

Open CTI Developer Guide

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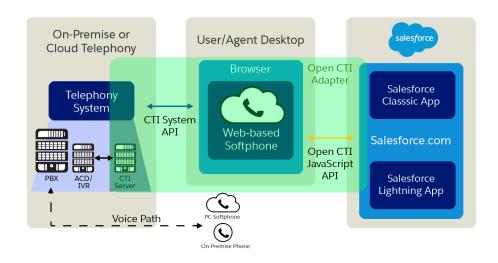
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CHAPTER 1 Get Started with Open CTI

Build and integrate third-party computer-telephony integration (CTI) systems with Salesforce Call Center using a browser-based JavaScript API.

To display CTI functionality in Salesforce, Open CTI uses browsers as clients. With Open CTI, you can make calls from a softphone directly in Salesforce without installing CTI adapters on your machines. After you develop an Open CTI implementation, you can integrate it with Salesforce using Salesforce Call Center.

Here's how Open CTI connects to your telephony system.



EDITIONS

Available in: Salesforce Classic (not available in all orgs) and Lightning Experience

Available in: Essentials, Professional, Enterprise, Performance, Unlimited, and Developer Editions

Note: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. You can't swap the two Open CTI APIs in custom JavaScript code because they behave and function differently. Make sure that you think about where you want to implement your CTI system before you begin developing.

With Open CTI, you can:

- Build CTI systems that integrate with Salesforce without the use of CTI adapters.
- Create customizable softphones (call-control tools) that function as fully integrated parts of Salesforce and the Salesforce console.
- Provide users with CTI systems that are browser and platform agnostic, for example, CTI for Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer[®], Mozilla[®]
 Firefox[®], Apple[®] Safari[®], or Google Chrome[™] on Mac, Linux, or Windows machines.

To implement Open CTI, it helps if you have a basic familiarity with: CTI, JavaScript, Visualforce, web services, software development, the Salesforce console, and the Salesforce Call Center.

Keep in mind that Open CTI is only available for use with JavaScript pages. The examples in this guide are in JavaScript. You can use Open CTI in JavaScript to embed API calls and processes.

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience

The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience.

Method Parity Between Open CTI for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

The methods provided in the two APIs aren't always the same. Some Salesforce Classic methods aren't available in Lightning Experience and some have been renamed.

Open CTI and Other Voice Solutions

Open CTI integrates third-party CTI systems with Salesforce. But do you wonder what came before? Or what the difference is between Open CTI and Sales Dialer?

Customize Open CTI Functionality

Your organization may have complex business processes that are unsupported by Open CTI functionality. Not to worry. When this is the case, the Lightning platform offers advanced administrators and developers several ways to implement custom functionality.

Open CTI Support Policy

No new features or enhancements are being added to Open CTI. To enable your contact center users to take advantage of the latest phone channel innovations, Salesforce recommends that you modernize your experience by moving to Service Cloud Voice. Service Cloud Voice offers many of the Open CTI features that you love and more. Unlike Open CTI, Service Cloud Voice is natively integrated with Omni-Channel and Omni Supervisor, providing a seamless experience for contact center agents and supervisors across all digital channels.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Salesforce Call Center Salesforce Help: Salesforce Console Salesforce Help: Supported Browsers

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience

The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience.

Important: You can't swap the two Open CTI APIs in custom JavaScript code because they behave and function differently. Make sure that you think about where you want to implement your CTI system before you begin developing.

What's the difference between the two Open CTI APIs?

• You connect to the API differently.

```
In Salesforce Classic
    /support/api/61.0/interaction.js
```

- In Lightning Experience
 /support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js
- The input syntax for methods is different.

```
In Salesforce Classic
```

Input example:

sampleMethod(var1,var2...)

In Lightning Experience

```
Input example:
sampleMethod({
  arg1 : value1,
  arg2 : value2,
  ...
})
```

• The two APIs provide similar methods, but a few methods behave differently. The input and output for methods can be different.

Which Open CTI API do I use?

Remember that the APIs can't be swapped. If your users plan to switch between user interfaces, make sure that they understand that the CTI system might behave or function differently depending on what user interface they're working in.

Use Open CTI for Salesforce Classic if...

- You want to make calls using a softphone in Salesforce Classic
- You want to make calls using a softphone in a Salesforce Classic console app

Use Open CTI for Lightning Experience if...

- You want to make calls using a softphone in Lightning Experience
- You want to make calls using a softphone in a Lightning Experience console app

Are there any setup considerations?

To make calls in Lightning Experience, complete the following.

- Create a Lightning app and add the Open CTI Softphone to your utility bar.
- In the call center definition file, the reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode item must be set to Lightning or Classic and Lightning.

Open CTI for Lightning Experience works only in Lightning apps—it doesn't work in Salesforce Classic apps. Even though you can view Salesforce Classic apps in Lightning Experience, those apps are still Classic apps under-the-covers. To check if your app is a Lightning app, use the App Manager in Setup.

If you want your Open CTI implementation to work in Lightning Experience and in a console in Salesforce Classic, develop a unique implementation that uses both Open CTI for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience.

SEE ALSO:

Method Parity Between Open CTI for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

Method Parity Between Open CTI for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

The methods provided in the two APIs aren't always the same. Some Salesforce Classic methods aren't available in Lightning Experience and some have been renamed.

Salesforce Classic Method	Available in Lightning Experience?	Notes About Support in Lightning Experience	Go to Salesforce Classic API	Go to Lightning Experience API
<pre>disableClickToDial()</pre>	*	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
enableClickToDial()	~	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
<pre>getCallCenterSettings()</pre>	~	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
getDirectoryNumbers()	×	Not yet supported.	Link	N/A
getPageInfo()	*	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning method getAppViewInfo.	Link	Link
getSoftphoneLayout()	~	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
isInConsole()	×	Not yet supported.	Link	N/A
isVisible()	*	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning isSoftphonePanelVisible.	Link	Link
notifyInitializationComplete()	*	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
onClickToDial()	~	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
onFocus ()	*	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning method onNavigationChange.	Link	Link
refreshPage()	*	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning method refreshView.	Link	Link
refreshRelatedList()	~	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning method refreshView.	Link	Link

Salesforce Classic Method	Available in Lightning Experience?	Notes About Support in Lightning Experience	Go to Salesforce Classic API	Go to Lightning Experience API
reloadFrame()	*	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning method refreshView.	Link	Link
runApex()	*	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
saveLog()	*	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
screenPop()	*	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
searchAndGetScreenPopUrl()	×	To recreate this functionality, use searchAndScreenPop in Open CTI for Lightning	Link	Link
<pre>searchAndScreenPop()</pre>	*	Uses the same method name in Open CTI for Lightning.	Link	Link
setSoftphoneHeight()	*	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning method setSoftphonePanelHeight.	Link	Link
setSoftphoneWidth()	*	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning method setSoftphonePanelWidth.	Link	Link
<pre>setVisible()</pre>	*	The same functionality is provided in the Open CTI for Lightning method setSoftphonePanelVisibility.	Link	Link

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience

Open CTI and Other Voice Solutions

Open CTI integrates third-party CTI systems with Salesforce. But do you wonder what came before? Or what the difference is between Open CTI and Sales Dialer?

What came before Open CTI?

Desktop CTI, also known as the CTI Toolkit, is the predecessor to Open CTI. Desktop CTI required adapters to be installed on each call center user's machine. With Open CTI, those user-side adapters are a thing of the past.

() Important: Desktop CTI is retired and you must migrate to Open CTI. Work with your partners to create an Open CTI implementation.

What about Sales Dialer?

If you're confused between Sales Dialer and Open CTI, don't be. Sales Dialer provides a way to provision numbers and make calls directly from Salesforce. However, if you already have a telephony system in place, Open CTI is the way to go since it integrates to that existing system.

SEE ALSO:

CTI Toolkit Retirement FAQ Salesforce Help: Guidelines for Making and Receiving Calls

Customize Open CTI Functionality

Your organization may have complex business processes that are unsupported by Open CTI functionality. Not to worry. When this is the case, the Lightning platform offers advanced administrators and developers several ways to implement custom functionality.

Feature	Description
SOAP API	Use standard SOAP API calls when you want to add functionality to a composite application that processes only one type of record at a time and does not require any transactional control (such as setting a Savepoint or rolling back changes).
	For more information, see the SOAP API Developer Guide.
Visualforce	Visualforce consists of a tag-based markup language that gives developers a more powerful way of building applications and customizing the Salesforce user interface. With Visualforce you can:
	Build wizards and other multistep processes.
	Create your own custom flow control through an application.
	• Define navigation patterns and data-specific rules for optimal, efficient application interaction.
	For more information, see the Visualforce Developer's Guide.
Console API	The Salesforce Console Integration Toolkit and the Lightning Console JavaScript APIs let you implement custom functionality for the Salesforce console. For example, you can use the Console API to display Visualforce pages or third-party content as tabs in the Salesforce console.
	For more information, see the Salesforce Console Developer Guide.
Арех	Use Apex if you want to:
	Create Web services.
	Create email services.
	Perform complex validation over multiple objects.
	Create complex business processes that aren't supported by Flow Builder.

Feature	Description
	 Create custom transactional logic (logic that occurs over the entire transaction, not just with a single record or object).
	• Attach custom logic to another operation, such as saving a record, so that it occurs whenever the operation is executed, regardless of whether it originates in the user interface, a Visualforce page, or from SOAP API.
	For more information, see the Apex Developer Guide.

Open CTI Support Policy

No new features or enhancements are being added to Open CTI. To enable your contact center users to take advantage of the latest phone channel innovations, Salesforce recommends that you modernize your experience by moving to Service Cloud Voice. Service Cloud Voice offers many of the Open CTI features that you love and more. Unlike Open CTI, Service Cloud Voice is natively integrated with Omni-Channel and Omni Supervisor, providing a seamless experience for contact center agents and supervisors across all digital channels.

See Get to Know Service Cloud Voice

Backward Compatibility

Salesforce strives to make backward compatibility easy when using Open CTI.

API Support

Salesforce is committed to supporting each Open CTI version for a minimum of three years from the date of its first release.

Backward Compatibility

Salesforce strives to make backward compatibility easy when using Open CTI.

Each new Salesforce release consists of two components:

- A new release of platform software that resides on Salesforce systems
- A new version of the API

Open CTI matches the API version for any given release. For example, if the current version of SOAP API is 61.0, then there's also a version 61.0 of Open CTI.

We maintain support for each Open CTI version across releases of the platform. Open CTI is backward compatible in that an application created to work with a given Open CTI version will continue to work with that same Open CTI version in future platform releases.

Salesforce doesn't guarantee that an application written against one Open CTI version will work with future Open CTI versions: Changes in method signatures and data representations are often required as we continue to enhance Open CTI. However, we strive to keep Open CTI consistent from version to version with minimal changes required to port applications to newer Open CTI versions.

For example, an application written using Open CTI version 37.0, which shipped with the Summer '16 release, will continue to work with Open CTI version 37.0 on the Winter '17 release and on future releases. However, that same application might not work with Open CTI version 38.0 without modifications to the application.

API Support

Salesforce is committed to supporting each Open CTI version for a minimum of three years from the date of its first release.

To improve the quality and performance of Open CTI, versions that are more than three years old might not be supported.

When a Open CTI version is scheduled to be unsupported, a no-longer-available notice will be given at least one year before support for the version ends. Salesforce will directly notify customers using Open CTI versions that will no longer be available.

CHAPTER 2 Call Center Definition Files

A call center definition file specifies a set of fields and values that are used to define a call center in Salesforce for a particular softphone. Salesforce uses call center definition files to support the integration of Salesforce CRM Call Center with multiple CTI system vendors.

A call center in Salesforce CRM Call Center must have a call center definition file that works specifically with a softphone. If you build a custom softphone with Open CTI, you must write a call center definition file to support it. The first instance of a call center for a particular softphone must be defined by importing the adapter's call center definition file into Salesforce. Subsequent call centers can be created by cloning the original call center that was created with the import.

If your organization modifies a softphone or builds a new one, you must customize the softphone's call center definition file so that it includes any additional call center information that is required. For example, if you are building a softphone for a system that supports a backup server, your call center definition file should include fields for the backup server's IP address and port number. Softphones for systems that don't have a backup server, don't need those fields in their associated call center definition files.

Use a text or XML editor to define a call center definition file.

Important: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. The reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode item in your call center definition file identifies the user interface you plan to use—Salesforce Classic, Lightning Experience, or both. If no value is specified, the default is *Classic*. This item is optional, but to make calls in Lightning Experience you must specify *Lightning* or *Classic_and_Lightning*.

Call Center Definition File Format

A call center definition file consists of three XML elements: callCenter, section, and item.

Required Call Center Elements and Attributes

The call center definition file must include the required <item> elements in the <section> element.

Optional Call Center Elements and Attributes

The call center definition file can include optional <item> elements in the <section> element.

Specify Values for <item> Elements

With the exception of the reqInternalName <item>, whose value must always be specified in a call center definition file, you can specify <item> values either in the call center definition file or in Salesforce once the definition file has been imported.

Sample Call Center Definition File

Each call center definition file looks different. This example shows you what a call center definition file looks like for an org using Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Set Up a Call Center Salesforce Help: Creating a Call Center

Call Center Definition File Format

A call center definition file consists of three XML elements: callCenter, section, and item.

This list provides details about the properties and attributes of each element:

• callCenter

This element represents a definition for a single call center phone system. At least one <callCenter> element must be included in every call center definition file. A <callCenter> element consists of one or more <section> elements.

section

This element represents a grouping of related data fields, such as server information or dialing prefixes. When a call center is edited in Salesforce, fields are organized by the section to which they are assigned. A section> element belongs to a single <callCenter> element, and consists of one or more <item> elements.

Attributes:

Name	Туре	Required?	Description
sortOrder	Positive Integer	Required	The order in which the section appears when the call center is edited in Salesforce. For example, a section with sortOrder="1" comes just before a section with sortOrder="2".
			The values for sortOrder must be non-negative integers, and no numbers can be skipped within a single call center definition. For example, if there are three section elements in a call center definition file, one <section> element must have sortOrder="0", one <section> element must have sortOrder="1", and one <section> element must have sortOrder="2".</section></section></section>
name	String	Required	The internal name of the section as defined in the Salesforce database. You can use this value to refer to the section when writing custom adapter or SoftPhone code.
			Names must be composed of only alphanumeric characters with no white space or other punctuation. They are limited to 40 characters each.
			Names beginning with req are reserved for required Salesforce sections only (see Required Call Center Elements and Attributes). Other reserved words that cannot be used for the name attribute include label, sortOrder, internalNameLabel, and displayNameLabel.
label	String	Optional	The name of the section when viewed in Salesforce. Labels can be composed of any string of UTF-8 characters. They are limited to 1000 characters each.

• item

This element represents a single field in a call center definition, such as the IP address of a primary server or the dialing prefix for international calls. When call centers are edited in Salesforce, each <item> element is listed under the section to which it belongs. You can have multiple <item> elements in a <section> element.

Attributes:

Name	Туре	Required?	Description
sortOrder	Positive Integer	Required	The order in which the item appears when the call center is edited in Salesforce. For example, an item with sortOrder="1" comes just before an item with sortOrder="2".
			The values for sortOrder must be non-negative integers, and no numbers can be skipped within a single call center definition. For example, if there are three item elements in a call center definition file, one <item> element must have sortOrder="0", one <item> element must have sortOrder="1", and one <item> element must have sortOrder="2".</item></item></item>
name	String	Required	The internal name of the item as defined in the Salesforce database. You can use this value to refer to the item when writing a custom adapter or SoftPhone code.
			Names must be composed of only alphanumeric characters with no white space or other punctuation. They are limited to 40 characters each.
			Names beginning with req are reserved for required Salesforce sections only (see Required Call Center Elements and Attributes). Other reserved words that cannot be used for the name attribute include label, sortOrder, internalNameLabel, and displayNameLabel.
label	String	Optional	The name of the item when viewed in Salesforce. Labels can be composed of any string of UTF-8 characters. They are limited to 1,000 characters each.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Call Center Definition Files Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience

Required Call Center Elements and Attributes

The call center definition file must include the required <item> elements in the <section> element.

Important: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. The reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode item in your call center definition file identifies the user interface you plan to use—Salesforce Classic, Lightning Experience, or both. If no value is specified, the default is Classic. This item is optional, but to make calls in Lightning Experience you must specify Lightning or Classic_and_Lightning.

<item> Name</item>	Description	Supported in Salesforce Classic	Supported in Lightning Experience
reqAdapterUrl	Represents the location of where the CTI adapter or softphone is hosted. For example:	~	~
	http://localhost:11000		
	Relative URLs are allowed for Visualforce pages. For example:		
	: /apex/softphone		
	If you add Canvas applications to Open CTI, those apps can trump reqAdapterUrl when specified.		
	Note: To implement in a Lightning Experience org, use <i>https</i> in your URL.		
reqCanvasApiName	Represents the API name associated with any Canvas applications added to your call center. Required if you add canvas apps to Open CTI.	V	X Not supported
reqCanvasNamespace	Represents the namespace associated with any Canvas applications added to your call center. Required if you add canvas apps to Open CTI.	*	X Not supported
reqDisplayName	Represents the name of the call center as displayed in Salesforce. It must have a sortOrder value of 1. A value for reqDisplayName has a maximum length of 1,000 UTF-8 characters.	*	~
reqInternalName	Represents the unique identifier for the call center in the database. It must have a sortOrder value of 0, and its value must be specified in the call center definition. A value for reqInternalName must be composed of no more than 40 alphanumeric characters with no white space or other punctuation. It must start with an alphabetic character and must be unique from the reqInternalName of all other call centers defined in your organization.	*	~
reqSoftphoneHeight	Represents the height of the softphone in pixels as displayed in Salesforce.	*	~
	Note: If you're using Open CTI for Lightning Experience, enter a number from 240 through 2,560. Value is in pixels (<i>px</i>).		
reqSoftphoneWidth	Represents the width of the softphone in pixels as displayed in Salesforce.	*	~
	Note: If you're using Open CTI for Lightning Experience, enter a number from 200 through 1,920. Value is in pixels (<i>px</i>).		

<item> Name</item>	Description	Supported in Salesforce Classic	Supported in Lightning Experience
reqUseApi	Represents that the call center is using Open CTI (true) or not (false).	~	~

If needed, you can add more <item> elements to this section.

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience

Optional Call Center Elements and Attributes

The call center definition file can include optional <item> elements in the <section> element.

In addition to the required elements, you can add optional elements to configure a softphone.

Important: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. The reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode item in your call center definition file identifies the user interface you plan to use—Salesforce Classic, Lightning Experience, or both. If no value is specified, the default is Classic. This item is optional, but to make calls in Lightning Experience you must specify Lightning or Classic_and_Lightning.

<item> Name</item>	Description	Supported in Salesforce Classic	Supported in Lightning Experience
reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode	Determines where the softphone is visible. If no value is specified, the default is Classic.	~	~
	🕑 Note:		
	 To display the softphone in Lightning Experience, specify Lightning. 		
	• To display the softphone in Salesforce Classic, specify <i>Classic</i> .		
	 To display the softphone in both user interfaces, specify Classic_and_Lightning. 		
reqStandbyUrl	Represents the location that hosts the secondary softphone. The standby softphone is used after the timeout period for the primary softphone has elapsed and the notifyInitializationComplete()	~	~
	for Salesforce Classic method hasn't been called within the required timeout period. When you		

<item> Name</item>	Description	Supported in Salesforce Classic	Supported in Lightning Experience
	specify a standby URL, you must also specify the reqTimeout field.		
reqTimeout	Represents the time in milliseconds after which the standby URL is used to host the softphone. Before the timeout period has elapsed, the softphone displays a loading icon indicating that the softphone is initializing. When you specify a required timeout, you must also specify the reqStandbyUrl field.	~	~

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience

Specify Values for <item> Elements

With the exception of the reqInternalName <item>, whose value must always be specified in a call center definition file, you can specify <item> values either in the call center definition file or in Salesforce once the definition file has been imported.

To specify a value for an <item> element in a call center definition file, place the value between the opening and closing tags of the <item>. For example:

```
<item sortOrder="0" name="reqInternalName" label="Call Center Internal
Label">MyCallCenter</item>
```

sets the value of the reqInternalName <item> to MyCallCenter. Note that any <item> value other than the value for reqInternalName can be edited in Salesforce after the call center definition is imported.

Sample Call Center Definition File

Each call center definition file looks different. This example shows you what a call center definition file looks like for an org using Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience.

Important: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. The reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode item in your call center definition file identifies the user interface you plan to use—Salesforce Classic, Lightning Experience, or both. If no value is specified, the default is Classic. This item is optional, but to make calls in Lightning Experience you must specify Lightning or Classic_and_Lightning.

Sample XML for an Org Using Salesforce Classic

<!--

All sections and items whose name value begins with "req" are required in a valid call center definition file. The sortOrder

```
and label attributes can be changed for all required sections
     and items except regGeneralInfo, regInternalName, and
    reqDisplayName, in which only the label attribute can be altered.
    Note that the value for the reqInternalName item is limited to
    40 alphanumeric characters and must start with an alphabetic
    character. reqInternalName must be unique for all call centers
    that you define.
-->
<callCenter>
   <section sortOrder="0" name="reqGeneralInfo" label="General Information">
   <item sortOrder="0" name="reqInternalName" label="InternalName">DemoAdapter</item>
    <item sortOrder="1" name="reqDisplayName" label="Display Name">Demo Call Center
Adapter</item>
   <item sortOrder="2" name="reqAdapterUrl" label="CTI Adapter</pre>
URL">https://domain:port/softphone</item>
   <item sortOrder="3" name="reqUseApi" label="Use CTI API">true</item>
   <item sortOrder="4" name="reqSoftphoneHeight" label="Softphone Height">300</item>
   <item sortOrder="5" name="reqSoftphoneWidth" label="Softphone Width">500</item>
   <item sortOrder="6" name="reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode" label=" Salesforce</pre>
Compatibility Mode">Classic</item>
  </section>
  <section sortOrder="1" name="reqDialingOptions" label="Dialing Options">
   <item sortOrder="0" name="reqOutsidePrefix" label="Outside Prefix">9</item>
   <item sortOrder="1" name="reqLongDistPrefix" label="Long Distance Prefix">1</item>
   <item sortOrder="2" name="reqInternationalPrefix" label="International Prefix">01</item>
   </section>
</callCenter>
```

Sample XML for an Org Using Lightning Experience

```
<callCenter>
  <section sortOrder="0" name="reqGeneralInfo" label="General Information">
   <item sortOrder="0" name="regInternalName" label="InternalName">OpenCTI</item>
   <item sortOrder="1" name="reqDisplayName" label="Display Name">OpenCTI</item>
   <item sortOrder="2" name="reqAdapterUrl" label="CTI Adapter</pre>
URL">https://domain:port/softphone</item>
   <item sortOrder="3" name="reqUseApi" label="Use CTI API">true</item>
   <item sortOrder="4" name="reqSoftphoneHeight" label="Softphone Height">300</item>
   <item sortOrder="5" name="reqSoftphoneWidth" label="Softphone Width">500</item>
   <item sortOrder="6" name="reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode" label="Salesforce Compatibility</pre>
Mode">Lightning</item>
  </section>
  <section sortOrder="1" name="reqDialingOptions" label="Dialing Options">
   <item sortOrder="0" name="reqOutsidePrefix" label="Outside Prefix">9</item>
   <item sortOrder="1" name="reqLongDistPrefix" label="Long Distance Prefix">1</item>
   <item sortOrder="2" name="reqInternationalPrefix" label="International Prefix">01</item>
```

</section> </callCenter>

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience

CHAPTER 3 Working with Open CTI

You can use Open CTI to increase agent efficiency, configure your softphone, and complete many more tasks.

With Open CTI, you can:

- Set the height or width of a softphone
- Enable or disable click-to-dial
- Return a call center definition file's settings
- Determine if a user is in the Salesforce console
- Show or hide a softphone in the Salesforce console
- Return information about a page
- Execute an Apex method from an Apex class that's exposed in Salesforce
- Save or update an object in Salesforce
- Search keywords in Salesforce and screen pop any matching records as defined in a softphone layout

Before developing an Open CTI implementation, learn how to connect to Open CTI and review the best practices.

Connect to Open CTI

The first portion of any JavaScript code that uses the Open CTI must make the toolkit available to the JavaScript code. The syntax for this is different depending on whether you are embedding JavaScript in a Visualforce page or a page developed using any web technologies and served from a third-party domain.

Open CTI Demo Adapter

We've put together a demo adapter package that lets you test drive Open CTI for Lightning Experience. The package provides a demo softphone that highlights and demonstrates the main features of Open CTI for Lightning Experience without even connecting to a phone system.

Open CTI and Security

We recommend that all Open CTI implementations use HTTPS in the reqAdapterUrl element in their call center definition file. Using HTTPS ensures that traffic between your telephony server and Salesforce is encrypted.

Asynchronous Calls with Open CTI

Open CTI lets you issue asynchronous calls. Asynchronous calls allow the client-side process to continue instead of waiting for a callback from the server.

Sample HTML Page Using Open CTI

Each implementation of Open CTI can look different. This example shows you how to add CTI functionality to the Salesforce user interface using an HTML page.

Sample Code for Using Lightning Message Service with Open CTI

You can use the Lightning Message Service API to communicate with an Open CTI softphone. This example displays three buttons that subscribe, publish, and remove a message channel servicedev1 SampleMC c.

Work with Canvas

To integrate Open CTI with external applications that require authentication methods, such as signed requests or OAuth 2.0 protocols, Salesforce recommends that you use Canvas.

Work with the Console APIs for Open CTI

There are console-specific methods that you can use to interact with Open CTI. Use the Salesforce Console Integration Toolkit JavaScript APIs to interact with Salesforce Classic console apps.

Best Practices

When working with Open CTI, keep the following best practices in mind.

Connect to Open CTI

The first portion of any JavaScript code that uses the Open CTI must make the toolkit available to the JavaScript code. The syntax for this is different depending on whether you are embedding JavaScript in a Visualforce page or a page developed using any web technologies and served from a third-party domain.



Tip: The version of Open CTI is in the URL.

For Visualforce Pages

For Visualforce pages or any source other than a custom onclick JavaScript button, specify a <script> tag that points to the Open CTI JavaScript library file.

In Salesforce Classic:

In Lightning Experience:

For Visualforce, we recommend using a relative path to include interaction.js or opencti_min.js.

For a Third-Party Domain

For third-party domains, specify an absolute URL to interaction.js or opencti_min.js to use the toolkit.

In Salesforce Classic:

```
<script
src="https://MyDomainName--PackageName.vf.force.com/support/api/61.0/interaction.js"
type="text/javascript"></script>
```

In Lightning Experience:

<script

```
src="https://MyDomainName--PackageName.vf.force.com/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"
type="text/javascript"></script>
```

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience *Salesforce Help*: My Domain URL Formats

Open CTI Demo Adapter

We've put together a demo adapter package that lets you test drive Open CTI for Lightning Experience. The package provides a demo softphone that highlights and demonstrates the main features of Open CTI for Lightning Experience without even connecting to a phone system.

To learn more about the demo adapter, go to Lightning Open CTI. You can also check out the demo adapter code on GitHub.

Open CTI and Security

We recommend that all Open CTI implementations use HTTPS in the reqAdapterUrl element in their call center definition file. Using HTTPS ensures that traffic between your telephony server and Salesforce is encrypted.

By using HTTPS, Open CTI inherits all the benefits of browser and cloud-based security because it points directly to the softphone provider using a secure connection. When users access the softphone on any Salesforce page, it's displayed in an iFrame and all messages from the softphone to Salesforce are sent via Window.postMessage() methods. For each message sent, the target is restricted to Salesforce. For each message received, Salesforce verifies its format and the sender origin.

Tip: For Salesforce Classic console apps, if your CTI phone is running on a server with a non-standard port, make sure to include the port number in your domain. For example, if your server is called *myserver* and your port number is *8500*, include *myserver*: *8500* as an allowed URL in your Salesforce console. This setting doesn't apply for Lightning console apps.

SEE ALSO:

Required Call Center Elements and Attributes *Mozilla Developer Network*: Window.postMessage() method *Salesforce Help*: Whitelist Domains for a Salesforce Console in Salesforce Classic

Asynchronous Calls with Open CTI

Open CTI lets you issue asynchronous calls. Asynchronous calls allow the client-side process to continue instead of waiting for a callback from the server.

To issue an asynchronous call, you must include an extra parameter with the API call, referred to as a callback function. Once the result is ready, the server invokes the callback method with the result.

Asynchronous syntax:

In Salesforce Classic:

```
method('arg1', 'arg2', ..., callback method);
```

In Lightning Experience:

```
method({callback : function})
```

S Example:

In Salesforce Classic:

```
//Set softphone height
sforce.interaction.cti.setSoftphoneHeight(300, callback);
```

In Lightning Experience:

```
//Disable clickToDial
sforce.opencti.disableClickToDial({callback: callback});
```

Note: The call result depends on the execution context. For example, calling setSoftphoneWidth() in the standard Salesforce application has no effect, but calling setSoftphoneWidth() in the Salesforce console resizes the width of the softphone.

Sample HTML Page Using Open CTI

Each implementation of Open CTI can look different. This example shows you how to add CTI functionality to the Salesforce user interface using an HTML page.

This example assumes that you've already imported a call center definition file into your Salesforce org. The sample HTML page can be stored on Salesforce as a Visualforce page or on a third-party domain.

- 1. Create an HTML page.
- 2. Cut and paste the following sample code into your HTML page.

This code demonstrates various functions of Open CTI.

Note: Keep in mind that to make calls in Lightning Experience, you must first create a Lightning app and add the Open CTI Softphone utility.

Sample Code for Salesforce Classic

```
alert('Softphone is not in Salesforce console.');
                  }
              };
              // Invokes API method: isInConsole
              function isInConsole() {
                       sforce.interaction.isInConsole(isInConsoleCallback);
              }
              // Callback of API method: getCallCenterSettings
              var getCallCenterSettingsCallback = function (response) {
                     // Result returns call center settings as a JSON string.
                     if (response.result) {
                            alert(response.result);
                     }
                     else {
                            alert('Error retrieving call center settings ' +
response.error);
                     }
              };
              // Invokes API method: getCallCenterSettings
              function getCallCenterSettings() {
sforce.interaction.cti.getCallCenterSettings(getCallCenterSettingsCallback);
              }
              // Callback of API method: setSoftphoneHeight
              var setSoftphoneHeightCallback = function (response) {
                     // Returns true if SoftPhone height was set successfully, false
otherwise.
                      if (response.result) {
                         alert('Setting softphone height to 300px was successful.');
                      }
                      else {
                         alert('Setting softphone height failed.');
                     }
               };
               // Invokes setSoftphoneHeight API method.
               function setSoftphoneHeight() {
                       sforce.interaction.cti.setSoftphoneHeight(300,
setSoftphoneHeightCallback);
               }
               // Callback of API method: getPageInfo
               var getPageInfoCallback = function (response) {
                      if (response.result) {
                             alert(response.result);
                      }
                      else {
                             alert('Error occured while trying to get page info: ' +
response.error);
                      }
               }
               // Invokes API method getPageInfo
               function getPageInfo() {
                       sforce.interaction.getPageInfo(getPageInfoCallback);
               }
```

```
</script>
</head>
<body>
        <button onclick="isInConsole();">isInConsole</button><br/>
        <button onclick="getCallCenterSettings();">getCallCenterSettings</button><br/>
        <button onclick="getCallCenterSettings();">getCallCenterSettings</button><br/>
        <button onclick="setSoftphoneHeight();">setSoftphoneHeight(300)</button><br/>
        <button onclick="getPageInfo();">getPageInfo</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Sample Code for Lightning Experience

```
<apex:page >
    <!-- Begin Default Content -->
    <h1>Congratulations!</h1>
    This is your sample page.
    <!-- End Default Content -->
<html>
<head>
       <!-- Imports Open CTI JavaScript library. Point to a valid Salesforce domain.
-->
       <script
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
       <script type="text/javascript">
               // Callback of API method: setSoftphonePanelHeight
               var setSoftphonePanelHeightCallback = function(response) {
                           // Returns true if setSoftphonePanelHeight method is executed successfully,
  false otherwise
                              if (response.result) {
                                      alert('setSoftphonePanelHeight is successfully executed.');
                               }
                               else {
                                       alert('setSoftphonePanelHeight failed.);
                               }
               };
               // Invokes API method: setSoftphonePanelHeight
               function setSoftphonePanelHeight() {
                       sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelHeight({
                              heightPX: 500,
                               callback: setSoftphonePanelHeightCallback
                       });
               }
               // Callback of API method: setSoftphonePanelWidth
               var setSoftphonePanelWidthCallback = function(response) {
                           // Returns true if setSoftphonePanelWidth method is executed successfully,
  false otherwise
                               if (response.result) {
                                      alert('setSoftphonePanelWidth is successfully executed.');
                               }
                               else {
                                       alert('setSoftphonePanelWidth failed.');
                               }
               };
               // Invokes API method: setSoftphonePanelWidth
```

```
function setSoftphonePanelWidth() {
         sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelWidth({
            widthPX: 500,
            callback: setSoftphonePanelHeightCallback
         });
      }
      // Callback of API method: setSoftphoneItemIcon
      var setSoftphoneItemIconCallback = function(response) {
            // Returns true if setSoftphoneItemIcon method is executed successfully,
 false otherwise
            if (response.result) {
               alert('setSoftphoneItemIcon is successfully executed.');
            }
            else {
               alert('setSoftphoneItemIcon failed.');
            }
      };
      // Invokes API method: setSoftphoneItemIcon
      function setSoftphoneItemIcon() {
         sforce.opencti.setSoftphoneItemIcon({
            key: 'call',
            callback: setSoftphoneItemIconCallback
         });
      }
      // Callback of API method: setSoftphoneItemLabel
      var setSoftphoneItemLabelCallback = function(response) {
           // Returns true if setSoftphoneItemLabel method is executed successfully,
 false otherwise
            if (response.result) {
               alert('setSoftphoneItemLabel is successfully executed.');
            }
            else {
               alert('setSoftphoneItemLabel failed.');
            }
      };
      // Invokes API method: setSoftphoneItemLabel
      function setSoftphoneItemLabel() {
         sforce.opencti.setSoftphoneItemLabel({
            Label: 'MySoftphone',
            callback: setSoftphoneItemLabelCallback
         });
      }
   </script>
</head>
<body>
   <button
onclick="setSoftphonePanelHeight();">setSoftphonePanelHeight({heightPX:500})</button><br/>br/>
   <button
onclick="setSoftphonePanelWidth();">setSoftphonePanelWidth({widthPX:500})</button><br/>
   <button
onclick="setSoftphoneItemIcon();">setSoftphoneItemIcon({key:'call'})</button><br/>>
   <button
```

```
onclick="setSoftphoneItemLabel();">setSoftphoneItemLabel({label:'MySoftphone'})</button>
</body>
</html>
</apex:page>
```

After you create the HTML page, add the URL to the call center definition file. The softphone is rendered differently depending on your user interface:

- In Salesforce Classic, on the left of the page
- In the Salesforce Classic Console App, in a footer
- In Lightning Experience, in a footer

Home Chatter Profile Groups Files Leads Accounts Contacts Cases Opportunities Reports + 🔻 Cases Home isInConsole getCallCenterSettings Tell me more! | Help for this Page 🥝 View: My Open Cases Go! Edit | Create New View setSoftphoneHeight(300) getPageInfo Recently Viewed • New **Recent Cases** Case Number Subject Date/Time Opened Priority 00001000 Sample Case: Our Widgets have not been delivered. 1/25/2016 3:21 PM High 1/25/2016 3:36 PM 00001003 Medium -00001009 4/8/2016 9:59 AM Medium -00001008 4/8/2016 9:57 AM Medium _

Output of Sample HTML Page in Salesforce Classic

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	00001001	Stamos, Edward	Sample Case 2: Th	New	High	1/25/2016 3:2	TUser		
2 1 1 0 0	00001002	Stamos, Edward	Sample Case 3: C	On Hold	Low	1/25/2016 3:21 P	TUser		(
	00001003		_	New	Medium	1/25/2016 3:36 P	TUser		
	00001004		-	New	Medium	4/5/2016 10:11 P	TUser		
2 2 1 € 0	00001005		_	Ne					- 2
	00001006		_	isInConsole Ne					
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	00001009		-	Ne					
	50001009		-						
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								٩	Phone

Output of Sample HTML Page in a Salesforce Classic Console App

■ All Open Cases ▼ B items • Sorted by Case Number • Fil		04/2016 at 12:36		\$• C 🖍 C 🔻		
CASE NUMBER 1	CONTACT NAME	SUBJECT	STATUS	PRIORITY		
1 00001000	Jon Amos	Sample Case: Our Widgets	Escalated	High		
00001001 Edward Stamos		Sample Case 2: The widget	New	High		
C Phone	<u> </u>	Sample Case 3: Cannot tra	On Hold	Low		
congratulations! This is your sample pa setSoftphonePanelHeight({heightPX:500}	н		New	Medium		
setSoftphonePanelWidth({widthPX:500})) setSoftphoneItemIcon({key:'call'})			New	Medium		
setSoftphoneItemLabel{{label:'MySoftpho	one'})		New	Medium		
			New	Medium		
			New	Medium		
			New	Medium		

Output of Sample HTML Page in a Lightning Experience App

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience

Sample Code for Using Lightning Message Service with Open CTI

You can use the Lightning Message Service API to communicate with an Open CTI softphone. This example displays three buttons that subscribe, publish, and remove a message channel servicedev1 SampleMC c.

To use Open CTI, you must reference either opencti_js or opencti_min.js version 47.0 on your softphone adapter page. If you don't have these files, your Salesforce representative can provide them.

In the <head> of the HTML file, include the filepath for opencti_min.js.

First, define a variable for the name of your message channel in the JavaScript section of your code. Here, we assign the message channel string SAMPLEMC c to the variable SAMPLEMC.

Next, create the variable SAMPLEMC_SUBSCRIPTION to hold the subscription object and assign it a null value.

The subscribeToSampleMC() method first checks whether the subscription variable is empty. If the method is empty, it calls the sforce.opencti.subscribe() method.

The sforce.opencti.subscribe() method has three parameters:

channelName

The name of the message channel.

listener

The listener function that's invoked when a message is sent on the message channel.

callback

The function that receives the subscription object. Assign this value to a variable such as SAMPLEMC SUBSCRIPTION.

The subscribeToSampleMC() method sets the tag in the HTML to true.

Similarly, the unsubscribeToSampleMC() method checks whether there is a subscription object. If so, it calls sforce.opencti.unsubscribe(). The method sforce.opencti.unsubscribe() has two parameters:

subscription

The subscription object that you want to unsubscribe from.

callback

The function that handles the success or error output.

The unsubscribeToSampleMC() method sets the tag in the HTML to false.

The publishSampleMC() method is passed the message content that we want to publish. A message is a serialized JSON object. You can pass data such as strings, numbers, objects, and Boolean values. A message cannot contain functions and symbols.

In this example, the message contains three strings:

- Name of the sender, "LightningMessageService_OpenCTI_TestPage"
- Type of message, "SampleMC"
- Time when the message was sent

The publishSampleMC() method calls sforce.opencti.publish() method, which takes three parameters:

channelName

The name of the message channel to publish to.

message

The message to publish as a serialized JSON object.

callback

The function that handles the success or error output.

The HTML markup displays the message channel's name, indicates whether the channel is subscribed, and shows buttons to subscribe, unsubscribe, and publish on the channel. When clicked, these buttons call the respective subscribeToSampleMC(), unsubscribeToSampleMC(), and publishSampleMC() functions. The text area with the id set to opencti_testMessageTextArea shows the message text.

Example:

```
<html>
   <head>
   <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/47.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
    <script type="text/javascript">
       <script type="text/javascript">
       var SAMPLEMC = "SAMPLEMC c";
        var SAMPLEMC SUBSCRIPTION = null;
        function subscribeToSampleMC() {
            if (!SAMPLEMC SUBSCRIPTION) {
                sforce.opencti.subscribe({channelName: SAMPLEMC, listener: onPublishMessage,
callback: subscribeSampleMCCallback});
                let mcSubscribedToggle = document.querySelector("#opencti mcSubscribedToggle");
                mcSubscribedToggle.innerHTML = "true";
              }
        }
        function unsubscribeToSampleMC() {
```

```
if (SAMPLEMC SUBSCRIPTION) {
   sforce.opencti.unsubscribe({subscription: SAMPLEMC SUBSCRIPTION, callback:
lightningMessageServiceCallback});
   let mcSubscribedToggle = document.querySelector("#opencti mcSubscribedToggle");
   mcSubscribedToggle.innerHTML = "false";
   SAMPLEMC SUBSCRIPTION = null;
  }
 }
 function publishSampleMC() {
  const message = {
   from: "LightningMessageService OpenCTI TestPage",
   type: "SampleMC",
   time: new Date().toLocaleTimeString()
  };
  sforce.opencti.publish({channelName: SAMPLEMC, message: message, callback:
lightningMessageServiceCallback});
 }
 function lightningMessageServiceCallback(result) {
  if (result.success) {
   console.log(result.returnValue);
  } else {
   console.log(result.errors);
  }
 }
 function subscribeSampleMCCallback(result) {
  if (result.success) {
   SAMPLEMC SUBSCRIPTION = result.subscription;
  } else {
   console.log(result.errors);
  }
 }
 function onPublishMessage(message) {
  var textArea = document.querySelector("#opencti testMessageTextArea");
  textArea.innerHTML = message ? JSON.stringify(message, null, '\t') : 'no message
payload';
 }
</script>
</head>
<body>
 <div>
  MessageChannel: SampleMC
  Subscribed: <span id="opencti mcSubscribedToggle">false</span>
  <br/>
  <input value="Subscribe" type="button" onclick="subscribeToSampleMC()"/>
  <input value="Unsubscribe" type="button" onclick="unsubscribeToSampleMC()"/>
  <input value="Publish" type="button" onclick="publishSampleMC()"/>
  <br/>
  Received message:
  <textarea id="opencti testMessageTextArea" class="opencti testMessageTextArea"
```

Use Message Channels Created Within Your Org

Here's an example that shows how to use a Lightning Message Channel developed within your org.

```
<apex:page>
    <script>
        var SAMPLEMC = "SAMPLEMC_c";
    </script>
</apex:page>
```

Here, a custom Lightning Message Channel is referenced by its name SAMPLEMC__c. The syntax refers to a custom instance of the LightningMessageChannel metadata type. The __c suffix indicates that it's a custom, but note that it is not a custom object. For more information, see Create a Message Channel.

If your org has a namespace, don't include it in your message channel name. For example, if your org's namespace is *MyNamespace*, then the message channel name remains SAMPLEMC c.

Use Message Channels Created Outside Your Org

To use Lightning Message Channels from packages created by developers outside of your org, reference them with the syntax Namespace_name__c. For example, if SAMPLEMC was not local to your org and came from a package with the namespace SamplePackageNamespace, the syntax would be SamplePackageNamespace_SAMPLEMC c.

SEE ALSO:

Lightning Message Service Methods for Lightning Experience Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide: Communicating Across the DOM with Lightning Message Service Visualforce Developer Guide: Communicating Across the DOM with Lightning Message Service

Work with Canvas

To integrate Open CTI with external applications that require authentication methods, such as signed requests or OAuth 2.0 protocols, Salesforce recommends that you use Canvas.

Important: Open CTI for Lightning Experience doesn't support Canvas.

Canvas and Open CTI are similar—they're a set of tools and JavaScript APIs that developers can use to add third-party systems to Salesforce. However, one of the benefits of Canvas, is the ability to choose authentication methods.

Note: For a canvas app to appear in a Salesforce console, you must add it to the console as a custom console component. For more information, see the Canvas Developer Guide.

When developing a canvas app, and you want to include functionality from Open CTI, do the following:

1. Include the Open CTI API in index.jsp.

2. Call Sfdc.canvas.client.signedrequest() to store the signed request needed by the console integration toolkit API. For example, if the Canvas method of authentication is a signed request, do the following:

Sfdc.canvas.client.signedrequest('<%=signedRequest%>')

If the Canvas method of authentication is OAuth, do the following in the callback function used to get the context, as shown in the *Canvas Developer Guide*:

Sfdc.canvas.client.signedrequest(msg)

Consider the following when working with Open CTI and canvas apps:

- The Open CTI API script depends on the signed request and should be added after the call to Sfdc.canvas.client.signedrequest() has executed. We recommend that you load the scripts dynamically.
- To retrieve the entity ID of the record that is associated with the canvas sidebar component, do the following:

```
// Get signedRequest
var signedRequest = Sfdc.canvas.client.signedrequest();
var parsedRequest = JSON.parse(signedRequest);
// get the entity Id that is associated with this canvas sidebar component.
var entityId = parsedRequest.context.environment.parameters.entityId;
```

To retrieve the entityId for OAuth, do the following:

var entityId = msg.payload.environment.parameters.entityId;

To see an example on how to retrieve msg.payload, see the Canvas Developer Guide.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Canvas Developer Guide: Getting Context in Your Canvas App Salesforce Help: Add Console Components to Apps in Salesforce Classic

Work with the Console APIs for Open CTI

There are console-specific methods that you can use to interact with Open CTI. Use the Salesforce Console Integration Toolkit JavaScript APIs to interact with Salesforce Classic console apps.

For more information, see the Methods for Computer-Telephony Integration (CTI) in the Salesforce Console Developer Guide.

Best Practices

When working with Open CTI, keep the following best practices in mind.

- Since many of the methods in Open CTI are asynchronous and return their results using a callback method, Salesforce recommends that you refer to the documentation for each method to understand the information for each response.
- Errors generated by Open CTI are typically emitted in a way that doesn't halt JavaScript processing. We recommend that you use browser built-in developer tools to monitor the JavaScript console and to help you debug your code.

• If you plan on customizing, extending, or integrating the sidebars of the Salesforce console using Visualforce, review the online help for information about console components.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Customize a Console with Custom Components in Salesforce Classic

CHAPTER 4 Methods for Lightning Experience

If your org is using Lightning Experience, use methods that work with Lightning Experience.

Important: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. You can't swap the two Open CTI APIs in custom JavaScript code because they behave and function differently. Make sure that you think about where you want to implement your CTI system before you begin developing.

disableClickToDial() for Lightning Experience enableClickToDial() for Lightning Experience getAppViewInfo() for Lightning Experience getCallCenterSettings() for Lightning Experience getSoftphoneLayout() for Lightning Experience Sales Engagement Methods for Lightning Experience isSoftphonePanelVisible() for Lightning Experience notifyInitializationComplete() for Lightning Experience onClickToDial() for Lightning Experience onNavigationChange() for Lightning Experience refreshView() for Lightning Experience runApex() for Lightning Experience saveLog() for Lightning Experience screenPop() for Lightning Experience searchAndScreenPop() for Lightning Experience setSoftphoneItemIcon() for Lightning Experience setSoftphoneItemLabel() for Lightning Experience setSoftphonePanelHeight() for Lightning Experience setSoftphonePanellcon() for Lightning Experience setSoftphonePanelLabel() for Lightning Experience setSoftphonePanelVisibility() for Lightning Experience setSoftphonePanelWidth() for Lightning Experience Lightning Message Service Methods for Lightning Experience Common Error Messages for Lightning Experience Methods

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience Method Parity Between Open CTI for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

disableClickToDial() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Disables click-to-dial. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Note: You can use this method with the Lightning web component lightning-click-to-dial. You can also use it with the Aura component lightning:clickToDial. Keep in mind that you can't use either component in iFrames. This method can't be used with the Visualforce component support:clickToDial.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.disableClickToDial({
     callback: function //Optional
})
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
        <head>
                <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
                 <script type="text/javascript">
                         var callback = function(response) {
                                      if (response.success) {
                                                     console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                       } else {
                                                     console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                       }
                          };
                          function disableClickToDial() {
                                           sforce.opencti.disableClickToDial({callback: callback});
                          }
                     </script>
        </head>
        <body>
                <button onclick="disableClickToDial();">disableClickToDial()</button>
        </body>
</html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

SEE ALSO:

Lightning Components Developer Guide: lightning:clickToDial

enableClickToDial() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Enables click-to-dial. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Note: You can use this method with the Lightning web component lightning-click-to-dial. You can also use it with the Aura component lightning:clickToDial. Keep in mind that you can't use either component in iFrames. This method can't be used with the Visualforce component support:clickToDial.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.enableClickToDial({
    callback: function //Optional
})
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
```

```
var callback = function(response) {
        if (response.success) {
            console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
        } else {
            console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
        }
     };
     function enableClickToDial() {
         sforce.opencti.enableClickToDial({callback: callback});
     }
     </script>
 </head>
 <body>
   <button onclick="enableClickToDial();">enableClickToDial()</button>
 </body>
</html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

SEE ALSO:

Lightning Components Developer Guide: lightning:clickToDial

getAppViewInfo() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Returns information about the current application view. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.getAppViewInfo({
    callback: function
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
        <head>
                <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
                <script type="text/javascript">
                         var callback = function(response) {
                                       if (response.success) {
                                                      console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                       } else {
                                                      console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                        }
                           };
                           function getAppViewInfo() {
                                            sforce.opencti.getAppViewInfo({callback: callback});
                           }
                      </script>
        </head>
        <body>
                 <button onclick="getAppViewInfo();">getAppViewInfo()</button>
        </body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

When you switch from a record detail page to a list view, this method returns:

- In Lightning Experience, only the url
- In Lightning Experience console apps, nothing is returned because the listener isn't invoked

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	Returns the URL of the current application view and includes any applicable record ID, record name, and object type. For example:
		{ "url": "https:// M.DmainName y.salesforce.com/lightning/r/Cae/500000003tach124/view?t=1459806689555",

Name	Туре	Description
	<pre>"recordId": "001x000003DGQR", "recordName": "Acme", "objectType": "Account" }</pre>	
		Invoking this API method on a person account object returns the following additional information.
		 accountId or contactId—The associated account or contact ID.
		 personAccount—Which is true if person accounts are enabled in your org, false otherwise.
		For example:
		{ "url": "https://MjDmainNameny.salesforce.com/lightning/r/Account/001x000003DqgR/view",
		"recordId": "001x000003DGQR", "recordName": "Acme Person Account",
		<pre>"objectType": "Account", "contactId": "003D00000Q0Mqg", "personAccount": true }</pre>
		Note: Since the URL structure of the returnValue can change in the future, we recommend that you don't build any logic based on it.
error	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

getCallCenterSettings() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Returns the call center settings associated with the current user. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.getCallCenterSettings({
     callback: function
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
       <head>
               <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
               <script type="text/javascript">
                        var callback = function(response) {
                                     if (response.success) {
                                                    console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                      } else {
                                                   console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                      }
                         };
                          function getCallCenterSettings() {
                                          sforce.opencti.getCallCenterSettings({callback: callback});
                          }
                     </script>
       </head>
        <body>
                <button onclick="getCallCenterSettings();">getCallCenterSettings()</button>
       </body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	e object	If the API call is successful, the call center settings are returned.
		<pre>{ //displayNameLabel":"Display Name", //internalNameLabel":"InternalName", //label":"Demo Call Center Adapter", //reqDialingOptions/label":"Dialing Options", //reqDialingOptions/reqInternationalPrefix":"01", //reqDialingOptions/reqInternationalPrefix/label":"International </pre>

Name	Туре	Description
		Prefix",
		"/reqDialingOptions/reqInternationalPrefix/sortOrder":"2.0"
		"/reqDialingOptions/reqLongDistPrefix":"1",
		<pre>"/reqDialingOptions/reqLongDistPrefix/label":"Long Distance Prefix",</pre>
		"/reqDialingOptions/reqLongDistPrefix/sortOrder":"1.0"
		"/reqDialingOptions/reqOutsidePrefix":"9",
		<pre>"/reqDialingOptions/reqOutsidePrefix/label":"Outsid Prefix",</pre>
		"/reqDialingOptions/reqOutsidePrefix/sortOrder":"0.0"
		"/reqDialingOptions/sortOrder":"1.0",
		<pre>"/reqGeneralInfo/label":"General Information",</pre>
		/leqGeneralinio/leqAdapteroll . /apex/contactcenter
		<pre>"/reqGeneralInfo/reqAdapterUrl/label":"CTI Adapter URL",</pre>
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqAdapterUrl/sortOrder":"2.0",
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqDisplayName":"Demo Call Center
		<pre>Adapter",</pre>
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode":"Classic_and_Lightning
		<pre>"/reqGeneralInfo/reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode/label":"SalesforceCompatibilityMode/label":"SalesforceCompatibilityMode",</pre>
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqSalesforceCompatibilityMode/sortOrder":"8.0
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqSoftphoneHeight":"550",
		<pre>"/reqGeneralInfo/reqSoftphoneHeight/label":"Softphor Height",</pre>
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqSoftphoneHeight/sortOrder":"6.0"
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqSoftphoneWidth":"400",
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqSoftphoneWidth/label":"Softphon
		<pre>Width",</pre>
		<pre>//reqGeneralInfo/reqStandbyUrl":"/apex/ContactCenter'</pre>
		<pre>"/reqGeneralInfo/reqStandbyUrl/label":"CTI Adapter URL2",</pre>
		<pre>"/reqGeneralInfo/reqStandbyUrl/sortOrder":"3.0",</pre>
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqTimeout":"10000",
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqTimeout/label":"Timeout",
		<pre>"/reqGeneralInfo/reqTimeout/sortOrder":"4.0",</pre>
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqUseApi":"true",
		"/reqGeneralInfo/reqUseApi/label":"Use CTI API",

Name Typ	Туре	Description
		<pre>"/reqGeneralInfo/reqUseApi/sortOrder":"5.0", "/reqGeneralInfo/sortOrder":"0.0", "/reqPhoneDemoSettings/label":"Phone Demo Settings", "/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqIncomingNumber":"(415) 555-1212 (tel:4155551212)",</pre>
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqIncomingNumber/label":"Simulated Incoming Phone Number",
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqIncomingNumber/sortOrder":"0.0",
		<pre>"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProvider":"DummyProvider",</pre>
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProvider/sortOrder":"1.0",
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderAccount":"AXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX,
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderAccount/label":"Provider Account",
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderAccount/sortOrder":"2.0",
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderAuthToken":"YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderAuthToken/label":"Provider Auth Token",
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderAuthToken/sortOrder":"3.0",
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderCallerNumber":"415555555",
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderCallerNumber/label":"Provider Caller Number",
		"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/reqProviderCallerNumber/sortOrder":"4.0",
	<pre>"/reqPhoneDemoSettings/sortOrder":"2.0" }</pre>	
		If the API call fails, null is returned.
error	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

getSoftphoneLayout() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Returns the softphone layout of the current user. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Note: The Open CTI for Lightning Experience methods screenPop() and searchAndScreenPop() don't support screenPopSettings.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.getSoftphoneLayout({
    callback: function
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
              <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
              <script type="text/javascript">
                             var callback = function(response) {
                                             if (response.success) {
                                                             alert(response.returnValue);
                                              } else {
                                                            console.error(response.errors);
                                                             alert(
                                                                       'Something went wrong. Please check error information in developer console.'
                                                             );
                                              }
                              };
                              function getSoftphoneLayout() {
                                             sforce.opencti.getSoftphoneLayout({
                                                             callback: callback
                                             });
                              }
              </script>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<button onclick="getSoftphoneLayout();">Get Softphone Layout</button></body></html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	If the API call is successful, the value true is returned and the softphone layout definition is returned in returnValue, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	If the API call is successful, the softphone layout definition is returned. If the API call fails, null is returned.
		The returned object contains three elements that represent each of the call-types:
		• "Internal"
		• "Inbound"
		• "Outbound"
		Each call-type contains three sub-sections:
		• "callRelatedFields"—An array of call-related fields selected to display. Possible values are "ANI", "DNIS", "SEGMENT", and "QUEUE".
		• "objects"—The set of Salesforce objects selected to display, along with the Field Label and Field Name (API name) selected to display from each object.
		 "screenPopSettings"—This object contains a "screenPopsOpenWithin" field with a value of either "ExistingWindow" or "NewWindow".
		Additionally, it contains the settings for each of the screen pop match types: "NoMatch", "SingleMatch", "MultipleMatches". Each match type contains a corresponding "screenPopType" field and may also contain a "screenPopData" field.
		 If "screenPopType" has a value of "PopToEntity", then "screenPopData" contains the name of the target object.
		 If "screenPopType" has a value of "PopToVisualforce", then "screenPopData" contains the name of the target Visualforce page.
		 If "screenPopType" has a value of "PopToSearch", then there won't be a "screenPopData" field.
		 If "screenPopType" has a value of "PopToFlow", then "screenPopData" contains the name of the target flow.
		The following is an example of a returnValue:
		{

"Internal" : {

Name	Туре	Description
		"callRelatedFields" : [
		"ANI",
		"DNIS",
]
		"objects" : {
		"User": [{
		"displayName" : "Name",
		"apiName" : "Name"
		}
]
		},
		"screenPopSettings" : {}
		},
		"Inbound" : {
		"callRelatedFields" : [
		"ANI",
		"DNIS",
		"SEGMENT",
		"QUEUE"
],
		"objects" : {
		"Account" : [{
		"displayName" : "Account Name",
		"apiName" : "Name"
		}
]
		,
		},
		"screenPopSettings" : {
		"NoMatch" : {
		"screenPopType" : "PopToEntity",
		"screenPopData" : "Contact"
		},
		"SingleMatch" : {
		"screenPopType" : "PopToVisualforce",
		"screenPopData" : "Visualforce_Page_Name"
		},
		"MultipleMatches" : {
		"screenPopType" : "PopToSearch"
		}
		}
		},
		"Outbound" : {
		"callRelatedFields" : [
		"DNIS"
],
		"objects" : {
		"Account" : [{
		"displayName" : "Account Name",
		"apiName" : "Name"
		}

Name	Туре	Description	
] }, "screenPopSettings" : {} }	
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.	

SEE ALSO:

Lightning Flow for Service Developer Guide (English only)

Sales Engagement Methods for Lightning Experience

Usage

These two methods allow your CTI implementation to communicate with Sales Engagement to handle Sales Engagement work. The onWorkStart method lets you listen for when a Sales Engagement work item starts. You communicate back to Sales Engagement with the completeWork method when the work completes. These methods are available in API version 46.0 or later.

Note: You can use this method with the Lightning web component lightning-click-to-dial. You can also use it with the Aura component lightning:clickToDial. Keep in mind that you can't use either component in iFrames. This method can't be used with the Visualforce component support:clickToDial.



Note: CallEnd is deprecated as of API version 48.0.

Syntax

The onWorkStart method lets you listen for when work starts. Sales Engagement calls your listener function when the work starts. In your listener, the completeWorkWhen parameter specifies whether to call Sales Engagement back when the task is saved (TaskSaved).

```
sforce.opencti.hvs.onWorkStart({listener: function});
{ // Listener function payload
  workId: string, // Id of the current work
  completeWorkWhen: string, // 'TaskSaved'
  attributes: {
    to: string // Used to match to click_to_call
  }
}
```

When the work completes (when the task is saved), call the completeWork method so that the Sales Engagement system can update its information.

```
sforce.opencti.hvs.completeWork({
  workId: string, // Id from onWorkStart
  attributes: {
    disposition: string, // Only needed for task
    taskId: string,
    wasConnected: boolean, // Should be added, otherwise defaults to true
  },
  callback: function
});
```

Note: Only call this method for outbound calls. Inbound calls aren't started by Sales Engagement.

Arguments

Arguments for onWorkStart:

Name	Туре	Description
listener	function	Function that is called when the work is started. This function's payload includes workId, completeWorkWhen, attributes, and to.
workId	string	ID of the work item. Depending on the type of work, this value is either the step tracker ID or the my list ID.
completeWorkWhen	string	Defines when to call the completeWork method. This value is TaskSaved.
attributes	object	Attributes object that contains the to field.
to	string	This field is used to link to the number in onClickToDial.

Arguments for completeWork:

Name	Туре	Description
workId	string	ID of the work item. Use the same value that you previously received in onWorkStart.
attributes	object	Attributes object that can contain the following fields: disposition, taskId, wasConnected.
disposition	string	Value of the disposition. Required when completeWorkWhen is TaskSaved.
taskId	string	ID of the task. Required when completeWorkWhen is TaskSaved.
wasConnected	boolean	Indicates whether the call successfully connected. We recommend always passing this value. If not passed, the value defaults to true.
callback	function	Function executed when the call completes.

Sample Code

Listen for Sales Engagement work to start:

```
sforce.opencti.hvs.onWorkStart({
    listener: function(payload) {
        var workId = payload.workId; // Save the work ID
        var whenVal = payload.completeWorkWhen; // Save the completion requirement
        var toVal = payload.attributes.to; // Save the number to associate with
onClickToDial
    }
});
```

Call Sales Engagement when a task is saved:

```
sforce.opencti.hvs.completeWork({
  workId: a07B0000006VFHrIAO, // Id sent via onWorkStart
  attributes: {
    disposition: 'Completed', // Disposition value
    taskId: '00TR00000032yfVMAQ' // ID of task created
    wasConnected: true // Whether the call successfully connected
  },
  callback: function() { /* perform cleanup here */ }
});
```

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Sales Engagement Salesforce Help: Phone Integration Considerations for Sales Engagement

isSoftphonePanelVisible() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Use this method to return the visibility status of the softphone panel. Returns true if the softphone panel is visible and false if it's minimized. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.isSoftphonePanelVisible({
    callback: function
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript with a callback

```
<html>
       <head>
                <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
                <script type="text/javascript">
                         var callback = function(response) {
                                      if (response.success) {
                                                  console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                     } else {
                                                  console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                      }
                         };
                         function isSoftphonePanelVisible() {
                                          sforce.opencti.isSoftphonePanelVisible({callback: callback});
                         }
                     </script>
        </head>
       <body>
                <button onclick="isSoftphonePanelVisible();">isSoftphonePanelVisible()</button>
        </body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	Contains the boolean property visible which indicates the visibility status of the softphone panel. It's true if the softphone is visible and false if it's minimized.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

notifyInitializationComplete() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Notifies Salesforce that the softphone initialization is complete and that Salesforce should not switch to a standby URL. While the softphone initializes, a loading icon displays in the softphone area. To use a standby URL, you must specify the regStandbyUrl and reqTimeout fields, in the call center's definition file. For more information, see Optional Call Center Elements and Attributes

The notifyInitializationComplete() method for Lightning Experience works differently from the Salesforce Classic method.

- In Lightning Experience, the method takes an optional callback object. In Salesforce Classic, the method doesn't take arguments.
- In Lightning Experience, after you go to the standby URL your browser session continues to use that standby URL. To force the standby URL check, you must restart the browser—close it and open it again. In Salesforce Classic, the standby URL check was completed only after you logged in to Salesforce, and the check wasn't repeated if you kept using the same Salesforce session.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.notifyInitializationComplete({
    callback: function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
<// Invokes API method
sforce.opencti.notifyInitializationComplete();
</script>
</head>
<body>
The Open CTI framework was notified that the softphone initialization is complete.
</body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

onClickToDial() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Registers a function to call when a user clicks an enabled phone number. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Note: You can use this method with the Lightning web component lightning-click-to-dial. You can also use it with the Aura component lightning:clickToDial. Keep in mind that you can't use either component in iFrames. This method can't be used with the Visualforce component support:clickToDial.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.onClickToDial({
    listener: function
})
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
listener	function	JavaScript method called when the user clicks an enabled phone number.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api//lightning/opencti_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
var listener = function(payload) {
console.log('Clicked phone number: ' + payload.number);
};
// Register the listener.
window.addEventListener('load', function() {
sforce.opencti.onClickToDial({listener: listener});
});
</script>
</head>
</html>
```

Payload

The payload object passed to each call to the listener method contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
number	number	Provides the phone number clicked by the user.
recordId	string	Provides the ID of the record associated with the clicked phone number.
recordName	string	Provides the name of the record for the clicked phone number.
objectType	string	Provides the type of record associated with the clicked phone number.
accountId Or contactId	string	If the clicked phone number belongs to a person account, the associated account or contact ID is provided.
personAccount	boolean	If the clicked phone number belongs to a person account, this property is true. If person accounts aren't enabled in your org, this field isn't included in the payload object.
params	string	Comma-separated list of parameters associated with the phone number passed into the component.

SEE ALSO:

Lightning Components Developer Guide: lightning:clickToDial

onNavigationChange() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Registers a function to call when one of the following actions occur:

- The URL of the page changes
- In a standard app in Lightning Experience, a user navigates between browser tabs or windows and the document comes back into focus. If the document doesn't come back into focus, the listener isn't invoked. Also, internal navigation actions that open a new record modal, such as the screenPop() method, will invoke the listener.
- In a console app in Lightning Experience, a user navigates between primary tabs and subtabs in a console, or the document comes back into focus when a user navigates between browser tabs or windows.
- In a console app, a tab is refreshed, such as when you create a new case in a console and save it.

For example, the listener is invoked when a user navigates away from a browser tab and then comes back to the tab.

This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.onNavigationChange({
    listener: function
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
listener	function	JavaScript method called upon a navigation change.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
var listener = function(payload) {
console.log('Navigation change occurred. Payload: ', payload);
};
// Register the listener.
window.addEventListener('load', function() {
sforce.opencti.onNavigationChange({listener: listener});
});
</script>
</head>
</html>
```

Payload

The payload object passed to each call to the listener method contains the following fields.

When you switch from a record detail page to a list view, this method returns:

- In Lightning Experience, only the url
- In Lightning Experience console apps, nothing is returned because the listener isn't invoked

Name	Туре	Description
url	string	Provides the URL of the page the user navigated to.
recordId	string	If the user navigated to a Salesforce record, such as an account or case, the loaded record ID is returned. Otherwise, the field is empty.
recordName	string	If the user navigated to a Salesforce record, the loaded record name. Otherwise, the field is empty.
objectType	string	If the user navigated to a Salesforce record, the loaded object type, such as an account or case. Otherwise, the field is empty.
accountId Or contactId	string	If the page the user navigated to is the record home of a person account, the associated account or contact ID is returned.

Name	Туре	Description
personAccount	boolean	Returned only if person accounts are enabled in your org and the user navigates to a person account.
		If the page the user navigated to is the record home of a person account, this field is true.
		If the page the user navigated to is not the record home of a person account, this field is false.
		If the page the user navigated to is a business account, this field along with the accountId and contactId fields aren't included in the payload.

refreshView() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Returns true if view refresh is invoked, false otherwise. When this method is called within the Salesforce console, it refreshes the current active view. If any related lists are included in this tab, they're refreshed too. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.refreshView({
    callback:function
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	Optional. JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript without a callback

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
var param = {};
function refreshView() {
sforce.opencti.refreshView(param);
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<button onclick="refreshView();">refreshView</button></body></html>
```

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript with a callback

```
<html>
<head>
             <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></s
            <script type="text/javascript">
   var param = {};
                                                         var callback = function(response) {
                                       if (response.success) {
                                                     console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                      } else {
                                                     console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                       }
                               };
                                                     param.callback = callback;
                                function refreshView() {
                                                                      sforce.opencti.refreshView(param);
                                   }
</script>
</head>
<body>
                              <button onclick="refreshView();">refreshView</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

runApex() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Executes an Apex method from an Apex class that's exposed in Salesforce. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.runApex({
    apexClass:string,
    methodName:string,
    methodParams:string,
    callback:function //Optional
})
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
args	object	A JavaScript object containing the following:
		 apexClass (string)—Specifies the Apex class of the method to execute.
		 methodName (string)—Specifies the method to execute.
		 methodParams (string)—Specifies the method parameters to pass. The string must include field value pairs and be formatted as a valid query string. For example:
		i or example.
		name=acme☎=(212) 555-5555
	If the Apex method doesn't take any parameters, you can specify methodParams as none or an empty object, { }.	
	 callback (function)—JavaScript method called upon completion of the method. 	

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

1. In Setup, create an Apex class and Apex method.

```
global class AccountRetrieval{
webService static String getAccount(String name) {
  List<Account> accounts = new List<Account>();
  for (Account account : Database.query('Select Id, Name, phone from Account where Name
  like \'' + name + '%\'')){
     accounts.add(account);
   }
   String JSONString = JSON.serialize(accounts);
```

```
return JSONString;
}
```

- 2. In Setup, click Generate from WSDL to expose the method and class so that a third-party softphone can call it.
- **3.** Add your code to the softphone:

```
<html>
<head>
           <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></s
           <script type="text/javascript">
                           var callback = function(response) {
                                    if (response.success) {
                                               console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                    } else {
                                               console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                    }
                       };
                            function runApex() {
                                       var param = {apexClass: 'AccountRetrieval', methodName: 'getAccount',
methodParams: 'name=acme'};
                                       param.callback = callback;
                                       //Invokes API method
                                       sforce.opencti.runApex(param);
                           }
           </script>
</head>
<body>
                           <button onclick="runApex();">runApex</button>
</body>
</html>
```

4. Output is returned. In this example, one account named Acme was found:

```
{
    "success": true,
    "returnValue": {
        "runApex":
    "[{\"attributes\":{\"type\":\"Account\",\"url\":\"/services/data/v38.0/sobjects/Account
/001xx000003DGawAAG\"},\"Id\":\"001xx000003DGawAAG\",\"Name\":\"Acme\",\"Phone\":\"(212)
555-5555\"}]"
    },
    "errors": null
}
```

Response

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.

Name	Туре	Description
returnValue	object	A JavaScript object containing the result from executing the method from the specified Apex class. No specific format is returned. The format is determined by the value from the method that executed. For example:
		<pre>{"runApex":"[{\"attributes\":{\"type\":\"Account\", \"url\":\"/services/data/v61.0/sobjects/Account/ 001xx000003DGawAAG\"},\"Id\":\"001xx000003DGawAAG\", \"Name\":\"Acme\",\"Phone\":\"(212)555-5555\"}]"}</pre>
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Apex Code Overview

saveLog() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Saves or updates an object in Salesforce. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.



- To update using this method, include Id.
- To create using this method, include entityApiName.
- If an object uses recordType, pass the recordTypeId in the saveLog call. If you don't pass the recordType, the record is created using the default recordType for the profile. To create a person account, you can pass the person account recordType if the profile's default is to a business account.
- To refresh after you update or create using this method, call the refreshView method in the callback method.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.saveLog({
    value:{
        entityApiName:string, //Optional
        Id:string, //Optional
        param:value //Optional
        },
        callback:function //Optional
})
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
value	object	Specifies the fields to save or update on the object.
		If the object's ID is specified, a record is updated. For example:
		<pre>{Id:"00QR0000000yN5iMAE", LastName:"New lastname" }</pre>
		If the object's ID isn't specified, a new record is created. For example:
		<pre>{entityApiName:"Contact", LastName:"LastName" },callback:callback}</pre>
		Note: To create a record, ensure all the required fields are specified.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
         <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></s
         <script type="text/javascript">
                  var callback = function (response) {
                           if (response.result) {
                                      console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                             } else {
                                       console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                             }
                   }
                   function saveLog() {
                             //Update an existing object with the ID specified
                            sforce.opencti.saveLog({value:{Id:"00QR000000yN5iMAE", LastName:"New lastname"
}, callback:callback});
                            //Create a contact
                             sforce.opencti.saveLog({value:{entityApiName:"Contact", LastName:"LastName"
},callback:callback});
                            //Update a lead
                            sforce.opencti.saveLog({value:{Id:"00QR000000yN5iMAE", LastName:"New lastname"
},callback:callback});
                  }
         </script>
</head>
<body>
         <button onclick="saveLog();">saveLog</button>
</body>
</html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	ID of object if creating or updating the object was successful; null if creating or updating the object wasn't successful.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

screenPop() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Pops to a new location as specified by the input type and parameters. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Note: Open CTI for Lightning Experience doesn't support the softphone layout field Screen pops open within when the value is New browser window or tab. In Lightning Experience, the default value is Existing browser window.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.screenPop({
    type: sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP_TYPE.*, //Review the arguments section.
    params: object //Depends on the SCREENPOP_TYPE. Review the arguments section.
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type	string	The enumerated type to screen pop to. Use one of the following values:
		 sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP_TYPE.SOBJECT
		 sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP_TYPE.URL
		 sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP_TYPE.OBJECTHOME
		 sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP_TYPE.LIST
		 sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP_TYPE.SEARCH
		 sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP_TYPE.NEW_RECORD_MODAL
		• sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP_TYPE.FLOW

Name	Туре	Description
params	object	An object holding arguments depending on the type.
		• For SOBJECT:
		<pre>params : { recordId: string }</pre>
		Where recordId, is the ID of the standard or custom object in Salesforce.
		• For URL:
		<pre>params : { url: string }</pre>
		The URL must be a relative parameter. For more information about the URL, see the force:navigateToURL url parameter in the <i>Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide.</i>
		• For OBJECTHOME:
		<pre>params : { scope: string }</pre>
		Pops to the home of an object or entity such as a case or account. For more information about the scope, see the force:navigateToSObject recordID parameter in the <i>Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide</i> . Here's a sample input:
		{ scope: "Account"}
		• For LIST:
		<pre>{ listViewId: string, scope: string }</pre>
		For more information about the listViewId and scope parameter, see force:navigateToList in the Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide.
	• For SEARCH:	
	<pre>params : {searchString: string}</pre>	
		Pops to the Top Results section of the search page. The string must be at least 3 characters in length.
		• For NEW_RECORD_MODAL:
		<pre>params : {entityName: string, //required defaultFieldValues: object//optional }</pre>
		Required. The API name of the custom or standard object, such as Account, Case, Contact, or Lead.
		Note: For custom objects, the name for a new record model follows this format:
		objectNamec
		This name takes the default namespace. Notice that the separator includes 2 underscores.

Name	Туре	Description
		If your org has namespace enabled, you must prefix it for custom objects. Use this format:
		namespace objectName c
		To pop to a new person account model, use the input Account.
		• For Flow:
		<pre>params: {flowDevName: 'Flow_Dev_Name', flowArgs: [{'name': 'Name', 'type': 'Type', 'value': 'Value'}]}</pre>
		Pops to the target flow. Additional arguments can be passed to the flow, for example, the caller's phone number or a list of matching records.
		Note: Only active UI screen flows (that use the type Flow) can be popped. Arguments passed to the flow must be defined as variables inside the flow, or else they're ignored at runtime. Consult the FlowVariable section in the topic on Flow in the Metadata API Developer Guide for details on flow arguments.
defaultFieldValues object	object	Optional. If you set up your softphone to pop to a new entity when there are no search results (for inbound calls), you can use this argument to specify the default fields for the screen pop. For example, when the screen pop opens for the new entity it's pre-populated with the fields you've specified.
		<pre>{ searchParams: 'searchTermWithEmptyResults', callType: 'inbound', defaultFieldValues: {LastName : 'searchAndScreenPopLastName'}, deferred: false, callback: function(result) { if (result.success) { console.log(result.returnValue); } else { console.log(result.errors); } }}</pre>
callback	function	Optional. JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript with a callback

```
console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
         } else {
            console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
         }
       };
        function screenPop() {
                sforce.opencti.screenPop({type: sforce.opencti.SCREENPOP TYPE.OBJECTHOME,
params: {scope:"Account"}, callback: callback });
         }
</script>
</head>
<body>
       <button onclick="screenPop();">screenPop</button>
</bodv>
</html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

SEE ALSO:

Lightning Flow for Service Developer Guide (English only)

searchAndScreenPop() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Searches objects specified in the softphone layout for a given string. Returns search results and screen pops any matching records. This method respects screen pop settings defined in the softphone layout. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Note: The returned response displays only matches that meet your softphone layout settings. However, the search page that screen pops, displays all matches, regardless of the objects you specify in your sofpthone layout.

The searchAndScreenPop () method for Lightning Experience works differently from the Salesforce Classic method.

- Open CTI for Lightning Experience doesn't support the softphone layout field Screen pops open within when the value is New browser window or tab. In Lightning Experience, the default value is Existing browser window.
- Open CTI for Lightning Experience provides a new argument called deferred.

Tip: The searchAndGetScreenPopUr1 () method is not available in the Open CTI API for Lightning Experience. To accomplish the same functionality in Lightning Experience, use the deferred parameter available in this method. Pass the value in SCREEN_POP_DATA from the return object into the screenPop () method.

If you're noticing inconsistent behavior with the default settings of your softphone layout, edit your softphone layout to force the cache to refresh. From Setup, edit your softphone layout and save the changes. Then edit the layout again and reset the layout to the default settings.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.searchAndScreenPop({
    searchParams:string //Optional
    queryParams:string, //Optional
    defaultFieldValues:object, //Optional
    callType:sforce.opencti.CALL_TYPE.*, //Required. See arguments for more information.
    deferred:boolean //Optional)
    callback:function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
searchParams	string	String to search.
queryParams	string	Specifies the query parameters to pass to the URL. Query parameters are only passed to the URL if the screen pop option is set to Pop to Visualforce.
params	object	Specifies arguments to pass to a flow. flowArgs is a list of objects with key-value pairs containing information about the arguments being passed to the flow. Arguments must correspond to input variables of the specified name and type defined in the flow, else they are ignored.
		<pre>params: { FLOW: { flowArgs: [{ 'name': 'Your_Name', 'type': 'Your_Type', 'value': 'Your_Value'}] } }</pre>
		Important: This argument can only be used with flows. Consult the FlowVariable section in the topic on Flow in the Metadata API Developer Guide for details on flow arguments.
defaultFieldsValue	object	Optional. If you set up your softphone to pop to a new entity when there are no search results (for inbound calls), you can use this argument to specify the default fields for the screen pop. For example, when the screen pop opens for the new entity it's pre-populated with the fields you've specified.
		<pre>{ searchParams: 'searchTermWithEmptyResults', callType: 'inbound', defaultFieldValues: {LastName : 'searchAndScreenPopLastName'}, deferred: false,</pre>

Name	Туре	Description
		<pre>callback: function(result) { if (result.success) { console.log(result.returnValue); } else { console.log(result.errors); } }</pre>
callType	string	Specifies the type of call, such as inbound, outbound, internal, or null. Per the settings in the softphone layout, the call type determines which objects to search for any matches.
		Specify the call type with one of the following values:
		 sforce.opencti.CALL_TYPE.INBOUND
		 sforce.opencti.CALL_TYPE.OUTBOUND
		• sforce.opencti.CALL_TYPE.INTERNAL
deferred	boolean	Specifies whether the screen pop is performed immediately following the search or if it's performed later. If the screen pop is performed later, a JSON object is returned. This object must be passed unmodified to sforce.opencti.screenPop to perform the operation.
		• False—Default value. Indicates an immediate screen pop after the search is performed.
		• True—A JSON {object} is returned in the SCREEN_POP_DATA key. Return this object unmodified to sforce.opencti.screenPop for a screen pop.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
              <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></s
             <script type="text/javascript">
                                      var callback = function(response) {
                                            if (response.success) {
                                                           console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                            } else {
                                                           console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                            }
                                  };
                                  function searchAndScreenPop() {
                                                                              //Invokes API method
                                                                              sforce.opencti.searchAndScreenPop({ searchParams : 'Acme', queryParams :
```

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	Returns a list of objects that match the search results. The search is performed on the objects specified in the softphone layout. For each object found, the object ID, object type, last modified date, field names, and field values are returned as JSON objects.
		Note: Make sure that you specify fields to return in your softphone layout. If you don't, nothing is returned.
		The following is an example of searching for "Acme," and finding one Account and three Opportunity objects:
		<pre>{ "006x000001ZcyG":{ "Id": "006x000001ZcyG" "LastModifiedDate": "2017-10-24T18:42:39.000Z", "Name":"Acme - 600 Widgets", "RecordType":"Opportunity" }, "001x000003DGQR":{ "Name":"Acme", "Type":"Analyst", "object":"Account", "displayName":"Company" }, "006x000001ZcyH":{ "Id": "006x000001ZcyH" "LastModifiedDate": "2017-10-24T18:42:39.000Z", "Name":"Acme - 200 Widgets", "RecordType":"Opportunity" }, "006x000001ZcyF":{ "Id": "006x000001ZcyF" "LastModifiedDate": "2017-10-24T18:42:39.000Z", "Name":"Acme - 1,200 Widgets", "RecordType":"Opportunity" } } </pre>

Name	Туре	Description
		Invoking this API method with a deferred parameter returns the following sample output without any screen navigation.
		<pre>{ "006x000001ZcyG":{ "Id": "006x000001ZcyG" "LastModifiedDate": "2017-10-24T18:42:39.000Z", "Name":"Acme - 600 Widgets", "RecordType":"Opportunity" }, SCREEN_POP_DATA : {} //an object. Do not modify it. Pass it to screenPop() API to navigate. }</pre>
		Invoking this API method on an account or contact object returns additional information.
		• AccountId or PersonContactId—The associated account or contact ID.
		• IsPersonAccount—true if the account or contact is a person account, false otherwise.
		For example:
		<pre>{ "006x0000001ZcyG":{ "Id": "006x000001ZcyG" "IsPersonAccount": true, "LastModifiedDate": "2017-11-15T00:10:47.000Z", "Name":"Acme Person Account", "PersonContactId" : "003D000000Q0Mqg", "RecordType":"Account" } }</pre>
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

SEE ALSO:

Lightning Flow for Service Developer Guide (English only)

setSoftphoneItemIcon() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Sets the icon for the softphone item in the utility bar. Returns true if the function is successfully executed, and false when there is a failure. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

The softphone icon in the utility bar.

item	My Cases		t updated	08/01/2010	6 at 15:32							\$	- C		C	T
					TACT NAME							STATUS				
	00001000 Jon Amos			mos			Sample	e Case: Our	Widgets	have n	1	Escalate	ed			
	00001001 Edward S			rd Stamos			Sample	e Case 2: Th	ne widge	ts we re	I	New				
Ę.	Phone			_	Stamos			Sample	e Case 3: C	annot tra	ck our o	(On Hole	d		
	Open CTI Username	5	oftphone	e												
		5	oftphone	e												
		s o	oftphone	e												
		s of	oftphone	e												
	Username	5	oftphone	8												
	Username	Log In	oftphone	8												

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.setSoftphoneItemIcon({
    key:key,
    callback:function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
key	string	The key corresponding to the icon in the Lightning Design System you want to use for the softphone icon in the utility bar.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
        <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script>
        <script type="text/javascript">
```

```
var callback = function(response) {
        if (response.success) {
            console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
        } else {
           console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
        }
     };
     function setSoftphoneItemIcon() {
         sforce.opencti.setSoftphoneItemIcon({key:"call", callback: callback});
     }
    </script>
 </head>
 <body>
   <button onclick="setSoftphoneItemIcon();">setSoftphoneItemIcon()</button>
 </body>
</html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Lightning Design System: Utility Icons

setSoftphoneItemLabel() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Sets the label for the softphone component item in the utility bar. Returns true if the function is successfully executed, and false when there is a failure. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

The softphone label in the utility bar.

Ô	CASES My Cases	•											Ne	ew
3 iter	ms - Sorted by Case	Number • Las	t updated	08/01/201	6 at 15:32						\$ 1	G	C	
	CASE NUMBER † CONTAG			TACT NAME		SUBJE	ст			STA	TUS			
1	00001000			Jon A	mos		Sample	e Case: Our	Widgets hav	e n	Esca	alated		
2	00001001	1001 Edwar			rd Stamos		Sample	e Case 2: Th	e widgets w	e re	Nev	N		
6	Phone			_	Stamos		Sample	e Case 3: Ca	innot track o	ur o	On	Hold		
	Open CTI Username	5	oftphon	e										
			oftphon	e										
		C s	oftphon	e										
	Username	Log In	oftphon	e										

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.setSoftphoneItemLabel({
    label: string,
    callback:function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
label	string	The string you want to use for the softphone label in the utility bar.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
var callback = function(response) {
if (response.success) {
```

```
console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
} else {
console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
};
};
function setSoftphoneItemLabel() {
sforce.opencti.setSoftphoneItemLabel({label: "MySoftphone", callback: callback});
}

/
//script>
</head>
<body>
<button onclick="setSoftphoneItemLabel();">setSoftphoneItemLabel()</button>
</body>
</html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

setSoftphonePanelHeight() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Sets the softphone panel height in the utility bar. The height must be specified in pixels. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelHeight({
    heightPX:height,
    callback:function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
heightPX	number	The softphone panel height in pixels. The height must be a number from 240 through 2,560.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
    <head>
               <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
                <script type="text/javascript">
                        var callback = function(response) {
                                    if (response.success) {
                                                 console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                    } else {
                                                 console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                     }
                         };
                         function setSoftphonePanelHeight() {
                                        sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelHeight({heightPX: 400, callback: callback});
                        }
                     </script>
       </head>
       <body>
               <button onclick="setSoftphonePanelHeight();">setSoftphonePanelHeight()</button>
       </body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

setSoftphonePanelIcon() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Sets the icon for the softphone panel. Returns true if the function is successfully executed, and false when there is a failure. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

The softphone panel icon.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelIcon({
    key:key,
    callback:function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
key	string	The key corresponding to the icon in the Lightning Design System you want to use for the softphone panel icon.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
       <head>
               <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
                <script type="text/javascript">
                         var callback = function(response) {
                                      if (response.success) {
                                                  console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                     } else {
                                                  console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                      }
                         };
                         function setSoftphonePanelIcon() {
                                         sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelIcon({key:"call", callback: callback});
                         }
                     </script>
        </head>
       <body>
                <button onclick="setSoftphonePanelIcon();">setSoftphonePanelIcon()</button>
       </body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Lightning Design System: Utility Icons

setSoftphonePanelLabel() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Sets the label for the softphone panel. Returns true if the function is successfully executed, and false when there is a failure. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

The softphone panel label.

-	My Cases	•													N	ew
terr	ns • Sorted by Case	Number • Las	t updated	08/01/201	6 at 15:32							\$ 1 -	C'	/	C	Y
	CASE NUMBER † CONTACT NAME				SUBJECT				STATUS							
	00001000	00001000 Jon Amos				Sampl	e Case: C	Our Widge	ets have n		Escalated					
	00001001	001001 Edward Stam			rd Stamos		Sampl	e Case 2:	The wid	gets we re		Nev	w			
0	Phone			_	Stamos		Sampl	e Case 3:	Cannot	track our	D	On	Hold			
	Open CTI Username	5	oftphone	2												
		C 5	oftphone	2												
	Username	s e	oftphone	2												
	Username	Log In	oftphone	2												

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelLabel({
    label: string,
    callback:function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
label	string	The string you want to use for the softphone panel label.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code-HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
```

```
var callback = function(response) {
        if (response.success) {
           console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
        } else {
           console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
        }
     };
     function setSoftphonePanelLabel() {
        sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelLabel({label: "Mysoftphone", callback: callback});
     }
    </script>
 </head>
 <body>
   <button onclick="setSoftphonePanelLabel();">setSoftphonePanelLabel()</button>
 </body>
</html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

setSoftphonePanelVisibility() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Sets the visibility status of the softphone panel. When the visible parameter is passed as true, the softphone panel is displayed. When it's set to false, the panel is minimized. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelVisibility({
    visible:true,
    callback:function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
visible	boolean	To dock (display) the softphone panel, set the value to true. To minimize (hide) the softphone panel, set the value to false.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
       <head>
               <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
                <script type="text/javascript">
                        var callback = function(response) {
                                    if (response.success) {
                                                console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                   } else {
                                                console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                     }
                        };
                        function setSoftphonePanelVisibility() {
                                     sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelVisibility({visible: true, callback: callback});
                        }
                    </script>
       </head>
        <body>
             <button onclick="setSoftphonePanelVisibility();">setSoftphonePanelVisibility()</button>
       </body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

setSoftphonePanelWidth() for Lightning Experience

Usage

Sets the softphone panel width in the utility bar. The width must be specified in pixels. This method is available in API version 38.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelWidth({
    widthPX:width,
    callback:function //Optional
});
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
widthPX	number	The softphone panel width in pixels. The height must be a number from 200 through 1,920.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–HTML and JavaScript

```
<html>
       <head>
               <script type="text/javascript"
src="https://domain:port/support/api/61.0/lightning/opencti_min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
                <script type="text/javascript">
                        var callback = function(response) {
                                    if (response.success) {
                                                 console.log('API method call executed successfully! returnValue:',
response.returnValue);
                                     } else {
                                                  console.error('Something went wrong! Errors:', response.errors);
                                     }
                         };
                         function setSoftphonePanelWidth() {
                                        sforce.opencti.setSoftphonePanelWidth({widthPX: 400, callback: callback});
                         }
                     </script>
        </head>
       <body>
               <button onclick="setSoftphonePanelWidth();">setSoftphonePanelWidth()</button>
       </body>
</html>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
success	boolean	Returns true if the API method call was invoked successfully, false otherwise.
returnValue	object	This API method doesn't return this object. The returnValue is always null.
errors	array	If the API call was successful, this variable is null. If the API call failed, this variable returns an array of error messages.

Lightning Message Service Methods for Lightning Experience

Usage

These three methods allow your CTI implementation to communicate with other Visualforce, Aura, and Lightning components that also use the Lightning Message Service. The subscribe method attaches a listener function to a specified Lightning Message Channel. The publish method lets you send a message on a Lightning Message Channel. The unsubscribe method lets you remove listener functions you added with the subscribe method.

These methods are available in API version 47.0 or later.

Note: These methods can be used only with Lightning Experience. They can be used in iFrame and Visualforce components.

Syntax

The subscribe method allows you to attach a listener function to a specified Lightning Message Channel. Lightning Message Service calls your listener function with the message that a component sends.

```
var SAMPLEMC = "SAMPLEMC_c";
var SAMPLEMC_SUBSCRIPTION = null;
sforce.opencti.subscribe({channelName: SAMPLEMC, listener: onPublishMessage, callback:
subscribeSampleMCCallback});
```

Arguments for subscribe

Name	Туре	Description
channelName	string	The name of the Message Channel that you can subscribe to.
listener	function	JavaScript method that's called when a message is sent on the Message Channel.
callback	function	JavaScript method that's executed when the API method call is completed.

Arguments for unsubscribe

Name	Туре	Description
subscription	object	The subscription from which you can remove the listener function.
callback	function	JavaScript method that's executed when the API method call is completed.

Arguments for publish

Name	Туре	Description
channelName	string	The name of the Message Channel that you can subscribe to.
message	object	Serializable JSON object that is sent on the Message Channel.
callback	function	JavaScript method that's executed when the API method call is completed.

SEE ALSO:

Blog: Lightning Message Service

Sample Code for Using Lightning Message Service with Open CTI Lightning Aura Components Developer Guide: Communicating Across the DOM with Lightning Message Service Visualforce Developer Guide: Communicating Across the DOM with Lightning Message Service

Common Error Messages for Lightning Experience Methods

An error object is returned as an array for all Lightning Experience methods.

The following fields are contained as part of the error object.

```
code: string
```

A constant string denoting an error code.

description: string

A description of the error code.

details: object

Typically undefined. This constant can contain details about the error object for the savelog method.

Sample error object:

```
[{
    code: code1
    description: description1
    details: details1
    },{
    code: code2
    description: description2
    details: details2
}]
```

Sample error object for the INVALID_PARAM error code:

```
[{
    code: "INVALID_PARAM",
    description: "An invalid value was passed to the parameter parameterName. A numeric
value was expected, but undefined was found instead."
}]
```

Sample error object for the GENERIC_PARAM error code:

```
[{
    code: "GENERIC_ERROR",
    description: "An error occurred while calling the API method."
}]
```

Sample error object for the SERVER_ERROR code:

```
[{
    code: "SERVER_ERROR",
    description: "A problem was encountered on the server."
}]
```

Sample error object for the SOFTPHONE_CONTAINER_ERROR code:

```
[{
    code: "SOFTPHONE_CONTAINER_ERROR",
    description: "Unable to execute sendPostMessage because the softphone container hasn't
    initialized yet."
}]
```

For the runApex method, if there is a server error, the description field provides "Could not load Apex class: apexClassName."

For the saveLog method, the details field provides information based on the type of error. For example:

```
[{
   code:"GENERIC ERROR",
  description: "An error occurred while calling the saveLog() API method. Review the Details
 field in the error section.",
   details:[{
        message: "An error occurred while trying to update the record. Please try again.",
         pageErrors:[],
         fieldErrors:{
            Name:[{
                  statusCode:"REQUIRED FIELD MISSING",
                  message: "Required fields are missing: [Name]",
                  fieldLabel: "Account Name",
                  columnApiName:"Name"
               }]
            },
         potentialDuplicates:[]
      }]
}]
```

CHAPTER 5 Methods for Salesforce Classic

If your org is using Salesforce Classic, use methods that work with Salesforce Classic.

Important: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. You can't swap the two Open CTI APIs in custom JavaScript code because they behave and function differently. Make sure that you think about where you want to implement your CTI system before you begin developing.

Methods for Salesforce Application Interaction Open CTI lets your CTI system interact with the Salesforce application, including elements on a Case Feed page.

Methods for Computer-Telephony Integration (CTI) Open CTI lets you integrate your CTI system with Salesforce.

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience Method Parity Between Open CTI for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

Methods for Salesforce Application Interaction

Open CTI lets your CTI system interact with the Salesforce application, including elements on a Case Feed page.

Important: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. You can't swap the two Open CTI APIs in custom JavaScript code because they behave and function differently. Make sure that you think about where you want to implement your CTI system before you begin developing.

getPageInfo() for Salesforce Classic isInConsole() for Salesforce Classic isVisible() for Salesforce Classic notifyInitializationComplete() for Salesforce Classic onFocus() for Salesforce Classic onObjectUpdate() for Salesforce Classic refreshObject() for Salesforce Classic refreshPage() for Salesforce Classic refreshRelatedList() for Salesforce Classic reloadFrame() for Salesforce Classic runApex() for Salesforce Classic saveLog() for Salesforce Classic

searchAndGetScreenPopUrl() for Salesforce Classic

searchAndScreenPop() for Salesforce Classic setVisible() for Salesforce Classic

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience Method Parity Between Open CTI for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

getPageInfo() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Returns information about the current page.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.getPageInfo(callback:function);

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

```
<html>
<head>
                <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
                <script type="text/javascript">
                                     var callback = function (response) {
                                                         if (response.result) {
                                                                                                 alert(response.result);
                                                                  } else {
                                                                                                        alert(response.error);
                                                              }
                                           };
                                       function getPageInfo() {
                                                                                       //Invokes API method
                                                                                       sforce.interaction.getPageInfo(callback);
                                            }
</script>
</head>
<body>
                                       <button onclick="getPageInfo();">getPageInfo</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Name	Туре	Description
result string	string	Returns the URL of the current page as a JSON string, and includes any applicable object ID, object name, object type, and for API version 33.0 or later, the object tab name. For example:
		<pre>{"url":"https://MyDomainName.my.salesforce.com/001x0000003DGQR", "objectId":"001x0000003DGQR","objectName":"Acme", "object":"Account","displayName":"Company"}</pre>
	For API version 31.0 and later, invoking this API method on a PersonAccount object returns the following additional information.	
		 accountId or contactId, the associated account or contact ID
		 personAccount, which is true if the object is a PersonAccount and false otherwise
		For example:
		<pre>{"url":"https://MyDcmainName.my.salesforce.com/001x0000003DGQR", "objectId":"001x000003DGQR","objectName":"Acme Person Account", "object":"Account", "contactId":"003D000000QOMqg", "personAccount":true}</pre>
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

isInConsole() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Indicates if the softphone is in the Salesforce console.

Note: If this method is used in a Salesforce console where multi-monitor components is turned on, any popped out softphone components are indicated as in the console.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.isInConsole(callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
                  <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
                 <script type="text/javascript">
                                          var callback = function (response) {
                                                                  if (response.result) {
                                                                                    alert('User is in console.');
                                                                  }
                                                                  else {
                                                                                    alert('User is not in console.');
                                                                   }
                                                };
</script>
</head>
<body>
                                           <button onclick="sforce.interaction.isInConsole(callback);">isInConsole</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	true if the softphone was in the Salesforce console, false if the softphone wasn't in the Salesforce console.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Salesforce Console

Salesforce Help: Turn On Multi-Monitor Components for a Salesforce Console in Salesforce Classic

isvisible() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Returns true if the softphone is visible or false if the softphone is hidden.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.isVisible(callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
                 <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
                <script type="text/javascript">
                                       var callback = function (response) {
                                                            if (response.result) {
                                                                           alert('Softphone is visible');
                                                             } else {
                                                                              alert('Softphone is not visible');
                                                             }
                                            };
                 function isVisible() {
                                                         sforce.interaction.isVisible(callback);
               }
</script>
</head>
<body>
                                       <button onclick="isVisible();">isVisible</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Response

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	true if the softphone is visible, false if the softphone isn't visible.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

notifyInitializationComplete() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Notifies Salesforce that the softphone initialization is complete and that Salesforce should not switch to a standby URL. While the softphone initializes, a loading icon displays in the SoftPhone area. To use a standby URL, you must specify it in the call center's definition file. For more information, see Optional Call Center Elements and Attributes on page 13.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.cti.notifyInitializationComplete()
```

Arguments

None.

Sample Code

Response

None.

onFocus () for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Registers a function to call when the browser focus changes. In the Salesforce console, the browser focus changes when a user navigates between primary tabs or the navigation tab.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.onFocus( listener:function );
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
listener	function	JavaScript method called when the browser focus changes.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<head>
                  <script type="text/javascript"
src="http//domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></scr
                 <script type="text/javascript">
                             var callback = function (response) {
                                                                   if (response.result) {
                                                                                                               alert(response.result);
} };
                                           function onFocus() {
                                           //Invokes API method
                                           sforce.interaction.onFocus(callback);
                                             }
</script>
</head>
<body>
                                         <button onclick="onFocus();">onFocus</button>
</body>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result string	string	Returns the URL of the page in focus as a JSON string and includes any applicable object ID, object name, object type, and for API version 33.0 or later, the object tab name. For example:
		<pre>{"url":"http://MyDomainName.my.salesforce.com/001x0000003DGQR", "objectId":"001x0000003DGQR","objectName":"Acme", "object":"Account","displayName":"Company"}</pre>
		If the page isn't focused on an object, the object ID, object name, and object will be empty.
		For API version 31.0 and later, invoking this API method on a PersonAccount object returns the following additional information.
		 accountId or contactId, the associated account or contact ID
		 personAccount, which is true if the object is a PersonAccount and false otherwise
		For example:
	<pre>{"url":"http://MyDomainName.my.salesforce.com/001x0000003DGQR", "objectId":"001x0000003DGQR","objectName":"Acme Person Account", "object":"Account", "contactId":"003D000000QOMqg", "personAccount":true}</pre>	

Name	Туре	Description
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Salesforce Console

Salesforce Help: Turn On Multi-Monitor Components for a Salesforce Console in Salesforce Classic

onObjectUpdate() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Registers a function to call when case fields, the feed, or related list data have changed on records that are displayed with a feed-based layout.

🕜 Note: Use this method with Visualforce pages you want to use as custom publishers in Case Feed.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.entityFeed.onObjectUpdate(callback:function)
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

```
<apex:page standardController="Case">
    <apex:includeScript value="/support/api/26.0/interaction.js"/>
    <script type="text/javascript">
        var callback = function(response) {
            alert('Case was updated. Fields = ' + response.fieldsUpdated +
            ' Related lists = ' + response.relatedListsUpdated + ' Feed = ' +
            response.feedUpdated);
        };
        //Invokes API method
        sforce.interaction.entityFeed.onObjectUpdate(callback);
        </script>
        </apex:page>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
fieldsUpdated	boolean	true if one or more case fields were updated.
relatedListsUpdated	boolean	true if one or more case related lists were updated.
feedUpdated	boolean	true if the case feed was updated.

refreshObject() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Notifies a page that uses a feed-based layout, that fields, the feed, or related list data has changed, and forces an update of these on the page.

Note: Use this method with Visualforce pages you want to use as custom publishers in Case Feed.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.entityFeed.refreshObject(
    objectId:string,
    refreshFields:boolean,
    refreshRelatedLists:boolean,
    refreshFeed:boolean,callback:function)
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
objectId	string	The record ID of the case object.
refreshFields	boolean	Indicates that one or more fields on the case have changed.
refreshRelatedLists	boolean	Indicates that one or more case-related lists have changed.
refreshFeed	boolean	Indicates that the case feed has changed.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

```
<apex:page standardController="Case">
    <apex:includeScript value="/support/api/26.0/interaction.js"/>
    <a href="javascript:void(0);"
```

```
onclick="sforce.interaction.entityFeed.refreshObject('{!case.id}', true, true, true,
function(response) {alert('Case was updated: ' + response.result);});">Refresh Case</a>
</apex:page>
```

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	true if the Case Feed page was successfully updated, false if it was not.

refreshPage() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Returns true if page refresh is invoked, false otherwise. When this method is called within the Salesforce console, it refreshes the current active tab. This method is only available in API version 28.0 or later.

Syntax

<pre>sforce.interaction.refreshPage(callback:function);</pre>

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	Returns true if page refresh has been invoked, false otherwise.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

refreshRelatedList() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Returns true if the related list with the given listName is refreshed, false otherwise. When this method is called within the Salesforce console, only the related list with the given list name in the currently focused view will be refreshed. This method is only available in API version 28.0 or later.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.refreshRelatedList(listName:string, callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
listName	string	The name of the related list to refresh. For example, Contact for Contacts related list or Activity for Open Activities related list.
		Note that to refresh a custom related list created from a custom lookup field, listName must specify the ID of the custom lookup field.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/28.0/interaction.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
```

```
function checkRefreshResult(result) {
           if (result.result) {
                  alert('The related list is refreshed!');
            } else {
                   alert('Cannot refresh the related list with the given listName! Make
sure the listName is correct and the related list is on the page.');
          }
        }
       function refreshActivityRelatedList() {
                sforce.interaction.refreshRelatedList('Activity', checkRefreshResult);
        }
       function refreshHistoryRelatedList() {
                sforce.interaction.refreshRelatedList('History', checkRefreshResult);
        }
       function saveAndRefresh() {
                sforce.interaction.saveLog('Task',
'Subject=ImportantTask&WhatId=[15-character ID of an account to which you want to attach
the task]', function(result) {
           if (result.result) {
                 refreshActivityRelatedList();
            } else {
                  alert ('Could not save the object! Check the developer console for error
messages.');
           }
      });
}
</script>
</head>
<body>
      <button onclick="refreshHistoryRelatedList();">Refresh History Related List</button>
       <button onclick="saveAndRefresh();">Save and Refresh</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	Returns true if the related list with the given name is refreshed, false otherwise.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

Notes

- This method cannot refresh related lists created from <apex:relatedList>.
- This method cannot refresh a related list from an overridden Visualforce page in the Salesforce console.
- If called from within the Salesforce console, this method will only search for the related list to refresh in the currently focused view.

reloadFrame() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Reloads the frame that contains the page making the call. This method is available only if the record is displayed with a feed-based layout. This method is available in API version 34.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.entityFeed.reloadFrame()
```

Arguments

None.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<apex:page standardController="Case">
     <apex:includeScript value="/support/api/34.0/interaction.js"/>
     <a href"javascript:void(0); onclick="sforce.interaction.entityFeed.reloadFrame();">
        Reload</a>
<//apex:page>
```

Response

None.

runApex() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Executes an Apex method from an Apex class that's exposed in Salesforce.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.runApex(apexClass:string, methodName:string, methodParams:string,
(optional) callback:function)
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
apexClass	string	Specifies the Apex class of the method to execute.
methodName	string	Specifies the method to execute.

Name	Туре	Description
methodParams	string	Specifies the method parameters to pass. The string must include field value pairs and be formatted as a valid query string. For example:name=acme☎= (212) 555-5555.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

1. An administrator creates an Apex class and Apex method:

```
global class AccountRetrieval{
webService static String getAccount(String name) {
  List<Account> accounts = new List<Account>();
  for (Account account : Database.query('Select Id, Name, phone from Account where Name
  like \'' + name + '%\'')){
     accounts.add(account);
   }
   String JSONString = JSON.serialize(accounts);
   return JSONString;
  }
}
```

- 2. In the location where you've created the Apex class and method in Salesforce, click **Generate WSDL** to expose the method and class so that a third-party softphone can call it.
- **3.** Add your code to the softphone:

```
<html>
<head>
                <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
               <script type="text/javascript">
                                    var callback = function (response) {
                                                         if (response.result) {
                                                                                             alert(response.result);
                                                              } else {
                                                                                                  alert(response.error);
                                                         }
                                         };
                                     function runApex() {
                                                                                //Invokes API method
                                                                     sforce.interaction.runApex('AccountRetrieval', 'getAccount', 'name=acme',
     callback);
                                          }
</script>
</head>
<body>
                                    <button onclick="runApex();">runApex</button>
</body>
</html>
```

4. Output is returned. In this example, one account named, Acme, was found:

```
[{"attributes":{"type":"Account",
"url":"/services/data/v25.0/sobjects/Account/001x000003DGQRAA4"},
"Id":"001x000003DGQRAA4","Name":"Acme","Phone":"(212) 555-5555"}]
```

Response

Name	Туре	Description
result	string	Returns the result from executing the method from the specified Apex class. No specific format is returned. The format is determined by the value from the method that was executed.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Apex Code Overview

saveLog() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Saves or updates an object in Salesforce.

Note: If an object uses recordType, pass the recordTypeId in the saveLog call. If you don't pass the recordType, the record is created using the default recordType for the profile. For person accounts, you can't pass the person account recordType if the profile's default is to a business account.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.saveLog(object:string, saveParams:string, (optional)callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
object	string	The name of the object to save or update.
saveParams	string	Specifies the fields to save or update on the object.
		If the object's ID is specified, a record is updated. For example: Id=001D00000J6qIX&Name=Acme&Phone=4154561515. If the object's ID isn't specified, a new record is created. For example: Name=Acme&Phone=4154561515.

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
               <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
              <script type="text/javascript">
                                    var callback = function (response) {
                                                         if (response.result) {
                                                                                               alert(response.result);
                                                         } else {
                                                                                             alert(response.error);
                                                          }
                                     }
                                     function saveLog() {
                                                       //Invokes API method
                                                                        sforce.interaction.saveLog('Account', 'Name=NewAccountName&Phone=4155551212',
     callback);
                                    }
</script>
</head>
              <button onclick="saveLog();">saveLog</button>
</html>
```

Response

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	true if saving or updating the object was successful, false if saving or updating the object wasn't successful.
id	string	The Id of the newly created object.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

screenPop() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Pops to a target URL, which must be relative.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.screenPop(url:string, force:boolean, (optional) callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
url	string	A relative URL, which specifies the location of the screen pop.
force	boolean	Set value to true to force a screen pop, false otherwise. This argument is only available in API version 28.0 and later.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
            <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/28.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
            <script type="text/javascript">
                             var callback = function (response) {
                                               if (response.result) {
                                                            alert('Screen pop was set successfully.');
                                               }
                                               else {
                                                            alert('Screen pop failed.' + result.error);
                                               }
                                 };
                              function screenPop() {
                                                                   //Invokes API method
                                                                    sforce.interaction.screenPop('/001x000003DGQR', true, callback);
                                 }
</script>
</head>
<body>
                             <!-- Note that '001x000003DGQR' is an example of an object Id to screen pop. -->
                              <button onclick="screenPop();">screen pop to entity Id</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Response

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	$\verb true if the screen pop was successful, \verb false if the screen pop wasn't successful.$
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

searchAndGetScreenPopUrl() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Searches objects specified in the softphone layout for a given string. Returns search results and the relative URL to be screen popped. Note that this method does not perform an actual screen pop. This method respects screen pop settings defined in the softphone layout. This method is only available in API version 28.0 or later.

Tip: This method is not available in the Open CTI API for Lightning Experience. To accomplish the same functionality in Lightning, use the deferred parameter available in the searchAndScreenPop() for Lightning Experience method.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.searchAndGetScreenPopUrl(searchParams:string, queryParams:string,
callType:string, callback:function)
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
searchParams	string	String to search.
queryParams	string	Specifies the query parameters to pass to the URL.
callType	string	Specifies the type of call, such as inbound, outbound, internal, or null. Per the settings in the softphone layout, the call type determines which objects to search for any matches.
		If callType is null, searches are inbound by default. If callType is internal or outbound, no screen pops occur.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Name	Туре	Description
result string	string	Returns a list of objects that match the search results and the URL to the screen pop (screenPopUrl). The search is performed on the objects specified in the softphone layout. For each object found, the object ID, field names, field values, and for API version 33.0 or later, object tab name are returned as a JSON string.
		The following is an example of searching for "Acme," and finding one account and three opportunity objects:
	<pre>{"006x000001ZcyG":{"Name":"Acme - 600 Widgets","object":"Opportunity","displayName":"Opportunity"}, "001x000003DcQR":{"Name":"Acme","Type":"Analyst","object":"Account", "displayName":"Company"}, "006x000001ZcyH":{"Name":"Acme - 200 Widgets","object":"Opportunity","displayName":"Opportunity"}, "006x000001ZcyF":{"Name":"Acme - 1,200 Widgets","object":"Opportunity","displayName":"Opportunity"}, screenPopUrl:"/search/SearchResults?searchType=2&str=Acme"}</pre>	
		For API version 31.0 and later, invoking this API method on a PersonAccount object returns additional information:
		<pre>{"001D00000Jn5C5":{"Name":"PersonAccount","contactId":"003D000000000000000000000000000000000</pre>
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Designing a Custom Softphone Layout

searchAndScreenPop() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Searches objects specified in the softphone layout for a given string. Returns search results and screen pops any matching records. This method respects screen pop settings defined in the softphone layout.

Note: The returned response displays only matches that meet your softphone layout settings. However, the search page that screen pops, displays all matches, regardless of the objects you specify in your sofpthone layout.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.searchAndScreenPop(searchParams:string, queryParams:string,
callType:string, (optional) callback:function);
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
searchParams	string	String to search.
queryParams	string	Specifies the query parameters to pass to the URL.
callType	string	Specifies the type of call, such as inbound, outbound, internal, or null. Per the settings in the softphone layout, the call type determines which objects to search for any matches.
		If callType is null, searches are inbound by default. If callType is internal or outbound, no screen pops occur.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

```
<html>
<head>
              <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/33.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
              <script type="text/javascript">
                                 var callback = function (response) {
                                                    if (response.result) {
                                                                                      alert(response.result);
                                                          } else {
                                                                                           alert(response.error);
                                                     }
                                     };
                                  function searchAndScreenPop() {
                                                                             //Invokes API method
                                                                            sforce.interaction.searchAndScreenPop('Acme', 'Key1=value1&Key2=value2',
 'inbound', callback);
                                     }
</script>
</head>
<body>
                                 <button onclick="searchAndScreenPop();">searchAndScreenPop</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Name	Туре	Description
result stri	string	Returns a list of objects that match the search results. The search is performed on the objects specified in the softphone layout. For each object found, the object ID, field names, field values, and for API version 33.0 or later, object tab names are returned as a JSON string.
		Note: If multiple matches are found, only a single field is returned.
		The following is an example of searching for "Acme," and finding one account and three opportunity objects:
		<pre>{ "006x000001ZcyG": {"Name": "Acme - 600 Widgets", "object": "Opportunity", "displayName": "Opportunity"}, "001x0000003DGQR": {"Name": "Acme", "Type": "Analyst", "object": "Account", "displayName": "Company"}, "006x000001ZcyH": {"Name": "Acme - 200 Widgets", "object": "Opportunity", "displayName": "Opportunity"}, "006x0000001ZcyF": {"Name": "Acme - 1,200 Widgets", "object": "Opportunity", "displayName": }</pre>
		For API version 31.0 and later, invoking this API method on a PersonAccount object returns additional information:
		<pre>{"001D00000JWAW8":{"Name":"Acme","contactId":"003D00000QNwDB", "Type":"Analyst","object":"Account","personAccount":true}}</pre>
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Designing a Custom Softphone Layout

setVisible() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Shows or hides the softphone in the Salesforce console.

Note: If this method is used in a Salesforce console where multi-monitor components is turned on, an error will be returned.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.setVisible(value:boolean, (optional) callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
value	boolean	Set value to <code>true</code> to show the softphone or set value to <code>false</code> to hide the softphone.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
               <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
               <script type="text/javascript">
                                    var callback = function (response) {
                                                           if (response.result) {
                                                                            alert(response.result);
                                                            } else {
                                                                          alert(response.error);
                                                            }
                                           };
                function setVisible(value) {
                                                        sforce.interaction.setVisible(value, callback);
               }
</script>
</head>
<body>
                                      <button onclick="setVisible(false);">hide softphone</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Response

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	<code>true</code> if showing or hiding the softphone succeeded, <code>false</code> if showing or hiding the softphone didn't succeed.

Name	Туре	Description
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Salesforce Console

Salesforce Help: Turn On Multi-Monitor Components for a Salesforce Console in Salesforce Classic

Methods for Computer-Telephony Integration (CTI)

Open CTI lets you integrate your CTI system with Salesforce.

() Important: The way you implement Open CTI depends on your org's user interface. There are separate Open CTI APIs for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience. You can't swap the two Open CTI APIs in custom JavaScript code because they behave and function differently. Make sure that you think about where you want to implement your CTI system before you begin developing.

disableClickToDial() for Salesforce Classic enableClickToDial() for Salesforce Classic getCallCenterSettings() for Salesforce Classic getDirectoryNumbers() for Salesforce Classic getSoftphoneLayout() for Salesforce Classic onClickToDial() for Salesforce Classic setSoftphoneHeight() for Salesforce Classic setSoftphoneWidth() for Salesforce Classic

SEE ALSO:

Why Your UI Matters—Open CTI for Salesforce Classic vs. Lightning Experience Method Parity Between Open CTI for Salesforce Classic and Lightning Experience

disableClickToDial() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Disables click-to-dial.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.cti.disableClickToDial((optional) callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
              <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
              <script type="text/javascript">
                                  var callback = function (response) {
                                                    if (response.result) {
                                                                   alert('Click to dial was disabled.');
                                                      } else {
                                                                    alert('Click to dial was not disabled.');
                                                       }
                                       };
                                       function disableClickToDial() {
              //Invokes API method
              sforce.interaction.cti.disableClickToDial(callback);
               }
</script>
</head>
<body>
              <button onclick="disableClickToDial();">disable click to dial</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	true if click-to-dial was disabled, false if click-to-dial wasn't disabled.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Visualforce Developer Guide: support:clickToDial

enableClickToDial() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Enables click-to-dial.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.cti.enableClickToDial( (optional) callback:function )
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
               <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
             <script type="text/javascript">
                                 var callback = function (response) {
                                                     if (response.result) {
                                                                     alert('Click to dial was enabled.');
                                                      } else {
                                                                     alert('Click to dial was not enabled.');
                                                      }
                                       };
                                      function enableClickToDial() {
               //Invokes API method
              sforce.interaction.cti.enableClickToDial(callback);
              }
</script>
</head>
<body>
             <button onclick="enableClickToDial();">enable click to dial</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	true if click-to-dial was enabled, false if click-to-dial wasn't enabled.

Name	Туре	Description
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Visualforce Developer Guide: support:clickToDial

getCallCenterSettings() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Returns the call center settings in the call center definition file as a JSON string. For more information, see Call Center Definition Files.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.cti.getCallCenterSettings(callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
var callback = function (response) {
alert(response.result);
}
//Calls getCallCenterSettings
sforce.interaction.cti.getCallCenterSettings(callback);
</script>
</head>
<body></body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result	string	If the API call was successful, the call center settings definition is returned as a JSON string. If the API call failed, null is returned.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

getDirectoryNumbers () for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Returns the list of phone numbers from the call center's directory. This method is only available in API version 31.0 or later.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.cti.getDirectoryNumbers(isGlobal:boolean, callCenterName:String,
(optional) callback:function, (optional) resultSetPage:Integer, (optional)
resultSetPageSize:Integer)
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
isGlobal	boolean	Set the value to true to return a directory number from the global call center name, or set the value to false to return a directory number that is specific to a call center.
callCenterName	string	Specifies the call center name on which to return directory numbers. If isGlobal is set to false, and this field is not specified, all directory numbers are returned.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.
resultSetPage	integer	Represents the page number of the list of results to return. This number starts at 0.
resultSetPageSize	integer	Sets the maximum number of phone numbers to retrieve, which is defaulted to 5000 and has a maximum number of 10000. If hasNext returns true in the callback, use this argument with resultSetPage to get the next page of results. For example, if resultSetPageSize is set to 5000, and resultSetPage is set to 0, the first 5000 phone numbers are returned. If resultSetPage is set to 1, the next 5000 phone numbers are returned.

```
<html>
<head>
<script src="https://domain:port/support/api/31.0/interaction.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
```

```
var callback = function (response) {
         if (response.result) {
                 alert(response.result);
           } else {
                  alert(response.error);
          }
       };
      var isGlobal = false; //Do not return directories from the global call center
      var callCenterName = `My Call Center'; //Call center name of directory numbers to
return
      function getDirectoryNumbers() {
               sforce.interaction.cti.getDirectoryNumbers(isGlobal, callCenterName,
callback);
      }
</script>
</head>
<body>
      <button onclick="getDirectoryNumbers();">Get Directory Numbers</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Name	Туре	Description
result	string	Returns a JSON string that represents the list of phone numbers from the specified call center name. Each phone number element contains a call center name, phone, and description. For example:
		<pre>{ directoryNumbers: [{callCenterName:'Demo Call Center', name:'Sales Cloud', phone:'415-555-1212', description:'Sales Cloud additional number'}, {callCenterName:'Demo Call Center 2', name:'Service Cloud', phone:'415-555-3434', description:'Service Cloud additional number'},], hasNext: false }</pre>
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

getSoftphoneLayout() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Returns the softphone layout as a JSON string. This method is only available in API version 27.0 or later.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.cti.getSoftphoneLayout(callback:function);

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/27.0/interaction.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
var callback = function (response) {
alert(response.result);
}
// Calls getSoftphoneLayout
sforce.interaction.cti.getSoftphoneLayout(callback);
</script>
</head>
<body></body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result	string	If the API call was successful, the softphone layout definition is returned as a JSON string. If the API call failed, null is returned.
		The returned JSON string contains three elements that represent each of the call types:
		• "Internal"
		• "Inbound"
		• "Outbound"

Name	Туре	Description
		Each call-type contains three subsections:
		 "callRelatedFields"—An array of call-related fields selected to display Possible values are "ANI", "DNIS", "SEGMENT", and "QUEUE".
		 "objects"—The set of Salesforce objects selected to display, along with th Field Label and Field Name (API name) selected to display from eac object.
		 "screenPopSettings"—This object contains a "screenPopSOpenWithin" field with a value of either "ExistingWindow" or "NewWindow". Additionally, it contains the settings for each of the screen pop match types: "NoMatch", "SingleMatch", "MultipleMatches". Each match type contains a corresponding "screenPopType" field and may also contain a "screenPopData" field. If "screenPopType" has a value of "PopToEntity", then "screenPopData" contains the name of the target object. If "screenPopType" has a value of "PopToVisualforce", then "screenPopType" has a value of "PopToSearch", then there won't be a "screenPopData" field.
		The following is an example of a JSON response:
		<pre>"Internal" : { "callRelatedFields" : ["ANI", "DNIS",] "objects" : { "User" : [{ "displayName" : "Name", "apiName" : "Name" }] }, "screenPopSettings" : {} },</pre>

```
"Inbound" : {
  "callRelatedFields" : [
  "ANI",
  "DNIS",
  "SEGMENT",
  "QUEUE"
],
  "objects" : {
  "Account" : [ {
    "displayName" : "Account Name",
    "apiName" : "Name"
```

```
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```

}]

},

Name	Туре	Description
		"screenPopSettings" : {
		"NoMatch" : {
		"screenPopType" : "PopToEntity",
		"screenPopData" : "Contact"
		} ,
		"SingleMatch" : {
		"screenPopType" : "PopToVisualforce",
		"screenPopData" : "Visualforce_Page_Name"
		},
		"MultipleMatches" : {
		"screenPopType" : "PopToSearch"
		}
		}
		},
		"Outbound" : {
		"callRelatedFields" : [
		"DNIS"
],
		"objects" : {
		"Account" : [{
		"displayName" : "Account Name",
		"apiName" : "Name"
		}
]
		},
		"screenPopSettings" : {}
		}
		}
rror	string or	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Designing a Custom Softphone Layout

onClickToDial() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Registers a function to call when a user clicks an enabled phone number.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.cti.onClickToDial(listener:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
listener	function	JavaScript method called when the user clicks a phone number.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
var listener = function (response) {
if (response.result) {
alert('User clicked on a phone number.' + response.result );
}
};
//Invokes API method
sforce.interaction.cti.onClickToDial(listener);
</script>
</head>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result	string	Returns the phone number, object ID, the name of the object, and for API version 33.0 or later, the object tab name from where the click was initiated as a JSON string. For example:
		<pre>{"number":"4155551212","objectId":"001x000003DIGj","objectName":"Account", "displayName":"Company"}</pre>
		For API version 33.0 or later, invoking this API method on a PersonAccount object returns the following additional information.
		 accountId or contactId, the associated account or contact ID personAccount, which is true if the object is a PersonAccount and false otherwise
		For example:
		<pre>{"number":"4155551212","object Id":"001D00000JWVvP","objectName":"Howard Jones","object":"Account", "personAccount":true,"contactId":" 003D000000QOBPX"}</pre>

Name	Туре	Description
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Visualforce Developer Guide: support:clickToDial

setSoftphoneHeight() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Sets the softphone height in pixels.

Note: If this method is used in a Salesforce console where multi-monitor components is turned on, an error will be returned because resizing multi-monitor component is not allowed.

Syntax

sforce.interaction.cti.setSoftphoneHeight(height:number, (optional) callback:function)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
height	number	Softphone height in pixels. The height should be a number that's equal or greater than 0.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

```
<html>
<head>
<script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
var callback = function (response) {
if (response.result) {
alert('Height was set successfully.');
}
else {
alert('Height was not set successfully.');
};
</script>
</head>
```

```
<body>
    <br/>
        <button onclick="sforce.interaction.cti.setSoftphoneHeight(200, callback);">
            set softphone height to 200px
            </button>
</body>
</html>
```

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	true if the height was set successfully, false if setting the height wasn't successful.
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Salesforce Console *Salesforce Help:* Turn On Multi-Monitor Components for a Salesforce Console in Salesforce Classic

setSoftphoneWidth() for Salesforce Classic

Usage

Sets the softphone width in pixels for the Salesforce console.

Note: If this method is used in a Salesforce console where multi-monitor components is turned on, an error will be returned because resizing multi-monitor component is not allowed.

Syntax

```
sforce.interaction.cti.setSoftphoneWidth(width:number, (optional) callback:function)
```

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
width	number	Softphone width in pixels. The width should be a number that's equal or greater than 0.
callback	function	JavaScript method executed when the API method call is completed.

Sample Code–JavaScript

```
<html>
<head>
                <script type="text/javascript"
src="http://domain:port/support/api/25.0/interaction.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></sc
               <script type="text/javascript">
                                     var callback = function (response) {
                                                           if (response.result) {
                                                                            alert('Width was set successfully.');
                                                            }
                                                           else {
                                                                           alert('Width was not set successfully.');
                                                            }
                                           };
</script>
</head>
<body>
                                      <button onclick="sforce.interaction.cti.setSoftphoneWidth(100, callback);">
                                     set softphone width to 100px
                                     </button>
</body>
</html>
```

Response

This method is asynchronous. The response is returned in an object passed to a callback method. The response object contains the following fields.

Name	Туре	Description
result	boolean	$\verb true if the width was set successfully, \verb false if setting the width wasn't successful.$
error	string	If the API call was successful, this variable is undefined. If the API call failed, this variable returns an error message.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Salesforce Console

Salesforce Help: Turn On Multi-Monitor Components for a Salesforce Console in Salesforce Classic

CHAPTER 6 Other Resources

In addition to this guide, there are other resources available for you as you learn how to use Open CTI.

Open CTI Typographical Conventions

Typographical conventions are used in our code examples. Learn what Courier font, italics, and brackets mean.

SEE ALSO:

Salesforce Help: Salesforce Call Center Salesforce Help: Salesforce Console Salesforce Help: Glossary Salesforce Developers: Getting Started with Salesforce Platform Salesforce University: Training

Open CTI Typographical Conventions

Typographical conventions are used in our code examples. Learn what Courier font, italics, and brackets mean.

Convention	Description	
Courier font	In descriptions of syntax, a monospace font indicates items that you should type as shown, except for brackets. For example:	
	Public class HelloWorld	
Italics	In descriptions of syntax, italics represent variables. You supply the actual value. In the following example, three values must be supplied: datatype variable_name [= value];	
	If the syntax is bold and italic, the text represents a code element that needs a value supplied by you, such as a class name or variable value:	
	<pre>public static class YourClassHere { }</pre>	
Bold Courier font	In code samples and syntax descriptions, a bold courier font emphasizes a portion of the coc or syntax.	
<>	In descriptions of syntax, less-than and greater-than symbols (< >) are typed exactly as shown.	
	<pre><apex:pageblocktable value="{!account.Contacts}" var="contact"></apex:pageblocktable></pre>	
	<apex:column value="{!contact.Name}"></apex:column>	
	<apex:column value="{!contact.MailingCity}"></apex:column>	
	<apex:column value="{!contact.Phone}"></apex:column> 	

Convention	Description		
{}	In descriptions of syntax, braces ({ }) are typed exactly as shown.		
	<apex:page> Hello {!\$User.FirstName}! </apex:page>		
[]	In descriptions of syntax, anything included in brackets is optional. In the following example, specifying value is optional:		
	<pre>data_type variable_name [= value];</pre>		
	In descriptions of syntax, the pipe sign means "or". You can do one of the following (not all). In the following example, you can create a new unpopulated set in one of two ways, or you can populate the set:		
	<pre>Set<data_type> set_name [= new Set<data_type>();] [= new Set<data_type{value ;<="" [,="" pre="" value2]="" ="" };]=""></data_type{value></data_type></data_type></pre>		