



GETTING STARTED WITH SALESFORCE REPORTS AND DASHBOARDS

Summary

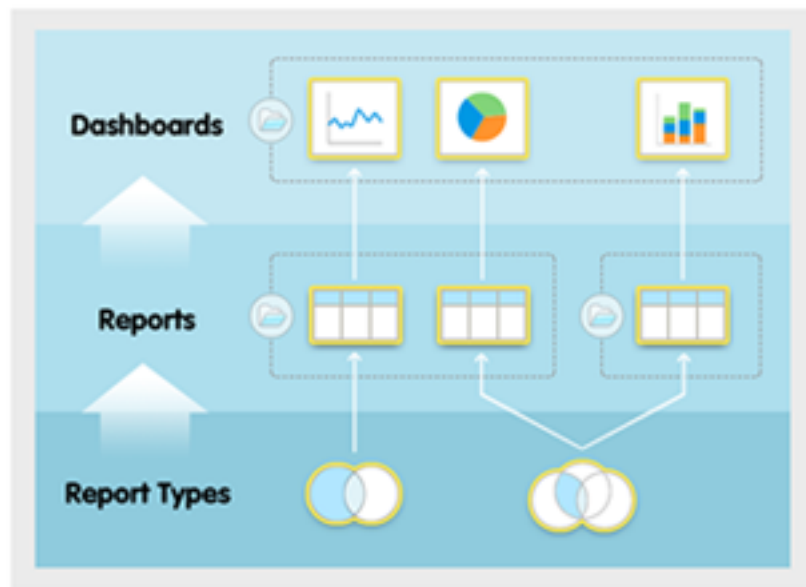
Salesforce provides a powerful suite of reporting tools to help you organize, view, and analyze your data.

This tip sheet introduces the reporting and dashboard features, explains how they work together, and points to video tutorials and help topics to get you started.

Overview

Salesforce Reports and Dashboards can be summed up in just two sentences: Report types are the templates from which users build reports, which organize data and are shared via folders. Reports are also the source for dashboard components, which visually display data in dashboards, which are also shared via folders. Okay, two rather long sentences—but that's it, in a nutshell. If you understand these relationships, you're already off to a great start!

How Do the Pieces Work Together?



Salesforce Reports and Dashboards consists of several integrated parts:

“Report Types” in the Salesforce Help

A *report type* defines the set of records and fields available to a report based on the relationships between a primary object and its related objects. Reports display only records that meet the criteria defined in the report type. Salesforce provides a set of pre-defined standard report types; administrators can create custom report types as well.

For example, an administrator can create a report type that shows only job applications that have an associated resume; applications without resumes won't show up in reports using that type. An administrator can also show records that *may* have related records—for example, applications with or without resumes. In this case, all applications, whether or not they have resumes, are available to reports using that type.

Reports

A *report* returns a set of records that meets certain criteria, and displays it in organized rows and columns. Report data can be filtered, grouped, and displayed graphically as a chart. Reports are stored in folders, which control who has access.

Dashboards

Administrators control access to dashboards by storing them in folders with certain visibility settings. Dashboard folders can be public, hidden, or restricted to groups, roles, or territories. If you have access to a folder, you can view its dashboards.

Follow a dashboard in Chatter to get updates about the dashboard posted to your feed.

Each dashboard has a *running user*, whose security settings determine which data to display in a dashboard. If the running user is a specific user, all dashboard viewers see data based on the security settings of that user—regardless of their own personal security settings. For dynamic dashboards, you can set the running user to be the logged-in user, so that each user sees the dashboard according to his or her own access level.

Folders

A *folder* is a place where you can store reports, dashboards, documents, or email templates. Folders can be public, hidden, or shared, and can be set to read-only or read/write. You control who has access to its contents based on roles, permissions, public groups, and license types. You can make a folder available to your entire organization, or make it private so that only the owner has access.

Reporting Snapshots

A reporting snapshot lets you report on historical data. Authorized users can save tabular or summary report results to fields on a custom object, then map those fields to corresponding fields on a target object. They can then schedule when to run the report to load the custom object's fields with the report's data. Reporting snapshots enable you to work with report data similarly to how you work with other records in Salesforce.

For example, a customer support manager could set up a reporting snapshot that reports on the open cases assigned to his or her team everyday at 5:00 PM, and store that data in a custom object to build a history on open cases from which he or she could spot trends via reports. Then the customer support manager could report on point-in-time or trend data stored in the custom object and use the report as a source for a dashboard component.

Getting Started

Check out the [Salesforce Reports and Dashboards Workbook](#) for an introduction to dashboards and reports through a series of hands-on tutorials. By the end of this book, you'll have built a sales manager dashboard with a few key components, as well as their source reports. Along the way, you'll learn about features like custom table components, combination charts, conditional highlighting, and custom summary formulas.

Creating Custom Report Types

Administrators with the “Manage Custom Report Types” permission can create and edit custom report types. To get started from Setup, enter *Report Types* in the **Quick Find** box, then select **Report Types**.

Check out “Set Up a Custom Report Type” in the Salesforce online help.

Building Reports

Users with the “Create and Customize Reports” permission can build and edit reports. To get started, go to the Reports tab and click **Create New Custom Report**.

Report builder is a visual editor for reports. Check out the following videos to learn the basics of using report builder:

- ▶ [Getting Started with Report Builder](#)
- ▶ [Building Matrix Reports](#)
- ▶ [Introducing Joined Reports in Salesforce](#)
- ▶ [Getting Started with Buckets](#)

You may also find these documents useful:

- [Using the Drag-and-Drop Report Builder](#)
- [Do your big reports take a long time to return data?](#)
- [Report Formula Summary Functions](#)

Creating Dashboards

Users with the “Run Reports” AND “Manage Dashboards” permission can build and edit dashboards. To get started, go to the Dashboards tab, click **Go to Dashboard List**, then edit a dashboard or click **New Dashboard**.

Dashboard builder is a drag-and-drop interface for creating and modifying dashboards.

Check out:

- ▶ [An Overview of Dashboards](#)
- [“Working with Dashboards” in the Salesforce online help](#)
- [Tips for Creating Dashboards](#)
- [Sample CRM Dashboards](#)

A *dynamic dashboard* runs using the security settings of the user viewing the dashboard. Each user sees the dashboard according to his or her own access level. This approach helps administrators share one common set of dashboard components to users with different levels of access. To find out more, see [Taking Advantage of Dynamic Dashboards](#).

Reporting Snapshots

Administrators with the “Manage Reporting Snapshots” permission can create snapshots to track historical data in reports. To get started, from Setup, enter “Reporting Snapshots” in the **Quick Find** box, then select **Reporting Snapshots**.

Check out “Reporting Snapshots” in the Salesforce online help.