDomainName.my.site.com/unauthorized">http://MyDomainName.my.site.com/unauthorized</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AJAX requests:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
  - JavaScript remoting  
  - Visualforce: `<apex:actionFunction>` |
| Resources loaded on the page, such as `robots.txt` or the favorite icon | http://MyDomainName.my.site.com/robot.txt  
http://site.mycompany.com/favicon |
| Attachments and documents | |
| Error pages, apart from Authorization Required, such as Limit Exceeded and Maintenance | http://MyDomainName.my.site.com/Service/apexrest |
| Tab clicks within a page | |
| Images included in an HTML field | http://MyDomainName.my.site.com/Service/apexrest |
| Custom file field | |
| System pages associated with your Experience Cloud site, such as the login, logout confirmation, and forgot password pages | http://site.mycompany.com/login  
https://site.mycompany.com/s/login |
| API REST calls | http://MyDomainName.my.site.com/Service/apexrest |

## Page View Allocations

793
The following table lists Experience Cloud site page view allocations for each edition. This allocation applies to all the Experience Cloud sites in your org.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Edition</th>
<th>Maximum Number of Communities</th>
<th>Maximum Page Views</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enterprise Edition</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>500,000/month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlimited Edition</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1,000,000/month</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A few things to bear in mind with page view allocation:

- Your org’s page view entitlement is the sum of page views included in the edition plus any additional page views purchased from Salesforce.
- Salesforce calculates page view overages by looking at a 12-month look-back period. If your site page views exceed the org allocation for page views, contact Salesforce to understand how to buy overages. Site members and unauthorized users can still access your Experience Cloud site, even if your org goes over its page view allocation.

Let’s look at Acme Enterprises, which has set up a customer community. Their Enterprise Edition org includes 500,000 page views per month. Acme expects its community to take off, so they purchase another 500,000 page views per month. Their total page view entitlement is 1 million page views per month. So, over the course of a 12-month look back period, Acme’s community can have 12 million page views (that’s 12 x 1 million page view allocation).

The community has a spike in usage for a month, and goes over its 1 million allocation. Is Acme charged an overage? No, because the next month the community has fewer than 1 million page views. It all averages out when the calculation is made at the end of the 12-month look back period. In short, the community has to average 1 million page views per month over the course of a 12-month look back period to remain below its allocation.

**Monitoring Usage**

Accurately monitor your site’s page view usage with the Page Views - Monthly Trend report, found in Community Management Package for Communities from the AppExchange. Install the package that is right for your communities:

- Community Management Package for Communities with Chatter
- Community Management Package for Communities without Chatter

You can also see page view usage in your org’s Company Information section. In Setup, enter Company Information in the Quick Find box and click Company Information.

**Note:** The page view allocation found under Usage-Based Entitlement may not reflect the correct allocation for your Salesforce edition.

**API Usage Allocation in Experience Cloud Sites**

Communities API usage limits listed here are in addition to your Salesforce org’s API limits.
Hide Unneeded Visualforce Pages on Your Experience Cloud Site

To avoid exposing pages that don’t reflect your brand or that allow for alternative ways to log in to your site, be aware of these guidelines when configuring Visualforce pages that are part of your Experience Cloud site. Understand the relationship between Experience Cloud sites and Salesforce Sites, their public Visualforce pages, and steps to take for a proper configuration.

Relationship Between Experience Cloud Sites and Salesforce Sites

When you create an Experience Cloud site, Salesforce creates a Salesforce Site. Salesforce Site technology powers some of the underlying features behind Experience Cloud sites.

For example, some security settings are set at the Salesforce Site level, Salesforce Sites also automatically create and exposes a set of default Visualforce pages. Before you set up an Experience Cloud site, review the settings of the associated Salesforce Site. To get the full picture of what is visible after creating an Experience Cloud site, review the Experience Builder pages and the accompanying Site Visualforce pages.

If you already have a live Experience Cloud site, run a check to see which pages are visible. One of the default Visualforce pages is named SiteLogin. To check if your site exposes this page, append /SiteLogin after your Experience Cloud site domain (without the /s).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If your Experience Cloud site URL looks like this:</th>
<th>Try accessing:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>yourcommunity.example.com/</td>
<td>yourcommunity.example.com/SiteLogin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>yourcommunity.example.com/s</td>
<td>yourcommunity.example.com/SiteLogin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>example.com/yourcommunity</td>
<td>example.com/yourcommunity/SiteLogin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>example.com/yourcommunity/s</td>
<td>example.com/yourcommunity/SiteLogin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you see your branded login page or the expected error page for your community, your site seems to be properly configured. However, if you see a default Visualforce page that you didn’t expect to see, continue reading to see how you can fix it.

Default Visualforce Pages Exposed by Salesforce Sites

When a Salesforce Site is created, a new set of default metadata is added to your org.

- Visualforce pages, such as SiteLogin, SiteRegister, and ForgotPassword
- Aura components, such as forgotPassword, loginForm, and selfRegister
Apex classes, such as `MyProfilePageController`, `SiteLoginController`, and `SiteRegisterController`

Visualforce components, such as `SiteFooter`, `SiteLogin`, and `SiteLogin`

Static resource (`SiteSamples`)

This metadata is intended as examples and templates that you can reuse to expose custom functionality throughout your site.

For example, if you need a fully personalized login experience, you could reuse and customize the sample code provided in the `SiteLogin` Visualforce page or the `loginForm` Aura component.

Some Visualforce pages are publicly accessible by default.

- `BandwidthExceeded`
- `CommunitiesLanding`
- `CommunitiesLogin`
- `CommunitiesSelfReg`
- `CommunitiesSelfRegConfirm`
- `CommunitiesTemplate`
- `Exception`
- `FileNotFoundException`
- `ForgotPassword`
- `ForgotPasswordConfirm`
- `InMaintenance`
- `SiteLogin`
- `SiteRegister`
- `SiteRegisterConfirm`
- `UnderConstruction`

To control what is visible through your site, review those pages and classify them into different categories.

- Keep the pages you need and want to expose publicly. For example, you might want to customize the `InMaintenance` page, which is shown when your Experience Cloud site is offline, to reflect your brand.
- Remove the pages that you don’t need and shouldn’t make publicly accessible. For example, if you don’t need a custom login page on your site, you probably don’t want to leave the default `SiteLogin` Visualforce page exposed publicly.

Update Public Accessibility Settings for Standard Visualforce Pages of Your Experience Cloud Site

Review the public accessibility settings of your standard Visualforce pages that are associated with your Experience Cloud site, and update them as needed.

Update Public Accessibility Settings for Standard Visualforce Pages of Your Experience Cloud Site

Review the public accessibility settings of your standard Visualforce pages that are associated with your Experience Cloud site, and update them as needed.

If you’re performing this review on an Experience Cloud site that is live, assess the impact in a sandbox first before changing anything in production.

1. From Setup, in the Quick Find box, enter `Digital Experiences`, and select `Digital Experiences > All Sites`.
2. Next to the site that you want to access, click `Workspaces > Administration > Pages > Go to Force.com`.
All the pages in the Site Visualforce Pages section are public facing. If your business case calls for all those pages to be public, you can finish your audit here. If not, change the access settings.

3. To edit a page’s public access settings, in the Site Visualforce Pages section, click **Edit**. The Enabled Visualforce Pages column lists all the public-facing pages. Move pages in and out of the column to change their public accessibility, and then save.

If you already use the Experience Builder pages for login and registration, don’t enable public access to `SiteLogin`, `ForgotPassword`, `SiteRegister`, or `CommunitiesSelfReg`. However, if your site uses Visualforce pages for login or registration, make sure those pages are publicly exposed.

Check the Visualforce pages every time you create an Experience Cloud site. Have a process in place to apply changes as you implement new sites.

### Additional Experience Cloud Site Limitations

Here are a few limitations when using features in Experience Cloud sites.

- Channel Programs and Market Development Fund object list views and records don’t display on Salesforce for iOS.
- Partner users can’t create account teams and add members to them.
- Partner users can’t edit or delete members of an account shared with them by an internal user.
- The default account teams option is not available for Experience Cloud sites.
- Partner and portal users don’t receive emails to notify them of upcoming tasks. Reminder notifications are displayed on the bell icon.
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